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STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

1913

LEGISLATIVE MANUAL

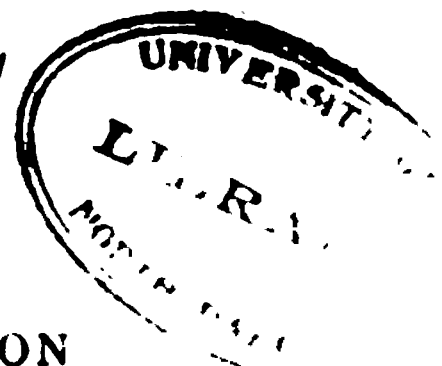
CONTAINING THE
CONSTITUTION OF
NORTH DAKOTA, THE CONSTITUTION
OF THE UNITED STATES

ALSO
RULES AND
STANDING COMMITTEES OF THE
THIRTEENTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY AND
HISTORICAL, STATISTICAL AND
POLITICAL INFORMATION

PUBLISHED UNDER DIRECTION OF
THOMAS HALL

Secretary of State

JOURNAL PUBLISHING CO.
DEVILS LAKE, N. D.
STATE PRINTERS
1912





North Dakota Univ.

et.

12-5-1923

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OFFICIAL DIRECTORY.

STATE GOVERNMENT

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT.

- ✓ L. B. Hanna, Governor, Bismarck.
- James W. Foley, Secretary to the Governor, Bismarck.
- Clarence L. Ziegler, Stenographer, Bismarck.
- A. T. Kraabel, Lieutenant Governor, Clifford.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE.

State Supreme Court—

- ~~W. D. Spalding~~, Chief Justice, ~~Range~~.
- ✓ Chas. J. Flak, Associate Justice, Bismarck.
- ✓ E. T. Burke, Associate Justice, Bismarck.
- ✓ E. B. Goss, Associate Justice, Bismarck.
- ✓ Andrew A. Bruce, Associate Justice, Bismarck.
- H. A. Libby, Reporter, Park River.
- R. D. Hoskins, Clerk, Bismarck.
- E. P. Wing, State Law Librarian, Bismarck.

DEPARTMENT OF STATE.

- ✓ narch.
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Taylor O. Thompson, Document Clerk, Minot.
Dena B. Anderson, Stenographer, Bismarck.

AUDITOR'S DEPARTMENT.

- ✓ Carl O. Jorgenson, State Auditor, Minnor
- J. H. Nelson, Deputy State Auditor, Bismarck.
- W. C. Edwards, Chief Clerk, Bismarck.
- D. McPhee, Clerk, Bismarck.
- Lyle Yegen, Clerk, Bismarck.
- Helen McGillis, Stenographer, Bismarck.

TREASURER'S DEPARTMENT.

~~Gunder Olson~~, State Treasurer, Bismarck.
T. H. Tharalson, Deputy, Bismarck.
Jorgen Howard, Clerk, Hillaboro.
Gilbert Gunderson, Clerk, Rugby.
Mary Brosnahan, Stenographer, Bismarck.

INSURANCE DEPARTMENT.

- ✓ Walter C. Taylor, Commissioner, Bismarck.
- W. D. Austin, Deputy, Bismarck.
- Dora Michelson, Chief Clerk, Bismarck.
- Nellie E. Scott, Clerk, Bismarck.
- Mary H. Clark, Stenographer, Bismarck.

HAIL DEPARTMENT.

Thos. Sheehan, Deputy Hail Insurance Commissioner, Bismarck.
Mary Hancock, Stenographer, Bismarck.

FIRE MARSHAL DEPARTMENT.

A. H. Runge, Fire Marshal, Bismarck.
H. L. Reade, Deputy Fire Marshal, Bismarck.

LEGAL DEPARTMENT.

- ✓ ~~Andrew Miller~~, Attorney General, Bismarck.
- Alfred Zuger, Assistant, Bismarck.
- John Carmody, Assistant, Bismarck.
- Helen Fauske, Stenographer, Bismarck.
- Elizabeth Murphy, Stenographer, Bismarck.

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STATE PENAL AND CHARITABLE INSTITUTIONS AND EXECUTIVE HEADS.

State Penitentiary, Bismarck—F. S. Talcott, Warden.
 State Institution for Feeble Minded, Grafton—A. R. T. Wylie, Superintendent.
 State Hospital for Insane, Jamestown—W. M. Hotchkiss, Superintendent.
 State Blind Asylum, Bathgate—B. P. Chapple, Superintendent.
 Reform School, Mandan—J. W. Brown, Superintendent.
 School for the Deaf, Devils Lake—J. W. Blattner, Superintendent.
 Tuberculosis Sanitarium, Dunseith, Dr. J. G. Lamont, Superintendent.

NORTH DAKOTA STATE PUBLIC LIBRARY COMMISSION.

Members Appointed by the Governor:

A. E. Sheets, Lakota, President. Term expires March 10, 1916.
 Mrs. Clara L. Darrow, Fargo. Term expires April 1, 1919.

Members Ex-Officio:

O. G. Libby, Grand Forks, Secretary State Historical Society.
 E. J. Taylor, Bismarck, State Superintendent of Public Instruction.
 R. A. Nestos, Minot, President State Library Association.

Staff:

Mrs. Minnie Clarke Budlong, Bismarck, Secretary of Commission and Director of Library Extension.
 I. A. Acker, Bismarck, Legislative Reference Librarian.
 Florence MacPhee, Bismarck, Chief Traveling Library Department.
 Haldora Peterson, Bismarck, Stenographer.
 Elsie Smith, Bismarck, Clerk.

STATE ENGINEER'S DEPARTMENT

J. W. Bliss, State Engineer.
 Ruby Schuman, Stenographer.

MILITARY DEPARTMENT.

I. A. Berg, Adjutant General, Grand Forks.
 Major R. R. Steedman, U. S. A. Retired, Military Secretary, Bismarck.
 William F. Harris, Chief Clerk, Bismarck.
 Colonels and Aide-de-camp:
 Gilbert W. Davis, Fargo.
 C. E. Batchellor, Fingal.
 D. Lemieux, Dunseith.
 Henry Hale, Devils Lake.
 Oscar Knudson, Grand Forks.
 Alex. Scarlett, Minot.

STATE HISTORICAL SOCIETY.

Officers of Society.

Hon. Chas. F. Amidon, Fargo, President.
 C. B. Little, Bismarck, Vice President.
 J. L. Cashel, Grafton, Treasurer.
 O. G. Libby, Grand Forks, Secretary.
 H. C. Fish, Curator, Bismarck.

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 itor, Secretary of State, Superin-
 oner of Agriculture and Labor.

STATE CAPITOL.

Capitol Building—Jacob Rieder, superintendent, Bismarck.

TRUSTEES STATE UNIVERSITY, GRAND FORKS.

N. C. Young, Fargo, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1917.
 W. H. Hutchinson, LaMoure, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1915.
 Karl J. Farup, Park River, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1917.
 Tracy R. Bangs, Grand Forks, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1915.
 Fred L. Goodman, Grand Forks, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1917.

TRUSTEES AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, FARGO.

C. E. Nugent, President, Fargo, term expires 1915.
 George H. Hollister, Fargo, term expires 1915.
 Clark W. Kelly, Devils Lake, term expires 1915.
 Peter Elliott, Fargo, term expires 1915.
 Alex Stern, Fargo, term expires 1917.
 Eugene Weigel, Hebron, term expires 1917.
 J. Fred Jensen, Westhope, term expires 1917.
 W. A. Yoder, Secretary.
 Fred Irish, Treasurer.

TRUSTEES ACADEMY OF SCIENCE, WAHPETON.

John J. Zentgraf, Wahpeton, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1915.
 Chas. Quinn, Wahpeton, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1915.
 John B. Wagner, Lidgerwood, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1915.
 W. E. Clark, Tower City, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1917.
 R. S. Miller, Gackle, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1917.

TRUSTEES INDUSTRIAL SCHOOL, ELLENDALE.

H. H. Perry, Ellendale, term expires third Monday in February, 1915.
 Richard McCarten, Cogswell, term expires third Monday in February, 1915.
 Fred S. Goddard, Ellendale, term expires third Monday in February, 1917.
 D. E. Geer, Ellendale, term expires third Monday in February, 1917.
 Chester R. Hodge, Jamestown, term expires third Monday in February, 1915.

DIRECTORS SCHOOL OF FORESTRY, BOTTINEAU.

Frank Peltier, Rolette, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1915.
 A. R. McKay, Bottineau, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1915.
 S. W. Wheelon, Towner, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1917.

STATE NORMAL BOARD OF CONTROL.

H. A. Nelson, Nesson, term expires March 14, 1915.
 F. A. Wilson, Bathgate, term expires March 14, 1915.
 Hugh MacDonald, Valley City, term expires March 14, 1915.
 R. N. Rishworth, McClusky, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1917.
 J. M. Devine, Minot, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1917.
 M. L. Elken, Mayville, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1917.
 E. J. Taylor, Superintendent of Public Instruction, ex-officio.

STATE BOARD OF EDUCATION.

E. J. Taylor, Superintendent of Public Instruction, Bismarck, President, ex-officio.
 F. L. McVey, President State University, Grand Forks, ex-officio.
 J. H. Worst, President Agricultural College, Fargo, ex-officio.
 Richard Heyward, High School Inspector, Grand Forks, ex-officio.
 N. C. Macdonald, Rural School Inspector, Valley City, ex-officio.
 T. A. Hillyer, President State Normal School, Mayville, term expires April 6, 1915.
 F. E. Smith, President State Science School, Wahpeton, term expires April 6, 1915.
 Miss Mammie Sorenson, County Superintendent, Cando, term expires April 6, 1915.
 L. F. Crawford, Sentinel Butte, term expires April 6, 1915.
 W. E. Parson, Deputy Superintendent of Public Instruction, ex-officio.
 Secretary to the Board.

STATE AGRICULTURAL AND TRAINING SCHOOL BOARD.

President of the Agricultural College.

State Superintendent of Public Instruction.

H. U. Thomas, Oberon, term expires March 3, 1915.

J. H. Matthews, Larimore, term expires March 3, 1914.

Gilbert Erickson, Lankin, term expires March 3, 1916.

DIRECTORS AGRICULTURAL EXPERIMENT STATIONS

All experiment stations under the direction of Agricultural College. Superintendents appointed by same. Sub-stations located at Dickinson, Williston, Langdon, Edgley and Hettinger.

Dickinson, L. R. Waldron, superintendent.

Williston, E. G. Schollander, superintendent.

Langdon, E. D. Stewart, superintendent.

Edgeley, O. A. Thompson, superintendent.

Hettinger, W. R. Lanxon, superintendent.

FARMERS' INSTITUTE BOARD OF DIRECTORS.

J. H. Shepperd, Fargo; C. E. Nugent, Fargo; J. H. Worst, Fargo; G. L. Martin, Fargo; W. C. Gilbreath, Bismarck.

EDUCATIONAL DIRECTORY.

University of North Dakota, Grand Forks; established 1883; opened 1884; Franklin McVey, president.

Agricultural College, Fargo; established 1890; opened 1890; John H. Worst, president.

Normal School Valley City; established 1890; opened 1893; George A. McFarland, president.

Normal School, Mayville; established 1890; opened 1893; Thomas A. Hillyer, president.

Normal School, Minot; established 1913; opened 1913; A. G. Crane, President.

State Industrial School, Ellendale; established 1890; opened 1899; Willis E. Johnson, president.

Academy of Science, Wahpeton; established 1890; opened 1890; Fred. E. Smith, President.

School of Forestry, Bottineau; W. J. Alexander, president.

School Inspection: R. Heyward, High School Inspector, Grand Forks; N. C. Macdonald, Rural, Graded and Consolidated School Inspector, Valley City.

Board of University and School Lands — All members ex-officio — President, L. B. Hanna, governor; vice-president, Thos. Hall, secretary of state; secretary, E. J. Taylor, superintendent of public instruction; Carl O. Jorgenson, state auditor; Andrew Miller, Attorney General.

TRUSTEES SOLDIERS' HOME, LISBON.

Alexander Hay, Wahpeton, term expires March 10, 1917.

D. F. Siegfried, Fargo, term expires March 14, 1915.

Myron T. Davis, Lisbon, term expires March 14, 1916.

*James Cassidy, Lisbon, term expires March 19, 1917, (*to fill vacancy caused by death of Hon. C. W. Buttz.)

G. B. Vallandigham, Valley City, Commander of the State G. A. R., ex-officio.

STATE GAME AND FISH BOARD OF CONTROL.

Charles Brewer, Secretary, Fargo, term expires April 1, 1917.

W. E. Byerly, Velva, term expires July 1, 1915.

J. P. Reeve, Beach, term expires April 1, 1917.

E. B. McCutcheon, Minot, Game Warden, District No. 1.

W. F. Reko, Mandan, Game Warden, District No. 2.

STATE FISH COMMISSIONER.

R. W. Main, St. John, term expires July 15, 1915.

NORTH DAKOTA CONSERVATION COMMISSION

L. B. Hanna, Governor.

A. G. Leonard, Ph. D., State Geologist. Grand Forks.

Jay W. Bliss, State Engineer.

_____Vacancy.

_____Vacancy.

STATE BOARD OF MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

H. G. Woutat, Grand Forks, term expires August 1, 1915.
A. G. Patterson, Lisbon, term expires August 1, 1913.
A. W. Skelsey, Fargo, term expires August 1, 1913.
Francis Peake, Jamestown, term expires August 1, 1913.
Geo. M. Williamson, Grand Forks, term expires August 1, 1913.
Paul Sorkness, Fargo, term expires August 1, 1914.
A. J. McCannel, Minot, term expires August 1, 1914.
J. E. Countryman, Grafton, term expires August 1, 1914.
F. G. Benn, Kulm, term expires August 1, 1915.

STATE BOARD OF HEALTH.

Andrew Miller, president ex-officio, Bismarck.
Dr. A. M. Call, Rugby, vice-president, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1915.
Dr. C. J. McGurran, Devils Lake, Secretary, term expires first Tuesday in April, 1915.

BOARD OF BAR EXAMINERS

Emerson H. Smith, Chairman, Fargo, term expires February 18, 1915.
Jeff M. Meyers, Grafton, term expires February 18, 1917.
H. A. Bronson, Grand Forks, term expires February 18, 1919.
R. D. Hoskins, Clerk Supreme Court, Bismarck, ex-officio secretary and treasurer.

For time and place of meeting, address the secretary.

BAR ASSOCIATION OF NORTH DAKOTA.

A. G. Divet, Wahpeton, president.
John Knauf, Jamestown, vice president.
W. H. Stutsman, Mandan, secretary and treasurer.

STATE BOARD OF OSTEOPATHIC EXAMINERS.

Joseph W. Tarr, Lidgerwood, term expires July 1, 1916.
R. A. Bolton, Jamestown, term expires Nov. 9, 1914.
Geo. E. Hodge, Grand Forks, term expires, May. 6, 1915.

STATE BOARD OF PHARMACY.

Walter Master, Willow City, term expires March 22, 1918.
W. P. Porterfield, Fargo, term expires September 17, 1917.
H. L. Haussaman, Grafton, term expires August 12, 1918.
W. S. Parker, Secretary, Lisbon, term expires September 22, 1914.
Burt Finney, Bismarck, term expires April 5, 1916.

STATE BOARD OF DENTAL EXAMINERS.

L. L. Eckman, Grand Forks, term expires April 26, 1914.
G. A. Rawlings, Bismarck, term expires March 11, 1915.
F. A. Bricker, Fargo, term expires March 27, 1916.
W. E. Hocking, Devils Lake, term expires April 22, 1917.
F. W. Rose, Cooperstown, term expires May 27, 1918.

OPTOMETRY BOARD.

Thomas Porte, Grand Forks, term expires April 22, 1916.
R. B. Newton, Fargo, term expires April 22, 1916.
A. G. Tellner, Jamestown, term expires April 22, 1916.
C. G. Conyne, Mandan, term expires April 22, 1916.
Louis Hanson, Devils Lake, term expires April 22, 1916.

STATE BOARD OF BARBER EXAMINERS.

A. N. Eckler, Minot, term expires November 9, 1913.
John C. Dolan, Bismarck, term expires November 9, 1913.
Edward Richardson, Devils Lake, term expires November 9, 1913.

STATE BOARD OF EMBALMERS.

W. M. Chandler, Grafton, term expires May 27, 1917.
Chas. J. Weagent, Minot, term expires January 31, 1915.
Porter W. Eddy, Jamestown, term expires January 31, 1915.

STATE BOARD OF VETERINARY MEDICAL EXAMINERS.

A. T. Elliott, Milton, term expires July 1, 1915.
C. H. Babcock, Secretary, New Rockford, term expires May 21, 1916.
Frank H. Farmer, Wahpeton, term expires May 20, 1914.

LIVE STOCK SANITARY BOARD.

Dr. E. J. Walsh, President, Minot, term expires April 1, 1915.
Andrew Veltch, Vice President, Grand Forks, term expires April 1, 1917.
W. L. Richards, Secretary, Dickinson, term expires April 1, 1916.
Dr. J. W. Robinson, Garrison, term expires April 1, 1914.
T. B. Dawson, LaMoure, term expires April 1, 1912.
Dr. W. F. Crewe, Executive Officer and State Veterinarian, Devils Lake.
Dr. L. Van Es, Bacteriologist, Agricultural College.

STALLION REGISTRATION BOARD.

Professor of animal husbandry of the Agricultural College, ex-officio secretary and executive officer; professor of veterinary science of Agricultural College; commissioner of agriculture and labor; president state live stock sanitary board; president North Dakota live stock association.

STATE OIL INSPECTOR

T. W. Jackman, Fargo, term expires April 1, 1915.

DEPUTIES

R. J. Hughes, Wahpeton.
E. M. Jones, Hankinson.
J. B. Little, Mott.
Geo. Hill, Ardoch.
John Bishof, Zeeland.
J. M. Kellogg, Oakes.
Geo. N. Keniston, Hettinger.
C. C. Williams, Ellendale.
C. W. Leathart, Fairmount.
A. W. Crary, Minot.
M. W. Day, Grand Forks.
Carl Holzer, Fargo.
S. E. Ellingson, Havana.
J. R. Waters, Beach.

PANAMA PACIFIC EXPOSITION COMMISSION.

Governor.
Commissioner of Agriculture and Labor.
A. Hilliard, Dickinson.
P. J. McClory, Devils Lake.
Axel Egeland, Bisbee.
E. F. Gilbert, Casselton.
John E. Paulson, Hillsboro.

NORWAY CENTENNIAL COMMISSION.

C. W. Plain, Milton.
H. H. Steele, Mohall.
A. A. Stenejhem, Arnegard.
A. J. Kookeide, Churchs Ferry.
Nels Lunneborg, Milnor.
Alfred Gabrielson, Manager, Fargo.

TRUSTEES TEACHER'S INSURANCE AND RETIREMENT FUND.

E. J. Taylor, State Superintendent.
Gunder Olson, State Treasurer, Ex-Officio.
Clara Struble, Grand Forks, term expires, July 1, 1914.
P. S. Berg, Dickinson, term expires, July 1, 1915.
J. A. Haig, Devils Lake, term expires, July 1, 1916.

WHITE STONE HILL COMMISSION.

J. B. Taylor, Ellendale, term expires, July 1, 1915.
J. C. Wilson, Merricourt, term expires, July 1, 1915.
Lee Northrop, Merricourt, term expires, July 1, 1915.

PROBATE CODE COMPILATION COMMISSION.

A. G. Hanson, Fargo, term expires March 14, 1915.
Geo. E. Wallace, Wahpeton, term expires March 14, 1915.
Charles Ego, Lisbon, term expires March 14, 1915.

CONGRESSIONAL

United States Senators—Porter J. McCumber, Wahpeton, N. D.; term expires March 3, 1917; A. J. Gronna, Lakota, N. D., term expires March 3, 1915.

Representatives in Congress—1st District, H. T. Helgeson, Milton; 2nd District, George M. Young, Valley City; 3rd District, P. D. Norton, Hettinger.

REFEREES IN BANKRUPTCY.

John L. Lewis, Minot, October 10, 1911.

Emerson H. Smith, Fargo, November 2, 1911.

Theodore Elton, Grand Forks, October 15, 1912.

TERMS OF SUPREME AND U. S. COURTS.

Supreme Court—April term, first Tuesday in April at Bismarck; October term, first Tuesday in October at Bismarck.

United States Court—At Bismarck, first Tuesday in March; Devils Lake, first Tuesday in July; Fargo, third Tuesday in May; Grand Forks, second Tuesday in November; Minot, second Tuesday in October.

UNITED STATES LAND OFFICERS

Bismarck—R. N. Stevens, Register; Chas. T. Staley, Receiver.

Devils Lake—John S. McClory, Register; F. W. Cockburn, Receiver.

Dickinson—J. G. Quinlivan, Register; William A. McClure, Receiver.

Minot—Thomas E. Olsgard, Register; Victor E. Corbett, Receiver.

Williston—Thomas B. Murphy, Register; Minor S. Williams, Receiver.

UNITED STATES COMMISSIONERS, DISTRICT OF NORTH DAKOTA.

Alexander, McKenzie County—Robert Norheim, appointed April 5, 1910.

Ashley, McIntosh County—Hugo P. Remington, appointed September 25, 1910.

Almont, Morton County—G. Harold Anderson, appointed April 17, 1911.

Anamoose, McHenry County—Clinton Cottingham, appointed October 15, 1912.

Amidon, Billings County—T. M. Agnew, appointed January 28, 1913.

Bismarck, Burleigh County—M. J. McKenzie, appointed June 5, 1911.

Beach, Billings County—R. M. Andrews, appointed September 8, 1909.

Beach, Billings County—J. A. Miller, appointed November 21, 1910.

Broncho, Mercer County—L. B. Hardy, appointed December 16, 1912.

Bottineau, Bottineau County—John H. Kirk, appointed February 6, 1913.

Belfield, Stark County—Delbert Hughes, appointed February 11, 1913.

Charison, McKenzie County—T. E. Charlston, appointed April 30, 1913.

Center, Oliver County—H. H. Kenyon, appointed April 1, 1910.

Center, Oliver County—Victor R. Boerner, appointed July 9, 1910.

Cartwright, McKenzie County—Henry E. Johnson, appointed April 11, 1910.

Crosby, Divide County—W. H. Ware, appointed August 1, 1910.

Dickinson, Stark County—W. R. Everett, appointed February 19, 1912.

Devils Lake, Ramsey County—George Juergens, appointed January 9, 1912.

Driscoll, Burleigh County—Edwin C. Ruble, appointed September 25, 1911.

Dugden, McLean County—R. E. Person, appointed October 23, 1911.

Ellendale, Dickey County—H. H. Perry, appointed November 14, 1910.

Elgin, Morton County—F. G. Boettcher, appointed April 27, 1911.

Emerson, Dunn County—Victor Houghton, appointed January 29, 1913.

Fargo, Cass County—J. A. Montgomery, (Extradition Cases), appointed December 27, 1909.

Fargo, Cass County—A. W. Cupler, appointed April 21, 1911.

Flasher, Morton County—H. H. Thomas, appointed March 2, 1911.

Fort Yates, Morton County—John Edward Reeder, appointed August 3, 1911.

Grand Forks, Grand Forks County—Geo. R. Robbins, appointed April 29, 1911.

Garrison, McLean County—J. W. Casey, appointed October 21, 1910.

Gascoyne, Bowman County—F. W. Pitsor, appointed December 10, 1912.
Hettinger, Adams County—Jacob Sonderall, appointed April 27, 1911.
Hettinger, Adams County—E. C. Thomas, appointed June 12, 1911.
Halliday, Dunn County—Chas. H. Wade, appointed February 3, 1911.
Hebron, Morton County—H. E. Hagerman, appointed August 29, 1912.
Jamestown, Stutsman County—Fred G. Kneeland, appointed June 5, 1911.
Kasmer, Mercer County—Robert M. Stroup, appointed November 13, 1911.
Krem, Mercer County—C. N. Janzen, appointed April 21, 1911.
Langdon, Cavalier County—Joseph Cleary, appointed June 5, 1911.
Lakota, Nelson County—W. C. Fairbanks, appointed December 22, 1911.
Linton, Emmons County—H. C. Lynn, appointed December 31, 1912.
Marmarth, Billings County—James H. Cramer, appointed September 13, 1912.
Manning, Dunn County—J. A. Palmer, appointed October 9, 1909.
Manning, Dunn County—Wm. P. Owens, appointed February 5, 1912.
Mott, Hettinger County—V. H. Crane, appointed September 11, 1909.
McCluskey, Sheridan County—Frank I. Temple, appointed March 20, 1913.
Minot, Ward County—R. E. Hopkins, appointed September 26, 1910.
Max, McLean County—H. R. Freitag, appointed January 11, 1912.
Mohall, Renville County—Percy S. Crewe, appointed September 26, 1911.
Mandan, Morton County—E. R. Lanterman, appointed January 8, 1912.
Makoti, Ward County—E. H. Johnson, appointed April 20, 1912.
Mott, Hettinger County—R. E. McCain, appointed December 20, 1912.
Napoleon, Logan County—Geo. A. Bryant, appointed May 30, 1910.
New England, Hettinger County—Charles Simon, appointed March 24, 1910.
New Leipzig, Morton County—M. C. Rausch, appointed May 16, 1912.
Pembina, Pembina County—E. W. Conmy, appointed November 14, 1910.
Plaza, Ward County—O. M. Heath, appointed June 10, 1910.
Rolla, Rolette County—G. F. Galloway, appointed May 9, 1911.
Rugby, Pierce County—Seldon Crockett, appointed November 27, 1909.
Ryder, Ward County—H. C. Miller, appointed May 19, 1910.
Raleigh, Morton County—John P. Bartel, appointed January 28, 1911.
Regent, Hettinger County—Frank L. Schnebly, appointed October 12, 1910.
Richardton, Stark County—E. Mottershead, appointed November 2, 1911.
Rhame, Bowman County—R. D. Shaw, appointed April 20, 1912.
Ryder, Ward County—David Larin, appointed January 8, 1913.
Sykeston, Wells County—A. G. Covell, appointed April 14, 1910.
Schaefer, McKenzie County—G. L. Gullickson, appointed March 25, 1910.
Schaefer, McKenzie County—N. F. Snyder, appointed August 12, 1910.
Stowers, Adams County—H. L. Simmons, appointed March 4, 1912.
Shields, Morton County—C. J. Klahn, appointed March 23, 1911.
Stanton, Mercer County—C. F. Schweigert, appointed May 22, 1911.
Stanley, Mountrail County—R. W. Schulenberg, appointed July 14, 1911.
Stady, Williams County—F. B. Ellsworth, appointed July 5, 1912.
Steele, Kidder County—Rees L. Phelps, appointed December 13, 1912.
Scranton, Bowman County—Pennington, W. A., appointed February 11, 1913.
Tagus, Ward County—M. C. Egan, appointed January 23, 1911.
Valley City, Barnes County—C. A. Zabel, appointed October 5, 1911.
Washburn, McLean County—Jas. T. McCulloch, appointed June 12, 1911.

PARTY ORGANIZATION.

Republican.

National Committeeman—T. E. Marshall, Oakes.

REPUBLICAN STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE.

MEMBERS.

*GEORGE M. GRAY, Chairman, Kenmare.
 *FRED O. BREWSTER, Chairman, Harvey.
 JAMES W. FOLEY, Secretary, Bismarck.
 HARVE ROBINSON, Treasurer, Sentinel Butte.

1. D. J. Laxdahl, Cavalier.
2. H. F. Honsche, Kenmare.
3. E. Smith-Peterson, Park River.
4. Dr. R. M. Evans, Minto.
5. H. E. Rowe, Larimore.
6. James Dinnie, Grand Forks.
7. J. B. Williams, Grand Forks.
8. John E. Paulson, Hillsboro.
9. Judge N. C. Young, Fargo.
10. Treadwell Twichell, Mapleton.
11. F. S. Talcott, Buffalo.
12. R. J. Hughes, Wahpeton.
13. C. Jordan, Cogswell.
14. W. W. Shaw, Enderlin.
15. A. B. Cox, Valley City.
16. J. A. Carlson, Finley.
17. E. C. Olsgard, McVille.
18. W. F. Hannum, Clyde.
19. Dr. D. Lemieux, Dunseith.
20. Elling Tufte, Leeds.
21. Herman Rutten, Devils Lake.
22. Axel Englund, Bisbee.
23. Morris Beck Jamestown.
24. T. S. Hunt, La Moure.
25. George Rose, Ellendale.
26. Wm. P. Tuttle, Dawson.
27. D. J. McGills, Bismarck.
28. Otl C. Thompson, Overly.
29. John J. Lee, Minot.
30. A. E. Thorberg, Mandan.
31. L. A. Simpson, Dickinson.
32. E. A. Roach, Bordulac.
33. F. O. Brewster, Harvey.
34. Jacob Nelson, Upham.
35. Jacob Buehler, Goodrich.
36. Adam Nagel, Jr., Lehr.
37. N. G. Myhre, Walcott.
38. S. J. Aandahl, Litchville.
39. Harve Robinson, Sentinel Butte.
40. G. Ballard, Ambrose.
41. Geo. Schafer, Schafer.
42. Chas. Markley, Pleasant Lake.
43. H. H. Steele, Mohall.
44. V. L. Shaw, Plaza.
45. N. G. Myhre, Balfour.
46. Theodor Taylor, Garrison.
47. Chas. F. Peterson, New Salem.
48. Fred Krause, Krem.
49. G. A. Sorchet, New England.
50. John Trotter.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE — Fred Brewster, chairman; James W. Foley, secretary; James Dinnie, Grand Forks; Axel Egeland, Bisbee; N. C. Young, Fargo; R. J. Hughes, Wahpeton; W. P. Tuttle, Dawson;

E. Smith-Peterson, Park River; H. F. Hansche, Kenmare; C. E. Markey, Pleasant Lake; L. A. Simpson, Dickinson; G. F. Shafer, Shafer; Charles F. Peterson, New Salem.

*George M. Gray, of Kenmare, was elected chairman of the Republican State Committee and died at Fargo in the course of the campaign, after a brief illness. Fred O. Brewster, of Harvey, was elected to fill the vacancy and served until March 1, 1913, when he resigned. The vacancy caused by his resignation had not been filled by the executive committee at the time of the compilation of this Blue Book.

Republican National Committee.

CHARLES D. HILLES, of New York, chairman.
JAMES B. REYNOLDS, of Massachusetts, secretary.
GEORGE R. SHELDON, of New York, treasurer.
WILLIAM F. STONE, of Maryland, Sergeant-at-arms.

MEMBERS.

Alabama—P. D. Barker, Mobile.
Alaska—W. S. Bayliss, Juneau.
Arizona—R. H. Cameron, Grand Canyon.
Arkansas—Powell Clayton, Eureka Springs.
California—Russ Avery, Los Angeles.
Colorado—S. Guggenheim, Denver.
Connecticut—C. F. Brooker, Ansonia.
Delaware—T. C. du Pont, Wilmington.
Dist. of Col.—Chapin Brown, Washington.
Florida—H. S. Chubb, Gainesville.
Georgia—H. S. Jackson, Atlanta.
Hawaii—C. A. Rice, Honolulu.
Idaho—J. W. Hart, Menaa.
Illinois—Roy O. West, Chicago.
Iowa—J. T. Adams, Dubuque.
Kansas—F. S. Stanley, Wichita.
Kentucky—J. W. McCulloch, Owensboro.
Louisiana—V. Loisel, New Orleans.
Maine—Frederick Hale, Portland.
Maryland—W. P. Jackson, Salisbury.
Massachusetts—W. Murray Crane, Dalton.
Michigan—C. B. Warren, Detroit.
Minnesota—E. B. Hawkins, Duluth.
Mississippi—L. B. Moseley, Jackson.
Missouri—T. K. Niedringhaus, St. Louis.
Montana—T. A. Marlow, Helena.
Nebraska—R. B. Howell, Omaha.
Nevada—H. B. Maxson, Reno.
New Hampshire—F. W. Estabrook, Nashua.
New Jersey—Franklin Murphy, Newark.
New Mexico—C. A. Spiess, Las Vegas.
New York—William Barnes, Jr., Albany.
North Carolina—E. C. Duncan, Raleigh.
North Dakota—T. E. Marshall, Oakes.
Ohio—Sherman Granger, Zanesville.
Oklahoma—J. A. Harris, Wagoner.
Oregon—R. E. Williams, Dallas.
Pennsylvania—H. B. Wasson, Pittsburgh.
Philippines—H. B. McCoy, Manila.
Porto Rico—S. Behn, San Juan.
Rhode Island—W. P. Sheffield, Newport.
South Carolina—J. W. Tolbert, Greenwood.
South Dakota—T. Thorson, Canton.
Tennessee—N. Sanders, Chattanooga.
Texas—H. F. MacGregor, Houston.
Utah—Reed Smoot, Provo.
Vermont—J. L. Lewis, North Troy.
Virginia—A. H. Martin, Norfolk.
Washington—S. A. Perkins, Tacoma.
West Virginia—.....
Wisconsin—A. T. Rogers, Madison.
Wyoming—G. E. Pexton, Evanston.

Democratic State Committee.

JOHN BRUEGGER, National Committeeman.
D. H. McARTHUR, Chairman.
F. W. McLEAN, Secretary.
SAMUEL TORGERSON, Treasurer.

DEMOCRATIC STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE

MEMBERS

1. Robert McBride, Cavaller, N. D.
2. C. L. Stevenson, Berthold, N. D.
3. James Robertson, Park River, N. D.
4. John Sprafka, Minot, N. D.
5. Geo. LaShelle, Larimore, N. D.
6. John Vallely, Grand Forks, N. D.
7. Geo. E. Duis, Grand Forks, N. D.
8. M. F. Hegge, Hatton, N. D.
9. M. A. Hildreth, Fargo, N. D.
10. L. A. Toubert, Casselton, N. D.
11. G. A. Hill, Erle, N. D.
12. E. S. Cameron, Wahpeton, N. D.
13. Jens Pederson, Milnor, N. D.
14. Chas. Ego, Lisbon, N. D.
15. A. S. Sigurdson, Valley City, N. D.
16. Oscar Greenland, Binford, N. D.
17. J. P. Lamb, Michigan, N. D.
18. W. B. Dickson, Langdon, N. D.
19. Marion Edward, Rolette, N. D.
20. Thos. Ose, Brinsmede, N. D.
21. W. A. Fulkerson, Crary, N. D.
22. Wm. Noyes, Cando, N. D.
23. M. Murphy, Jamestown, N. D.
24. Geo. P. Jones, LaMoure, N. D.
25. H. H. Perry, Ellendale, N. D.
26. J. F. Smith, Steele, N. D.
27. Frank Reed, Bismarck, N. D.
28. D. H. McArthur, Fargo, N. D.
29. John L. Fahey, Minot, N. D.
30. W. A. Lanterman, Mandan, N. D.
31. W. L. Richards, Dickinson, N. D.
32. S. J. Doyle, Carrington, N. D.
33. Thos. H. O'Neil, Fessenden, N. D.
34. O. L. Ohnstad, Denbigh, N. D.
35. F. J. Callahan, McClusky, N. D.
36. Geo. L. Sutton, Napoleon, N. D.
36. J. B. Goll, Ashley, N. D.
37. Wm. Schutt, Hankinson, N. D.
38. Chas. W. Pollock, Fingal, N. D.
39. O. C. Kucherman, Beach, N. D.
40. Geo. Franklin, Ambrose, N. D.
41. H. A. Nelson, Ray, N. D.
42. W. J. Doheny, Rugby, N. D.
43. John O'Laughlin, Tolley, N. D.
44. T. M. Cooney, Palermo, N. D.
45. W. E. Byerly, Velva, N. D.
46. M. F. Minneham, Garrison, N. D.
47. L. F. Tavis, Glen Ullin, N. D.
48. Mol Smith, Sanger, N. D.
49. Chas. Simon, New England, N. D.
50. Gustav Brecke, Milton, N. D.

EXECUTIVE COMMITTEE—Geo. P. Jones, Chairman; J. M. Kelly, Vice Chairman; D. H. McArthur, Jens Peterson, John Fahey, Geo. E. Duis, F. W. McLean, Secretary.

Democratic National Committee.

WM. F. McCOMBS, Chairman, New York, N. Y.
W. G. McADOO, Secretary of Treasury, Washington, D. C.
JOS. E. DAVIES, Secretary, Madison, Wis.
ROLLA WELLS, Terasurer, St. Louis, Mo.
JOHN I. MARTIN, Sergeant-at-Arms, St. Louis, Mo.

MEMBERS

Wm. D. Jelks, Birmingham, Ala.
Reese M. Ling, Phoenix, Ariz.
W. M. Kavanaugh, Little Rock, Ark.
John B. Sanford, Ukiah, Cal.
Thomas J. McCue, Denver, Col.
Homer S. Cummings, Stamford, Conn.
Willard Saulsbury, Wilmington, Del.
J. T. G. Crawford, Jacksonville, Fla.
Clark Howell, Atlanta, Ga.
P. H. Elder, Boise, Idaho.
Charles Boeschstein, Edwardsville, Ill.
Thomas Taggart, French Lick, Ind.
M. J. Wade, Iowa City, Iowa.
Wm. F. Sapp, Galena, Kan.
John C. C. Mayo, Faintsville, Ky.
Robert Ewing, New Orleans, La.
J. Fred C. Talbott, Lutherville, Md.
E. L. Jones, Waterville, Maine.
John W. Coughlin, Fall River, Mass.
Edwin O. Wood, Flint, Mich.
F. B. Lynch, St. Paul, Minn.
Robert Powell, Jackson, Miss.
Edward F. Goltra, St. Louis, Mo.
J. Bruce Kremer, Butte, Mont.
P. L. Hall, Lincoln, Neb.
W. J. Ball, Winnemucca, Nev.
Eugene E. Reed, Manchester, N. H.
A. A. Jones, Las Vegas, N. M.
Robt. S. Hudspeth, Jersey City, N. J.
Norman E. Mack, Buffalo, N. Y.
Josephus Daniels, Raleigh, N. C.
John Bruegger, Williston, N. D.
E. H. Moore, Columbus, Ohio.
Robert Galbraith, Tulsa, Okla.
Will R. King, Portland, Ore.
A. Mitchell Palmer, Stroudsburg, Pa.
George W. Greene, Pawtucket, R. I.
B. R. Tillman, Washington, D. C. (Senate); North Carolina.
Tom Taubman, Plankinton, S. D.
R. E. L. Mountsastle, Knoxville, Tenn.
Cato Sells, Cleburne, Tex.
Wm. R. Wallace, Salt Lake City, Utah.
Thos. H. Browne, Rutland, Vt.
J. Taylor Ellyson, Richmond, Va.
James Pattison, Spokane, Wash.
John T. McGraw, Grafton, W. Va.
Joseph E. Davies, Madison, Wis.
John E. Osborne, Rawlins, Wyo.
A. J. Daly, Seattle, Wash., (Alaska.)
John F. Costello, Washington, D. C.
John H. Wilson, Honolulu, Hawaii.
Henry W. Dooley, San Juan, Porto Rico.
R. E. Manley, Manila, P. I.

Progressive Party

National Committeeman—A. Y. MORE, Fargo, N. D.

PROGRESSIVE STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE

DORR H. CARROLL, Chairman, Minot, N. D.
 D. J. TINNES, Secretary, Northwood, N. D.
 H. R. TURNER, Executive Secretary, Fargo, N. D.
 S. S. LYONS, Treasurer, Fargo, N. D.

MEMBERS

Adams—.....
 Barnes—Sam Aandahl, Litchville.
 Benson—A. E. Hutchinson, Minnewaukan.
 Billings—F. E. Heath, Beach.
 Bottineau—V. Ormsby Soule, Westhope .
 Bowman—.....
 Burke—John V. Moore, Bowbells.
 Burleigh—C. R. Kositzky, Bismarck.
 Cass—J. V. Murphy, Fargo.
 Cavaller—Ellin Ellinson, Osnabrock.
 Dickey—J. D. Scott, Oakes.
 Divide—Chas. T. Grace, Abmrose.
 Dunn—(See Mercer County.)
 Eddy—T. B. Garnaas, Sheyenne.
 Emmons—.....
 Grand Forks—P. O. Thorson, Grand Forks.
 Foster—(See Eddy County.)
 Griggs—David Bartlett, Cooperstown.
 Hettinger—.....
 Kidder—.....
 LaMoure—E. O. Ellison, LaMoure.
 Logan—Thos. F. Conway, Napoleon.
 Mercer—Chris. Schweigard, Stanton.
 Morton—John Bloodgood, New Salem.
 Mountrail—Peter Neseth, White Earth.
 McHenry—F. B. Haines, Towner.
 McIntosh—J. B. Saylor, Wishek.
 McKenzie—.....
 McLean—Thos. F. Conway, Napoleon.
 Nelson—.....
 Oliver—(See Mercer County.)
 Pembina—.....
 Pierce—E. A. Frydenlund, Rugby.
 Ramsey—Siver Serumgard, Devils Lake.
 Ransom—Farlin Jones, Lisbon.
 Renville—E. L. Penn, Sherwood.
 Richland—W. S. Lauder, Wahpeton.
 Rolette—.....
 Sargent—.....
 Stark—V. A. Stickney, Dickinson.
 Sheridan—Geo. L. Nelson, Martin.
 Steele—O. H. Olson, Sherbrooke.
 Stutsman—Geo. L. Hemstead, Jamestown.
 Traill—B. C. Boyd, Hillsboro.
 Towner—W. H. Forrest, Cando.
 Walsh—.....
 Ward—J. T. Schivseth, Minot.
 Wells—W. L. Buttz, Harvey.
 Williams—H. W. Brategar, Wiliston.

Socialist

National Committeeman—ARTHUR LeSUEUR, Minot, N. D.

MEMBERS

S. A. Smith, Beach
W. C. Hayden, Lansford
Jos. Baillif, Woburn
W. G. Johnson, Fargo
Samuel Lane, Ellendale
J. E. Kulstad, Grand Forks
Oscar Anderson, Velva
Thos. Swenson, Charlson
C. H. Yeager, Garrison
W. J. Husa, Belden
Jos. Suchy, Mandan
J. E. Beum, Center

Robert Grant, Lakota
Henry Lee, Sherwood
A. S. Anderson, Devils Lake
Anton T. Julseth, Berdella
J. E. Christenson, Minot
M. Brumwell, Hatton
Axel Strom, Ray
Berger Larson, Crosby
N. Ordahl, Milton
G. E. Anderson, Sharon
Ed. Olson, Heaton

SOCIALIST STATE CENTRAL COMMITTEE

Secretary of State Committee—HENRY G. TEIGAN, Minot, N. D.

State Executive Committee—Eugene Teutsch, Minot; Howard Elliot, Minot; H. G. Thomas, Minot; Jos. Laqua, Minot, and George S. Kirkpatrick, Minot.

Socialist National Committee

Executive Secretary—Walter Lanfersiek, 111 N. Market St., Chicago, Ill.
Victor L. Berger, 980 First Street, Milwaukee, Wis.
Adolph Germer, 303 G. A. T. Bldg., Denver, Colo.
George H. Goebel, 14 Bridge Street, Newark, N. J.
James H. Maurer, 1335 North 11th Street, Reading, Pa.
J. Stitt Wilson, Ridge Road, Berkeley, Cal.

MEMBERS

Alabama—C. G. Hutchisson, Oakdale, Mobile.
Arizona—W. S. Bradford, Labor Temple, Phoenix.
Arkansas—Ida Callery, Ponanza.
California—N. A. Richardson, San Bernardino.
California—J. Stitt Wilson, Ridge Rd., Berkeley.
Colorado—S. B. Hutchinson, Grand Junction.
Connecticut—Samuel E. Beardsley, 50 Coram Ave., Shelton.
Delaware—Frank A. Houck, Ninth and Spruce Sts., Wilmington.
Dist. of Col.—Louis Kopelin, 55 T St. N. E., Washington.
Florida—C. C. Allen, St. Petersburg.
Georgia—Al. Schwartz, 150 Edgewood Ave., Atlanta.
Idaho—S. W. Motley, Twin Falls.
Illinois—Adolph Germer, 303 G. T. A. Bldg., Denver, Colo.
Illinois—John C. Kennedy, 805 Schiller Bldg., Chicago.
Illinois—Duncan McDonald, Farmers' Bank Bldg., Springfield.
Indiana—S. M. Reynolds, Am. Cor. School of Law, Chicago.
Indiana—Chas. Reece Fenimore, 49½ S. Delaware St., Indianapolis.
Iowa—M. F. Wiltse, 411 E. Linn St., Marshalltown.
Kansas—S. M. Stallard, Fort Scott.
Kentucky—J. Raphaelson, 612 York St., Newport.
Louisiana—W. F. Dietz, 924 Iris St., Lake Charles.
Maine—Fred E. Irish, 322 Riverside St., Woodfords.
Maryland—Chas. E. Develin, 130 Augusta Ave., Baltimore.
Massachusetts—Dan A. White, 27 Turner St., Brockton.
Massachusetts—George E. Roewer, Jr., 43 Tremont St., Boston.
Michigan—James Hoogerhyde, 79 Monroe Ave., Grand Rapids.
Michigan—Frank Aaltonen, 317 Pioneer Ave., Negaunee.
Minnesota—Morris Kaplan, 411 E. Superior St., Duluth.
Minnesota—T. E. Latimer, 305 Lincoln Bldg., Minneapolis.
Mississippi—J. J. Lipscomb, Jackson.
Missouri—Wm. L. Garver, Independence.
Montana—Lewis J. Duncan, Butte.
Nebraska—John C. Chase, 425 Brownell Blk., Lincoln.
Nevada—Justus E. Taylor, P. O. Box 6, Reno.
New Hampshire—J. Foster Nichols, Main St. Sta., Franklin.

New Jersey—Geo. H. Goebel, 14 Bridge St., Newark.
New Jersey—James M. Reilly, 306 Shippen St., West Hoboken.
New Mexico—Chas. F. Goddard, Carrizozo.
New York—Gustave A. Strebel, 716 McBride St., Syracuse.
New York—Chas. J. Ball, Jr., 52 West Eagle St., Buffalo.
New York—Morris Hilquitt, 30 Church St., New York.
New York—U. Solomon, 444 Pearl St., N. Y. Call, New York.
North Carolina—William T. Bradford, 720 Spruce St., Winston-Salem.
North Dakota—Arthur LeSueur, Minot.
Ohio—Tom Clifford, 3517 Fulton Road, Cleveland.
Ohio—Wm. Patterson, 1727 Michigan St., Toledo.
Oklahoma—Oscar Ameringer, 395 7th St., Milwaukee, Wis.
Oklahoma—P. S. Nagle, Kingfisher.
Oregon—Floyd C. Ramp, P. O. Box 17, Brooks.
Pennsylvania—Gertrude B. Fuller, 209 E. Rellance St., Pittsburgh.
Pennsylvania—Chas. A. Maurer, 517 Elm St., Reading.
Pennsylvania—Jos. E. Cohen, 1827 N. Marshall St., Philadelphia.
Pennsylvania—Robert B. Ringler, P. O. Box 285, Reading.
Pennsylvania—John W. Slayton, General Delivery, Pittsburgh.
Rhode Island—Fred Hurst, 51 Broad St., Providence.
South Dakota—Nellie E. Douglas, Wellsburg.
Tennessee—W. A. Weatherall, Box 1107, Memphis.
Texas—T. A. Hickey, Hallettsville.
Texas—W. S. Noble, Rockdale.
Utah—Jacob E. Gease, 80½ N. Academy Ave., Provo.
Vermont—John Spargo, Old Bennington.
Virginia—A. J. Hauser, 137 26th St., Newport News.
Washington—Frans Bostrom, Box 491, Everett.
Washington—Kate Sadler, Box 233, Bremerton.
Washington—Hortense Wagenknecht, Box 491, Everett.
West Virginia—John W. Brown, 931 6th St., Sta. B, Charleston.
Wisconsin—Victor L. Berger, Bisbane Hall, Milwaukee.
Wisconsin—W. R. Gaylord, 405 Manitoba St., Milwaukee.
Wyoming—A. Carlson, Box 236, Sheridan.
TO REPLACE PAGE 464

RATIFICATION OF THE CONSTITUTION.

Dates of the ratification of the Constitution of the United States of America, the dates of admission of new states, the apportionment of representatives, and the number of electoral votes of each.

No.	States	Date	Repre- sentatives	Elec- toral votes
Original States.				
1	Delaware	December	1	3
2	Pennsylvania	December 7.....	32	24
3	New Jersey.....	December 7.....	10	12
4	Georgia	January 2,	11	12
5	Connecticut	January 9,	6	7
6	Massachusetts	February 6	14	16
7	Maryland	April 23, 1	6	8
8	South Carolina.....	May 23, 17	7	9
9	New Hampshire.....	June 21, 1	2	4
10	Virginia	June 26, 17	10	12
11	New York.....	July 26, 17	27	39
12	North Carolina.....	November 9.....	10	12
13	Rhode Island.....	May 29, 1790.....	2	4
New States.				
14	Vermont	March 4, 1791.....	2	4
15	Kentucky	June 1, 1792.....	11	12
16	Tennessee	June 1, 1796.....	10	12
17	Ohio	November 29, 1802.....	21	23
18	Louisiana.....	April 8, 1812.....	7	9
19	Indiana	December 11, 1816.....	13	15
20	Mississippi	December 10, 1817.....	8	10
21	Illinois	December 3, 1818.....	25	27
22	Alabama	December 14, 1819.....	9	11
23	Maine	March 15, 1820.....	4	6
24	Missouri	August 10, 1821.....	16	18
25	A	June 15, 1836.....	7	9
26	B	January 26, 1837.....	12	14
27	F	March 3, 1845.....	3	5
28	T	December 29, 1845.....	16	18
29	I	December 28, 1846.....	11	13
30	V	May 29, 1848.....	11	13
31	C	September 9, 1850.....	8	10
32	b	May 11, 1853.....	9	11
33	C	February 14, 1859.....	2	4
34	E	January 29, 1861.....	8	10
35	V	June 20, 1863.....	5	7
36	N	October 31, 1864.....	1	3
37	N	March 1, 1867.....	6	8
38	C	August 1, 1876.....	3	5
39	N	November 2, 1889.....	2	4
40	B	November 2, 1889.....	2	4
41	M	November 8, 1889.....	1	3
42	V	November 11, 1889.....	3	5
43	L	July 3, 1890.....	1	3
44	V	July 10, 1890.....	1	3
45	U	January 4, 1896.....	1	3
46	O	November 16, 1907.....	6	7
Total			391	483

*See Act of Congress making an apportionment of representatives in congress among the several states under the twelfth census, approved January 16, 1901.

THE VOTE ON THE ADOPTION OF THE CONSTITUTION
AND PROHIBITION.

(First State Election October 1, 1889.)

Counties	Constitution		Prohibition	
	For	Against	For	Against
Barnes	1,673	8	861	745
Benson	523	45	292	212
Billings	57	1	4	53
Bottineau	450	116	365	228
Burleigh	1,063	2	269	799
Cass	4,049	31	1,739	2,156
Cavaller	684	269	634	439
Dickey	1,471	26	966	537
Eddy	381	13	212	158
Emmons	462	2	106	347
Foster	333	4	148	186
Grand Forks.....	687	1,930	1,534	1,432
Griggs	351	150	345	180
Kidder	340	3	186	151
LaMoure	818	11	414	395
Logan	90	.....	26	61
McHenry	257	7	163	101
McIntosh	394	.....	166	199
McLean	264	.....	69	170
Mercer	84	1	22	63
Morton	924	21	358	644
Nelson	127	660	540	276
Oliver	47	30	29	40
Pembina	1,762	830	1,483	1,137
Pierc ,	221	1	124	70
Ramsey	810	231	591	416
Ransom	1,110	23	670	557
Richland	1,409	251	1,011	885
Rolette	435	10	112	304
Sargent	973	177	620	577
Stark	610	.....	171	394
Steele	241	316	444	172
Stutsman	1,334	47	509	809
Towner	284	93	148	216
Traill	1,411	462	1,117	824
Walsh	606	2,248	1,760	1,132
Ward	350	43	220	138
Wells	336	.....	124	190
Total	27,441	8,107	18,552	17,393
Majority	19,334	.....	1,159	.....

APPORTIONMENT ACT.

CHAPTER 256, 1911 SESSION LAWS.

(H. B. No. 25—Nestos.)

AN ACT to Re-district the State of North Dakota into Senatorial Districts and Apportion the Senators and Representatives Therein; and Making Special Provisions for the Districts Within Pembina and Cavaller Counties.

Be it Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

Section 1. NUMBER OF DISTRICT.] Until otherwise provided by law under the terms of the Constitution, the legislative assembly of the state of North Dakota shall until the end of 1914 consist of fifty senators and one hundred and twelve representatives, and shall thereafter consist of forty-nine senators and one hundred and thirteen representatives, and the senatorial and representative districts of the state shall be formed, and the senators and representatives be apportioned as follows:

(1) The eastern part of the county of Pembina, now constituting the first legislative district, shall be added to and become a part of the second legislative district, and the said second legislative district is hereby renumbered and shall hereafter be and become known as the First Legislative District, and the term of the senator from the district so enlarged and renumbered shall continue for the period for which he was elected as senator of the second legislative district, and the said first legislative district shall in November, 1914, elect his successor for a term of but two years, and the said district consisting of the county of Pembina shall be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

(2) The second district shall consist of the city of Kenmare and that portion of Ward county situated and being in townships 154, 155 and 156 of ranges 85, 86 and 87, township 157 of ranges 84, 85, 86 and 87; township 158 of range 87, townships 159 and 160 of ranges 87, 88 and 89; and township 161 of range 88, and shall be entitled to one senator and one representative.

(3) The third district shall consist of the townships of Perth, Latona, Adams, Silvesta, Cleveland, Norton, Vesta, Tiber, Medford, Vernon, Golden, Lampton, Eden, Rushford, Kensington, Dundee, Ops, Prairie Centre, Fertile, City of Park River, village of Edinburg, village of Conway, village of Pisek, village of Adams, Fairdale, Glenwood, Kinloss, Shepherd, Sauter and Dewey, in the county of Walsh, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(4) The fourth district shall consist of the townships of Forest River, village of Forest River, Walsh Centre, Grafton, city of Grafton, Farmington, Ardock, village of Ardock, Harrison, Oakwood, Martin, Walshville, Pulaski, Acton, city of Minto and St. Andrews, in the county of Walsh, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

(5) The fifth district shall consist of the townships of Gilby, Johnstown, Strabane, Wheatfield, Hegton, Arvilla, Avon, Northwood, city of Northwood, Lind, Grace, Larimore, city of Larimore, Elm, Grove, Agnes, Inkster, city of Inkster, Elkmount, Plymouth, Niagara, Moraine, Lagan Centre and Loretta, in the county of Grand Forks, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

(6) The sixth district shall consist of the third, fourth, fifth and sixth wards of the city of Grand Forks, as now constituted, and the townships of Faulkner, Harvey, Turtle River, Ferry, Rye, Blooming, Makrock, Lakeville and Levant, in the county of Grand Forks, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

(7) The seventh district shall consist of the first, second and seventh wards of the city of Grand Forks, as now constituted, and the townships of Grand Forks, Brenna, Oakville, Chester, Pleasant View, Fairfield, Allendale, Walle, Bentru, Americus, Michigan, Union, Washington, and the first and second wards of the city of Reynolds, in the county of Grand Forks, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

(8) The eighth district shall consist of the county of Traill, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

(9) The ninth district shall consist of the township of Fargo and the city of Fargo, in the county of Cass, and the fractional township number one hundred and thirty-nine, range forty-eight, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

(10) The tenth district shall consist of the townships of Noble, Wiser, Harwood, Reed, Barnes, Stanley, Pleasant, Kenyon, Gardner, Berlin, Raymond, Mapleton, village of Mapleton, Warren, Normania, Bell, Harmony, Durbin, Addison, Davenport, village of Davenport, and the city of Casselton, in the county of Cass, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(11) The eleventh district shall consist of the townships of Gunkle, Rush River, Hunter, Arthur, Amenia, Everest, Maple River, Leonard, Dows, Erie, Empire, Wheatland, Gill, Walburg, Watson, Page, Rich, Ayr, Buffalo, the village of Buffalo, Howes, Eldred, Highland, Rochester, Lake, Cornell, Tower, Hill, Clifton and Pontiac, in the county of Cass, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(12) The twelfth district shall consist of the townships of Eagle, Abercrombie, village of Abercrombie, Dwight, Ibsen, Centre, Mooreton, Bradenburg, village of Great Bend, Summit, Fairmount, village of Fairmount, Devillo, Lamars, Waldo, Greendale, and the city of Wahpeton, in the county of Richland, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(13) The thirteenth district shall consist of the county of Sargent, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(14) The fourteenth district shall consist of the county of Ransom, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(15) The fifteenth district shall consist of the townships of Baldwin, Dazey, Laketown, Pierce, Uxbridge, Edna, Rogers, Grand Prairie, Minnie Lake, Anderson, Hobart, Potter, village of Dazey, village of Wimbledon, village of Sanborn, city of Valley City, township one hundred forty-three, range fifty-six; township one hundred forty-three, range fifty-eight; township one hundred forty-two, range fifty-eight; township one hundred forty-one, range fifty-eight; township one hundred forty-one, range fifty-nine; township one hundred forty-one, range sixty-one; and township one hundred forty, range fifty-eight, in the county of Barnes, and shall be entitled to one senator and one representative.

(16) The sixteenth district shall consist of the counties of Steele and Griggs, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

(17) The seventeenth district shall consist of the county of Nelson, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(18) The eighteenth district shall until the end of 1914 consist of the townships of Cypress, Byron, Lynden, Dresden, Langdon, city of Langdon, South Dresden, Grey, Glenella, Huron, Moscow, Waterloo, Elgin, Perry, Billings, Nekoma, Storlie, Banner, Trier, Gordon, Henderson, Nekoma village, Slevert, Sarles village, Bruce and Minto, in the county of Cavalier, and shall be entitled to one senator and one representative, and thereafter the district shall consist of all of the county of Cavalier, including that portion comprised within and in this act numbered as the fifteenth district, and shall then be entitled to and shall in November, 1914, elect one senator and three representatives.

(19) The nineteenth district shall consist of the county of Rolette, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(20) The twentieth district shall consist of the county of Benson and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(21) The twenty-first district shall consist of the county of Ramsey, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

(22) The twenty-second district shall consist of the county of Towner, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(23) The twenty-third district shall consist of the county of Stutsman, and shall be entitled to one senator and four representatives.

(24) The twenty-fourth district shall consist of the county of LaMoure, and shall be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(25) The twenty-fifth district shall consist of the county of Dickey, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(26) The twenty-sixth district shall consist of the counties of Emmons and Kidder, and be entitled to one senator and four representatives.

(27) The twenty-seventh district shall consist of the county of Burleigh, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

(28) The twenty-eighth district shall consist of the county of Bottineau, and shall be entitled to one senator and four representatives.

(29) The twenty-ninth district shall consist of the city of Minot and that portion of Ward county situated and being in townships 151, 152 and 153 of ranges 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86 and 87; townships 154, 155 and 156 of ranges 81, 82, 83, and 84 and township 157 of ranges 81, 82 and 83, and shall be entitled to one senator and four representatives.

(30) The thirtieth district shall consist of the city of Mandan and all of that portion of the county of Morton situated and being in township 130 of ranges 85 and 86; township 131 of ranges 84, 85 and 86; township 132, ranges 83, 84, 85 and 86; township 133 of ranges 82, 83, 84, 85 and 86; township 134 of ranges 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85 and 86; townships 135 and 136 of range 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84 and 85; township 137 of ranges 79, 80, 81, 82 and 83; township 138 of ranges 80, 81, 82 and 83; townships 139 and 140 of ranges 81, 82 and 83, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

(31) The thirty-first district shall consist of the county of Stark, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

(32) The thirty-second district shall consist of the counties of Eddy and Foster, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(33) The thirty-third district shall consist of the county of Wells, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(34) The thirty-fourth district shall consist of the townships 155, 156, 157 and 158, north of range 75 west, and also townships 155, 156, 157, 158 and 159, north of ranges 76, 77, 78, 79 and 80, in the county of McHenry, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

(35) The thirty-fifth district shall consist of the county of Sheridan, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

(36) The thirty-sixth district shall consist of the counties of McIntosh and Logan, and shall be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

(37) The thirty-seventh district shall consist of the townships of Walcott, Colfax, Barrie, Helendale, Sheyenne, Viking, Garburg, Freeman, West End, Homestead, Grafton, Antelope, Danton, Garfield, Dexter, Wyndmere, village of Wyndmere, Belford, Liberty, Brightwood, town of Hankinson, Elma, Durr, city of Lidgerwood, Moran and Grant, in the county of Richland, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(38) The thirty-eighth district shall consist of the townships of Welmer, Noltmeir, Alta, Oriska, Springvale, Cuba, Green, Herman, Mansfield, Meadowlake, Svea, Scandia, Norman, Binghampton, Raritan, Thordenskjold, Oakville, Spring Creek, Rosebud, Greeland, village of Litchville, village of Nome, township one hundred forty, range sixty-one; township one hundred thirty-nine, range fifty-eight; and township one hundred thirty-eight, range fifty-eight, in the county of Barnes, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

(39) The thirty-ninth district shall consist of the counties of Billings and Bowman (including the counties of Slope and Golden Valley if created from the territory of Billings county), and shall be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

(40) The fortieth district shall consist of the counties of Burke and Divide, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

(41) The forty-first district shall consist of the counties of Williams and McKenzie, and shall be entitled to one senator and five representatives.

(42) The forty-second district shall consist of the county of Pierce, and shall be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(43) The forty-third district shall consist of the county of Renville, and shall be entitled to one senator and one representative.

(44) The forty-fourth district shall consist of the county of Mount-
rail, and shall be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(45) The forty-fifth district shall consist of townships 151, 152, 153 and 154, north of ranges 75, 76, 78, 79 and 80 in the county of McHenry, and shall be entitled to one senator and one representative.

(46) The forty-sixth district shall consist of the counties of McLean and Stevenson (if created from the territory of McLean county), and shall be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

(47) The forty-seventh district shall consist of that portion of Morton county situated and being in townships 130, 131 and 132 of ranges 87, 88, 89 and 90; townships 133 and 134 of ranges 87, 88, 89 and 90; townships 135 and 136 of ranges 86, 87, 88, 89 and 90; townships 137, 138, 139 and 140 of ranges 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89 and 90, and shall be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(48) The forty-eighth district shall consist of the counties of Mercer, Oliver and Dunn, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

(49) The forty-ninth district shall consist of the counties of Adams and Hettinger, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

(50) The fiftieth district, consisting of the townships of Hope, Freemont, Olga, Loam, Hay, Harvey, Manilla, Easby, Alma, East Alma, Montrose, Oxford, Mount Carmel, village of Milton, and Osnabrock village, in the county of Cavalier, is hereby re-numbered and shall hereafter be known as the Fiftieth District, and shall until the end of 1914 be entitled to one senator and one representative, and the term of the senator elected for the district so re-numbered shall continue until the end of 1914, and with the expiration of 1914 the said Fiftieth District shall cease to exist and the territory comprised in this district shall be added to and become a part of the eighteenth legislative district, which will then include all of the county of Cavalier.

Approved March 6, 1911.

CONGRESSIONAL DISTRICTS.

CHAPTER 100, 1911 SESSION LAWS.

(S. B. No. 220—Elken.)

AN ACT to Divide the State of North Dakota Into Three (3) Congressional Districts, and Defining the Boundaries of Each of Said Congressional Districts of the State of North Dakota.

Be It Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

Section 1. The State of North Dakota is hereby divided into three Congressional districts, each of which is entitled to elect one representative to the Congress of the United States.

Sec. 2. FIRST DISTRICT DEFINED.] The counties of Pembina, Cavalier, Towner, Ramsey, Walsh, Nelson, Grand Forks, Steele, Traill, Cass, Ransom, Sargent and Richland shall constitute the First Congressional district.

Sec. 3. SECOND DISTRICT DEFINED.] The counties of Bottineau, Rollette, McHenry, Pierce, Benson, Sheridan, Wells, Eddy, Foster, Griggs, Stutsman, Barnes, Kidder, Burleigh, Emmons, Logan, McIntosh, LaMoure, and Dickey shall constitute the Second Congressional district.

Sec. 4. THIRD DISTRICT DEFINED.] The counties of Divide, Burke, Renville, Ward, Mountrail, Williams, McKenzie, McLean, Dunn, Mercer, Oliver, Billings, Stark, Morton, Hettinger, Bowman and Adams shall constitute the Third Congressional district.



ABFama

Governor

NORTH DAKOTA STATE CAPITOL.

THE UNIVERSITY OF NORTH DAKOTA

Frank L. McVey, Ph. D., L. L. D., President

The State University is the oldest of the higher institutions of learning in the state. It was provided for by an act of the territorial legislature passed February 16, 1883. The cornerstone of the first building was laid October 2, 1883. The institution opened its doors to students first on the 8th of September, 1884. At the end of the first year, its list of faculty and officers numbered four and its student body seventy-nine. At the end of its twenty-sixth year, June 14, 1911, there were one hundred and five on the list of faculty and officers and a total of nine hundred sixty-seven students.

While the growth and development of the whole state has been very rapid during the past quarter of a century, the growth of the university has been even more rapid. From a small institution hardly of college rank, it has developed until now it is recognized in all parts of the land as an institution of learning where the soundest ideals of scholarship prevail. Students from the University of North Dakota go to the great schools of the country—to Harvard, to Columbia, to John Hopkins, and many others—and receive full credit and recognition for their work already done. The only material gain in going farther east for a college education is a little more of city life, and some would question as to whether this is a gain or a loss.

In its present organization the University includes:

I. The College of Liberal Arts, offering to men and women programs of study leading to the degree of Bachelor of Arts. Work may be begun either in September or February.

II. Teachers' College, which prepares for the profession of teaching in high schools and colleges, and grants the degree of Bachelor of Arts and the Bachelor's Diploma in Education at the end of the four-year course. The Model High School, which is exactly what the name implies, is maintained in connection with the college as a school for observation and practice.

III. The College of Law offers a three-year course in law and grants the degree of Bachelor of Laws.

IV. The Division of Engineering, which offers courses leading to the degrees of Mining Engineer, Electrical Engineer, Mechanical Engineer and Civil Engineer.

V. The Medical College, which provides instruction of a high order based upon two years of college work in medicine. A certificate is granted with the A. B. degree. A training course for nurses is also offered, which is affiliated with some of the best hospitals in the Northwest.

VI. The Graduate Department, which presents advanced courses of study leading to the degrees of Master of Arts and Doctor of Philosophy.

VII. The Summer Session provides college and elementary courses for students and teachers.

VIII. The Bureau of Educational Co-operation, which offers all of the resources of the University in the way of classified and digested information to communities and individuals. Correspondence courses are easily available and single lectures or lecture courses can be easily arranged.

IX. Laboratories and stations are maintained at University, Devils Lake, Bismarck, Minot and Hebron, North Dakota.

Full information may be had by addressing the Register of the University, University, N. D.

Science Hall.

UNIVERSITY OF NORTH DAKOTA.
Central Court.

Main Building

NORTH DAKOTA AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE.

North Dakota's School of Technology.

(Established in 1890.)

Located on a section of land that adjoins, on two sides, the limits of the city of Fargo. Has a beautiful campus of forty acres.

Occupies fourteen fine buildings for class-rooms, laboratories, shops and dormitories.

Has a regular faculty of sixty-three.

Offers eleven courses of college grade that are open only to those who have completed the equivalent of fourteen units of high school or secondary work; six courses of high school grade and six special industrial courses that are open to those who have completed the eighth grade of the common schools.

Has a student attendance of over 1,200, exclusive of the summer schools.

Has established itself as one of the really strong agricultural colleges of the country. Special emphasis is placed on agriculture, engineering and home economics, but the departments of biological science, chemical science and veterinary medicine and surgery, so closely allied to these three main lines, are also very strongly developed..

Maintained by state and federal funds. Tuition practically free.

Fall term opens September 18th, for college and high school courses.

Catalogs, circulars and further information about the school may be had by addressing

**THE REGISTRAR,
Agricultural College, N. D.**

ADMINISTRATION:

MECHANICAL BLDG

NORTH DAKOTA AGRICULTURAL COLLEGE, FARGO, N. D.

SOLDIERS' HOME, LISBON, N. D.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

Valley City, North Dakota.

The State Normal School was located by the Constitutional Convention; the act founding it was passed by the first legislative assembly and approved March 8, 1890. The school was first opened October 13, 1890, in a room rented for the purpose, and was operated on funds raised by the citizens of Valley City. The first state funds for maintenance were provided by an appropriation March 2, 1892. The second session of school began September 28, 1891. Since that time it has erected or purchased for its use, eight other buildings.

Its faculty has grown from one member in 1890 to fifty instructors in 1911. In addition it has an office force of six people and employes, an army of janitors, engineers and other employes to conduct its work.

One of the new State Normal Schools in the country, it has already contributed largely and strongly to the field of teaching, enrolling during the school year, in all its departments, over 1,500 students. From a single department conducting a class for the instruction of elementary teachers, it has developed to a school of many departments, training teachers for rural schools, city graded schools, and supervisors of music and drawing, domestic science, manual training, agriculture, commercial subjects and kindergartening.

Its elementary diploma leads to a five-year certificate which may be renewed if the holder thereof has been successful as a teacher. Its advanced diploma leads to a state life professional certificate. Those who complete the rural course secure a second grade certificate valid in any county in the state.

The school is known throughout the country for its excellent progressive spirit, its delightful location, its enthusiastic body of students, and its thoroughly professional corps of instructors.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, VALLEY CITY, N. D.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL.

Mayville, N. D.

This institution was established by the Constitutional Convention in 1889 and admitted students for the first time on the first day of December, 1890. During the twenty-one years of its existence, it has sent out over four hundred graduates. The present annual enrollment is about four hundred, and the faculty numbers twenty.

The site comprises twenty acres of land adjacent on the north side to Mayville, one of the cleanest and most desirable residence and school towns in the state. There are now three brick buildings—the main building, the dormitory, and the heating plant—and two others, a students' hospital and a commodious cellar and fuel bin are in course of construction. The last few years have seen great improvements not only as to buildings, but as to grounds and equipment.

The grounds, with their fine lawns, concrete curbing and walks, cinder drives, trees and shrubbery, are among the most attractive in the state. The school is excellently equipped, especially in library and laboratories. The total value of the plant is about \$300,000.

The school offers several courses for graduates of the eighth grade and the high school and a number of special courses for graduates of the high school. It keeps abreast of modern educational demands by placing special emphasis upon agriculture, domestic science and manual training. It understands the importance of the problem of improving country life and rural village education, and is doing all that it can to help solve it.

The school publishes a catalogue at the close of each school year which gives detailed information about the management and which may be obtained upon request.

STATE NORMAL SCHOOL, MAYVILLE, N. D.

HEBRON SUB-STATION.

Branch of the State School of Mines, N. D. University.

The Hebron Sub-Station, under the direction of the Dean of the School of Mines of the North Dakota University, was begun in July, 1909. Here is established a gas making and coal testing plant and laboratories second to none, a briquetting plant, an experimental coal mine, and it is expected that through the scientific research made possible by the establishment of this plant, that the great lignite fields of North Dakota will be opened to new fields of usefulness. The citizens of Hebron, appreciating what this sub-station might mean, not only to their city and country, but to the state at large, donated to the state an excellent site for the buildings and laboratories. Data accumulated here as to the availability of lignite coal as a gas producer, as a material for briquettes, and as a fuel, is published in bulletin form and sent over the state for the information and benefit of the lignite coal mining industry.

HEBRON EXPERIMENTAL STATION.

STATE HOSPITAL FOR INSANE, JAMESTOWN, N. D.

STATE SCHOOL FOR DEAF AND DUMB, DEVILS LAKE, N. D.

MAGNA CHARTA

THE GREAT CHARTER OF LIBERTIES OF KING JOHN.

GRANTED AT RUNNYMEDE, JUNE 15, A. D. 1215, IN THE SEVENTEENTH
YEAR OF HIS REIGN.

John, by grace of God, King of England, Lord of Ireland, Duke of Normandy, Aquitaine, and Count of Anjou, to his Archbishops, Bishops, Abbots, Earls, Barons, Justiciaries, Foresters, Sheriffs, Governors, Officers and to all Bailiffs, and his lieges, greeting. Know ye, that we, in the presence of God, and for the salvation of our soul, and the souls of all our ancestors and heirs, and unto the honour of God and the advancement of Holy Church and amendment of our Realm, by advice of our venerable Fathers, Stephen, Archbishop of Canterbury, Primate of all England, and Cardinal of the Holy Roman Church, Henry, Archbishop of Dublin, William of London, Peter of Winchester, Jocelin of Bath and Gladstonbury, Hugh of Lincoln, Walter of Worcester, William of Coventry, Benedict of Rochester, Bishops; of Master Pandulph, Sub-Deacon and Familiar of our Lord the Pope, Brother Aymeric, Master of the Knights Templars in England; and of the Noble Persons, William Marescall, Earl of Pembroke, William, Earl of Salisbury, William, Earl of Warren, William, Earl of Arundel, Alan de Galloway, Constable of Scotland, Warin Fitz Gerald, Peter Fitz Herbert, and Hubert De Burgh, Seneschal of Poitou, Hugh de Neville, Matthew Fitz Herbert, Thomas Basset, Allan Basset, Philip of Albiney, Robert de Roppel, John Mareschal, John Fitz Hugh, and others our liegemen have, in the first place, granted to God, and by this our present Charter confirmed, for us and our heirs forever:

1. That the Church of England shall be free, and have her whole rights, and her liberties inviolable; and we will have them so observed, that it may appear thence, that the freedom of elections which is reckoned chief and indispensable to the English Church, and which we granted and confirmed by our Charter, and obtained the confirmation of the same from our Lord the Pope Innocent III, before the discord between us and our barons, was granted of mere free will; which charter we shall observe and we will do it to be faithfully observed by our heirs forever.

2. We also have granted to all the freemen of our kingdom, for us and for our heirs forever, all the underwritten liberties, to be had and holden by them and their heirs, of us and our heirs forever; if any of our earls, or barons or others, who hold of us in chief by military service, shall die, and at the time of his death his heir shall be of full age, and owes a relief, he shall have his inheritance by the ancient relief; that is to say the heir or heirs of an earl, for a whole earldom, by a hundred pounds; the heir or heirs of a baron, for a whole barony, by a hundred pounds; the heir or heirs of a knight, for a whole knights fee, by a hundred

shillings at most; and whoever oweth less shall give less according to the ancient custom of fees.

3. But if the heir of any such shall be under age, and shall be in ward when he comes of age, he shall have his inheritance without relief and without fine.

4. The keeper of the land of such an heir being under age, shall take of the land of the heir none but reasonable issue, reasonable customs and reasonable services, and that without destruction and waste of his men and his goods; and if we commit the custody of any such lands to the sheriff, or any other who is answerable to us for the issues of the land, and he shall make destruction and waste of the lands which he has in custody, we will take of him amends, and the lands shall be committed to two lawful and discreet men of that fee, who shall answer for the issues to us, or to him to whom we shall assign them; and if we sell or give to anyone the custody of such lands, and he therein make destruction or waste, he shall lose the same custody which shall be committed to the lawful and discreet men of that fee, who shall in like manner answer to us as aforesaid.

5. But the keeper, so long as he shall have custody of the land, shall keep up the houses, parts, warrens, ponds, mills, and other things pertaining to the land, out of the issues of the same land; and shall deliver to the heir when he comes of full age, his whole land, stock with plows and carriages, according as the time of wainage shall require, and the issues of the land can reasonably bear.

6. Heirs shall be married without disparagement, and so that before matrimony shall be contracted those who are near in blood to the heir shall have notice.

7. A widow, after the death of her husband, shall forthwith and without difficulty have her marriage and inheritance; nor shall she give anything for her dower, or her marriage, or her inheritance, which her husband and she held at the day of his death; and she may remain in a mansion house of her husband forty days after his death, within which terms her dower shall be assigned.

8. No widow shall be distrained to marry herself so long as she has a mind to live without a husband; but yet she shall give security that she will not marry without our assent, if she holds of us; or without the consent of the lord of whom she holds, if she holds of another.

9. Neither we nor our bailiffs shall seize any land or rent for any debt, so long as the chattels of the debtor are sufficient to pay the debt; nor shall the securities of the debtor be distrained so long as the principal debtor is sufficient for the payment of the debt; and if the principal debtor shall fail in the payment of the debt, not having wherewithal to pay it, then the sureties shall answer the debt; and if they will they shall have the lands and rents of the debtor until they shall be satisfied for the debt which they paid for him, unless the principal debtor can show himself acquitted thereof against the said sureties.

10. If anyone have borrowed anything of the Jews, more or less, and die before the debt is satisfied, there shall be no interest paid for that debt, so long as the heir is under age, of whomsoever he may hold; and if the debt fall into our hands we will only take the chattel mentioned in the deed.

11. If anyone shall die indebted to the Jews, his wife shall have her dower and pay nothing of that debt; and if the deceased left children under age, they shall have necessaries provided for them, according to the tenement of the deceased; and out of the residue of the debt shall be paid, saving however the service due to the lords; and in like manner shall it be done touching debts due to others than the Jews.

12. No scutage or aid shall be imposed in our kingdom, unless by the general council of our kingdom; except for ransoming our person, making our eldest son a knight, and once for marrying our eldest daughter; and for these there shall be paid a reasonable aid. In like manner it shall be concerning the aids of the City of London.

13. And the City of London shall have all its ancient liberties and free customs as well by land as by water; furthermore we will and grant, that all other cities and buroughs, and towns and ports, shall have all their liberties and free customs.

14. And for holding the general council of the kingdom concerning the assessment of aids, except in the three cases aforesaid, and for the assessing of scutages, we shall cause to be summoned the archbishops, abbots, earls and greater barons of the realm, singly by our letters. And furthermore, we shall cause to be summoned generally by our sheriffs and bailiffs all others who hold of us in chief, for a certain day, that is to say, forty days before their meeting at least, and to certain place; and in all letters of such summons we will declare the cause of such summons. And summons being thus made, the business of the day shall proceed on the day appointed, according to the advice of such as shall be present, although all that were summoned come not.

15. We will not for the future grant to anyone that he may take aid of his own free tenants, unless to ransom his body, and to make his eldest son a knight and once to marry his eldest daughter; and for this there shall only be paid a reasonable aid.

16. No man shall be distrained to perform more service for a knight's fee or other free tenement, than is due from thence.

17. Common pleas shall not follow our court, but shall be holden in some place certain.

18. Assizes of novel disseisen, and of mort d'ancestor, and of darrien presentment, shall not be taken but in their proper counties, and after this manner: We, or, if we should be out of the realm, our chief judiciary shall send two judiciaries through every county four times a year, who, with four knights, chosen out of every shire by the people, shall hold the said assizes, in the county, on the day, and at the place appointed.

19. And if any matters cannot be determined on the day appointed for holding the assizes in each county, so many of the knights and freeholders as have been at the assizes aforesaid, shall stay to decide them, as is necessary, according as there is more or less business.

20. A free man shall not be amerced for a small fault, but after the manner of the fault; and for a great crime according to the heinousness of it, saving to him his contenment and after the same manner a merchant, saving to him his merchandise, and a villein shall be amerced after the same manner, saving to him

his wainage, if he falls under our mercy; and none of the aforesaid amerçiements shall be assessed but by the oath of honest men in the neighborhood.

21. Earls and barons shall not be amerced, but by their peers, and after the decree of the offense.

22. No ecclesiastical person shall be amerced for his lay tenement, but according to the proportion of others aforesaid, and not according to the value of his ecclesiastical benefice.

23. Neither a town nor any tenant shall be distrained to make bridges or banks, unless that anciently and of right they are bound to do it.

24. No sheriff, constable, coroner, or other our bailiffs, shall hold pleas of the crown.

25. All counties, hundreds, wapentakes, and tythings, shall stand at the old rent, without any increase, except in our demesne manors.

26. If any one holding of us, a lay fee die, and the sheriff, or our bailiffs, show our letters patent, of summons for debt which the dead man did owe to us, it shall be lawful for the sheriff or our bailiffs to attach and inroll the chattels of the dead, found upon his lay-fee, to the value of the debt by the view of lawful men, so as nothing be removed until our whole clear debt be paid; and the rest shall be left to the executors to fulfil the testament of the dead, and if there be nothing due from him to us, all the chattels shall go to the use of the dead, saving to his wife and children their reasonable shares.

27. If any freeman shall die intestate, his chattels shall be distributed by the hands of the nearest relations and friends, by view of the church; saving to every one his debts which the deceased owed to him.

28. No constable or bailiff of ours shall take corn or other chattels of any man, unless he presently give him money for it or hath respite of payment by the good will of the seller.

29. No constable shall distrain any knight to give money for castle guards, if he himself will do it in his person, or by another able man in case he cannot do it through any reasonable cause. And if we lead him, or send him in an army, he shall be free from such guards for the time he shall be in the army by our command.

30. No sheriff or bailiff of ours, or any other, shall take horses or carts of any free man for carriage, but by the good will of said free man.

31. Neither shall we or our bailiffs take any man's timber for our castles or other uses, unless by the consent of the owner of the timber.

32. We shall retain the lands of those convicted of felony only one year and a day, and then they shall be delivered to the lord of the fee.

33. All wears for the time to come shall be put down in the rivers of the Thames and Medway, and throughout all England, except upon the sea coast.

34. The writ which is called *praecipe*, for the future shall not be made out to any one, of any tenement, whereby a free man may lose his court.

35. There shall be one measure of wine and one of ale through our whole realm; and one measure of corn that is to say, the London quarter; and one breadth of dyed cloth, and russets, and

haberjeets, that is to say, two ells within the list; and it shall be of weights as it is of measures.

36. Nothing from henceforth shall be given or taken for a writ of inquisition of life or limb, but it shall be granted freely and not denied.

37. If any do hold of us by fee-farm, or by socage, or by burgage, and he holds also lands of any other by knight's service, we will not have the custody of the heir or land, which is holden of another man's fee by reason of that fee-farm, socage, or burgage; neither will we have the custody of such fee-farm, socage, or burgage, except knight's service was due to us out of the same fee-farm. We will not have the custody of an heir, nor of any land which he holds of another by knight's service, by reason of any petty sergeanty that holds of us, by the service of paying a knife an arrow or the like.

38. No bailiff from henceforth shall put any man to his law upon his own bear saying, without credible witness to prove it.

39. No free man shall be taken or imprisoned or disseised, or outlawed, or banished, or anyways destroyed, nor will we pass upon him, nor will we send upon him, unless by the lawful judgment of his peers, or by the law of the land.

40. We will sell no man, we will not deny to any man either justice or right.

41. All merchants shall have safe and secure conduct, to go out of, and to come into England and to stay there, and to pass as well by land as by water, for buying and selling by the ancient and allowed customs, without any evil tolls; except in time of war, or when they are of any nation at war with us. And if there be found any such in our land, in the beginning of the war, they shall be attached, without damage to their bodies or goods, until it be known unto us or our chief justiciary, how our merchants be treated in the nation at war with us; and if ours be safe there, the others shall be safe in our dominions.

42. It shall be lawful, for the time to come, for anyone to go out of our kingdom and return safe and securely by land or by water, saving his allegiance to us: unless in time of war, by some short space, for common benefit of the realm, except prisoners and outlaws according to the laws of the land, and people in war with us, and merchants who shall be in such condition as is above mentioned.

43. If any man hold of any escheat, as of the honour of Wallingford, Nottingham, Boulogne, Lancaster, or of other escheats which be in our hands, and are baronies, and die, his heirs shall give no other relief, and perform no other service to us, then he would to the baron, if it were in the baron's hands; we will hold it after the same manner as the baron held it.

44. Those men who dwelt without the forest, from henceforth shall not come before our justiciaries of the forest upon common summons, but such as are impleaded or are pledges for any that are attached for something concerning the forest.

45. We will not make any justice, constables, sheriffs, or bailiffs but of such as know the law of the realm and mean duly to observe it.

46. All barons who have founded abbeys and have the kings of England's charters of advowson or the ancient tenure thereof, shall have the keeping of them, when vacant, as they ought to have.

47. All forests that have been made forests in our time, shall forthwith be disforested; and the same shall be done with the banks that have been fenced in by us in our time.

48. All evil customs concerning forests, warrens, foresters and warreners, sheriffs and their officers, rivers and their keepers, shall forthwith be inquired into in each county, by twelve sworn knights of the same shire, chosen by creditable persons of the same county; and within forty days after the said inquest, be utterly abolished, so as never to be restored; so as we are first acquainted therewith, or our justiciary, if we should not be in England.

49. We will immediately give up all hostages and writings delivered unto us by our English subjects, as securities for their keeping the peace, and yielding us faithful service.

50. We will entirely remove from our bailiwicks the relations of Gerard de Atheyes, so that for the future they shall have no bailiwicks in England; we will also remove Engelard de Cygony, Andrew, Peter, and Gyon, from the Chancery; Gyon de Cygony, Geoffrey de Martyn and his brothers; Philip Mark, and his brothers, and his nephew, Geoffrey, and their whole retinue.

51. As soon as peace is restored we will send out of the kingdom all foreign soldiers, cross-bowmen, and stipendiaries, who are come with horses and arms to the prejudice of our people.

52. If anyone has been dispossessed or deprived by us without the legal judgment of his peers, of his lands, castles, liberties, or right, we will forthwith restore them to him; and if any dispute arise upon his head let the matter be decided by the five and twenty barons hereafter mentioned, for the preservation of the peace. As for all those things of which any person has, without the legal judgment of his peers, been dispossessed or deprived, either by King Henry our father, or our brother King Richard, and which we have in our hands, or are possessed by others, and we are bound to warrant and make good, we shall have a respite till the term usually allowed the crusaders; excepting those things about which there is a plea depending, or whereof an inquest hath been made, by our order, before we undertook the crusade, but when we return from our pilgrimage, or if perchance we tarry at home and do not make our pilgrimage, we will immediately cause full justice to be administered therein.

53. The same respite we shall have (and in the same manner about administering justice, disafforesting the forests or letting them continue) for disafforesting the forests which Henry our father, and our brother Richard have afforested; and for the keeping of the lands which are in another's fee, in the same manner as we have hitherto enjoyed those wardships, by reason of a fee held by us by knight's service; and for the abbeyes founded in any other fee than our own, in which the lord of the fee says he has a right; and when we return from our pilgrimage, or if we tarry at home, and do not make our pilgrimage, we will immediately do full justice to all the complainants in this behalf.

54. No man shall be taken or imprisoned upon the appeal of a woman, for the death of any other than her husband.

55. All unjust and illegal fines made by us, and all amerciaments imposed unjustly and contrary to the law of the land, shall be entirely given up, or else be left to the decision of the five and twenty barons hereafter mentioned for the preservation of the peace, or of the major part of them, together with the aforesaid

Stephen, Archbishop of Canterbury, if he can be present, and others whom he shall think fit to take along with him; and if he cannot be present, the business shall notwithstanding go on without him; but so that if one or more of the aforesaid five-and-twenty barons be plaintiffs in the same cause, they shall be set aside as to what concerns this particular affair, and others chosen in their room, out of the said five-and-twenty, and sworn to by the rest to decide the matter.

56. If we have disseised or dispossessed the Welsh, of any lands, liberties, or other things, without the legal judgment of their peers, either in England or in Wales, they shall be immediately restored to them; and if any dispute arise upon this head, the matter shall be terminated in the marche by the judgment of their peers; for tenements in England according to the law of England, for tenements in Wales, according to the law in Wales, for tenements of the marche according to the law of the marche; the same shall the Welsh do to us and our subjects.

57. As for all those things of which a Welshman hath, without the legal judgment of his peers, been disseised or deprived of by Henry our father, or our brother Richard, and which we neither have in our hands, or others are possessed of, and we are obliged to warrant it, we shall have a respite till the time generally allowed the crusaders; excepting those things about which a suit is depending, or whereof an inquest has been made by our order, before we undertook the crusade; but when we return, or if we stay at home without performing our pilgrimage, we will immediately do them full justice according to the laws of the Welsh and of the parts before mentioned.

58. We will without delay dismiss the son of Llewellyn, and all the Welsh hostages, and release them from the engagements they have entered into with us for the preservation of the peace.

59. We will treat with Alexander, King of Scots, concerning the restoring of his sisters and hostages, and his rights and liberties, in the same form and manner as we shall do to the rest of our barons of England; unless by the charters which we have from his father, William, late King of Scots, it ought to be otherwise; but this shall be left to the determination of his peers in our court.

60. All the aforesaid customs and liberties, which we have granted to be holden in our kingdom, as much as it belongs to us toward our people of our kingdom, as well clergy as laity shall observe, as far as they are concerned toward their dependents.

61. And whereas, for the honour of God and the amendment of our kingdom, and for the better quieting the discord that has arisen between us and our barons, we have granted all these things aforesaid; willing to render them firm and lasting, we do give and grant our subjects the underwritten security, namely that the barons may choose five-and-twenty barons of the kingdom, whom they think convenient; who shall take care, with all their might, to hold and observe, and cause to be observed, the peace and liberties we have granted them, and this by our present charter confirmed; so that if we, our justiciary, our bailiffs, or any of our officers shall in any circumstances fail in the performance of them toward any person, or shall break through any of these articles of peace and security, and the offense be notified by four barons chosen out of the five-and-twenty before mentioned, the said four barons shall repair to us, or our justiciary, if we are out of the

1. The first part of the document is a list of names and dates, which appears to be a roster or a list of events. The names are written in a stylized, possibly cursive, script. The dates are written in a similar script, but are less legible.

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as is aforesaid. It is also sworn as well on our part as on the part of the barons, that all the things aforesaid shall be observed *bona fide* and without evil subtilty.

Given under our hand, in the presence of the witnesses above named, and many others, in the meadow called Runnymede, between Windsor and Staines, the 15th day of June, in the seventeenth year of our reign.

DECLARATION OF INDEPENDENCE

IN CONGRESS, JULY 4, 1776.

When in the course of human events it becomes necessary for one people to dissolve the political bands which have connected them with another, and to assume among the powers of the earth, the separate and equal station to which the laws of nature and of nature's God entitle them, a decent respect to the opinions of mankind requires that they should declare the causes which impel to the separation.

We hold these truths to be self-evident, that all men are created equal; that they are endowed by their Creator with certain inalienable rights; that among these are life, liberty and the pursuit of happiness. That to secure these rights, governments are instituted among men, deriving their just powers from the consent of the governed; that whenever any form of government becomes destructive of these ends, it is the right of the people to alter or to abolish it, and to institute new government, laying its foundation on such principles, and organizing its powers in such form, as to them shall seem most likely to effect their safety and happiness. Prudence, indeed, will dictate that governments long established should not be changed for light and transient causes: and, accordingly, all experience hath shown, that mankind are more disposed to suffer, while evils are sufferable than to right themselves by abolishing the forms to which they are accustomed. But when a long train of abuses and usurpations, pursuing invariably the same object, evinces a design to reduce them under absolute despotism, it is their right, it is their duty, to throw off such government, and to be the patient sufferance of these colonies, and such is now the necessity which constrains them to alter their former systems of government. The history of the present king of Great Britain is a history of repeated injuries and usurpation, all having in direct object, the establishment of an absolute tyranny over these states. To prove this let facts be submitted to a candid world.

He has refused his assent to laws the most wholesome and necessary for the public good.

He has forbidden his governors to pass laws of immediate and pressing importance, unless suspended in their operation till his assent should be obtained; and when so suspended, he has utterly neglected to attend to them.

He has refused to pass other laws for the accommodation of large districts of people, unless those people would relinquish the right of representation in the legislature; a right inestimable to them, and formidable to tyrants only.

He has called together legislative bodies at places unusual, uncomfortable and distant from the repository of their public records,

for the sole purpose of fatiguing them into compliance with his measures.

He has dissolved representative houses repeatedly, for opposing with manly firmness his invasions on the rights of the people.

He has refused for a long time after such dissolutions, to cause others to be elected; whereby the legislative powers, incapable of annihilation, have returned to the people at large for their exercise; the state remaining, in the meantime, exposed to all the dangers of invasion from without, and convulsions within.

He has endeavored to prevent the population of these states; for that purpose obstructing the laws for naturalization of foreigners; refusing to pass others to encourage their migration hither, and raising the conditions of new appropriations of lands.

He has obstructed the administration of justice, by refusing his assent to laws for establishing judiciary powers.

He has made judges dependent upon his will alone, for the tenure of their offices, and the amount and payment of their salaries.

He has erected a multitude of new offices, and sent hither swarms of officers to harrass our people, and eat out their substance.

He has kept among us in times of peace, standing armies, without the consent of our legislatures.

He has effected to render the military independent of and superior to the civil power.

He has combined with others, to subject us to a jurisdiction foreign to our constitution and unacknowledged by our laws; giving his assent to their acts of pretended legislation.

For quartering large bodies of armed troops among us.

For protecting them, by a mock trial, from punishment for any murders which they should commit on the inhabitants of these states.

For cutting off our trade with all parts of the world.

For imposing taxes on us without our consent.

For depriving us in many cases, of the benefits of trial by jury.

For transporting us beyond seas to be tried for pretended offenses.

For abolishing the free system of English laws in a neighboring province, establishing therein an arbitrary government, and enlarging its boundaries, so as to render it at once an example and fit instrument for introducing the same absolute rule into these colonies.

For taking away our charters, abolishing our most valuable laws, and altering, fundamentally, the forms of our governments.

For suspending our own legislatures, and declaring themselves invested with power to legislate for us in all cases whatsoever.

He has abdicated government here, by declaring us out of his protection, and waging war against us.

He has plundered our seas, ravaged our coasts, burnt our towns, and destroyed the lives of our people.

He is, at this time, transporting large armies of foreign mercenaries, to complete the works of death, desolation and tyranny already begun with circumstances of cruelty and perfidy scarcely paralleled in the most barbarous ages and totally unworthy the head of a civilized nation.

He has constrained our fellow citizens, taken captive on the high seas, to bear arms against their country, to become the exe-

cutioners of their friends and brethren, or to fall themselves by their hands.

He has excited domestic insurrections amongst us, and has endeavored to bring on the inhabitants of our frontiers the merciless Indian savages, whose known rule of warfare is an undisputed destruction of all ages, sexes and conditions.

In every stage of these oppressions, we have petitioned for redress, in the most humble terms; our repeated petitions have been answered only by repeated injury. A prince, whose character is thus marked by every act which may define a tyrant, is unfit to be the ruler of a free people.

Nor have we been wanting in attentions to our British brethren. We have warned them from time to time of attempts by their legislature to extend an unwarrantable jurisdiction over us. We have reminded them of the circumstances of our immigration and settlement here. We have appealed to their native justice and magnanimity and we have conjured them, by the ties of our common kindred, to disavow these usurpations, which would inevitably interrupt our connections and correspondence. They, too, have been deaf to the voice of justice and of consanguinity. We must, therefore, acquiesce in the necessity, which denounces our separation, and hold them, as we hold the rest of mankind, enemies in war in peace friends.

We therefore, the representatives of the United States of America, in general congress assembled, appealing to the Supreme Judge of the world for the rectitude of our intentions, do, in the name, and by authority of the good people of these colonies, solemnly publish and declare, That these United Colonies are, and of right ought to be, Free and Independent States; that they are absolved from all allegiance to the British crown, and that all political connection between them and the state of Great Britain, is and ought to be totally dissolved, and that as Free and Independent States, they have full power to levy war, conclude peace, contract alliances, establish commerce, and do all other acts and things which independent states may of right do. And for the support of this declaration, with a firm reliance on the protection of Divine Providence, we mutually pledge to each other our lives, our fortunes and our sacred honor.

JOHN HANCOCK.

New Hampshire—Josiah Bartlett, Wm. Whipple, Matthew Thornton.

Massachusetts Bay—Saml. Adams, John Adams, Robt. Treat Paine, Elbridge Gerry.

Rhode Island, Etc.—Step. Hopkins, William Ellery.

Connecticut—Roger Sherman, Sam'el Huntington, Wm. Williams, Oliver Wolcott.

New York—Wm. Floyd, Phil. Livingston, Frans. Lewis, Lewis Morris.

New Jersey—Richd. Stockton, Jno. Witherspoon, Fras. Hopkinson, John Hart, Abra. Clark.

Pennsylvania—Robt. Morris, Benjamin Rush, Benja. Franklin, John Morton, Geo. Clymer, Jas. Smith, Geo. Taylor, James Wilson, Geo. Ross.

Delaware—Cesar Rodney, Geo. Reed, Theo. M'Kean.

Maryland—Samuel Chase, Wm. Paca, Thos. Stone, Charles Carroll of Carrollton.

Virginia—George Wythe, Richard Henry Lee, Th. Jefferson, Benj. Harrison, Thos. Nelson, Jr., Francis Lightfoot Lee, Carter Braxton.

North Carolina—Wm. Hooper, Joseph Hewes, John Penn.

South Carolina—Edward Rutledge, Tho. Hayward, junr., Thos. Lynch, junr., Arthur Middleton.

Georgia—Button Gwinnett, Lyman Hall, Geo. Walton.

ARTICLES OF CONFEDERATION

[While the Declaration of Independence was under consideration in the Continental Congress, and before it was finally agreed upon, measures were taken for the establishment of a constitutional form of government; and on the 11th of June, 1776, it was "*Resolved*, That a committee be appointed to prepare and digest the form of a confederation to be entered into between these Colonies" which committee was appointed the next day, June 12, and consisted of a member from each Colony, namely: Mr. Bartlett, Mr. S. Adams, Mr. Hopkins, Mr. Sherman, Mr. R. R. Livingston, Mr. Dickinson, Mr. McKean, Mr. Stone, Mr. Nelson, Mr. Hewes, Mr. E. Rutledge and Mr. Gwinnett. On the 12th of July, 1776, the committee reported a draught of the Articles of Confederation, which was printed for the use of the members under the strictest injunctions of secrecy.

The report underwent a thorough discussion in congress, from time to time until the 15th day of November, 1777; on which day "Articles of Confederation and Perpetual Union" were finally agreed to in form, and they were directed to be proposed to the legislatures of all the United States, and if approved by them, they were advised to authorize their delegates to ratify the same in the congress of the United States; and in that event they were to become conclusive. On the 17th of November, 1777, the congress agreed upon the form of a circular letter to accompany the articles of confederation, which concluded with a recommendation to each of the several legislatures "to invest its delegates with competent powers, ultimately, and in the name and behalf of the state, to subscribe articles of confederation and perpetual union of the United States, and to attend congress for that purpose on or before the 10th day of March next." This letter was signed by the president of congress and sent, with a copy of the articles, to each state legislature.

On the 26th of June, 1778, congress agreed upon the form of a ratification of the articles of confederation, and directed a copy of the articles and ratifications to be engrossed on parchment; which, on the 9th of July, 1778, having been examined and the blanks filled, was signed by the delegates of New Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, Connecticut, New York, Pennsylvania, Virginia and South Carolina. Congress then directed that a circular letter be addressed to the states whose delegates were not present, or being present, conceived they were not authorized to sign the ratification, informing them how many and what states had ratified the articles of confederation, and desiring them, with all convenient dispatch, to authorize their delegates to ratify the same. Of these states North Carolina ratified on the

21st and Georgia on the 24th of July, 1778; New Jersey on the 26th of November following; Delaware on the 5th of May, 1779; Maryland on the 1st of March, 1781; and on the 2d of March, 1781, congress assembled under the new form of government.]

ARTICLES OF CONFEDERATION.

To all to whom these Presents shall come, we the undersigned Delegates of the States affixed to our names, send greeting:

Whereas the delegates of the United States of America in congress assembled did on the 15th day of November, in the year of our Lord, 1777, and in the second year of the independence of America, agree to certain articles of confederation and perpetual union between the states of New Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia, in the words following, viz.:

"Articles of Confederation and Perpetual Union between the States of New Hampshire, Massachusetts Bay, Rhode Island and Providence Plantations, Connecticut, New York, New Jersey, Pennsylvania, Delaware, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia.

ARTICLE I. The style of this confederacy shall be "The United States of America."

ARTICLE II. Each state retains its sovereignty, freedom and independence, and every power, jurisdiction and right, which is not by this confederation expressly delegated to the United States in congress assembled.

ARTICLE III. The said states hereby severally enter into a firm league of friendship with each other for their common defense, the security of their liberties, and their mutual and general welfare, binding themselves to assist each other, against all force offered to, or attacks made upon them, or any of them, on account of religion, sovereignty, trade, or any other pretense whatever.

ARTICLE IV. The better to secure and perpetuate mutual friendship and intercourse among the people of the different states in this union, the free inhabitants of each of these states, paupers, vagabonds and fugitives from justice excepted, shall be entitled to all the privileges and immunities of free citizens in the several states; and the people of each state shall have free ingress and egress to and from any other state, and shall enjoy therein all the privileges of trade and commerce, subject to the same duties, impositions and restrictions as the inhabitants thereof respectively; provided that such restrictions shall not extend so far as to prevent the removal of property imported into any state, to any other state of which the owner is an inhabitant; provided, also, that no imposition, duties or restrictions shall be laid by any state on the property of the United States, or either of them.

If any person guilty of, or charged with treason, felony, or other high misdemeanor in any state, shall flee from justice, and be found in any of the United States, he shall upon demand of the governor or executive power of the state from which he fled, be delivered up and removed to the state having jurisdiction of his offense.

Full faith and credit shall be given in each of these states to the records, acts and judicial proceedings of the courts and magistrates of every other state.

ARTICLE V. For the more convenient management of the general interests of the United States, delegates shall be annually appointed in such manner as the legislature of each state shall direct, to meet in congress on the first Monday in November of every year, with a power reserved to each state, to recall its delegates, or any of them, at any time within the year, and to send others in their stead, for the remainder of the year.

No state shall be represented in congress by less than two, nor more than seven members; and no person shall be capable of being a delegate for more than three years in any term of six years; nor shall any person, being a delegate, be capable of holding any office under the United States, for which he, or any other for his benefit receives any salary, fees, or emolument of any kind.

Each state shall maintain its own delegates in a meeting of the states, and while they act as members of the committee of these states.

In determining questions in the United States, in congress assembled, each state shall have one vote.

Freedom of speech and debate in congress shall not be impeached or questioned in any court, or place out of congress, and the members of congress shall be protected in their persons from arrests and imprisonments, during the time of their going to and from, and attendance on congress, except for treason, felony, or breach of the peace.

ARTICLE VI. No state without the consent of the United States in congress assembled, shall send any embassy to, or receive any embassy from, or enter into any conference agreement, alliance or treaty with any king, prince or state, nor shall any person holding any office of profit or trust under the United States, or any of them, accept of any present, emolument, office or title of any kind whatever from any king, prince or foreign state; nor shall the United States in congress assembled, or any of them, grant any title of nobility.

No two or more states shall enter into any treaty, confederation or alliance whatever between them, without the consent of the United States in congress assembled, specifying accurately the purposes for which the same is to be entered into, and how long it shall continue.

No state shall lay any imposts or duties, which may interfere with any stipulations and treaties, entered into by the United States in congress assembled with any king, prince or state, in pursuance of any treaties already proposed by congress to the courts of France or Spain.

No vessels of war shall be kept up in time of peace by any state, except such number only, as shall be deemed necessary by the United States in congress assembled, for the defense of such state, or its trade; nor shall any body or forces be kept up by any state, in time of peace, except such number only, as in the judgment of the United States, in congress assembled, shall be deemed requisite to garrison the forts necessary for the defense of such state; but every state shall always keep up a well regulated and disciplined militia, sufficiently armed and accoutered, and shall pro-

vide and constantly have ready for use in public stores, a due number of field pieces and tents, and a proper quantity of arms, ammunition and camp equipage.

No state shall engage in any war without the consent of the United States in congress assembled, unless such state be actually invaded by enemies, or shall have received certain advice of a resolution being formed by some nation of Indians to invade such state, and the danger is so imminent as not to admit of a delay, till the United States in congress assembled can be consulted; nor shall any state grant commissions to any ships or vessels of war, nor letters or marque or reprisals, except it be after a declaration of war by the United States in congress assembled, and then only against the kingdom or state, and the subjects thereof, against which war has been so declared, and under such regulations as shall be established by the United States in congress assembled, unless such state be infested by pirates, in which case vessels of war may be fitted out for that occasion, and kept so long as the danger shall continue, or until the United States in congress assembled shall determine otherwise.

ARTICLE VII. When land forces are raised by any state for the common defense, all officers of or under the rank of colonel, shall be appointed by the legislature of each state respectively by whom such force shall be raised, or in such manner as such state shall direct, and all vacancies shall be filled up by the state which first made the appointment.

ARTICLE VIII. All charges of war, and all other expenses that shall be incurred for the common defense or general welfare, and allowed by the United States in congress assembled, shall be defrayed out of a common treasury, which shall be supplied by the several states, in proportion to the value of all land within each state, granted to or surveyed for any person, as such land and the buildings and improvements thereon shall be estimated according to such mode as the United States in congress assembled, shall from time to time, direct and appoint.

The taxes for paying that proportion shall be laid and levied by the authority and direction of the legislatures of the several states within the time agreed upon by the United States in congress assembled.

ARTICLE IX. The United States in congress assembled, shall have the sole and exclusive right and power of determining on peace and war, excepting the cases mentioned in the 6th article—of sending and receiving ambassadors—entering into treaties and alliances; provided that no treaty of commerce shall be made whereby the legislative power of the respective states shall be restrained from imposing such imposts and duties on foreigners, as their own people are subject to, or from prohibiting the exportation or importation of any species of goods or commodities whatsoever—of establishing rules for deciding all cases, what captures on land or water shall be legal, and in what manner prizes taken by land or naval forces in the service of the United States, shall be divided or appropriated—of granting letters or marque and reprisal in times of peace—appointing courts for the trial of piracies and felonies committed on the high seas and establishing courts

for receiving and determining finally appeals in all cases of captures; provided that no member of congress shall be appointed a judge of any of the said courts.

The United States in congress assembled shall also be the last resort on appeal in all disputes and differences now subsisting or that may hereafter arise between two or more states concerning boundary, jurisdiction, or any other cause whatever; which authority shall always be exercised in the manner following: Whenever the legislative or executive authority or lawful agent of any state in controversy with another shall present a petition to congress, stating the matter in question and praying for a hearing, notice thereof shall be given by order of congress to the legislative or executive authority of the other state in controversy, and a day assigned for the appearance of the parties by their lawful agents, who shall then be directed to appoint by joint consent, commissioners or judges to constitute a court for hearing and determining the matter in question; but if they cannot agree, congress shall name three persons out of each of the United States, and from the list of such persons each party shall alternately strike out one, the petitioners beginning, until the number shall be reduced to thirteen; and from that number not less than seven, nor more than nine names as congress shall direct, shall in the presence of congress be drawn out by lot; the persons whose names shall be so drawn or any five of them, shall be commissioners or judges, to hear and finally determine the controversy, so always as a major part of the judges who shall hear the cause shall agree in the determination; and if either party shall neglect to attend at the day appointed, without showing reasons, which congress shall judge sufficient, or being present shall refuse to strike, the congress shall proceed to nominate three persons out of each state, and the secretary of congress shall strike in behalf of such party absent or refusing; and the judgment and sentence of the court to be appointed, in the manner before prescribed, shall be final and conclusive; and if any of the parties shall refuse to submit to the authority of such court, or to appear to defend their claim or cause the court shall nevertheless proceed to pronounce sentence or judgment, which shall in like manner be final and decisive; the judgment or sentence and other proceedings being in either case transmitted to congress and lodged among the acts of congress for the security of the parties concerned; provided that every commissioner, before he sits in judgment, shall take an oath to be administered by one of the judges of the supreme or superior court of the state, where the cause shall be tried, "well and truly to hear and determine the matter in question, according to the best of his judgment, without favor, affection or hope of reward;" provided also that no state shall be deprived of territory for the benefit of the United States.

All controversies concerning the private right of soil claimed under different grants of two or more states, whose jurisdictions as they may respect such lands, and the states which passed such grants are adjusted, the said grants or either of them being at the same time claimed to have originated antecedent to such settlement of jurisdiction, shall on the petition of either party to the congress of the United States, be finally determined as near as may

be in the same manner as is before prescribed for deciding disputes respecting territorial jurisdiction between different states.

The United States in congress assembled shall also have the sole and exclusive right and power of regulating the alloy and value of coin struck by their own authority, or by that of the respective states—fixing the standard of weights and measures throughout the United States—regulating the trade and managing all affairs with the Indians, not members of any of the states; provided that the legislative right of any state within its own limits be not infringed or violated—establishing and regulating postoffices from one state to another, throughout all the United States, and exacting such postage on the papers passing through the same as may be requisite to defray the expense of the said office—appointing all officers of the land forces, in the service of the United States, excepting regimental officers—appointing all the officers of the naval forces, and commissioning all officers whatever in the service of the United States—making rules for the government and regulation of the said land and naval forces, and directing their operations.

The United States in congress assembled shall have authority to appoint a committee, to sit in the recess of congress, to be dominated "A Committee of the States," and to consist of one delegate from each state; and to appoint such other committees and civil officers as may be necessary for managing the general affairs of the United States under their direction—to appoint one of their number to preside; provided that no person be allowed to serve in the office of president more than one year in any term of three years; to ascertain the necessary sums of money to be raised for the service of the United States, and to appropriate and apply the same for defraying the public expenses—to borrow money, or emit bills on the credit of the United States, transmitting every half year to the respective states an account of the sums of money so borrowed or emitted—to build and equip a navy—to agree upon the number of land forces, and to make requisitions from each state for its quota, in proportion to the number of white inhabitants in such state; which requisition shall be binding, and thereupon the legislature of each state shall appoint the regimental officers, raise the men and clothe, arm and equip them in a soldier like manner, at the expense of the United States; and the officers and men so clothed, armed and equipped shall march to the place appointed and within the time agreed on by the United States in congress assembled; but if the United States in congress assembled shall, on the consideration of circumstances judge proper that any state should not raise men, or should raise a smaller number than its quota, and that any other state should raise a greater number of men than the quota thereof, such extra number shall be raised, officered, clothed, armed and equipped in the same manner as the quota of such state, unless the legislature of each state shall judge that such extra number cannot be safely spared out of the same, in which case they shall raise, officer, clothe, arm and equip as many of such extra numbers as they judge can be safely spared. And the officers and men so clothed, armed and equipped, shall march to the place appointed, and within the time agreed on by the United States in congress assembled.

The United States in congress assembled shall never engage in a war, nor grant letters of marque and reprisal in time of peace, nor enter into any treaties or alliances, nor coin money, nor regulate the value thereof, nor ascertain the sums and expenses necessary for the defense and welfare of the United States, or any of them, nor emit bills, nor borrow money on the credit of the United States, nor appropriate money, nor agree upon the number of vessels of war to be built or purchased, or the number of land or sea forces to be raised, nor appoint a commander-in-chief of the army or navy, unless nine states assent to the same; nor shall a question on any other point, except for adjourning from day to day be determined, unless by the votes of a majority of the United States in congress assembled.

The congress of the United States shall have power to adjourn to any time within the year, and to any place within the United States, so that no period of adjournment be for a longer duration than the space of six months and shall publish the journal of their proceedings monthly, except such parts thereof relating to treaties, alliances or military operations, as in their judgment require secrecy; and the yeas and nays of the delegates of each state on any question shall be entered on the journal, when it is desired by any delegate; and the delegates of a state, or any of them, at his or their request shall be furnished with a transcript of the said Journal, except such parts as are above excepted, to lay before the legislature of the several states.

ARTICLE X. The committee of the states, or any nine of them, shall be authorized to execute, in the recess of congress, such of the powers of congress as the United States in congress assembled, by the consent of nine states, shall from time to time think expedient to vest them with; provided that no power be delegated to the said committee, for the exercise of which, by the articles of confederation, the voice of nine states in the congress of the United States assembled is requisite.

ARTICLE XI. Canada acceding to this confederation, and joining in the measures of the United States, shall be admitted into, and entitled to all the advantages of this union; but no other colony shall be admitted into the same, unless such admission be agreed to by nine states.

ARTICLE XII. All bills of credit emitted, moneys borrowed and debts contracted by, or under the authority of congress, before the assembling of the United States, in pursuance of the present confederation, shall be deemed and considered as a charge against the United States, for payment and satisfaction whereof the said United States, and the public faith are hereby solemnly pledged.

ARTICLE XIII. Every state shall abide by the determination of the United States in congress assembled, on all questions which by this confederation are submitted to them. And the articles of this confederation shall be inviolably observed by every state, and the union shall be perpetual; nor shall any alteration at any time hereafter be made in any of them; unless such alteration be agreed to in a congress of the United States, and be afterwards confirmed by the legislature of every state.

And whereas it hath pleased the Great Governor of the World to incline the hearts of the legislatures we respectively represent in congress, to approve of, and to authorize us to ratify the said

articles of confederation and perpetual union. Know Ye that we the undersigned delegates, by virtue of the power and authority to us given for that purpose, do by these presents, in the name and in behalf of our respective constituents, fully and entirely ratify and confirm each and every of the said articles of confederation and perpetual union, and all and singular the matters and things therein contained; and we do further solemnly plight and engage the faith of our respective constituents, that they shall abide by the determinations of the United States in congress assembled, on all questions, which by the said confederation are submitted to them; and that the articles thereof shall be inviolably observed by the states we respectively represent, and that the union shall be perpetual.

In witness whereof we have hereunto set our hands in Congress. Done at Philadelphia in the state of Pennsylvania, the 9th day of July, in the Year of our Lord, 1778, and in the 3d year of the Independence of America.

On the part and behalf of the State of New Hampshire—Josiah Bartlett, John Wentworth, Jun. (August 8, 1778.)

On the part and behalf of the State of Massachusetts Bay—John Hancock, Samuel Adams, Elbridge Gerry, Francis Dana, James Lovell, Samuel Holten.

On the part and behalf of the State of Rhode Island and Providence Plantations—William Ellery, Henry Marchant, John Collins.

On the part and behalf of the State of Connecticut—Roger Sherman, Samuel Huntington, Oliver Wolcott, Titus Hosmer, Andrew Adam.

On the part and behalf of the State of New York—Jas. Duane, Fras Lewis, William Duer, Gouver Morris.

On the part and behalf of the State of New Jersey—Jno. Witherspoon, Nathl Scudder. (Nov. 26, 1778.)

On the part and behalf of the State of Pennsylvania—Robt. Morris, Daniel Roberdeau, Jona Bayard Smith, William Clingan, Joseph Reed. (July 22nd, 1778.)

On the part and behalf of the State of Delaware—Tho. M'Kean, (Feb. 12, 1779), John Dickinson, (May 5, 1779), Nicholas Van Dyke.

On the part and behalf of the State of Maryland—John Hanson, (March 1, 1781), Daniel Carroll, (March 1, 1781.)

On the part and behalf of the State of Virginia—Richard Henry Lee, John Bannister, Thomas Adams, Jno. Harvie, Francis Lightfoot Lee.

On the part and behalf of the State of North Carolina—John Penn, (July 21, 1778), Corns. Harnett, Jno. Williams.

On the part and behalf of the State of South Carolina—Henry Laurens, William Henry Drayton, Jno. Mathews, Richard Hutson, Thos. Heyward, Jun.

On the part and behalf of the State of Georgia—Jno. Walton, (July 24th, 1778), Edwd. Telfair, Edwd. Langworthy.

ORDINANCE OF 1787

AN ORDINANCE FOR THE GOVERNMENT OF THE TERRITORY OF THE UNITED STATES NORTHWEST OF THE RIVER OHIO.

IN CONGRESS, JULY 13, 1787.

Be it ordained by the United States in Congress assembled, that the said territory, for the purposes of temporary government, be one district; subject, however, to be divided into two districts, as future circumstances may, in the opinion of Congress, make it expedient.

Be it Ordained by the authority aforesaid, That the states both of resident and non-resident proprietors in the said Territory dying intestate, shall descend to and be distributed among their children and the descendants of a deceased child in equal parts; the descendants of a deceased child or grandchild to take the share of their deceased parent in equal parts among them; and where there shall be no children or descendants, then in equal parts to the next of kin, in equal degree; and among collaterals, the children of a deceased brother or sister of the intestate shall have in equal parts among them their deceased parents' share; and there shall in no case be a distinction between kindred of the whole and half blood; saving in all cases to the widow of the intestate her third part of the real estate for life, and one-third part of the personal estate; and this law relative to descents and dower shall remain in full force until altered by the legislature of the district. And until the governor and judges shall adopt laws as hereinafter mentioned, estates in the said Territory may be devised or bequeathed by wills in writing, signed and sealed by him or her in whom the estate may be, (being of full age), and attested by three witnesses; and real estate may be conveyed by lease and release or bargain and sale, signed, sealed, and delivered, by the person, being of full age, in whom the estate may be, and attested by two witnesses, provided such wills be duly proved, and such conveyances be acknowledged, or the execution thereof duly proved, and be recorded within one year after proper magistrates, courts, and registers shall be appointed for that purpose; and personal property may be transferred by delivery, saving, however, to the French and Canadian inhabitants, and other settlers of the Kaskaskies, Saint Vincent's and the neighboring villages, which have heretofore professed themselves citizens of Virginia, their laws and customs now in force among them relative to descent and conveyance of property.

Be it ordained by the authority aforesaid, That there shall be appointed from time to time, by Congress, a governor, whose commission shall continue in force for the term of three years, unless sooner revoked by Congress; he shall reside in the district, and have a freehold estate therein, in one thousand acres of land, while in the exercise of his office.

There shall be appointed from time to time, by Congress, a secretary, whose commission shall continue in force for four years, unless sooner revoked; he shall reside in the district and have a freehold estate therein, in five hundred acres of land, while in the

exercise of his office. It shall be his duty to keep and preserve the acts and laws passed by the legislature, and the public records of the district, and the proceedings of the governor in his executive department, and transmit authentic copies of such acts and proceedings every six months to the secretary of Congress. There shall also be appointed a court to consist of three judges, any two of whom to form a court, who shall have a common law jurisdiction, and reside in the district, and have each therein a freehold estate in five hundred acres of land, while in the exercise of their offices; and their commissions shall continue in force during good behavior.

The governor and judges, or a majority of them, shall adopt and publish in the district such laws of the original States, criminal and civil, as may be necessary and best suited to the circumstances of the district, and report them to Congress from time to time, which laws shall be in force in the district until the organization of the General Assembly therein, unless disapproved by Congress; but afterwards the legislature shall have authority to alter them as they shall think fit.

The governor for the time being shall be commander-in-chief of the militia, appoint and commission all officers in the same below the rank of general officers; all general officers shall be appointed and commissioned by Congress.

Previous to the organization of the General Assembly, the governor shall appoint such magistrates and other civil officers, in each county or township, as he shall find necessary for the preservation of the peace and good order in the same. After the General and other civil officers shall be regulated and defined by the said Assembly; but all magistrates and other civil officers, not herein otherwise directed, shall, during the continuance of this temporary government, be appointed by the governor.

For the prevention of crimes and injuries, the laws to be adopted or made shall have force in all parts of the district, and for the execution of process, criminal and civil, the governor shall make proper divisions thereof; and he shall proceed from time to time, as circumstances may require, to lay out the parts of the district in which the Indian titles shall have been extinguished into counties and townships, subject, however, to such alterations as may thereafter be made by the Legislature.

So soon as there shall be five thousand free male inhabitants, of full age, in the district, upon giving proof thereof to the governor, they shall receive authority, with time and place, to elect representatives from their counties or townships, to represent them in the General Assembly; provided that for every five hundred free male inhabitants, there shall be one representative, and so on progressively with the number of free male inhabitants shall the right of representation increase, until the number of representatives shall amount to twenty-five, after which the number and proportion of representatives shall be regulated by the Legislature; provided, that no person be eligible or qualified to act as representative unless he shall have been a citizen of one of the United States three years, and be a resident in the district, or unless he shall have resided in the district three years, and in either case shall likewise hold in his own right, in fee-simple, two hundred acres of land within the same; provided also that a freehold of fifty

acres of land in the district, having been a citizen of one of the States, and being resident in the district, or the like freehold and two years' residence in the district shall be necessary to qualify a man as an elector of a representative.

The representative thus elected shall serve for the term of two years, and, in case of the death of a representative, or removal from office, the governor shall issue a writ to the county or township for which he was a member to elect another in his stead, to serve for the residue of the term.

The General Assembly, or legislature, shall consist of the governor, legislative council, and a house of representatives. The legislative council shall consist of five members, to continue in office five years, unless sooner removed by Congress, any three of whom to be a quorum, and the members of the council shall be nominated and appointed in the following manner, to-wit: As soon as representatives shall be elected, the governor shall appoint a time and place for them to meet together, and, when met, they shall nominate ten persons, residents in the district, and each possessed of a freehold in five hundred acres of land, and return their names to Congress; five of whom Congress shall appoint and commission to serve as aforesaid; and whenever a vacancy shall happen in the council, by death or removal from office, the house of representatives shall nominate two persons, qualified as aforesaid, for each vacancy, and return their names to Congress; one of whom congress shall appoint and commission for the residue of the term, and every five years, four months at least before the expiration of the time of service of the members of the council, the said house shall nominate ten persons, qualified as aforesaid, and return their names to Congress, five of whom Congress shall appoint and commission to serve as members of the council five years, unless sooner removed. And the governor, legislative council, and the house of representatives, shall have authority to make laws, in all cases for the good government of the district, not repugnant to the principles and articles in this ordinance established and declared. And all bills, having passed by a majority in the house, and by a majority in the council, shall be referred to the governor for his assent; but no bill or legislative act whatever, shall be of any force without his assent. The governor shall have power to convene, prorogue and dissolve the General Assembly, when in his opinion it shall be expedient.

The governor, judges, legislative council, secretary and such other officers as Congress shall appoint in the district shall take an oath or affirmation of fidelity and of office; the governor before the president of congress; and all other officers before the governor. As soon as a legislature shall be formed in the district, the council and house assembled, in one room, shall have authority, by joint ballot, to elect a delegate to Congress, who shall have a seat in Congress, with a right of debating, but not of voting during this temporary government.

And for extending the fundamental principles of civil and religious liberty, which form the basis whereon these republics, the laws, and constitutions are erected; to fix and establish those principles as the basis of all laws; constitutions, and governments which forever hereafter shall be formed in the said Territory; to provide, also, for the establishment of States, and permanent gov-

ernment therein, and for their admission to a share in the federal councils on an equal footing with the original States, at as early periods as may be consistent with the general interest:

It is hereby ordained and declared, by the authority aforesaid, That the following articles shall be considered as articles of compact, between the original States and the people and States in the said Territory, and forever remain unalterable, unless by common consent, to-wit:

ARTICLE 1. No person, demeaning himself in a peaceable and orderly manner, shall ever be molested on account of his mode of worship or religious sentiments, in the said Territory.

ART. 2. The inhabitants of the said Territory shall always be entitled to the benefits of the writ of habeas corpus, and of the trial by jury; of a proportionate representation of the people in the legislature, and of judicial proceedings according to the course of the common law. All persons shall be bailable, unless for capital offenses, where the proof shall be evident, or the presumption great. All fines shall be moderate, and no cruel or unusual punishments shall be inflicted. No man shall be deprived of his liberty or property, but by the judgment of his peers, or the law of the land, and should the public exigencies make it necessary, for the common preservation, to take any person's property, or to demand his particular service, full compensation shall be made for the same. And, in the just preservation of rights and property, it is understood and declared, that no law ought ever to be made, or have force in said territory, that shall, in any manner whatever, interfere with, or affect private contracts or engagements, bona fide, and without fraud, previously formed.

ART. 3. Religion, morality, and knowledge, being necessary to good government, and the happiness of mankind, schools and the means of education shall forever be encouraged. The utmost good faith shall always be observed toward the Indians; their lands and property shall never be taken from them without their consent; and in their property rights, and liberty, they shall never be invaded or disturbed, unless in just and lawful wars authorized by Congress; but laws founded in justice and humanity shall from time to time, be made, for preventing wrongs done to them, and for preserving peace and friendship with them.

ART. 4. The said territory, and the States which may be formed therein shall forever remain a part of this confederacy of the United States of America, subject to the Articles of Confederation, and to such alterations therein as shall be constitutionally made, and to all the acts and ordinances of the United States, in Congress assembled, conformable thereto. The inhabitants and settlers in the said territory shall be subject to pay a part of the federal debts, contracted or to be contracted, and a proportional part of the expenses of government, to be apportioned on them by Congress, according to the same common rule and measure by which apportionments thereof shall be made on other States; and the taxes for paying their proportion shall be laid and levied by the authority and direction of the legislatures of the district or districts, or new States, as in the original States, within the time agreed upon by the United States, in Congress assembled. The legislatures of those districts, or new States, shall never interfere with the primary disposal of the soil by the United States in Congress assembled,

nor with any regulations Congress may find necessary, for securing the title in such soil, to the bona fide purchasers. No tax shall be imposed on lands, the property of the United States, and in no case shall non-resident proprietors be taxed higher than residents. The navigable waters leading into the Mississippi and St. Lawrence, and the carrying places between the same, shall be common highways, and forever free, as well to the inhabitants of the said territory as to the citizens of the United States, and those of any other States that may be admitted into the Confederacy, without any tax, impost, or duty therefor.

ART. 5. There shall be formed in the said territory not less than three, nor more than five states; and the boundaries of the States, as soon as Virginia shall alter her act of cession, and consent to the same, shall become fixed and established as follows, to-wit: the western State in the said territory, shall be bounded by the Mississippi, the Ohio, and Wabash rivers; a direct line drawn from the Wabash and Post Vincents, due north, to the territorial line between the United States and Canada; and by the said territorial line to the Lake of the Woods and Mississippi. The middle States shall be bounded by the said direct line, the Wabash, from Post Vincents to the Ohio, by the Ohio, by a direct line drawn due north from the mouth of the Great Miami to the said territorial line, and by the said territorial line. The eastern State shall be bounded by the last mentioned direct line, the Ohio, Pennsylvania, and the said territorial line: provided, however, and it is further understood and declared, that the boundaries of these three States shall be subject so far to be altered, that if congress shall hereafter find it expedient, they shall have authority to form one or two States in that part of the said territory which lies north of an east and west line drawn through the southerly bend or extreme of Lake Michigan. And whenever any of the said States shall have sixty thousand free inhabitants therein, such State shall be admitted by its delegates, into the Congress of the United States, on an equal footing with the original States, in all respects whatever; and shall be at liberty to form a permanent constitution and State government; provided the constitution and government, so to be formed, shall be republican, and in conformity to the principles contained in these articles; and, so far as can be consistent with the general interest of the Confederacy, such admissions shall be allowed at an earlier period, and when there may be a less number of free inhabitants in the State than sixty thousand.

ART. 6. There shall be neither slavery nor involuntary servitude in the said territory, otherwise than in the punishment of crimes, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted; provided, always, that any person escaping into the same, from whom labor or service is lawfully claimed in any one of the original states, such fugitive may be lawfully reclaimed, and conveyed to the person claiming his or her labor or services as aforesaid.

Be it ordained by the authority aforesaid, That the resolutions of the 23d of April, 1784, relative to the subject of this ordinance, be, and the same is hereby, repealed, and declared null and void.

Done by the United States, in Congress assembled, the 13th day of July, in the year of our Lord, 1787, and of their sovereignty and independence the 12th.

CHARLES THOMSON,
Secretary.

CONSTITUTION OF THE UNITED STATES OF AMERICA

[NOTE—The constitution was adopted September 17, 1787, by the unanimous consent of the states present in the convention appointed in pursuance of the resolution of the congress of the confederation, of February 21, 1787, and was ratified by the conventions of the several states, as follows, viz: By convention of Delaware, December 7, 1787; Pennsylvania, December 12, 1787; New Jersey, December 18, 1787; Georgia, January 2, 1788; Connecticut, January 3, 1788; Massachusetts, February 6, 1788; Maryland, April 28, 1788; South Carolina, May 23, 1788; New Hampshire, June 21, 1788; Virginia, June 26, 1788; New York, July 26, 1788; North Carolina, November 21, 1789; Rhode Island, May 20, 1790.

The first ten of the amendments were proposed at the first session of the first congress of the United States, September 25, 1789, and were finally ratified by the constitutional number of states, December 15, 1791.

The eleventh amendment was proposed at the first session of the third congress, March 5, 1794, and was declared in a message from the president of the United States to both houses of congress, dated January 8, 1798, to have been adopted by the constitutional number of states.

The twelfth amendment was proposed at the first session of the eighth congress, December 12, 1803, and was adopted by the constitutional number of states in 1804, according to public notice thereof by the secretary of state, dated September 25, 1804.

The thirteenth amendment was proposed at the second session of the thirty-eighth congress, February 1, 1865, and was adopted by the constitutional number of states in 1865, according to a public notice thereof by the secretary of state, dated December 18, 1865.

The fourteenth amendment took effect July 28, 1868

The fifteenth amendment took effect March 30, 1870.]

We, the people of the United States, in order to form a more perfect union, establish justice, insure domestic tranquility, provide for the common defense, promote the general welfare, and secure the blessings of liberty to ourselves and our posterity, do ordain and establish this Constitution for the United States of America.

ARTICLE I.—The Congress.

SECTION 1. All legislative powers herein granted, shall be vested in a Congress of the United States, which shall consist of a senate and house or representatives.

SEC. 2. The house of representatives shall be composed of members chosen every second year by the people of the several states, and the electors in each state shall have the qualification requisite for electors of the most numerous branch of the state legislature.

No person shall be a representative who shall not have attained to the age of twenty-five years, and been seven years a citizen of the United States, and who shall not, when elected, be an inhabitant of that state in which he shall be chosen.

Representatives * (and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several states which may be included within this Union, according to their respective numbers, which shall be determined by adding to the whole number of free persons, including those bound to service for a term of years, and excluding Indians not taxed, three-fifths of all other persons.) The actual enumeration shall be

*The clause included in brackets is amended by the fourteenth amendment.

approved by him, or being disapproved by him, shall be repassed by two-thirds of the senate and house of representatives, according to the rules and limitations prescribed in the case of a bill.

Sec. 8. The congress shall have the power:

To lay and collect taxes, duties, imposts and excises, to pay the debts and provide for the common defense, and general welfare of the United States; but all duties, imposts and excises shall be uniform throughout the United States.

To borrow money on the credit of the United States.

To regulate commerce with foreign nations, and among the several states, and with the Indian tribes.

To establish an uniform rule of naturalization, and uniform laws on the subject of bankruptcies throughout the United States.

To coin money, regulate the value thereof, and of foreign coin, and fix the standards of weights and measures.

To provide for the punishment of counterfeiting the securities and current coin of the United States.

To establish post offices and post roads.

To promote the progress of science and useful arts, by securing for limited times to authors and inventors the exclusive right to their respective writings and discoveries.

To constitute tribunals inferior to the supreme court.

To define and punish piracies and felonies committed on the high seas and offenses against the law of nations.

To declare war, grant letters of marque and reprisal, and make rules concerning captures on land and water.

To raise and support armies, but no appropriation of money to that use shall be for a longer term than two years.

To provide and maintain a navy.

To make rules for the government and regulation of the land and naval forces.

To provide for calling forth the militia to execute the laws of the union, suppress insurrections and repel invasions.

To provide for organizing, arming and disciplining the militia, and for governing such part of them as may be employed in the service of the United States, reserving to the states, respectively, the appointment of the officers and the authority of training the militia according to the discipline prescribed by congress.

To exercise exclusive legislation, in all cases whatsoever, over such district, (not exceeding ten miles square), as may by cession of particular states, and the acceptance of congress, become the seat of the government of the United States, and to exercise like authority over all places purchased by the consent of the legislature of the state in which the same shall be, for the erection of forts, magazines, arsenals, dockyards, and other needful buildings; and

To make all laws which shall be necessary and proper for carrying into execution the foregoing powers and all other powers vested by this constitution in the government of the United States, or in any department or officer thereof.

Sec. 9. The migration or importation of such persons as any of the states now existing shall think proper to admit, shall not be prohibited by the congress prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight, but a tax or duty may be imposed on such importation, not exceeding ten dollars for each person.

The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended unless when in cases of rebellion or invasion the public safety may require it.

No bill of attainder or ex post facto law shall be passed.

No capitation or other direct tax shall be laid unless in proportion to the census or enumeration hereinbefore directed to be taken.

No tax or duty shall be laid on articles exported from any state.

No preference shall be given by any regulation of commerce or revenue to the ports of one state over those of another; nor shall vessels bound to, or from, one state, be obliged to enter, clear or pay duties in another.

No money shall be drawn from the treasury, but in consequence of appropriations made by law; and a regular statement and account of the receipts and expenditures of all public money shall be published from time to time.

No title of nobility shall be granted by the United States; and no person holding any office of profit or trust under them, shall, without the consent of the congress, accept of any present, emolument, office, or title, of any kind whatever, from any king, prince or foreign state.

SECTION X. No state shall enter into any treaty, alliance, or confederation; grant letters of marque and reprisal; coin money; emit bills of credit; make any thing but gold and silver coin a tender in payment of debts; pass any bill of attainder, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligation of contracts, or grant any title of nobility.

No state shall without the consent of congress, lay any imposts or duties on imports or exports, except what may be absolutely necessary for executing its inspection laws, and the net produce of all duties and imposts laid by any state on imports or exports, shall be for the use of the treasury of the United States; and all such laws shall be subject to the revision and control of the congress.

No state shall, without the consent of congress, lay any duty on tonnage, keep troops, or ships of war in time of peace, enter into any agreement or compact with another state, or with a foreign power, or engage in war, unless actually invaded, or in such imminent danger as will not admit of delay.

ARTICLE II.—The Executive.

SECTION 1. The executive power shall be vested in a president of the United States of America. He shall hold his office during the term of four years, and, together with the vice president, chosen for the same term, be elected, as follows:

Each state shall appoint, in such manner as the legislature thereof may direct, a number of electors, equal to the whole number of senators and representatives to which the state may be entitled in the congress, but no senator or representative, or person holding an office of trust or profit under the United States, shall be appointed an elector.

The congress may determine the time of choosing the electors, and the day on which they shall give their votes; which day shall be the same throughout the United States.

No person except a natural born citizen or a citizen of the United States at the time of the adoption of this constitution shall be eligible to the office of president neither shall any person be eligible

to that office who shall not have attained to the age of thirty-five years, and been fourteen years a resident within the United States.

In case of the removal of the president from office, or of his death, resignation, or inability to discharge the powers and duties of said office, the same shall devolve on the vice president; and the congress may, by law, provide for the case of removal, death, resignation or inability, both of the president and vice president, declaring what officer shall then act as president and such officer shall act accordingly until the disability be removed, or a president shall be elected.

The president shall, at stated times, receive for his services a compensation, which shall neither be increased nor diminished during the period for which he shall have been elected and he shall not receive within that period any other emolument from the United States, or any of them.

Before he enters on the execution of his office, he shall take the following oath or affirmation:

"I do solemnly swear (or affirm) that I will faithfully execute the office of president of the United States, and will to the best of my ability, preserve, protect, and defend the constitution of the United States."

SEC. 2. The president shall be commander-in-chief of the army and navy of the United States, and of the militia of the several states, when called into the actual service of the United States; he may require the opinion, in writing, of the principal officer in each of the executive departments, upon any subject relating to the duties of their respective offices, and he shall have power to grant reprieves and pardons for offenses against the United States, except in cases of impeachment.

He shall have power, by and with the advice and consent of the senate, to make treaties, provided two-thirds of the senators present concur; and he shall nominate, and by and with the advice and consent of the senate, shall appoint ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, judges of the supreme court, and all other officers of the United States, whose appointments are not herein otherwise provided for, and which shall be established by law; but the congress may by law vest the appointment of such inferior officers, as they think proper, in the president alone, in the courts of law, or in the heads of departments.

The president shall have the power to fill up all vacancies that may happen during the recess of the senate, by granting commissions which shall expire at the end of their next session.

SEC. 3. He shall from time to time give to the congress information of the state of the union, and recommend to their consideration such measures as he shall judge necessary and expedient; he may, on extraordinary occasions, convene both houses, or either of them; and in case of disagreement between them, with respect to the time of adjournment, he may adjourn them to such time as he shall think proper; he shall receive ambassadors and other public ministers; he shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed, and shall commission all the officers of the United States.

SEC. 4. The president, vice president and all civil officers of the United States, shall be removed from office on impeachment for, and conviction of, treason, bribery or other high crimes and misdemeanors.

ARTICLE III.—The Judiciary.

SECTION 1. The judicial power of the United States shall be vested in one supreme court, and in such inferior courts as the congress may from time to time ordain and establish. The judges, both of the supreme and inferior courts, shall hold their offices during good behavior, and shall, at stated times, receive for their services, a compensation, which shall not be diminished during their continuance in office.

SEC. 2. The judicial power shall extend to all cases, in laws and equity, arising under this constitution, the laws of the United States, and treaties made, or which shall be made, under their authority; to all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers, and consuls; to all cases of admiralty and maritime jurisdiction; to controversies to which the United States shall be a party; to controversies between two or more states; between a state and citizens of another state; between citizens of different states; between citizens of the same state claiming lands under grants of different states, and between a state, the citizens thereof, and foreign states, citizens or subjects.

In all cases affecting ambassadors, other public ministers and consuls, and those in which a state shall be a party, the supreme court shall have original jurisdiction. In all the other cases before mentioned the supreme court shall have appellate jurisdiction, both as to law and fact, with such exceptions, and under such regulations as the congress shall make.

The trial of all crimes, except in cases of impeachment, shall be by jury; and such trial shall be held in the state where the said crime shall have been committed; but when not committed within any state, the trial shall be at such place or places as the congress may by law have directed.

SEC. 3. Treason against the United States shall consist only in levying war against them, or in adhering to their enemies, giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the testimony of two witnesses to the same overt act, or on confession in open court.

The congress shall have power to declare the punishment of treason, but no attainder of treason shall work corruption of blood, or forfeiture except during the life of the person attained.

ARTICLE V.—The States and Territories.

SEC. 1. Full faith and credit shall be given in each state, to the public acts, records and judicial proceedings of every other state. And the congress may by general laws prescribe the manner in which such acts, records and proceedings shall be proved, and the effect thereof.

SEC. 2. The citizens of each state shall be entitled to all privileges and immunities of citizens in the several states.

A person charged in any state with treason, felony or other crime, who shall flee from justice and be found in another state, shall, on demand of the executive authority of the state from which he fled, be delivered up, to be removed to the state having jurisdiction of the crime.

SEC. 3. New states may be admitted by the congress into this union; but no new state shall be formed or erected within the

jurisdiction of any other state; nor any state be formed by the junction of two or more states, or parts of states, without the consent of the legislature of the states concerned as well as of the congress.

The congress shall have power to dispose of and make all needful rules and regulations respecting the territory or other property belonging to the United States; and nothing in this constitution shall be so construed as to prejudice any claims of the United States, or of any particular state.

SEC. 4. The United States shall guarantee to every state in this union a republican form of government, and shall protect each of them against invasion; and on application of the legislature, or of the executive, (when the legislature cannot be convened) against domestic violence.

ARTICLE V.—Amendments.

The congress, whenever two-thirds of both houses shall deem it necessary, shall propose amendments to this constitution, or, on the application of the legislatures of two-thirds of the several states, shall call a convention for proposing amendments, which in either case, shall be valid, to all intents and purposes, as part of this constitution, when ratified by the legislatures of three-fourths of the several states, or by conventions in three-fourths thereof, as the one or the other mode of ratification may be proposed by the congress; provided, that no amendment which may be made prior to the year one thousand eight hundred and eight shall in any manner affect the first and fourth clauses in the ninth section of the first article; and that no state, without its consent, shall be deprived of its equal suffrage in the senate.

ARTICLE VI.—Miscellaneous Business.

All debts contracted and engagements entered into before the adoption of this constitution, shall be as valid against the United States under this constitution, as under the confederation.

This constitution, and the laws of the United States which shall be made in pursuance thereof, and all treaties made, or which shall be made, under the authority of the United States, shall be the supreme law of the land; and the judges in every state shall be bound thereby, anything in the constitution or laws of any state to the contrary notwithstanding.

The senators and representatives before mentioned, and the members of the several state legislatures, and all executive and judicial officers, both of the United States and of the several states, shall be bound by oath or affirmation, to support this constitution; but no religious test shall ever be required as a qualification to any office or public trust under the United States.

ARTICLE VII.—Ratification.

The ratification of the conventions of nine states shall be sufficient for the establishment of this constitution between the states so ratifying the same.

Done in convention by the unanimous consent of the states present, the seventeenth day of September, in the year of our Lord thousand seven hundred and eighty-seven, and of the independence of the United States of America, the twelfth.

In witness whereof, we have hereunto subscribed our names.

Go: Washington, Presdt.
And Deputy from Virginia.

New Hampshire.

John Langdon.

Nicholas Gilman.

Massachusetts.

Nathaniel Gorham.

Rufus King.

Connecticut.

Wm. Saml. Johnson.

Roger Sherman.

New York.

Alexander Hamilton.

New Jersey.

Wil: Livingston.
Wm. Patterson.

David Brearley.
Jona. Dayton.

Pennsylvania.

B. Franklin.
Robt. Morris.
Geo: Clymer.
James Wilson.

Tho: Fitzsimons.
Thomas Mifflin.
Jared Ingersoll.
Gouv: Morris.

Delaware.

Geo. Read.
John Dickinson.
Jaco. Broom.

Gunning Bedford, Jun.,
Richard Bassett.

Maryland.

Dan: of St. Thos. Jenifer.
Daniel Carroll.

James McHenry.

Virginia.

John Blair.

James Madison, Jun.

North Carolina.

William Blount.
Hu. Williamson.

Richard Dobbs Spaight.

South Carolina.

J. Rutledge.
Charles Pinckney.

Chas. Cotesworth Pinckney.
Pierce Butler.

Georgia.

William Few.

Abr. Baldwin.

Attest: William Jackson, Secretary.

RATIFICATIONS OF THE CONSTITUTION.

The constitution was adopted by a convention of the states September 17, 1787, and was subsequently ratified by the several state, in the following order, viz:

Delaware, December 7, 1787.
Pennsylvania, December 12, 1787.
New Jersey, December 18, 1787.
Georgia, January 2, 1788.
Connecticut, January 9, 1788.
Massachusetts, February 6, 1788.
Maryland, April 28, 1788.
South Carolina, May 23, 1788.
New Hampshire, June 21, 1788.
Virginia, June 26, 1788.
New York, July 26, 1788.
North Carolina, November 21, 1789.
Rhode Island, May 29, 1790.

The state of Vermont by convention, ratified the constitution on the 10th of January, 1791, and was, by an act of congress on the 18th of February, 1791, "received and admitted into this union as a new and entire member of the United States of America."

AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION**ARTICLE I.**

Congress shall make no law respecting an establishment of religion, or prohibiting the free exercise thereof; or abridging the freedom of speech, or of the press; or the right of the people peaceably to assemble, and to petition the government for a redress of grievances.

ARTICLE II.

A well regulated militia, being necessary to the security of a free state, the right of the people to keep and bear arms shall not be infringed.

ARTICLE III.

No soldier shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house, without the consent of the owner, nor in time of war but in a manner prescribed by law.

ARTICLE IV.

The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers, and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrants shall issue, but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, and particularly describing the place to be searched and the persons or things to be seized.

ARTICLE V.

No person shall be held to answer for a capital, or otherwise infamous crime, unless on a presentment or indictment of a grand jury, except in cases arising in the land or naval forces or in the militia, when in actual service in time of war or public danger, nor shall any person be subject for the same offense to be twice put in jeopardy of life or limb; nor shall be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty or property, without due process of law; nor shall private property be taken for public use without just compensation.

ARTICLE VI.

In all criminal prosecutions, the accused shall enjoy the right to a speedy and public trial by an impartial jury of the state and district wherein the crime shall have been committed, which district shall have been previously ascertained by law, and to be informed of the nature and cause of the accusation; to be confronted with the witnesses against him; to have compulsory process for obtaining witnesses in his favor; and to have the assistance of counsel for his defense.

ARTICLE VII.

In suits at common law, where the value in controversy shall exceed twenty dollars, the right of trial by jury shall be preserved; and no fact tried by a jury shall be otherwise re-examined in any court of the United States, than according to the rules of the common law.

ARTICLE VIII.

Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fines imposed, nor cruel and unusual punishments inflicted.

ARTICLE IX.

The enumeration in the constitution of certain rights, shall not be construed to deny or disparage others retained by the people.

ARTICLE X.

The powers not delegated to the United States by the constitution nor prohibited by it to the states, are reserved to the states respectively, or to the people.

ARTICLE XI.

The judicial power of the United States shall not be construed to extend to any suit in law or equity, commenced or prosecuted against one of the United States by citizens of another state, or by citizens or subjects of any foreign state.

ARTICLE XII.

The electors shall meet in their respective states, and vote by ballot for president and vice president, one of whom, at least, shall not be an inhabitant of the same state with themselves; they shall name in their ballots the person voted for as president; and in distinct ballots the person voted for as vice president; and they shall make distinct lists of all persons voted for as president, and of all persons voted for as vice president, and of the number of votes for each; which lists they shall sign and certify, and transmit sealed to the seat of the government of the United States, directed to the president of the senate. The president of the senate shall in the presence of the senate and house of representatives, open all the certificates, and the votes shall then be counted. The person having the greatest number of votes for president shall be the president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have such majority, then from the persons having the highest numbers, not exceeding three on the list of those voted for as president, the house of representatives shall choose immediately, by ballot, the president. But in choosing the president, the votes shall be taken by states, the representation from each state having one vote; a quorum for this purpose shall consist of a member or members from two-thirds of the states, and a majority of all the states shall be necessary to a choice. And if the house of representatives shall not choose a president whenever the right of choice shall devolve upon them, before the fourth day of March next following, then the vice president shall act as president, as in the case of the death or other constitutional disability of the president. The person having the greatest number of votes as vice president shall be the vice president, if such number be a majority of the whole number of electors appointed; and if no person have a majority, then from the two highest numbers on the list, the senate shall choose the vice president. A quorum for the purpose shall consist of two-thirds of the whole number of senators, and a majority of the whole number shall be necessary to a choice. But no person constitutionally ineligible to the office of president shall be eligible to that of vice president of the United States.

ARTICLE XIII.

SECTION 1. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, except as a punishment for crime, whereof the party shall have been duly convicted, shall exist within the United States, or any place subject to their jurisdiction.

SEC. 2. Congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

ARTICLE XIV.

SECTION 1. All persons born or naturalized in the United States, and subject to the jurisdiction thereof, are citizens of the United States, and of the state wherein they reside. No state shall make or enforce any law which shall abridge the privileges or immunities of citizens of the United States; nor shall any state deprive any person of life, liberty, or property, without due process of law, nor deny to any person within its jurisdiction the equal protection of the laws.

SEC. 2. Representatives shall be apportioned among the several states according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each state, excluding Indians not taxed. But when the right to vote at any election for the choice of electors for president and vice president of the United States, representatives in congress, the executive and judicial officers of a state, or the members of the legislature thereof, is denied to any of the male inhabitants of such state, being twenty-one years of age, and citizens of the United States, or in any way abridged, except for participation in rebellion, or other crime, the basis of representation therein shall be reduced in the proportion which the number of such male citizens shall bear to the whole number of male citizens twenty-one years of age in such state.

SEC. 3. No person shall be a senator or representative in congress or elector of president and vice president, or hold any office civil or military, under the United States, or under any state, who, having previously taken an oath, as a member of congress or as an officer of the United States, or as a member of the state legislature, or as an executive or judicial officer of any state, to support the constitution of the United States, shall have engaged in insurrection, or rebellion against the same, or given aid or comfort to the enemies thereof. But congress may by a vote of two-thirds of each house, remove such disability.

SEC. 4. The validity of the public debt in the United States, authorized by law, including debts incurred for payment of pensions and bounties for services, in suppressing insurrection or rebellion, shall not be questioned. But neither the United States nor any state shall assume or pay any debt or obligation incurred in aid of insurrection or rebellion against the United States, or any claim for the loss or emancipation of any slave; but all such debts, obligations and claims shall be held illegal and void.

SEC. 5. The congress shall have power to enforce by appropriate legislation, the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XV.

SECTION 1. The right of citizens of the United States to vote shall not be denied or abridged by the United States or by any state, on account of race, color, or previous condition of servitude.

SEC. 2. The congress shall have power to enforce this article by appropriate legislation.

RATIFICATIONS OF THE AMENDMENTS TO THE CONSTITUTION

The first ten of the preceding articles of amendment (with two others which were not ratified by the requisite number of states) were submitted to the several state legislatures by a resolution of congress which passed on the 25th of September, 1789, at the first session of the first congress, and were ratified by the legislatures of the following states:

New Jersey, November 20, 1789.
Maryland, December 19, 1789.
North Carolina, December 22, 1789.
South Carolina, January 19, 1790.
New Hampshire, January 25, 1790.
Delaware, January 28, 1790.
Pennsylvania, March 10, 1790.
New York, March 27, 1790.
Rhode Island, June 15, 1790.
Vermont, November 3, 1791.
Virginia, December 15, 1791.

The acts of the legislatures of the states ratifying these amendments were transmitted by the governors to the president, and by him communicated to congress. The legislatures of Massachusetts, Connecticut and Georgia do not appear by the record to have ratified them.

The eleventh article was submitted to the legislatures of the several states by a resolution of congress passed on the 5th day of March, 1794, at the first session of the third congress, and on the 8th of January, 1798, at the second session of the fifth congress, it was declared by the president, in a message to the two houses of congress, to have been adopted by the legislatures of three-fourths of the states, there being at that time sixteen states in the union.

The twelfth article was submitted to the legislatures of the several states, there being then seventeen states, by a resolution of congress passed on the first day of February, 1865, at the second session of the thirty-eighth congress, and was ratified, according to a proclamation of the secretary of state, dated December 18, 1865, by the legislatures of the following states:

Illinois, February 1, 1865.
Rhode Island, February 2, 1865.
Michigan, February 2, 1865.
Maryland, February 3, 1865.
New York, February 3, 1865.
West Virginia, February 3, 1865.
Maine, February 7, 1865.
Kansas, February 7, 1865.
Massachusetts, February 8, 1865.
Pennsylvania, February 8, 1865.
Virginia, February 9, 1865.
Ohio, February 10, 1865.
Missouri, February 10, 1865.
Indiana, February 16, 1865.
Nevada, February 16., 1865.
Louisiana, February 17, 1865.
Minneosta, February 23, 1865.

Wisconsin, March 1, 1865.
Vermont, March 9, 1865.
Tennessee, April 7, 1865.
Arkansas, April 20, 1865.
Connecticut, May 5, 1865.
New Hampshire, July 1, 1865.
South Carolina, November 13, 1865.
Alabama, December 2, 1865.
North Carolina, December 4, 1865.
Georgia, December 9, 1865.

The following states not enumerated in the proclamation of the secretary of state also ratified this amendment:

Oregon, December 11, 1865.
California, December 20, 1865.
Florida, December 28, 1865.
New Jersey, January 23, 1865.
Iowa, January 24, 1866.
Texas, February 18, 1870.

The fourteenth article was submitted to the legislatures of the several states, there being then thirty-seven states, by a resolution of congress passed on the 16th day of June, 1866, at the first session of the thirty-ninth congress, and was ratified, according to a proclamation of the secretary of state, dated July 28, 1868, by the legislatures of the following states:

Connecticut, June 30, 1866.
New Hampshire, July 7, 1866.
Tennessee, July 9, 1866.
*New Jersey, September 11, 1866.
**Oregon, September 19, 1866.
Vermont, November 9, 1866.
New York, January 10, 1867.
*Ohio, January 11, 1867.
Illinois, January 15, 1867.
West Virginia, January 16, 1867.
Kansas, January 18, 1867.
Maine, January 19, 1867.
Nevada, January 22, 1867.
Missouri, January 26, 1867.
Indiana, January 29, 1867.
Minnesota, February 1, 1867.
Rhode Island, February 7, 1867.
Wisconsin, February 13, 1867.
Pennsylvania, February 13, 1867.
Michigan, February 15, 1867.
Massachusetts, March 20, 1867.
Nebraska, June 15, 1867.
Iowa, April 3, 1867.
Arkansas, April 6, 1867.
Florida, June 9, 1868.

*New Jersey withdrew her consent to the ratification in April, 1868.
**Oregon withdrew her consent to the ratification October 15, 1868.
*Ohio had previously rejected the amendment May 4, 1869.

****North Carolina, July 4, 1868.**

Louisiana, July 9, 1868.

****South Carolina, July 9, 1868.**

Alabama, July 13, 1868.

****Georgia, July 21, 1868.**

****The state of Virginia ratified this amendment on the 8th of October, 1869, subsequent to the date of the proclamation of the secretary of state.**

The states of Delaware, Maryland, Kentucky and Texas rejected the amendment.

The fifteenth article was submitted to the legislatures of the several states, there being then thirty-seven states, by a resolution of congress passed on the 27th of February, 1869, at the first session of the forty-first congress; and was ratified according to a proclamation of the secretary of state dated March 30, 1870, by the legislatures of the following states:

Nevada, March 1, 1869.

West Virginia, March 3, 1869.

North Carolina, March 5, 1869.

Louisiana, March 5, 1869.

Illinois, March 5, 1869.

Michigan, March 8, 1869.

Wisconsin, March 9, 1869.

Massachusetts, March 12, 1869.

Maine, March 12, 1869.

South Carolina, March 16, 1869.

Pennsylvania, March 26, 1869.

Arkansas, March 30, 1869.

***New York, April 14, 1869.**

Indiana, May 14, 1869.

Connecticut, May 19, 1869.

Florida, June 15, 1869.

New Hampshire, July 7, 1869.

Virginia, October 8, 1869.

Vermont, October 21, 1869.

Alabama, November 24, 1869.

Missouri, January 10, 1870.

Mississippi, January 17, 1870.

Rhode Island, January 18, 1870.

Kansas, January 19, 1870.

***Ohio, January 27, 1870.**

Georgia, February 2, 1870.

Iowa, February 3, 1870.

Nebraska, February 17, 1870.

Texas, February 18, 1870.

Minnesota, February 19, 1870.

****The state of New Jersey ratified this amendment on the 21st of February, 1871, subsequent to the date of the proclamation of the secretary of state.**

The states of California, Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, Oregon and Tennessee rejected this amendment.

***Ohio withdrew her consent to the ratification in January, 1868.**

****North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia and Virginia had previously rejected the amendment.**

***New York withdrew her consent to the ratification January 5, 1870.**

****New Jersey had previously rejected the amendment.**

HISTORICAL

Those of us who are impressed with the common belief that the history of North Dakota is embraced within a period of a scant one hundred years, and even the student of history, with his eyes upon the centuries of the past, may well hold that the history of the state is only now in the making, or yet to be made. And indeed when the short record of history today shows us that the state has had an existence as a state of but twenty-five years and that a few years more than a century ago became a part of the United States, there is some excuse for the opinion that our history is yet to be written.

To these and to the student of history it will come with something of a surprise that our history dates back three centuries; that a high order of civilization prevailed on these prairies at that time; that when the Colonies were warring for freedom, agriculture of an extensive kind prevailed here, a stable government ruled and crime was rare. Indeed from the point of view of the historian, no state, with the exception of New York, presents in its history so vividly the contest between the rival interests of France and England, and later the United States. Recent investigation has brought this out clearly and in an incontrovertible manner and North Dakotans, instead of an apology for a history have a history of which they may be proud.

The name "Dakota" means, in the language of the Sioux, confederation of tribes. The word, as used by the Indians, is said to connote the idea of tribes on the front or frontiersmen.

The state was a part of the original Louisiana Purchase in 1803. In 1812 it was a part of the Missouri Territory and later a part of Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota and Nebraska. It was not until March 2, 1861 that Dakota Territory was organized with the capital at Yankton. But another civilization antedated this.

Three centuries ago Mandans, Arikara and other Indians had a civilization along the Missouri River in what is now North Dakota. There farm products, similar to those afterwards raised in New England, were extensively cultivated—corn, beans, native potatoes, squash, pumpkin, tobacco and sunflower seeds—the latter mixed with corn meal making good bread. Civil government, geography, history (more than local), domestic science and zoology were well taught. The government was satisfactory and permanent and crime was infrequent.

European influence touched this civilization first from the direction of New Mexico about 1620. Besides their stores, ranches, mines and negro slaves in New Mexico, the Spanish had unrecorded posts out toward North Dakota, where neighboring Indians purchased wares and retailed them to northern tribes. A common ground for this trade was established between the Heart and the Cannonball rivers. In this neutral ground the Indians exchanged wares, songs, dances, traditions, stories, religious ideas, geographical and historical knowledge, news and even orations and prophecies were exchanged.

The first disruption of this friendly intercourse came through the medium of the Spaniards, who attempted to and did secure slaves by inciting the southern Indians to capture Indians from the northern tribes and sell them to the Spaniards. Tradition says that the Spaniards would give a good horse for three virgins. From this time onward agriculture waned and the young men were taught the arts of war.

About 1640 French traders, trappers and adventurers began to come far up the Missouri river and joined with the Sioux Indians in driving the Mandan, Arikara and Hidatsa Indians from one village to another, the Sioux being supplied by the French with superior weapons. This continued until the decimated tribes took a permanent home on what is now Fort Berthold. At this period in the history of these tribes, when a male child was born, the mothers wailed because it was destined to be slain in battle. At this time, too, the Hudson's Bay Company's influence was shown, its agents encouraged scalping, while the French taught the Sioux to cut off the heads of their enemies and a stroke of the hand across the throat became the word in sign language for the Sioux. These French adventurers were in search of wealth, to be found in pelts, rather than to promote or encourage civilization. From this period dates the old trading post at the mouth of the Cannonball.

But even the Sioux, contaminated as they were by the contact and precept of the white man, still retained a strong predilection towards agriculture and the Yanktons were supplied with plenty of food even when game was scarce. Chief Two Bears is known to have had two hundred acres of corn below Fort Yates. Frenchmen often stole corn from the Teton Sioux, as shown from pictograph records. So persistent

indeed was this Indian instinct towards agriculture that it did not perish until comparatively recent times, when the white men controlled the Missouri river with their forts and Indian agencies.

From the middle of the eighteenth century the Hudson's Bay Company influenced the upper Missouri Indians as well as the Canadian Indians. This influence, as shown before, was far from beneficent, and brought a degeneracy to the Indian race that can scarcely be appreciated, and which eventually wiped out all but traces of the ancient civilization. Besides posts on the Red River in North Dakota the Hudson's Bay Company was the representative of the English in the struggle for supremacy in the entire northwest.

Thus four great national forces, Spanish, French, English and American alternately struggled for the control of the northwest and the theatre of this struggle converged along the Missouri river in North Dakota. The result of this struggle barely turned in favor of the American, while aboriginal civilization was obliterated, leaving only traces and traditions of its former power and glory.

Other tribes who inhabited this region and who were also agriculturists were the Cheyenne, Chippewas and Assiniboine. They had a cruder form of civilization than the Missouri Indians and fell much sooner before the onslaught of white men's influence and power.

Thus while the Indians were fighting for their existence as a nation or a people, or fighting each other at the instigation of white men, the Colonies were asserting their rights as free states. And as some of the more venturesome of the Colonists came west to the Alleghany mountains and looked into the great fields beyond and heard the stories of this new kingdom, there came to some a vision of a new and mighty nation. The most prominent of these men of vision was Thomas Jefferson. Long before he sent Lewis and Clark into the new continent of the west, he had foreseen the forces which would eventually bring this country into the hands of the United States, and which did bring it, in 1803.

Lewis and Clark were in this state during the fall and winter of 1804-05. They found the country in its virgin state, and while in their winter quarters 12 miles above what is now Washburn, quietly made notes and preparations for the journey to the Pacific. They came in contact with the Mandans at Fort Clark and the Hidatsa or Grosventre at the Knife river. It was at the Hidatsa village, one mile north of Stanton, that the two explorers found the intrepid guide Sakakawea and her husband Charbonneau.

The Lewis and Clark expedition opened the eyes of the world to the opportunities beyond the borders of the Atlantic sea coast. Some of the others who followed into this strange new empire were Bradbury and Breckenridge in 1811; Catlin and Maximilian in 1832, and John Fremont in 1839. These men all have left a full account of their explorations and experiences in this territory. Many others came into the country to travel and to trade. The Pembina and Walhalla district was peopled, but as yet all trade was over land. But soon the trading posts established demanded more goods and less time in delivery and in response to this demand steamboats began to ply on the Missouri. This first common carrier system gradually increased until the late sixties and in the early seventies was at its height.

Soon the influx of the new race brought its clashes with the older. The white and the red men, differing so in civilization and in ideas, and kept further apart by racial instincts, found it difficult to understand each other, and it is to be feared that the white man in but few instances tried to understand. The Indian with his love of nature, living as nature dictated, could in no wise comprehend the commercial mind of the white intruder, and especially as he came in contact more often with these individuals of the white race who had lost much if not all of the finer elements, and permitted evil to predominate. Such a friction once started could not long remain without strife. The awful massacre of Minnesota in 1862 was one of the results of this. Only a very small part of the Sioux nation took part in this massacre, yet such was the misunderstanding of the white men at the time that, in response to the bitter cry of the settler who had paid the penalty for another's wrong, troops came to punish both innocent and guilty Indian.

Sibley and Sully in 1863-64 and '65 traveled the length and breadth of the state on a punitive expedition—Sibley coming in 1863 and Sully in 1863, 1864 and 1865. These were hard blows to the Sioux nation and some of the greatest battles ever known to have been fought between white soldier and Indian took place during these three years. The Whitestone battle, the Kildeer battle and the battles of the Bad Lands were the most important of Sully's campaign while the Big Mound,

Buffalo Lake and Stoney Lake fights were the chief engagements of Sibley's. The founding of Fort Rice and Fort Abercrombie was the result of these wars, the first being established to keep peace on the frontier and preserve order and make travel safe for the emigrant in the state and through the state.

Gold was discovered in California in 1848, but before that it was discovered in Idaho, the year being 1843. This discovery and the opening of the mines later in Montana caused thousands to cross the state. They must have a route to Montana and Idaho. They must have the protection of government troops. To afford this protection Forts Pembina, Ransom and Buford were established.

This influx of travelers had its effect upon the state and while many found no gold in the new El Dorado, many saw the advantages and riches spread before them on the fertile prairie. The frontier was made safe and many settlers came to make homes. But these first settlers were doomed to disappointment for the years of famine and grasshoppers of the seventies came upon them and their sufferings were great. Due to this, adverse reports went out and it was not until the great bonanza farms started, years after, that the farming interests really revived, for reports had gone forth and were generally believed that North Dakota was a desert and fit only for ranching.

But the thousands of men who had been here, who had seen the country, and perhaps who had gone elsewhere, were ever returning to North Dakota, and when the Northern Pacific railway was built into the state in 1873, they returned, bringing many followers with them. It took a long time to run a survey through the state and the Whistler expedition in 1871 and the Stanley expedition in 1872-73 really opened the western part of the state to railroading. Towns were built to the Missouri and more forts were established to guard the west.

Another new force and another impetus in the settlement of the state came when Custer went to the Black Hills in 1874 and brought back with him the report that there was "gold in the grass roots." Thousands of gold-seekers flocked to the Black Hills as a result. This influx or inundation of white men upon territory hitherto regarded by the Indian as his own, and which was in fact his, not alone by natural right, but by the treaty of 1868, alarmed and enraged the Sioux. The treaty by its terms would have kept the white race east of the Missouri river, and when the Sioux saw its violation they understood only too well that it would not be long before the whole western part of the state would be opened, as the east already was, to the great ranchers. Naturally the Sioux sought to protect their rights, and their only recourse was an appeal to arms. This warfare culminated in the famous battle of the Little Big Horn, June 25, 1876, when Custer and his entire command were annihilated. This reverse, however, could not stem the tide of white settlement and Indian supremacy over this region was doomed.

Towns sprung up and grew fast, ranches and farms multiplied and the era of the pioneer began. The capital of the Dakotas was at Yankton until June 2, 1883, when it was moved to Bismarck, where it remained until the formation of the two states, North and South Dakota in 1889. The territorial legislature passed an act in 1883 providing for the removal of the territorial capital from Yankton to a point designated by the commissioners appointed for the location of the new capital. The following persons were appointed as such commissioners, viz: Alexander McKenzie, Milo W. Scott, Burleigh F. Spalding, Charles H. Myers, George A. Matthews, Alexander Hughes, Henry H. DeLong, John P. Belding and M. D. Thompson. The capital commission at a session held in the city of Fargo, on the 2nd day of June, 1883, located the territorial capital at Bismarck. The act provided that \$100,000 and 160 acres of land should be donated to the state for capital purposes as a condition of the location of the seat of government. The citizens of Bismarck by voluntary subscription contributed \$100,000 in cash and 320 acres of land.

A bill known as the "omnibus bill" and which was an act dividing the territory of Dakota into the states of North and South Dakota, and enabling the two Dakotas, Montana and Washington to formulate constitutions, was approved February 22, 1889, and a constitutional convention was held at Bismarck, beginning July 4, 1889. A constitution was formulated and submitted to a vote of the people of the state of North Dakota at an election called for that purpose, and to elect state officers. October 1, 1889. There were 27,440 votes cast for and 8,107 against the adoption of the constitution.

Thus we trace the descent from the ancient civilization of these plains, maintained by the Indians, down through that troublous time when the old order, crumbling under new forces and torn between con-

tending nations for its control; touched hereby the debauchery of a once intelligent and noble race and by cruel wrongs done it; illumined there by the blaze of the first settlers' homes and marked by the stark corpses of his women and children; through famine and plague; through misunderstanding and strife; through privations and sufferings; through that period where affairs began to right themselves as a ship long buffeted by adverse gales settles itself to its course as the storm abates. And then upward and out of a savage violence and a violent savagery, the gradual ascent to the creation of a new empire for civilization to spread her banners over, to a new social entity in the world, once more peaceful and stable and rule by the most enlightened laws that the world has known. Here we build a new nation in a new land—an amalgam of all races, melted together in our schools and universities, cosmopolitan as no other race ever was; molded as one in our courts of law and houses of worship; bound by one common interest, one common welfare, one common tongue and one common flag. Out of the secret mine the long hidden ore has been snatched, refined through the furnace of pioneer days, purified and strengthened by the alloy from a score of lands, stamped now with the rank of nation by the Great Republic, tested and proven true, the new state, like new coinage, shining with promise, slips into the currency of nations. It is a failing commonly attributed to the American that he boasts. But when within the space of fifty years the world is given a new nation, the wilderness is made to blossom and bears homes, churches, schools and cities and peace and plenty crown it all, surely it is not vain boasting to glory in what no other people ever accomplished in such a space of time.

TERRITORIAL AND LEGISLATIVE OFFICERS

FROM THE

Organization of Dakota Territory, 1861.

TERRITORIAL OFFICERS.

Delegates to Congress

In its twenty-eight years of existence as a territory, there were delegates to congress as follows:

J. B. S. Todd.....	1862-64	G. G. Bennett.....	1879-81
W. R. Burleigh.....	1864-69	R. F. Pettigrew.....	1881-83
S. L. Spink.....	1869-71	J. B. Raymond.....	1883-85
M. K. Armstrong.....	1871-75	Oscar S. Gifford.....	1885-88
J. P. Kidder.....	1875-79	Geo. A. Mathews.....	1888-89

Note.—Geo. A. Mathews was elected delegate to congress in November, 1888, his term to commence March 4, 1889. Congress did not convene until December following. Before that time statehood had been accomplished and he was therefore never sworn in.

Governors

William Jayne.....	1861-63	**William A. Howard.....	1878-80
Newton Edmunds.....	1863-66	Nehemiah G. Ordway.....	1880-84
Andrew J. Faulk.....	1866-69	Gilbert A. Pierce.....	1884-87
John A. Burbank.....	1869-74	Louis K. Church.....	1887-89
John L. Pennington.....	1874-78	Arthur C. Melette.....	1889

Secretaries

John Hutchinson.....1861-65	Oscar Whitney.....1873-74
S. L. Spink.....1865-69	Geo. H. Hand.....1874-83
T. M. Wilkins.....1869-70	J. M. Teller.....1883-86
G. A. Batchelder.....1870-73	Michael L. McCormack....1886-89
*E. S. McCook.....1872-73	L. B. Richardson.....1889

Chief Justices

Philemon Bliss.....1861-64	Peter C. Shannon.....1873-81
Ara Bartlett.....1865-69	A. J. Edgerton.....1881-85
George W. French.....1869-73	Bartlett Tripp.....1885-89

Associate Justices

S. P. Williston.....1861-65	(c) W. E. Church.....1883-86
J. S. Williams.....1861-64	(c) Louis K. Church.....1885-87
Ara Bartlett.....1864-65	(a) Seward Smith.....1884-84
W. E. Gleason.....1865-66	W. H. Francis.....1884-88
J. P. Kidder.....1865-75	John E. Carland.....1887-89
J. W. Doyle.....1864-69	Wm. B. McConnell.....1885-88
W. W. Brookings.....1869-73	Charles M. Thomas.....1886-89
A. H. Barnes.....1873-81	James Spencer.....1887-89
G. G. Bennett.....1875-79	Roderick Rose.....1888-89
G. C. Moody.....1878-83	C. F. Templeton.....1888-89
(b) J. P. Kidder.....1878-83	L. W. Crofoot.....1888-89
C. S. Palmer.....1883-87	Frank R. Aikens.....1889
S. A. Hudson.....1881-85	

*Assassinated in office September, 1873, by Peter P. Wintermute.

**Died in office, April 10, 1880.

(a) Suspended—went insane.

(c) Resigned.

United States Attorneys

Wm. E. Gleason.....1861-64	Hugh J. Campbell.....1877-85
George H. Hand.....1866-69	John E. Carland.....1885-88
(b) Warren Coles.....1868-73	Wm. E. Purcell.....1888-89
(b) William Pound.....1873-77	John Murphy.....1889

United States Marshals

Wm. F. Schaffer.....1861-61	J. B. Raymond.....1877-81
G. M. Piney.....1861-65	Harrison Allen.....1881-85
L. H. Litchfield.....1865-72	Daniel W. Marratta.....1885-89
J. H. Burdick.....1872-77	

Surveyors General

Geo. D. Hill.....1861-65	Henry Experson.....1877-81
Wm. Tripp.....1865-69	Cortez Fessenden.....1881-85
W. H. H. Beadle.....1869-73	Maris Taylor.....1885-89
Wm. P. Dewey.....1873-77	B. H. Sullivan.....1889

Attorneys General

Alexander Hughes.....1883-84	Charles F. Templeton.....1887-88
Geo. H. Rice.....1884-86	Tristram Skinner.....1889
Geo. S. Engle.....1886	Johnson Nickeus.....1889

Auditors

L. M. Purdy.....1881-82	James A. Ward.....1887-88
Geo. L. Ordway.....1883-84	J. C. McNamara.....1889
E. W. Caldwell.....1885-86	

Treasurers

J. O. Taylor.....1863-64	W. H. McVay.....1878-83
M. K. Armstrong.....1865-68	J. W. Raymond.....1883-87
T. K. Hovey.....1869-70	J. D. Lawler.....1887-88
— — Sherman.....1871-74	Jos. Bailey.....1889
John Clementson.....1875-77	

Superintendents of Public Instruction

James S. Foster (ex-officio).....1864-68	W. E. Caton.....1877-78
T. McKendrick Stuart.....1869	W. H. H. Beadle.....1879-85
James S. Foster.....1869-70	A. Sheridan Jones.....1885-87
J. W. Turner.....1870-71	Eugene A. Dye.....1887-89
E. W. Miller.....1872-74	Leonard A. Rose.....1889
J. J. McIntyre.....1875-76	

Commissioners of Railroads

Wm. M. Evens, chairman.....1886	N. T. Smith.....1887
Alexander Griggs.....1886	Judson LaMoure, chairman...1880
W. H. McVay.....1886	John H. King.....1880
Alexander Griggs, chairman..1887	Harvey J. Rice.....1880
A. Boynton.....1887	

(b) Died in office

THE LEGISLATURE**First Session—1862**

The members of the first territorial assembly were elected Sept. 16, 1861. The assembly convened at Yankton, March 17, 1862, and continued in sessions until May 15. The membership was as follows:

Council

H. D. Bette,	John H. Shober, President.	J. S. Gregory,
J. W. Boyle,	W. W. Brookings,	Enos Stutsman.
D. T. Bramble,	A Cole,	
	Jacob Deuel,	

House

Moses K. Armstrong,	Geo. M. Pinney, Speaker.	Hugh S. Donaldson
Lyman Burgess,	Christopher Maloney,	Reuben Wallace,
J. A. Jacobson,	A. W. Puett,	George P. Waldron,
John C. McBride,	John Stanage,	B. E. Wood.
	John L. Tiernon,	

Second Session—1862-3

The second session convened at Yankton, Dec. 1, 1862, and continued until Jan. 9, 1863. The membership was as follows:

Council

W. W. Brookings,	Enos Stutsman, President.	J. H. Schober,
Austin Cole,	Jacob Deuel,	J. Shaw Gregory,
John W. Boyle,	D. T. Bramble,	H. D. Betts.
	J. McFetridge,	

House

M. K. Armstrong,	*A. J. Harlan, Speaker.	Knud Larson,
L. Bothum,	Edward Gifford,	F. D. Pease,
J. Y. Buckman,	J. A. Jacobson,	A. W. Puett,
H. S. Donaldson,	R. M. Johnson,	N. J. Wallace.
M. H. Somers,	G. P. Waldron,	

*Resigned December 16th, and succeeded by M. K. Armstrong.

Third Session—1863-4

The third session convened at Yankton, Dec. 7, 1863, and continued to Jan. 15, 1864. It had the following members:

Council

J. M. Stone,	Enos Stutsman, President.	D. P. Bradford,
G. W. Kingsbury,	John Mathers,	J. Shaw Gregory.
J. O. Taylor,	Lasse Botthun,	John J. Thompson.
M. M. Rich,	Hugh Compton,	
	Franklin Taylor,	

House

H. Burgess,	A. W. Puett, Speaker.	Peter Keegan,
Ole Bottolfson,	L. H. Litchfield,	N. G. Curtis,
E. M. Bond,	W. W. Brookings,	Asa Mattison,
Wm. Shriner,	Knud Larson,	B. A. Hill,
G. W. Pratt,	Washington Reed,	Duncan Rose,
John Lawrence,	P. H. Risling,	Albert Gore.
Henry Brooks,	E. W. Wall,	
	Jessy Wherry,	

Fourth Session—1864-5

The fourth session met at Yankton, Dec. 5, 1864, and continued to Jan. 13, 1865. The membership was as follows:

Council

J. M. Stone,	Enos Stutsman, President.	D. P. Bradford,
G. W. Kingsbury,	John Mathers,	J. Shaw Gregory,
J. O. Taylor,	Lasse Bothun,	John J. Thompson.
M. M. Rich,	Hugh Compton,	
	Franklin Taylor,	

House

H. Burgess,	W. W. Brookings, Speaker.	G. W. Pratt,
J. P. Burgman,	Geo. W. Kellogg,	Washington Reed,
A. Christy,	P. Lemonges,	John Rouse,
B. W. Collar,	John Lawrence,	William Shriner,
Felicia Fallas,	M. M. Mathiesen,	George Stickney,
J. R. Hanson,	Helge Matthews,	John W. Turner,
Peter Kegan,	Francis McCarthy,	E. W. Wall.
	John W. Owens,	

Fifth Session—1865-6

The fifth session convened at Yankton, Dec. 4, 1865, and continued to Jan. 12, 1866. It had the following members:

Council

M. K. Armstrong,	George Stickney, President.	John W. Turner,
Austin Cole,	Nathaniel Ross,	A. L. VanOsdel,
G. W. Kingsbury,	Enos Stutsman,	Knute Weeks.
Chas. LaBreeche,	O. F. Stevens,	
	John J. Thompson,	

House

T. C. Watson,	G. B. Bigelow, Speaker.	Jonathan Brown,
E. C. Collins,	Franklin Taylor,	J. A. Lewis,
William Walter,	James McHenry,	Chas. H. McCarthy,
Michael Curry,	Joseph Ellis,	William Stevens,
Michael Ryan,	A. M. English,	Edward Lent,
James Whitehorn,	Jacob Brauch,	Geo. W. Kellogg,
H. J. Austin,	H. C. Ash,	Charles Cooper.
Amos Hampton,	S. C. Fargo,	
	W. W. Brookings,	

Sixth Session—1866-7

The sixth session convened at Yankton, Dec. 4, 1866, and continued to Jan. 12, 1867. The membership was as follows:

Council

Austin Cole,	M. K. Armstrong, President.	John J. Thompson,
A. G. Fuller,	J. A. Lewis,	John W. Turner,
G. W. Kingsbury,	D. M. Mills,	A. L. VanOsdel,
Chas. LaBreeche,	Nathaniel Ross,	Knute Weeks.
	O. F. Stevens,	

House

H. C. Ash,
Horace J. Austin,
D. T. Bramble,
W. N. Collamer,
Michael Curry,
Hugh Fraley,
Thomas Frick,
I. T. Gore,

J. B. S. Todd, Speaker.
William Gray,
Tans Gunderson,
M. U. Hoyt,
Daniel Hodgen,
Amos Hanson,
H. M. Johnson,
Geo. W. Kellogg,
Vincent La Belle,

Chas. McCarthy,
N. C. Stevens,
William Stevens,
John Trombo,
Franklin Taylor,
Eli B. Wixson,
Kirwin Wilson.

Seventh Session—1867-8

Convened at Yankton, Dec. 2, 1867, and adjourned Jan. 10, 1868. The membership was as follows:

Council

W. W. Brookings,
W. W. Benedict,
Aaron Carpenter,
R. I. Thomas,

Horace J. Austin, President.
Hugh Farley
R. R. Green,
A. H. Hampton,
Geo. W. Kellogg,

J. A. Lewis,
Chas. H. McIntyre,
D. M. Mills,
C. R. Rossteuscher.

House

William Blair,
William Brady,
F. Bronson,
Jacob Brauch,
Jonathan Brown,
Caleb Cummings,
Michael Curry,
F. J. DeWitt,

Enos Stutsman, Speaker.
Martin V. Farris,
Felcia Fallas,
I. T. Gore,
Hans Gunderson,
Amos Hanson,
M. U. Hoyt,
John L. Jolley,
James Kegan,

G. C. Moody,
T. Nelson,
Michael Ryan,
Calvin G. Shaw,
John J. Thompson,
J. D. Tucker,
Thomas C. Watson.

Eighth Session—1868-9

Convened at Yankton, Dec. 7, 1868, and adjourned Jan. 15, 1869. It had the following membership:

Council

Horace J. Austin,
W. W. Benedict,
W. W. Brookings,
Aaron Carpenter,

N. J. Wallace, President.
Hugh Fraley,
R. R. Green,
A. N. Hampton,
Geo. W. Kellogg,

Chas. H. McIntyre,
C. R. Rossteuscher,
B. E. Wood,
J. A. Lewis,

House

Alfred Abbott,
Chas. D. Bradley,
G. P. Bennett,
Calvin M. Brooks,
Jacob Brauch,
John Clementson,
N. G. Curtis,
J. M. Eves,

G. C. Moody, Speaker.
J. Shaw Gregory,
J. T. Hewlett,
O. T. Haggin,
John L. Jolley,
A. W. Jameson,
Hiram Keith,
James Keegan,
Lewis Larson,

J. LaRoche,
Knud Larson,
Joseph Moulin,
Charles Ricker,
Enos Stutsman,
M. H. Somers,
R. T. Vinson.

Ninth Session—1870-1

Convened at Yankton, Dec. 5, 1870, and continued to Jan. 13, 1871. The membership was as follows:

Council

M. K. Armstrong,
Jacob Brauch,
Wm. M. Cuppett,
Hugh Fraley,

Emery Morris, President.
Silas W. Kidder,
Nelson Miner,
Chas. H. McIntyre,
J. C. Kennedy,

W. T. McKay,
James M. Stone,
John W. Turner.

House

George H. Hand, Speaker.

Charles Allen,
V. R. L. Barnes,
F. J. Cross,
C. P. Dow,
A. P. Hammond,
John Hancock,
Wm. Hobrough,
O. B. Iverson,

H. A. Jerauld,
James Keegan,
J. LaRoche,
Nelson Learned,
A. J. Mills,
E. Minor,
Noah Wherry,

R. Mostow,
S. L. Parker,
Amos F. Shaw,
Philip Sherman,
John C. Sinclair,
Ole Sampson,
E. W. Wall.

Tenth Session—1872-3

The tenth session met at Yankton, Dec. 2, 1872, and continued to Jan. 10, 1873. It had the following membership:

Council

Alexander Hughes, President.

D. T. Bramble,
E. B. Crew,
H. P. Cooley,
J. Flick,

J. Gehan,
John Lawrence,
Nelson Miner,
Joseph Mason,

Chas. H. McIntyre,
O. F. Stevens,
Enos Stutsman,
Henry Smith.

House

A. J. Mills, Speaker.

Samuel Ashmore,
Ole Bottolfson,
John Becker,
Jacob Brauch,
Newton Clark,
N. B. Campbell,
Michael Glynn,
William Hamilton,
James Hyde,

Cyrus Knapp,
T. A. Kingsbury,
Judson LaMoure,
E. A. Williams,
Ephraim Miner,
George Norbeck,
Joseph Roberts,
A. B. Wheelock,

O. C. Peterson,
Jens Peterson,
Silas Rohr,
Martin Trygstadt,
J. W. Turner,
John Thompson,
B. E. Wood,
W. P. Lyman.

Eleventh Session—1874-5

Convened at Yankton, Dec. 7, 1874, and adjourned Jan. 15, 1875. The membership was as follows:

Council

John L. Jolley, President.

H. J. Austin,
Jacob Brauch,
Philip Chandler,
Benton Fraley,

G. W. Harlan,
John Lawrence,
A. McHench,
M. Pace,

M. W. Sheafe,
O. F. Stevens,
C. S. West,
E. A. Williams.

House

G. C. Moody, Speaker.

H. O. Anderson,
George Bosworth,
Hector Bruce,
J. L. Berry,
L. Bothun,
Michael Curry,
Desire Chausse,
J. M. Cleland,
Patrick Hand,

John H. Haas,
Knud Larson,
Joseph Zitka,
H. N. Luce,
W. T. McKay,
Henry Reifsnyder,
Amos F. Shaw,
C. H. Stearns,

Ira Ellis,
L. Sampson,
S. Severson,
A. L. Van Osdel,
M. M. Williams,
Scott Wright,
James M. Wohl,
O. B. Larson.

Twelfth Session—1877

Convened at Yankton, Jan. 9, 1877, and continued to Feb. 17, 1877. It had the following membership:

Council

W. A. Burleigh, President.

Henry S. Back,
M. W. Bailey,
Wm. Duncan,
Hans Gunderson,

Judson LaMoure,
Nelson Miner,
A. J. Mills,
Robert Wilson,

R. F. Pettigrew,
J. A. Potter,
C. B. Valentine,
J. A. Wallace.

House

J. M. Adams,	D. C. Hagle, Speaker.	John Falde,
A. L. Boe,	M. O. Hexom,	D. Stewart,
H. A. Burke,	E. Hackett,	Asa Sargent,
*J. Q. Burbank,	D. M. Inman,	John Tucker,
W. H. H. Beadle,	Erick Iverson,	Franklin Taylor,
T. S. Clarkson,	Chas. Maywold,	John Thompson,
G. S. S. Codington,	F. M. Ziebach,	C. H. VanTassel,
W. F. Dunham,	Hans Myron,	S. Soderstrom.
A. G. Hopkins,	John Shellberg,	

*Awarded the seat of D. M. Kelliher on the twenty-ninth day of the session.

Thirteenth Session—1879

Convened at Yankton and continued in session from Jan. 14 to Feb. 22, 1879. The following was the membership:

Council

	George W. Walsh, President.	
Wm. M. Cuppert,	W. L. Kuykendall,	S. G. Roberts,
M. H. Day,	Nelson Miner,	Silas Rohr,
Ira Ellis,	Robert Macnider,	C. B. Valentine,
Newton Edmunds,	R. F. Pettigrew,	H. B. Wynn.

House

	John R. Jackson, Speaker.	
Alfred Brown	Nathan'l C. Whitefield,	Michael Shely,
J. Q. Burbank,	Ole A. Helvig,	A. Simonson,
P. N. Cross,	O. I. Hoseboe,	James H. Stephens,
D. W. Flick,	A. Hoyt,	D. Stewart,
A. B. Fockler,	S. A. Johnson,	Martin M. Trygstart,
John R. Gamble,	John Langness,	E. C. Walton,
Ansley Gray,	A. Manksch,	J. F. Webber,
Hans Gunderson,	J. M. Peterson,	Canute Weeks.
Peter J. Hoyer,		

Fourteenth Session—1881

Convened at Yankton and continued in session from Jan. 11 to March 7, 1881. The membership was as follows:

Council

	George H. Walsh, President.	
M. H. Day,	J. A. J. Martin,	John Walsh,
Ira W. Fisher,	J. O'B. Scobey,	G. W. Wiggin,
John R. Gamble,	Amos F. Shaw,	John R. Wilson.
John L. Jolley,	J. F. Wallace,	

House

	J. A. Harding, Speaker.	
James Baynes,	V. P. Thielman,	D. Thompson,
F. J. Cross,	A. Thorne,	A. L. VanOsdel,
L. B. French,	P. Warner,	E. P. Wells,
G. H. Dickey,	S. A. Boyles,	S. Rohr,
C. B. Kennedy,	W. H. Donaldson,	Judson LaMoure,
P. Landmann,	E. Ellefson,	S. McBratney,
J. H. Miller,	John D. Hale,	I. Moore,
Knud Nomland,	D. M. Inman,	

Fifteenth Session—1883

Convened at Yankton, Jan. 9, and continued to March 9, 1883. The following was the membership:

Council

	J. O'B. Scovey, President.	
F. N. Burdick,	S. G. Roberts,	Geo. H. Walsh,
J. R. Jackson,	H. J. Jerauld,	J. Nickeus,
F. M. Ziebach,	Wm. P. Dewey,	E. McCauley.
F. J. Washbaugh,	E. H. McIntosh,	

House

	E. A. Williams, Speaker.	
Ira Ellis,	E. M. Bowman,	Wm. H. Lamb,
M. C. Tychsen,	G. P. Harvey,	J. W. Nowlin,
John Thompson,	D. M. Inman,	A. A. Choteau,
W. B. Robinson,	H. Van Woret,	O. M. Towner,
R. C. McAllister,	J. B. Wynn,	B. W. Benson,
E. P. Phillips,	B. R. Wagner,	L. J. Alfred,
Geo. W. Sterling,	John C. Pyatt,	N. E. Nelson.
W. A. Heinhart,	George Rice,	

Sixteenth Session—1885

Convened at Bismarck, Jan. 13, and continued to March 13, 1885.
The membership was as follows:

Council

	J. H. Westover, President.	
A. C. Huetson,	H. H. Natwick,	J. Nickeus,
Wm. Duncan,	C. H. Cameron,	C. D. Austin,
John R. Gamble,	J. P. Day,	D. H. Twomey,
A. Sheridan Jones,	A. B. Smedley,	Geo. H. Walsh,
B. R. Wagner,	V. P. Kennedy,	John Flittle,
A. M. Bowdle,	F. J. Washabaugh,	Judson LaMoure,
R. F. Pettigrew,	S. P. Wells,	P. J. McLaughlin.
Geo. R. Farmer,	Charles Richardson,	

House

	George Rice, Speaker.	
Ole Helvig,	John Hobart,	W. F. Steele,
John Larson,	J. C. Southwick,	Henry W. Coe,
Eli Dawson,	V. V. Barnes,	J. Stevens,
Hans Myron,	J. A. Pickler,	S. E. Stebbins,
A. L. Van Osdel,	J. T. Blakemore,	P. J. McCumber,
Hugh Langan,	G. W. Pierce,	H. S. Oliver,
J. P. Ward,	M. L. Miller,	T. M. Pugh,
J. H. Swanton,	G. H. Johnson,	E. T. Hutchinson,
A. J. Parshall,	M. T. DeWoody,	W. N. Roach,
Mark Ward,	E. Huntington,	C. W. Morgan,
C. E. Huston,	F. A. Eldredge,	J. W. Scott,
H. M. Clark,	A. L. Sprague,	D. Stewart,
P. L. Runkel,	F. M. Martin,	H. Strong,
J. M. Bayard,	H. M. Gregg,	H. H. Ruger,
W. W. Smith,	A. McCall,	P. McHugh.
W. H. Riddell,	E. A. Williams,	

Seventeenth Session—1887

Convened at Bismarck Jan. 11, and continued to March 11, 1887. The membership was as follows:

Council

	George A. Mathews, President.	
Roger Allin,	P. J. McCumber,	H. Galloway,
Wm. T. Collins,	C. H. Sheldon,	G. A. Harstad,
John Cain,	E. G. Smith,	J. D. Lawler,
W. E. Dodge,	J. S. Welser,	C. D. Mead,
E. W. Foster,	T. O. Bogart,	T. T. Sheldon,
Melvin Grigsby,	A. W. Campbell,	E. J. Washabaugh,
Alexander Hughes,	P. C. Donovan,	S. P. Wells,
T. M. Martin,	E. C. Ericson,	

House

John Bidlake,
J. W. Burnham,
D. S. Dodds,
Thomas S. Elliott,
D. W. Ensign,
J. H. Fletcher,
F. Greene,
A. A. Harkins,
C. B. Hubbard,
J. G. Jones,
James M. Moore,
T. F. Mentzer,
C. I. Miltimore,
John D. Patton,
D. F. Royer,
J. Schnaldt,

George G. Grose, Speaker.

Fred H. Adams,
F. M. Shook,
D. Stewart,
E. W. Terill,
J. V. White,
Wilson Wise,
L. O. Wyman,
Frank R. Aikens,
W. N. Berry,
A. M. Cook,
M. H. Cooper,
John R. Dutch,
John A. Ely,
Wm. H. Fellows,
J. T. Gilbert,
Wm. Glendenning,

W. J. Hawk,
John Hobart,
R. McDonell,
F. A. Morris,
H. J. Mallory,
J. H. Patten,
A. J. Fruitt,
W. R. Ruggles,
D. W. Sprague,
A. S. Stewart,
B. H. Sullivan,
Chas. B. Williams,
James P. Ward,
E. A. Williams,
John Wolzmuth.

Eighteenth Session—1889

Convened at Bismarck Jan. 8, and adjourned March 9, 1899. This was the last territorial assembly. The membership was as follows:

Council

Roger Allin,
Irenus Atkinson,
Peter Cameron,
A. W. Campbell,
M. H. Cooper,
Coe I. Crawford,
Robert Dollard,
E. C. Erickson,

Smith Stimmel, President.

S. L. Glaspell,
James Halley,
G. A. Harstad,
Alexander Hughes,
Robert Lowry,
Hugh McDonald,
John Miller,
J. H. Patten,

David W. Poindexter,
Joseph C. Ryan,
C. A. Sorderburg,
George H. Walsh,
F. J. Washabaugh,
James A. Woolheiser,
A. L. Van Osdel.

House

F. H. Adams,
Frank A. Aikens,
Joseph Allen,
C. H. Baldwin,
E. H. Bergman,
R. L. Bennett,
B. F. Bixter,
J. W. Burnham,
A. D. Clark,
J. B. Cooke,
T. A. Douglas,
Thomas Elliott,
J. H. Fletcher,
J. M. Greene,
A. J. Gronna,
S. P. Howell,

Hosmer H. Keith, Speaker.

Harry F. Hunter,
J. G. Jones,
I. S. Lampman,
W. S. Logan,
Frank Lillibridge,
H. J. Mallory,
P. McHugh,
Edwin McNeill,
C. J. Miller,
F. A. Morris,
C. C. Newman,
P. P. Palmer,
A. L. Patridge,
H. S. Parkin,
John D. Patton,
O. C. Potter,

D. M. Powell,
M. M. Price,
Wm. Ramsdell,
D. F. Boyer,
G. W. Ryan,
H. H. Sheets,
J. O. Smith,
W. E. Swanston,
C. J. Trude,
John Turnbull,
N. Upham,
O. R. Van Etten,
J. B. Welcome,
D. R. Wellman,
J. V. White

OFFICERS AND MEMBERS

OF THE

Constitutional Convention, 1889

(Convened at Bismarck, July 4; adjourned August 17, 1889.)

OFFICERS.

President—F. B. Fancher.
 Chief Clerk—J. G. Hamilton.
 Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk—C. C. Bowsfield.
 Sergeant-at-Arms—Fred Falley.
 Watchman—J. S. Weiser.
 Messenger—E. W. Knight.
 Chaplain—Geo. Kline.
 Official Stenographer—R. M. Tuttle.
 Official Printer—M. H. Jewell.

MEMBERS.

Name	County
Allin, Roger.....	Walsh
Almen, John Magnus.....	Walsh
Appleton, Albert F.....	Pembina
Bean, Therow W.....	Nelson
Bell, James.....	Walsh
Bennett, Richard.....	Grand Forks
Bartlett, Lorenzo D.....	Dickey
Bartlett, David.....	Griggs
Best, William D.....	Pembina
Brown, Charles V.....	Wells
Blewett, Andrew.....	Stutsman
Budge, William.....	Grand Forks
Camp, Edgar W.....	Stutsman
Chaffee, Eben Whitney.....	Cass
Carland, John Emmett.....	Burleigh
Carothers, Charles.....	Grand Forks
Clark, Horace M.....	Eddy
Clapp, William J.....	Cass
Colton, Joseph L.....	Ward
Douglas, James A.....	Walsh
Elliott, Elmer E.....	Barnes
Fancher, Frederick B.....	Stutsman
Fay, George H.....	McIntosh
Flemington, Alex D.....	Dickey
Gayton, Jas. Bennett.....	Emmons
Glick, Benjamin Rush.....	Cavaller
Gray, Enos.....	Cass
Griggs, Alexander.....	Grand Forks
Harris, Harvey.....	Burleigh
Haugen, Arne P.....	Grand Forks
Hegge, Marthinus F.....	Trail
Holmes, Herbert L.....	Pembina
Hoyt, Albert W.....	Morton
Johnson, Martin N.....	Nelson
Lauder, William S.....	Richland
Leech, Addison.....	Cass
Lowell, Jacob.....	Cass
Linwell, Martin V.....	Grand Forks

Name	County
Lohnes, Edward H.....	Ramsey
Marrinan, Michael K.....	Walsh
Mathews, J. H.....	Grand Forks
Meacham, Olney G.....	Foster
McBride, John.....	Cavaller
Miller, Henry Foster.....	Cass
Moer, Samuel H.....	LaMoure
McKenzie, James D.....	Sargent
McHugh, Patrick.....	Cavaller
Noble, Virgil B.....	Bottineau
Nomland, Knud J.....	Traill
O'Brien, James F.....	Ramsey
Parsons, Curtis P.....	Rolette
Parsons, Albert Samuel.....	Morton
Paulson, Engebret M.....	Traill
Peterson, Henry M.....	Cass
Pollock, Robert M.....	Cass
Powers, John.....	Sargent
Powels, Joseph.....	Cavaller
Purcell, William E.....	Richland
Ray, William.....	Stark
Richardson, Robert B.....	Pembina
Robertson, Alexander B.....	Walsh
Rolfe, Eugene Strong.....	Benson
Rowe, William H.....	Dickey
Sandanger, Andrew.....	Ransom
Snuman, John.....	Sargent
Scott, John W.....	Barnes
Selby, John F.....	Traill
Slotten, Andrew.....	Richland
Spalding, Burleigh Folsom.....	Cass
Stevens, Rueben N.....	Ransom
Turner, Ezra.....	Bottineau
Wallace, Elmer D.....	Steele
Whipple, Abram Olin.....	Ramsey
Wellwood, Jay.....	Barnes
Williams, Erastus A.....	Burleigh

ENABLING ACT

[Approved February 22, 1889.]

AN ACT to provide for the division of Dakota into two states and to enable the people of North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana and Washington to form constitutions and state governments and to be admitted into the union on an equal footing with the original states, and to make donations of public lands to such states.

Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress Assembled:

SECTION 1. That the inhabitants of all that part of the area of the United States now constituting the territories of Dakota, Montana and Washington as at present described, may become the states of North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana and Washington, respectively, as hereinafter provided.

SEC. 2. The area comprising the territory of Dakota shall for the purposes of this act be divided on the line of the 7th standard parallel produced due west to the western boundary of said territory; and the delegates elected as hereinafter provided to the constitutional convention in districts north of said parallel shall assemble in convention at the time prescribed in this act, at the City of Bismarck; and the delegates elected in districts south of said parallel shall, at the same time, assemble in convention at the city of Sioux Falls.

SEC. 3. That all persons who are qualified by the laws of said territories to vote for representatives to the legislative assemblies thereof are hereby authorized to vote for and choose delegates to form conventions in said proposed states; and the qualifications for delegates to such conventions shall be such as by the laws of said territories respectively, persons are required to possess to be eligible to the legislative assemblies thereof; and the aforesaid delegates to form said conventions shall be apportioned within the limits of the proposed states, in such districts as may be established as herein provided, in proportion to the population in each of said counties and districts, as near as may be, to be ascertained at the time of making said apportionments by the persons hereinafter authorized to make the same from the best information obtainable, in each of which districts three delegates shall be elected, but no elector shall vote for more than two persons for delegates to such conventions; that said apportionments shall be made by the governor, the chief justice and the secretary of said territories; and the governors of said territories shall, by proclamation, order an election of the delegates aforesaid in each of said proposed states, to be held on the Tuesday after the second Monday in May, 1889; which proclamation shall be issued on the 15th day of April, 1889; and such election shall be conducted, the returns made, the results ascertained, and the certificates to persons elected to such conventions issued in the same manner as is prescribed by the laws of the said territories regulating election therein for delegates to congress; and the number of votes cast for delegates in each precinct shall also be returned. The number of delegates to said conventions respectively shall be 75; and all persons resident in said proposed states who are qualified voters of said territories as herein provided, shall be

entitled to vote upon the election of delegates; and under such rules and regulations as said conventions may prescribe, not in conflict with this act upon the ratification or rejection of the constitutions.

SEC. 4. That the delegates to the conventions elected as provided for in this act shall meet at the seat of government of each of said territories, except the delegates elected in South Dakota, who shall meet at the City of Sioux Falls, on the fourth day of July, 1889, and after organization shall declare, on behalf of the people of said proposed states, that they adopt the constitution of the United States; whereupon the said conventions shall be, and are hereby authorized to form constitutions and state governments for said proposed states respectively. The constitution shall be republican in form, and make no distinction in civil or political rights on account of race or color, except as to Indians not taxed, and not be repugnant to the constitution of the United States and the principles of the declaration of independence. And said convention shall provide, by ordinances irrevocable without the consent of the United States and the people of said states:

First. That the perfect toleration of religion sentiment shall be secured, and that no inhabitant of said states shall ever be molested in person or property no account of his or her mode of religious worship.

Second. That the people inhabiting said proposed states do agree and declare that they forever disclaim all right and title to the unappropriated public lands lying within the boundaries thereof, and to all lands lying within said limits owned or held by any Indian or Indian tribes; and that until the title thereto shall have been extinguished by the United States the same shall be and remain subject to the disposition of the United States, and said Indian lands shall remain under the absolute jurisdiction and control of the congress of the United States; that the lands belonging to citizens of the United States residing without the said states shall never be taxed at a higher rate than the lands belonging to residents thereof; that no taxes shall be imposed by the states on lands or property therein belonging to or which may hereafter be purchased by the United States or reserved for its use. But nothing herein, or in the ordinances herein provided for, shall preclude the said states from taxing as other lands are taxed any lands owned or held by any Indian who has severed his tribal relations, and has obtained from the United States or from any person a title thereto by patent or other grant, save and except such lands as have been or may be granted to any Indian or Indians under any act of congress containing a provision exempting the lands thus granted from taxation; but said ordinances shall provide that all such lands shall be exempt from taxation by said states so long and to such extent as such act of congress may prescribe.

Third. That the debts and liabilities of said territories shall be assumed and paid by said states respectively.

Fourth. That provision shall be made for the establishment and maintenance of systems of public schools, which shall be open to all the children of said states, and free from sectarian control.

SEC. 5. That the convention which shall assemble at Bismarck shall form a constitution and state government for a state to be known as North Dakota and the convention which shall assemble at Sioux Falls shall form a constitution and state government for a

state to be known as South Dakota; provided, that at the election for delegates to the constitutional convention in South Dakota, as hereinbefore provided, each elector may have written or printed on his ballot the words "For the Sioux Falls Constitution" or the words "Against the Sioux Falls Constitution," and the votes on this question shall be returned and canvassed in the same manner as for the election provided for in section 3 of this act; and if a majority of all votes cast on this question shall be "For the Sioux Falls Constitution" it shall be the duty of the convention which may assemble at Sioux Falls, as herein provided, to resubmit to the people of South Dakota, for ratification or rejection at the election hereinafter provided for in this act, the constitution framed at Sioux Falls and adopted November 3, 1885, and also the articles and propositions separately submitted at that election, including the question of locating the temporary seat of government, with such changes only as relate to the name and boundary of the proposed state, to the reapportionment of the judicial and legislative districts, and such amendments as may be necessary in order to comply with the provisions of this act; and if a majority of the votes cast on the ratification or rejection of the constitution shall be for the constitution irrespective of the articles separately submitted, the State of South Dakota shall be admitted as a state in the union under said constitution as hereinafter provided; but the archives, records and books of the Territory of Dakota shall remain at Bismarck, the capital of North Dakota, until an agreement in reference thereto is reached by said states. But if at the election for delegates to the constitutional convention in South Dakota a majority of all the votes cast at that election shall be "Against the Sioux Falls Constitution," then, and in that event it shall be the duty of the convention which will assemble at the City of Sioux Falls on the fourth day of July, 1889, to proceed to form a constitution and state government as provided in this act the same as if that question had not been submitted to a vote of the people of South Dakota.

SEC. 6. It shall be the duty of the constitutional conventions of North Dakota and South Dakota to appoint a joint commission to be composed of not less than three members of each convention, whose duty it shall be to assemble at Bismarck, the present seat of government of said territory, and agree upon an equitable division of all property belonging to the Territory of Dakota, the disposition of all public records, and also adjust and agree upon the amount of the debts and liabilities of the territory which shall be assumed and paid by each of the proposed states of North Dakota and South Dakota, and the agreement reached respecting the territorial debts and liabilities shall be incorporated in the respective constitutions, and each of said states shall obligate itself to pay its proportion of such debts and liabilities the same as if they had been created by such states respectively.

SEC. 7. If the constitutions formed for both North Dakota and South Dakota shall be rejected by the people at the elections for the ratification or rejection of their respective constitutions as provided for in this act, the territorial government of Dakota shall continue in existence the same as if this act had not been passed. But if the constitution formed for either North Dakota or South Dakota shall be rejected by the people, that part of the territory so rejecting its proposed constitution shall continue under the territorial govern-

ment of the present territory of Dakota, but shall, after the state adopting its constitution is admitted into the union be called by the name of the territory of North Dakota or South Dakota, as the case may be; provided, that if either of the proposed states provided for in this act shall reject the constitution which may be submitted for ratification or rejection at the election provided therefor, the governor of the territory in which such proposed constitution was rejected shall issue his proclamation reconvening the delegates elected to the convention which formed such rejected constitution, fixing the time and place at which said delegates shall assemble; and when so assembled they shall proceed to form another constitution or to amend the rejected constitution, and shall submit such new constitution to the people of the proposed state for ratification or rejection at such time as said convention may determine; and all the provisions of this act, so far as applicable, shall apply to such convention so reassembled and to the constitution which may be formed, its ratification or rejection, and to the admission of the proposed state.

SEC. 8. That the constitutional convention which may assemble in South Dakota shall provide by ordinance for resubmitting the Sioux Falls constitution of 1885, after having amended the same as provided in section 5 of this act, to the people of South Dakota for ratification or rejection at an election to be held therein on the first Tuesday in October, 1889; but if said constitutional convention is authorized and required to form a new constitution for South Dakota it shall provide for submitting the same in like manner to the people of South Dakota for ratification or rejection, at an election to be held in said proposed state on the said first Tuesday in October. And the constitutional conventions which may assemble in North Dakota, Montana and Washington shall provide in like manner for submitting the constitutions formed by them to the people of said proposed states, respectively, for ratification or rejection at elections to be held in said proposed states on the said first Tuesday in October. At the elections provided for in this section the qualified voters of said proposed states shall vote directly for or against the proposed constitutions, and for or against any articles or propositions separately submitted. The returns of said elections shall be made to the secretary of each of said territories, who, with the governor and chief justice thereof, or any two of them, shall canvass the same; and if a majority of the legal votes cast shall be for the constitution the governor shall certify the result to the president of the United States, together with a statement of the votes cast thereon and upon separate articles or propositions, and a copy of the said constitution, articles, propositions and ordinances. And if the constitutions and governments of said proposed states are republican in form, and if all the provisions of this act have been complied with in the formation thereof, it shall be the duty of the president of the United States to issue his proclamation announcing the result of the election in each, and thereupon the proposed states which have adopted constitutions and formed state governments as herein provided, shall be deemed admitted by congress into the union under and by virtue of this act, on an equal footing with the original states from and after the date of said proclamation.

SEC. 9. That until the next general census, or until otherwise provided by law, said states shall be entitled to one representative

in the house of representatives of the United States, except South Dakota, which shall be entitled to two; and the representatives to the fifty-first congress, together with the governors and other officers provided for in said constitutions may be elected on the same day of the election for the ratification or rejection of the constitutions; and until said state officers are elected and qualified under the provisions of each constitution and the states, respectively, are admitted into the union, the territorial officers shall continue to discharge the duties of their respective offices in each of said territories.

SEC. 10. That upon the admission of each of said states into the union sections numbered 16 and 36 in every township of said proposed states, and where such sections, or any parts thereof, have been sold or otherwise disposed of by or under the authority of any act of congress, other lands equivalent thereto, in legal subdivisions of not less than one-quarter section and as contiguous as may be to the section in lieu of which the same is taken, and thereby granted to said states for the support of common schools, such indemnity lands to be selected within said states in such manner as the legislature may provide, with the approval of the secretary of the interior; provided, that the 16th and 36th sections embraced in permanent reservations for national purposes shall not, at any time, be subject to the grants nor to the indemnity provisions of this act, nor shall any lands embraced in Indian, military, or other reservations of any character, be subject to the grants or to the indemnity provisions of this act until the reservation shall have been extinguished and such lands be restored to, and become a part of the public domain.

SEC. 11. That all lands herein granted for educational purposes shall be disposed of only at public sale, and at a price not less than \$10 per acre, the proceeds to constitute a permanent school fund, the interest of which only shall be expended in the support of said schools. But said lands may, under such regulations as the legislature shall prescribe, be leased for periods of not more than five years, in quantities not exceeding one section to any one person or company; and such land shall not be subject to pre-emption, homestead entry, or any other entry under the land laws of the United States, whether surveyed or unsurveyed, but shall be reserved for school purposes only.

SEC. 12. That upon the admission of each of said states into the union, in accordance with the provisions of this act, fifty sections of the unappropriated public lands within said states, to be selected and located in legal subdivisions as provided in section 10 of this act, shall be, and are hereby, granted to said states for the purpose of erecting public buildings at the capital of said states for legislative, executive and judicial purposes.

SEC. 13. That 5 per centum of the proceeds of the sales of public lands lying within said states which shall be sold by the United States subsequent to the admission of said states into the union, after deducting all the expenses incident to the same, shall be paid to the said states, to be used as a permanent fund, the interest of which only shall be expended for the support of common schools within said states respectively.

SEC. 14. That the lands granted to the territories of Dakota and Montana by the act of Feb. 18, 1881, entitled "An act to grant lands to Dakota and Montana, Arizona, Idaho and Wyoming for university

purposes," are hereby vested in the states of South Dakota, North Dakota and Montana, respectively, if such states are admitted into the union as provided in this act, to the extent of the full quantity of seventy-two sections to each of said states, and any portion of said lands that may not have been selected by either of said territories of Dakota or Montana may be selected by the respective states aforesaid; but said act of February 18, 1881, shall be so amended as to provide that none of said lands shall be sold for less than \$10 per acre, and the proceeds shall constitute a permanent fund to be safely invested and held by said states severally, and the income thereof be used exclusively for university purposes. And such quantity of the lands authorized by the fourth section of the act of July 17, 1854, to be reserved for university purposes in the territory of Washington, as, together with the lands confirmed to the vendees of the territory by the act of March 14, 1864, will make the full quantity of seventy-two entire sections, are hereby granted in like manner to the state of Washington for the purposes of a university in said state. None of the lands granted in this section shall be sold at less than \$10 per acre; but said lands may be leased in the same manner as provided in section 11 of this act. The schools, colleges and universities provided for in this act shall forever remain under the exclusive control of the said states respectively, and no part of the proceeds arising from the sale or disposal of any lands herein granted for educational purposes shall be used for the support of any sectarian or denominational school, college or university. The section of land granted by the act of June 16, 1880, to the Territory of Dakota, for an asylum for the insane shall, upon the admission of said State of South Dakota into the union, become the property of said state.

SEC. 15. That so much of the lands belonging to the United States as have been acquired and set apart for the purpose mentioned in "An act appropriating money for the erection of a penitentiary in the Territory of Dakota," approved March 2, 1881, together with the buildings thereon, be, and the same is hereby granted, together with any unexpended balances of the money appropriated therefor by said act, to said State of South Dakota, for the purposes therein designated; and the States of North Dakota and Washington shall, respectively, have like grants for the same purpose, and subject to like terms and conditions as provided in said act of March 2, 1881, for the territory of Dakota. The penitentiary at Deer Lodge City, Montana, and all land connected therewith and set apart and reserved therefor, are hereby granted to the State of Montana.

SEC. 16. That 90,000 acres of land, to be selected and located as provided in section 10 of this act, are hereby granted to each of said states, except to the State of South Dakota, to which 120,000 acres are granted, for the use and support of agricultural colleges in said states, as provided in the acts of congress making donations of lands for such purposes.

SEC. 17. That in lieu of the grant of land for purposes of internal improvement made to new states by the eighth section of the act of September 4, 1841, which act is hereby repealed as to the states provided for by this act, and in lieu of any claim or demand by the said states, or either of them, under the act of September

THE STATE FLOWER.

Wild Prairie Rose.
(*Rose Blanda or Arkansana.*)
"O, open your petal lips, my rose,
And sing with your perfumed tongue,
For every dawning day is made new
And all the world is young."

When the Legislature of 1907, by Chapter 231 of the Laws of that year, adopted as the floral emblem of the state, the Wild Prairie Rose, its choice was not only beautiful but fitting, and when one reflects upon it, the significance of the selection is wonderfully clear and perfect.

Possibly before the advent of the Bison or Buffalo and mayhap before the coming of the Indian to the wide prairies, the rose has bloomed. Surely it is not too much to imagine the toddling papoose waking to consciousness of earth and sky with the delightful odor of the wild rose in its first taste of outdoors, nor is it past belief to think of an Indian maiden decked with the flowers that the Great Spirit had planted with His own hand. When the first pioneers of the white race set foot upon the land that they were to conquer, the Prairie Rose must have welcomed them with its modest blush and its tint must have brought many a home-hunger to the wanderer. The Prairie Rose is the emblem of the Pioneer. It was God's Pioneer, inviting by its shy blossoms the oncoming of peace and prosperity which were to be found where its roots reached down—the fertile soil.

A modest flower, the Prairie Rose, blooming in forgotten nooks, in neglected hollows. Tinting the landscape and filling the air with its delicate fragrance, it looked for no recognition, it demanded no reward. It required no cultivation—Pioneers are hardy—it waited no approval. "Seest thou that man diligent in business," says the wise man, "he shall stand before Kings." And a wiser than he has said: "The humble shall be exalted;" "The meek shall inherit the earth." Faithfully through the years—aye, who knows, through the centuries—the Prairie Rose has blossomed in seclusion, in neglect, in lowliness. But its reward is fitting and its recompense complete. Today it is the emblem of a sovereign state—the lonely and lovely jewel in a nation's crown.

The state flower is not an empty token. There is a meaning in every petal; there is a thought in its heart of gold.

State Flower



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28, 1850, and sections 2479 of the revised statutes, making a grant of swamp and overflowed lands to certain states, which grant it is hereby declared is not extended to the states provided for in this act, and in lieu of any grant of saline lands to said states, the following grants of land are hereby made, to-wit:

To the state of South Dakota: For the school of mines, 40,000 acres; for the reform school, 40,000 acres; for the deaf and dumb asylum, 40,000 acres; for the agricultural college, 40,000 acres; for the university, 40,000 acres; for the state normal schools, 80,000 acres; for public buildings at the capital of said state, 50,000 acres; for such other educational and charitable purposes as the legislature of said state may determine, 170,000 acres; in all 500,000 acres.

To the state of North Dakota a like quantity of land as is in this section granted to the state of South Dakota, and to be for like purposes, and in like proportion as far as practicable.

To the state of Montana: For the establishment and maintenance of a school of mines, 100,000 acres; for state normal schools, 100,000 acres; for agricultural colleges, in addition to the grant hereinbefore made for that purpose, 50,000 acres; for the establishment of a state reform school, 50,000 acres; for the establishment of a deaf and dumb asylum, 50,000 acres; for public buildings at the capital of the state, in addition to grants hereinbefore made for that purpose, 150,000 acres.

To the state of Washington: For the establishment and maintenance of a scientific school, 100,000 acres; for the state normal schools, 100,000 acres; for public buildings at the state capital in addition to the grant hereinbefore made for that purpose, 100,000 acres; for state, charitable, educational, penal and reformatory institutions, 200,000 acres.

That the state provided for in this act shall not be entitled to any further or other grants of land for any purpose than as expressly provided in this act. And the lands granted by this section shall be held, appropriated, and disposed of exclusively for the purposes herein mentioned, in such manner as the legislatures of the respective states may severally provide.

SEC. 18. That all mineral lands shall be exempted from the grants made by this act. But if sections 16 and 36 or any subdivision or portion of any smallest subdivision thereof in any township shall be found by the department of the interior to be mineral lands said states are hereby authorized and empowered to select, in legal subdivisions, an equal quantity of other unappropriated lands in said states, in lieu thereof, for the use and benefit of the common schools of said states.

SEC. 19. That all lands granted in quantity or as indemnity by this act shall be selected, under the direction of the secretary of the interior, from the surveyer, unreserved and unappropriated public lands of the United States within the limits of the respective state entitled thereto. And there shall be deducted from the number of acres of land donated by this act for specific objects to said states the number of acres in each heretofore donated by congress to said territories for similar objects.

SEC. 20. That the sum of \$20,000, or so much thereof as may be necessary, is hereby appropriated out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated, to each of said territories for defraying

the expenses of said conventions, except to Dakota, for which the sum of \$40,000 is so appropriated, \$20,000 each to South Dakota and North Dakota, and for the payment of the members thereof, under the same rules and regulations and at the same rates as are now provided by law for the payment of the territorial legislatures. Any money hereby appropriated not necessary for such purpose shall be covered into the treasury of the United States.

SEC. 21. That each of said states, when admitted as aforesaid, shall constitute one judicial district, the names thereof to be the same as the names of the states, respectively; and the circuit and district courts heretofore shall be held at the capital of such state for the time being, and each of said districts shall, for judicial purposes, until otherwise provided, be attached to the English judicial circuit, except Washington and Montana, which shall be attached to the Ninth judicial circuit. There shall be appointed for each of said districts one district judge, one United States attorney, and one United States marshal. The judge of each of said districts shall receive a yearly salary of \$3,500, payable in four equal installments, on the first days of January, April, July and October of each year, and shall reside in the district. There shall be appointed clerks of said courts in each district, who shall keep their offices at the capital of said state. The regular terms of said courts shall be held in each district, at the place aforesaid, on the first Monday in April and the first Monday in November of each year, and only one grand jury and one petit jury shall be summoned in both said circuit and district courts. The circuit and district courts for each of said districts and the judges thereof, respectively, shall possess the same powers and jurisdiction, and perform the same duties required to be performed by the other circuit and district courts and judges of the United States, and shall be governed by the same laws and regulations. The marshal, district attorney and clerks of the circuit and district courts of each of said districts, and all other officers and persons performing duties in the administration of justice therein, shall severally possess the powers and perform the duties lawfully possessed and required to be performed by similar officers in other districts of the United States; and shall, for the services they may perform, receive the fees and compensation allowed by law to other similar officers and persons performing similar duties in the state of Nebraska.

SEC. 22. In all cases of appeal or writ of error heretofore prosecuted and now pending in the supreme court of the United States upon any record from the supreme court of either of the territories mentioned in this act, or that may hereafter lawfully be prosecuted upon any record from either of said courts, may be heard and determined by said supreme court of the United States. And the mandate of execution or of further proceedings shall be directed by the supreme court of the United States to the circuit or district court hereby established within the state succeeding the territory from which such record is or may be pending, or to the supreme court of such state, as the nature of the case may require; provided, that the mandate of execution or of further proceedings shall, in cases arising in the territory of Dakota, be directed by the supreme court of the United States to the circuit or district court of the district of South Dakota, or to the supreme court of South Dakota; or to the circuit or district court of the district of

North Dakota, or to the supreme court of the territory of North Dakota, as the nature of the case may require. And each of the circuit, district and state courts herein named shall, respectively, be the successor of the supreme court of the territory, as to all such cases arising within the limits embraced within the jurisdiction of such courts respectively, with full power to proceed with the same, and award mesne or final process therein; and that from all judgments and decrees of the supreme court of either of the territories of any of the proposed states prior to admission, the parties to such judgment shall have the same right to prosecute appeals and writs of error to the supreme court of the United States as they shall have had by law prior to the admission of said state into the union.

SEC. 23. That in respect to all cases, proceedings and matters now pending in the supreme or district courts of either of the territories mentioned in this act at the time of the admission into the union of either of the states mentioned in this act, and arising within the limits of any such state, whereof the circuit or district courts by this act established might have had jurisdiction under the laws of the United States had such courts existed at the time of the commencement of such cases, the said circuit and district courts, respectively, shall be the successors of said supreme and district courts of said territory; and in respect to all other cases, proceedings and matters pending in the supreme or district courts of any of the territories mentioned in this act at the time of the admission of such territory into the union, arising within the limits of said proposed state, the courts established by such state shall, respectively, be the successors of said supreme and district territorial courts; and all the files, records, indictments and proceedings relating to any such cases shall be transferred to such circuit, district and state courts, respectively, and the same shall be proceeded with therein in due course of law; but no writ, action, indictment, cause or proceeding now pending, or that prior to the admission of any of the states mentioned in this act shall be pending in any territorial court in any of the territories mentioned in this act, shall abate by the admission of any such state into the union, but the same shall be transferred and proceeded with in the proper United States circuit, district or state court as the case may be; provided, however, that in all civil actions, causes and proceedings in which the United States is not a party, transfers shall not be made to the circuit and district courts of the United States except upon written request of one of the parties to such action or proceeding filed in the proper court; and in the absence of such request, such cases shall be proceeded with in the proper state courts.

SEC. 24. That the constitutional conventions may, by ordinance, provide for the election of officers for full state governments, including members of the legislatures and representatives in the fifty-first congress; but said state government shall remain in abeyance until the states shall be admitted to the union, respectively, as provided in this act. In case the constitution of any of said proposed states shall be ratified by the people, but not otherwise, the legislature thereof may assemble, organize, and elect two senators of the United States, and the governor and secretary of state of such proposed State shall certify the election of the senators

and representatives in the manner required by law; and when such state is admitted into the union the senators and representatives shall be entitled to be admitted to seats in congress, and to all the rights and privileges of senators and representatives of other states in the congress of the United States; and the officers of the state governments formed in pursuance of said constitutions, as provided by the constitutional conventions, shall proceed to exercise all the functions of such state officers; and all laws in force made by said territories at the time of their admission into the union shall be in force in said states, except as modified or changed by this act or by the constitution of the states, respectively.

SEC. 25. That all acts or parts or acts in conflict with the provisions of this act, whether passed by the legislatures of said territories or by congress, are hereby repealed.

PROCLAMATION BY THE GOVERNOR OF THE TERRITORY OF DAKOTA

By authority in me vested under the provisions of an Act of Congress approved February twenty-second, in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine.

IT IS HEREBY ORDERED, That an election be held throughout the Territory of Dakota at the usual voting place in each precinct on Tuesday, the fourteenth day of May, in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, for the purpose of electing delegates to Constitutional Conventions for the state of South Dakota and North Dakota.

In that portion of the Territory situated north of the seventh standard parallel produced due west to the territorial boundary line the said election shall be held for the purpose of electing seventy-five delegates to a convention, which shall assemble at the City of Bismarck on the fourth day of July, in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, for the purpose of forming a Constitution and State Government which shall be submitted to the electors of that portion of the Territory above designated, on Tuesday, the first day of October, in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, for ratification or rejection, as the Constitution of the State of North Dakota.

For the purpose of electing the delegates hereinbefore mentioned, the following districts have been duly established in pursuance of law, each of which districts shall elect three delegates to said convention at Bismarck, to form a Constitution for the State of North Dakota, viz.:

1. The City of Pembina, and the Townships of Drayton, Lincoln, Joliette, Pembina, Carlisle, Midland, Hamilton, Bathgate, Neche, St. Joseph and Walhalla in the County of Pembina shall constitute the First District.

2. The Townships of Akra, Cavalier, Thingvalla, Park, Lodema, Beaulieu, Gardar, Crystal, Elora and St. Thomas in the County of Pembina, and the Townships of Montrose, Alma and Osnobrock in the County of Cavalier, shall constitute the Second District.

3. The Townships of Olga, Fremont, Loma, Harvey, Hope, Langdon, Linden, Grant School and Cypress, together with all the remaining portion of Cavalier County not hereinbefore specified, and the Counties of Towner, and Rollette shall constitute the Third District.

4. The Counties of Bottineau, McHenry, Pierce, Church, Renville and Ward shall constitute the Fourth District.

5. The Counties of Burleigh, McLean, Mercer, Sheridan, Stevens, Garfield, Mountraille, Williams, Dunn, McKenzie, Wallace, Allred, Buford, Flannery, Hettinger and Bowman shall constitute the Fifth District.

6. The Counties of Morton, Oliver, Stark and Billings shall constitute the Sixth District.

7. The Counties of Emmons, McIntosh, Logan, Kidder, Wells

and all that portion of the County of LaMoure lying west of the west line of Range Sixty-three west, shall constitute the Seventh District.

8. The County of Dickey, and voting precincts numbered three, four, six, seven, eight, twelve, thirteen, fourteen, nineteen and twenty in the County of LaMoure shall constitute the Eighth District.

9. The County of Ransom and all the remaining portion of the County of LaMoure not included in Districts Seven and Eight above described, shall constitute the Ninth District.

10. The County of Sargent and the Townships of Ellendale, Sheyenne, West End, Dexter and Park, in the County of Richland, shall constitute the Tenth District.

11. All the remaining portion of the County of Richland not included in said Tenth District above described, shall constitute the eleventh District.

12. The City of Fargo and the Townships of Fargo, Barnes, Reed and Harwood, in the County of Cass, shall constitute the Twelfth District.

13. The Townships of Pleasant, Stanley, Norman, Warren, Mapleton, Raymond, Berlin, Gardner, Wiser, Noble, Kinyon, Elm River, Francis, Rush River, Harmony, Casselton, Durbin, Addison and Davenport, together with the City of Casselton, in the County of Cass, shall constitute the Thirteenth District.

14. All that portion of the County of Cass not contained in the Twelfth and Thirteenth Districts as above defined, shall constitute the Fourteenth District.

15. The County of Barnes shall constitute the Fifteenth District.

16. The County of Stutsman shall constitute the Sixteenth District.

17. The Counties of Benson, Eddy, Foster and all that portion of Griggs County west of the west line of Range fifty-nine, shall constitute the Seventeenth District.

18. All that portion of the County of Griggs not described in said District Number Seventeen above described, the County of Steele, and the Township of Roseville, including the City of Portland, and the Township of Mayville, including the City of Mayville in the County of Traill, shall constitute the Eighteenth District.

19. All the remaining portion of the County of Traill not described in the said District Number Eighteen, shall constitute the Nineteenth District.

20. The City of Grand Forks and the Townships of Grand Forks, Brenna, Rye, Falconer, Harvey, Ferry, Lakeville, Levant and Turtle River, in the County of Grand Forks, shall constitute the Twentieth District.

21. The Townships of Strabane, Milan, Gilby, Wheatfield, Hegton, Mekinock, Blooming, Arvilla, Chester, Oakville, Avon, Pleasant View, Fairfield, Washington, Union, Allendale, Walle, Michigan, Americus and Bentrue, and the City of Larimore City, in the County of Grand Forks, shall constitute the Twenty-first District.

22. The Townships of Elkmount, Inkster, Oakwood, Agnes, Niagara, Elm Grove, Moraine, Larimore, Logan, Grace, Lovetta,

Lind and Northwood, in the County of Grand Forks, and the County of Nelson, shall constitute the Twenty-second District.

23. The County of Ramsey shall constitute the Twenty-third District.

24. All that portion of the County of Walsh, east of the east line of Range fifty-four, shall constitute the Twenty-fourth District.

25. All that remaining portion of the County of Walsh not described in the said District Number Twenty-four, above designated, shall constitute the Twenty-fifth District.

IT IS FURTHER ORDERED, That on Tuesday, the fourteenth day of May, in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, an election shall be held at the usual voting place in each election precinct in all that portion of the Territory of Dakota situated south of the Seventh Standard Parallel produced due west to the boundary line of said Territory for the purpose of electing seventy-five delegates to a Constitutional Convention for the State of South Dakota, and at the election thus provided each elector may have printed or written on his ballot the words, "For the Sioux Falls Constitution," or the words, "Against the Sioux Falls Constitution," the votes on which question shall be duly returned and canvassed.

The convention of delegates so chosen shall assemble at the City of Sioux Falls on the fourth day of July in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, and in case the majority of votes cast at the preceding election shall have been "For the Sioux Falls Constitution," such convention shall re-submit for ratification or rejection, the said Sioux Falls Constitution, at an election to be held on Tuesday, the first day of October, in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine, and shall also re-submit the articles and propositions separately submitted at the election whereby said Constitution was ratified, including the temporary location of capital, together with such changes of said Constitution only as relate to the name and boundary of the State of Dakota, the re-apportionment of the Judicial and Legislative Districts, and such amendments as may be necessary to comply with the act of congress hereinbefore mentioned; but if a majority of the votes shall have been cast "Against the Sioux Falls Constitution" at the election on the fourteenth day of May aforesaid, then the convention shall proceed to form a Constitution and State Government, to be submitted to the electors of the said State of South Dakota, for ratification or rejection, at an election to be held for that purpose, on Tuesday, the first day of October, in the year eighteen hundred and eighty-nine.

For the purpose of electing the aforesaid delegates the following districts have been duly established, pursuant to law, each of which districts shall elect three delegates to the Constitutional Convention of the State of South Dakota, viz.:

1. The Counties of Pennington, Custer and Fall River shall constitute the First District.

2. The precincts comprised of the First, Second, Third and Fourth Wards of the City of Deadwood respectively, together with the precincts of Lead City, South Lead, Terraville, Gayville, Central City, Golden Gate, Carbonate, Bald Mountain, Portland, Ruby Basin, Woodville, Spearfish, Reed's, Crow Peak, Crow Creek and Bear Gulch, all in the County of Lawrence, shall constitute the Second District.

3. All that portion of the County of Lawrence not above specified as constituting the Second District, together with the Counties of Butte, Burdick, Ewing and Harding shall constitute the Third District.

4. The Counties of Roberts, Grant and Duell shall constitute the Fourth District.

5. The Counties of Marshall and Day shall comprise the Fifth District.

6. The voting precincts of Palmyra, Osceola, Savo, Liberty, Portage, Allison, Frederick, Greenfield, Lansing, Detroit, Oneota, Brainerd, Shelby, Carlisle, Westport, Columbia and Claremont, in the County of Brown, together with the Counties of McPherson and Campbell shall constitute the Sixth District.

7. All that portion of the County of Brown not included in District Number Six above described, shall constitute the Seventh District.

8. The Counties of Walworth, Edmunds and Faulk shall constitute the Eighth District.

9. The County of Spink shall constitute the Ninth District.

10. The Counties of Potter, Sully, Hughes and Hyde shall constitute the Tenth District.

11. The Counties of Hand, Buffalo and Jerauld shall constitute the Eleventh District.

12. The Counties of Aurora and Brule shall constitute the Twelfth District.

13. The County of Beadle and that portion of the County of Sanborn lying east of the west line of Range Sixty shall constitute the Thirteenth District.

14. The County of Clark and that portion of the County of Kingsbury lying west of the west line of Range Fifty-five, and Township One Hundred and Nine, and One Hundred and Ten, Range Fifty-five, in said County of Kingsbury shall constitute the Fourteenth District.

15. The Counties of Codington and Hamlin shall constitute the Fifteenth District.

16. The County of Brookings and that portion of the County of Kingsbury not included in District Number Fourteen above described shall constitute the Sixteenth District.

17. The Counties of Miner and Lake shall constitute the Seventeenth District.

18. The County of Moody and all the portion of Minnehaha County lying north of the north line of Township one hundred and one, shall constitute the Eighteenth District.

19. All that portion of Minnehaha County not included in District Number Eighteen as above described, shall constitute the Nineteenth District.

20. The County of Lincoln and that portion of the County of Turner lying east of the west line of Range Fifty-three, shall constitute the Twentieth District.

21. The Counties of Clay and Union shall constitute the Twenty-first District.

22. The County of Yankton and that portion of the County of Hutchinson lying east of the west line of Range Fifty-eight, except that part of Milltown Precinct Number Eight, contained therein, shall constitute the Twenty-second District.

23. The Counties of Charles Mix, Bon Homme, and all that portion of the County of Hutchinson not included in District Number Twenty-two above described, shall constitute the Twenty-third District.

24. The Counties of Davison and Douglas, and all that portion of the County of Sanborn not included in District Number Thirteen, above described, shall constitute the Twenty-fourth District.

25. The Counties of Hanson and McCook, and all that portion of the County of Turner not included in District Number Twenty, above described, shall constitute the Twenty-fifth District.

At the election herein provided to elect delegates to the Constitutional Conventions for the States of South Dakota and North Dakota, no elector shall vote for more than two persons for delegates to such conventions.

All persons resident in the Territory of Dakota, who by the laws of said Territory are qualified to vote for representatives to the Legislative Assemblies thereof, are competent to vote for and choose such delegates to the Constitutional Conventions herein specified.

The qualifications for delegates to the conventions to be thus formed are such as persons are required to possess by the laws of Dakota Territory in order to be eligible to membership to the Legislative Assemblies thereof.

The said elections shall be conducted, and the votes cast for delegates in each precinct returned in the manner prescribed by the laws for the election of delegates to Congress.

Every voting precinct within the Territory of Dakota, which is not herein specifically assigned for the purpose of the election of delegates shall be and is hereby constituted a part of the district herein designated within which such precinct is wholly or most largely geographically located.

[GREAT SEAL.]

IN TESTIMONY WHEREOF, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the Great Seal of the Territory of Dakota to be affixed, at Bismarck, the Capital, on this Fifteenth day of April, in the year of our Lord, One Thousand Eight Hundred and Eighty-Nine.

ARTHUR C. MELLETTE,
Governor.

By the Governor:
L. B. Richardson, Secretary.

TERRITORY OF DAKOTA,
EXECUTIVE OFFICE,
BISMARCK, JUNE 20, 1889.

Be it known that on the fourteenth day of May, Eighteen Hundred and Eighty-nine, at an election held throughout the Territory of Dakota, according to the provisions of an Act of congress approved February twenty-second, Eighteen hundred and Eighty-nine, the following named delegates were duly elected as members of the Constitutional Convention for the State of North Dakota, viz:

First District.
H. L. Holmes.

R. B. Richardson.

W. D. Best.

John McBride.	<i>Second District.</i>	Joseph Powles.
	A. F. Appleton.	
C. P. Parsons.	<i>Third District.</i>	B. R. Glick.
	P. McHugh.	
V. B. Noble.	<i>Fourth District.</i>	Ezra Turner.
	Joseph L. Colton.	
Harvey Harris.	<i>Fifth District.</i>	John E. Carland.
	E. A. Williams.	
A. W. Hoyt.	<i>Sixth District.</i>	A. S. Parsons.
	Wm. Ray.	
George H. Fay.	<i>Seventh District.</i>	Charles V. Brown.
	James B. Gayton.	
William H. Rowe.	<i>Eighth District.</i>	Lorenzo D. Bartlett.
	Alexander D. Flemington.	
Reuben N. Stevens.	<i>Ninth District.</i>	Samuel H. Moer.
	Andrew Sandager.	
John Powers.	<i>Tenth District.</i>	John Shuman.
	J. D. McKenzie.	
W. S. Lauder.	<i>Eleventh District.</i>	W. E. Purcell.
	Andrew Slotten.	
B. F. Spalding.	<i>Twelfth District.</i>	Jacob Lowell.
	H. F. Miller.	
R. M. Pollock.	<i>Thirteenth District.</i>	H. M. Peterson.
	Addison Leech.	
W. J. Clapp.	<i>Fourteenth District.</i>	Enos Gray.
	E. W. Chaffee.	
Elmer Elliott.	<i>Fifteenth District.</i>	Jay Wellwood.
	John W. Scott.	
F. B. Fancher.	<i>Sixteenth District.</i>	Andrew Blewett.
	E. W. Camp.	
H. M. Clark.	<i>Seventeenth District.</i>	E. S. Rolfe.
	O. G. Meacham.	
E. M. Paulson.	<i>Eighteenth District.</i>	David Bartlett.
	E. D. Wallace.	
J. W. Selby.	<i>Nineteenth District.</i>	M. F. Hegge.
	Knud J. Nomland.	

	<i>Twentieth District.</i>	
	Wm. Budge.	
Richard Bennett.		Alexander Griggs.
	<i>Twenty-first District.</i>	
	Charles Carothers.	
Arne P. Haugen.		J. H. Mathews.
	<i>Twenty-second District.</i>	
	M. N. Johnson.	
M. V. Lindwell.		T. W. Bean.
	<i>Twenty-third District.</i>	
	A. O. Whipple.	
Edward Lohnes.		James F. O'Brien.
	<i>Twenty-fourth District.</i>	
	A. D. Robertson.	
M. K. Marrinan.		James Bell.
	<i>Twenty-fifth District.</i>	
	Roger Allen.	
John Almen.		J. A. Douglass.
And that the following named persons were on that date duly elected members of the Constitutional Convention for the State of South Dakota.		
	<i>Fifth District.</i>	
	Valentine V. McGillicuddy.	
Sanford Parker.		Chauncey L. Wood.
	<i>Second District.</i>	
	Dighton Corson.	
William S. O'Brien.		Charles M. Thomas.
	<i>Third District.</i>	
	S. A. Wheeler.	
John Scollard.		Thomas W. Thompson.
	<i>Fourth District.</i>	
	William McCustick.	
Henry Neill.		C. R. Wescott.
	<i>Fifth District.</i>	
	Wm. Cook.	
W. G. Dickinson.		Geo. H. Culver.
	<i>Sixth District.</i>	
	Martin R. Henninger.	
Lyman T. Boucher.		Harry T. Craig.
	<i>Seventh District.</i>	
	William Stoddard.	
Mathew P. Stroupe.		S. F. Brott.
	<i>Eighth District.</i>	
	H. A. Humphrey.	
J. G. Davies.		Peter Couchman.
	<i>Ninth District.</i>	
	Thomas Sterling.	
J. F. Wood.		T. W. P. Lee.
	<i>Tenth District.</i>	
	John F. Whitlock.	
David Hall.		Albert Hall.
	<i>Eleventh District.</i>	
	C. G. Hartley.	
S. F. Huntley.		R. C. Anderson.

the expenses of said conventions, except to Dakota, for which the sum of \$40,000 is so appropriated, \$20,000 each to South Dakota and North Dakota, and for the payment of the members thereof, under the same rules and regulations and at the same rates as are now provided by law for the payment of the territorial legislatures. Any money hereby appropriated not necessary for such purpose shall be covered into the treasury of the United States.

SEC. 21. That each of said states, when admitted as aforesaid, shall constitute one judicial district, the names thereof to be the same as the names of the states, respectively; and the circuit and district courts herefor shall be held at the capital of such state for the time being, and each of said districts shall, for judicial purposes, until otherwise provided, be attached to the English judicial circuit, except Washington and Montana, which shall be attached to the Ninth judicial circuit. There shall be appointed for each of said districts one district judge, one United States attorney, and one United States marshal. The judge of each of said districts shall receive a yearly salary of \$3,500, payable in four equal installments, on the first days of January, April, July and October of each year, and shall reside in the district. There shall be appointed clerks of said courts in each district, who shall keep their offices at the capital of said state. The regular terms of said courts shall be held in each district, at the place aforesaid, on the first Monday in April and the first Monday in November of each year, and only one grand jury and one petit jury shall be summoned in both said circuit and district courts. The circuit and district courts for each of said districts and the judges thereof, respectively, shall possess the same powers and jurisdiction, and perform the same duties required to be performed by the other circuit and district courts and judges of the United States, and shall be governed by the same laws and regulations. The marshal, district attorney and clerks of the circuit and district courts of each of said districts, and all other officers and persons performing duties in the administration of justice therein, shall severally possess the powers and perform the duties lawfully possessed and required to be performed by similar officers in other districts of the United States; and shall, for the services they may perform, receive the fees and compensation allowed by law to other similar officers and persons performing similar duties in the state of Nebraska.

SEC. 22. In all cases of appeal or writ of error heretofore prosecuted and now pending in the supreme court of the United States upon any record from the supreme court of either of the territories mentioned in this act, or that may hereafter lawfully be prosecuted upon any record from either of said courts, may be heard and determined by said supreme court of the United States. And the mandate of execution or of further proceedings shall be directed by the supreme court of the United States to the circuit or district court hereby established within the state succeeding the territory from which such record is or may be pending, or to the supreme court of such state, as the nature of the case may require; provided, that the mandate of execution or of further proceedings shall, in cases arising in the territory of Dakota, be directed by the supreme court of the United States to the circuit or district court of the district of South Dakota, or to the supreme court of South Dakota; or to the circuit or district court of the district of

North Dakota, or to the supreme court of the territory of North Dakota, as the nature of the case may require. And each of the circuit, district and state courts herein named shall, respectively, be the successor of the supreme court of the territory, as to all such cases arising within the limits embraced within the jurisdiction of such courts respectively, with full power to proceed with the same, and award mesne or final process therein; and that from all judgments and decrees of the supreme court of either of the territories of any of the proposed states prior to admission, the parties to such judgment shall have the same right to prosecute appeals and writs of error to the supreme court of the United States as they shall have had by law prior to the admission of said state into the union.

SEC. 23. That in respect to all cases, proceedings and matters now pending in the supreme or district courts of either of the territories mentioned in this act at the time of the admission into the union of either of the states mentioned in this act, and arising within the limits of any such state, whereof the circuit or district courts by this act established might have had jurisdiction under the laws of the United States had such courts existed at the time of the commencement of such cases, the said circuit and district courts, respectively, shall be the successors of said supreme and district courts of said territory; and in respect to all other cases, proceedings and matters pending in the supreme or district courts of any of the territories mentioned in this act at the time of the admission of such territory into the union, arising within the limits of said proposed state, the courts established by such state shall, respectively, be the successors of said supreme and district territorial courts; and all the files, records, indictments and proceedings relating to any such cases shall be transferred to such circuit, district and state courts, respectively, and the same shall be proceeded with therein in due course of law; but no writ, action, indictment, cause or proceeding now pending, or that prior to the admission of any of the states mentioned in this act shall be pending in any territorial court in any of the territories mentioned in this act, shall abate by the admission of any such state into the union, but the same shall be transferred and proceeded with in the proper United States circuit, district or state court as the case may be; provided, however, that in all civil actions, causes and proceedings in which the United States is not a party, transfers shall not be made to the circuit and district courts of the United States except upon written request of one of the parties to such action or proceeding filed in the proper court; and in the absence of such request, such cases shall be proceeded with in the proper state courts.

SEC. 24. That the constitutional conventions may, by ordinance, provide for the election of officers for full state governments, including members of the legislatures and representatives in the fifty-first congress; but said state government shall remain in abeyance until the states shall be admitted to the union, respectively, as provided in this act. In case the constitution of any of said proposed states shall be ratified by the people, but not otherwise, the legislature thereof may assemble, organize, and elect two senators of the United States, and the governor and secretary of state of such proposed State shall certify the election of the senators

STATE CONSTITUTION

[Adopted Oct. 1, 1889; yeas, 27,441; nays, 8,107.]

We, the people of North Dakota, grateful to Almighty God for the blessings of civil and religious liberty, do ordain and establish this constitution.

Article 1.—Declaration of Rights.

SECTION 1. All men are by nature equally free and independent and have certain inalienable rights, among which are those of enjoying and defending life and liberty, acquiring, possessing and protecting property and reputation; and pursuing and obtaining safety and happiness.

SEC. 2. All political power is inherent in the people. Government is instituted for the protection, security and benefit of the people, and they have a right to alter or reform the same whenever the public good may require.

SEC. 3. The state of North Dakota is an inseparable part of the American union and the constitution of the United States is the supreme law of the land.

SEC. 4. The free exercise and enjoyment of religious profession and worship, without discrimination or preference, shall be forever guaranteed in this state, and no person shall be rendered incompetent to be a witness or juror on account of his opinion on matters of religious belief; but the liberty of conscience hereby secured shall not be construed as to excuse acts of licentiousness, or justify practices inconsistent with the peace or safety of this state.

SEC. 5. The privilege of the writ of habeas corpus shall not be suspended unless, when in case of rebellion or invasion, the public safety may require.

SEC. 6. All persons shall be bailable by sufficient sureties, unless for capital offenses, when the proof is evident or the presumption great. Excessive bail shall not be required, nor excessive fine imposed, nor shall cruel or unusual punishments be inflicted. Witnesses shall not be unreasonably detained, nor be confined in any room where criminals are actually imprisoned.

SEC. 7. The right of trial by jury shall be secured to all, and remain inviolate; but a jury in civil cases, in courts not of record, may consist of less than twelve men, as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 8. Until otherwise provided by law, no person shall, for a felony, be proceeded against criminally, otherwise than by indictment, except in cases arising in the land of naval forces, or in the militia when in actual service in time of war or public danger. In all other cases offenses shall be prosecuted criminally by indictment or information. The legislative assembly may change, regulate or abolish the grand jury system.

SEC. 9. Every man may freely write, speak and publish his opinions on all subjects, being responsible for the abuse of that privilege. In all civil and criminal trials for libel the truth may be given in evidence, and shall be sufficient defense when the matter is published with good motives and for justifiable ends; and the jury shall have the same power of giving a general verdict as in other cases; and in all indictments or informations for libels the jury shall have the right to determine the law and the facts under the direction of the court, as in other cases.

SEC. 10. The citizens have a right, in a peaceable manner, to assemble together for the common good, and to apply to those invested with the powers of the government for the redress of grievances, or for other purposes, by petition, address or remonstrance.

SEC. 11. All laws of a general nature shall have a uniform operation.

SEC. 12. The military shall be subordinate to the civil power. No standing army shall be maintained by this state in time of peace, and no soldiers shall, in time of peace, be quartered in any house without the consent of the owner; nor in time of war, except in the manner prescribed by law.

SEC. 13. In criminal prosecutions in any court whatever, the party accused shall have the right to a speedy and public trial; to have the process of the court to compel the attendance of witnesses in his behalf; and to appear and defend in person and with counsel. No person shall be twice put in jeopardy for the same offense, nor be compelled in any criminal case to be a witness against himself, nor be deprived of life, liberty or property without due process of law.

SEC. 14. Private property shall not be taken or damaged for public use without just compensation having been first made, or paid into court for the owner and no right of way shall be appropriated to the use of any corporation, other than municipal, until full compensation therefor be first made in money or ascertained and paid into court for the owner, irrespective of any benefit from any improvement proposed by such corporation, which compensation shall be ascertained by a jury, unless a jury be waived.

SEC. 15. No person shall be imprisoned for debt unless upon refusal to deliver up his estate for the benefit of his creditors, in such manner as shall be prescribed by law; or in case of tort; or where there is strong presumption of fraud.

SEC. 16. No bill of attained, ex post facto law, or law impairing the obligations of contracts shall ever be passed.

SEC. 17. Neither slavery nor involuntary servitude, unless for the punishment of crime, shall ever be tolerated in this state.

SEC. 18. The right of the people to be secure in their persons, houses, papers and effects, against unreasonable searches and seizures, shall not be violated, and no warrant shall issue but upon probable cause, supported by oath or affirmation, particularly describing the place to be searched and the persons and things to be seized.

SEC. 19. Treason against the state shall consist only in levying war against it, adhering to its enemies or giving them aid and comfort. No person shall be convicted of treason unless on the

evidence of two witnesses to the same overt act, or confession in open court.

SEC. 20. No special privileges or immunities shall ever be granted which may not be altered, revoked or repealed by the legislative assembly; nor shall any citizen or class of citizens be granted privileges or immunities which upon the same terms shall not be granted to all citizens.

SEC. 21. The provisions of this constitution are mandatory and prohibitory unless, by express words, they are declared to be otherwise.

SEC. 22. All courts shall be open and every man for any injury done him in his lands, goods, person or reputation shall have remedy by due process of law, and right and justice administered without sale, denial or delay. Suits may be brought against the state in such manner, in such courts and in such cases as the legislative assembly may, by law, direct.

SEC. 23. Every citizen of this state shall be free to obtain employment wherever possible, and any person, corporation, or agent thereof, maliciously interfering or hindering in any way, any citizen from obtaining or enjoying employment already obtained, from any corporation or person, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

SEC. 24. To guard against transgressions of the high powers which we have delegated, we declare that everything in this article is excepted out of the general powers of government and shall forever remain inviolate.

ARTICLE II.—Legislative Department.

SEC. 25. The legislative power shall be vested in a senate and house of representatives.

SEC. 26. The senate shall be composed of not less than thirty nor more than fifty members.

SEC. 27. Senators shall be elected for the term of four years, except as hereinafter provided.

SEC. 28. No person shall be a senator who is not a qualified elector in the district in which he may be chosen, and who shall not have attained the age of twenty-five years, and have been a resident of the state or territory for two years next preceeding his election.

SEC. 29. The legislative assembly shall fix the number of senators, and divide the state into as many senatorial districts as there are senators, which districts, as nearly as may be, shall be equal to each other in the number of inhabitants entitled to representation. Each district shall be entitled to one senator and no more, and shall be composed of compact and contiguous territory; and no portion of any county attached to any other county, or part thereof, so as to form a district. The districts as thus ascertained and determined shall continue until changed by law.

SEC. 30. The senatorial districts shall be numbered consecutively from one upwards, according to the number of districts prescribed, and the senators shall be divided into two classes. Those elected in the districts designated by even numbers shall constitute one class, and those elected in districts designated by odd numbers shall constitute the other class. The senators in one class elected in the year 1890 shall hold their office for two years, those of the other class shall hold their office four years, and the determination

of the two classes shall be by lot, so that one-half of the senators, as nearly as practicable, may be elected biennially.

SEC. 31. The senate at the beginning and close of each regular session, and at such other times as may be necessary, shall elect one of its members president pro tempore, who may take the place of the lieutenant governor under rules prescribed by law.

SEC. 32. The house of representatives shall be composed of not less than sixty nor more than one hundred and forty members.

SEC. 33. Representatives shall be elected for the term of two years.

SEC. 34. No person shall be a representative who is not a qualified elector in the district from which he may be chosen, and who shall not have attained the age of twenty-one years, and have been a resident of the state or territory for two years next preceding his election.

SEC. 35. The members of the house of representatives shall be apportioned to and elected at large from each senatorial district. The legislative assembly shall, in the year 1895, and every tenth year, cause an enumeration to be made of all the inhabitants of this state; and shall at its first regular session after each such enumeration, and also after each federal census, proceed to fix by law the number of senators which shall constitute the senate of North Dakota, and the number of representatives which shall constitute the house of representatives of North Dakota, within the limits prescribed by this constitution, and at the same session shall proceed to reapportion the state into senatorial districts, as prescribed by this constitution, and to fix the number of members of the house of representatives to be elected from the several senatorial districts; provided, that the legislative assembly may, at any regular session, redistrict the state into senatorial districts and apportion the senators and representatives respectively.

SEC. 36. The house of representatives shall elect one of its members as speaker.

SEC. 37. No judge or clerk of any court, secretary of state, attorney general, register of deeds, sheriff or person holding any office of profit under this state, except in the militia, or the office of attorney at law, notary public or justice of the peace, and no person holding any office of profit or honor under any foreign government, or under the government of the United States, except postmasters whose annual compensation does not exceed the sum of \$300, shall hold any office in either branch of the legislative assembly or become a member thereof.

SEC. 38. No member of the legislative assembly expelled for corruption, and no person convicted of bribery, perjury or other infamous crime, shall be eligible to the legislative assembly, or to any office in either branch thereof.

SEC. 39. No member of the legislative assembly shall, during the term for which he was elected, be appointed or elected to any civil office in this state, which shall have been created, or the emoluments of which shall have been increased, during the term for which he was elected; nor shall any member receive any civil appointment from the governor, or governor and senate, during the term for which he shall have been elected.

SEC. 40. If any person elected to either house of the legislative assembly shall offer or promise to give his vote or influence in

favor of, or against, any measure or proposition pending or proposed to be introduced into the legislative assembly, in consideration, or upon conditions, that any other person elected to the same legislative assembly will give, or will promise or assent to give, his vote or influence in favor of or against any other measure or proposition pending or proposed to be introduced into such legislative assembly, the person making such offer or promise shall be deemed guilty of solicitation of bribery. If any member of the legislative assembly shall give his vote or influence for or against any measure or proposition, pending or proposed to be introduced into such legislative assembly, or offer, promise or assent to do upon condition that any other member will give, promise or assent to give his vote or influence in favor of or against any other such measure or proposition pending or proposed to be introduced into such legislative assembly, or in consideration that any other member hath given his vote or influence for or against any other measure or proposition in such legislative assembly, he shall be deemed guilty of bribery. And any person, member of the legislative assembly or person elected thereto, who shall be guilty of either such offenses, shall be expelled, and shall not thereafter be eligible to the legislative assembly, and on the conviction thereof, in the civil courts, shall be liable to such further penalty as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 41. The term of service of the members of the legislative assembly shall begin on the first Tuesday in January, next after their election.

SEC. 42. The members of the legislative assembly shall in all cases except treason, felony and breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at the sessions of their respective houses, and in going to or returning from the same. For words used in any speech or debate in either house, they shall not be questioned in any other place.

SEC. 43. Any member who has a personal or private interest in any measure or bill proposed or pending before the legislative assembly, shall disclose the fact to the house of which he is a member and shall not vote thereon without the consent of the house.

SEC. 44. The governor shall issue writs of election to fill such vacancies as may occur in either house of the legislative assembly.

SEC. 45. Each member of the legislative assembly shall receive as a compensation for his services for each session, five dollars per day, and ten cents for every mile of necessary travel in going to and returning from the place of the meeting of the legislative assembly on the most usual route.

SEC. 46. A majority of the members of each house shall constitute a quorum, but a smaller number may adjourn from day to day, and may compel the attendance of absent members in such a manner and under such a penalty as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 47. Each house shall be the judge of the election returns and the qualifications of its own members.

SEC. 48. Each house shall have the power to determine the rules of proceeding, and punish its members or other persons for contempt or disorderly behavior in its presence; to protect its members against violence or offers of bribes or private solicitation, and with the concurrence of two-thirds, to expel a member; and

shall have all other powers necessary and usual in the legislative assembly of a free state. But no imprisonment by either house shall continue beyond thirty days. Punishment for contempt or disorderly behavior shall not bar a criminal prosecution for the same offense.

SEC. 49. Each house shall keep a journal of its proceedings, and the yeas and nays on any question shall be taken and entered on the journal at the request of one-sixth of those present.

SEC. 50. The sessions of each house and of the committee of the whole shall be open unless the business is such as ought to be kept secret.

SEC. 51. Neither house shall, without the consent of the other, adjourn for more than three days nor to any other place other than that in which the two houses shall be sitting, except in the case of epidemic, pestilence or other great danger.

SEC. 52. The senate and house of representatives jointly shall be designated as the legislative assembly of the state of North Dakota.

SEC. 53. The legislative assembly shall meet at the seat of government at 12 o'clock noon on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in January, in the year next following the election of the members thereof.

SEC. 54. In all elections to be made by the legislative assembly, or either house thereof, the members shall vote viva voce, and their votes shall be entered in the journal.

SEC. 55. The sessions of the legislative assembly shall be biennial, except as otherwise provided in this constitution.

SEC. 56. No regular session of the legislative assembly shall exceed sixty days, except in case of impeachment, but the first session of the legislative assembly may continue for a period of one hundred and twenty days.

SEC. 57. Any bill may originate in either house of the legislative assembly, and a bill passed by one house may be amended by the other.

SEC. 58. No law shall be passed, except by a bill adopted by both houses, and no bill shall be altered and amended on its passage through either house as to change its original purpose.

SEC. 59. The enacting clause of every law shall be as follows: "Be it enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota."

SEC. 60. No bill for the appropriation of money, except for the expenses of the government, shall be introduced after the fortieth day of the session, except by unanimous consent of the house in which it is sought to be introduced.

SEC. 61. No bill shall embrace more than one subject, which shall be expressed in its title, but a bill which violates this provision shall be invalidated thereby only as to so much thereof as shall not be so expressed.

SEC. 62. The general appropriation bill shall embrace nothing but appropriations for the expenses of the executive, legislative and judicial departments of the state, interest on the public debt and for public schools. All other appropriations shall be made by separate bills, each embracing but one subject.

SEC. 63. Every bill shall be read through several times, but the first and second readings, and those only, may be upon the

same day; and the second reading may be by title of the bill unless a reading at length be demanded. The first and third readings shall be at length. No legislative day shall be shorter than the natural day.

SEC. 64. No bill shall be revised or amended, nor the provisions thereof extended or incorporated in any other bill by reference to its title only, but so much thereof as is revised, amended or extended or so incorporated shall be re-enacted and published at length.

SEC. 65. No bill shall become a law except by a vote of a majority of all the members-elect in each house, nor unless, on its final passage, the vote be taken by yeas and nays, and the names of those voting be entered on the journal.

SEC. 66. The presiding officer of each house shall, in the presence of the house over which he presides, sign all bills and joint resolutions passed by the legislative assembly; immediately before such signing their title shall be publicly read and the fact of signing shall be at once entered on the journal.

SEC. 67. No act of the legislative assembly shall take effect until July 1, after the close of the session, unless in case of emergency (which shall be expressed in the preamble or body of the act) the legislative assembly shall, by a vote of two-thirds of all the members present in each house, otherwise direct.

SEC. 68. The legislative assembly shall pass all laws necessary to carry into effect the provisions of this constitution.

SEC. 69. The legislative assembly shall not pass local or special laws in any of the following enumerated cases, that is to say:

1. For granting divorces.
2. Laying out, opening, altering, or working roads or highways, vacating roads, town plats, streets, alleys or public grounds.
3. Locating or changing county seats.
4. Regulating county or township affairs.
5. Regulating the practice of courts of justice.
6. Regulating the jurisdiction and duties of justices of the peace, police magistrates or constables.
7. Changing the rules of evidence in any trial or inquiry.
8. Providing for change of venue in civil or criminal cases.
9. Declaring any person of age.
10. For limitation of civil actions, or giving effect to informal or invalid deeds.
11. Summoning or impaneling grand or petit juries.
12. Providing for the management of common schools.
13. Regulating the rate of interest on money.
14. The opening or conducting of any election or designating the place of voting.
15. The sale or mortgage of real estate belonging to minors or others under disability.
16. Chartering or licensing ferries, toll bridges or toll roads.
17. Remitting fines, penalties or forfeitures.
18. Creating, increasing or decreasing fees, percentages or allowances of public officers.
19. Changing the law of descent.
20. Granting to any corporation, association or individual the right to lay down railroad tracks or any special or exclusive privilege, immunity or franchise whatever.

21. For the punishment of crimes.
22. Changing the names of persons or places.
23. For the assessment or collection of taxes.
24. Affecting estates of deceased persons, minors or others under legal disabilities.
25. Extending the time for collection of taxes.
26. Refunding money into the state treasury.
27. Relinquishing or extinguishing in whole or in part the indebtedness, liability or obligation of any corporation or person to this state or to any municipal corporation therein.
28. Legalizing, except as against the state, the unauthorized or invalid act of any officer.
29. Exempting property from taxation.
30. Restoring to citizenship persons convicted of infamous crimes.
31. Authorizing the creation, extension or impairing of liens.
32. Creating offices, or prescribing the powers or duties of officers in counties, cities, township, election or school districts, or authorizing the adoption or legitimation of children.
33. Incorporation of cities, town or villages, or changing or amending the charter of any town, city or village.
34. Providing for the election of members of the board of supervisors in townships, incorporated towns or cities.
35. The protection of game or fish.

SEC. 70. In all other cases where a general law can be made applicable, no special law shall be enacted; nor shall the legislative assembly indirectly enact such special or local law by the partial repeal of a general law, but laws repealing local or special acts may be passed.

ARTICLE III.—Executive Department.

SEC. 71. The executive power shall be vested in a governor, who shall reside at the seat of government and shall hold his office for the term of two years and until his successor is elected and duly qualified.

SEC. 72. A lieutenant governor shall be elected at the same time and for the same term as governor. In case of the death, impeachment, resignation, failure to qualify, absence from the state, removal from office, or the disability of the governor, the powers and duties of the office, for the residue of the term, or until he shall be acquitted or the disability removed, shall devolve upon the lieutenant governor.

SEC. 73. No person shall be eligible to the office of governor or lieutenant governor unless he be a citizen of the United States, and a qualified elector of the state, who shall have attained the age of thirty years, and who shall have resided five years next preceding election within the state or territory, nor shall he be eligible to any other office during the term for which he shall have been elected.

SEC. 74. The governor and lieutenant governor shall be elected by the qualified electors for the state at the time and places of choosing members of the legislative assembly. The persons having the highest number of votes for governor and lieutenant governor respectively shall be declared elected, but if two or more shall have an equal and highest number of votes for governor or lieutenant governor, the two houses of the legislative assembly at its next

regular session shall forthwith, by joint ballot, choose one of such persons for said office. The returns of the election for governor and lieutenant governor shall be made in such manner as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 75. The governor shall be commander-in-chief of the military and naval forces of the state, except when they shall be called into the service of the United States, and may call out the same to execute the laws, suppress insurrection and repel invasion. He shall have power to convene the legislative assembly on extraordinary occasions. He shall at the commencement of each session communicate to the legislative assembly by message, information of the condition of the state, and recommend such measures as he shall deem expedient. He shall transact all necessary business with the officers of the government, civil and military. He shall expedite all such measures as may be resolved upon by the legislative assembly and shall take care that the laws be faithfully executed.

SEC. 76. The governor shall have power to remit fines and forfeitures, to grant reprieve, commutations and pardons after conviction, for all offenses except treason and cases of impeachment; but the legislative assembly may by law regulate the manner in which the remission of fines, pardons, commutations and reprieves may be applied for. Upon conviction of treason he shall have power to suspend the execution of sentence until the case shall be reported to the legislative assembly at its next regular session, when the legislative assembly shall either pardon or commute the sentence, direct the execution of the sentence or grant further reprieve. He shall communicate to the legislative assembly at each regular session each case of remission of fine, reprieve, commutation, or pardon granted by him, stating the name of the convict, the crime for which he is convicted, the sentence and its date, and the date of the remission, commutation, pardon or reprieve, with his reasons for granting the same.

Note.—This section amended by Article 3, Amendments to the Constitution.

SEC. 77. The lieutenant governor shall be president of the senate, but shall have no vote unless they be equally divided. If, during a vacancy in the office of governor, the lieutenant governor shall be impeached, displaced, resign or die, or from mental or physical disease, or otherwise become incapable of performing the duties of his office, the secretary of state shall act as governor until the vacancy shall be filled or the disability removed.

SEC. 78. When any office shall from any cause become vacant, and no mode is provided by the constitution or law for filling such vacancy, the governor shall have the power to fill such vacancy by appointment.

SEC. 79. Every bill which shall have passed the legislative assembly shall, before it becomes a law, be presented to the governor. If he approves, he shall sign, but if not, he shall return it with his objections, to the house in which it originated, which shall enter his objections at large upon the journal, and proceed to reconsider it. If, after such reconsideration, two-thirds of the members-elect shall agree to pass the bill, it shall be sent, together with the objections, to the other house, by which it shall likewise be reconsidered, and if it be approved by two-thirds of the members-

elect, it shall become a law; but in all such cases the vote of both houses shall be determined by the yeas and nays, and the names of the members voting for and against the bill shall be entered upon the journal of each house respectively. If any bill shall not be returned by the governor within three days (Sundays excepted) after it shall have been presented to him, the same shall be a law unless the legislative assembly, by its adjournment, prevent its return, in which case it shall be law unless he shall file the same with his objections in the office of the secretary of state within fifteen days after such adjournment.

SEC. 80. The governor shall have power to disapprove of any item or items or part or parts of any bill making appropriations of money or property embracing distinct items, and the part or parts of the bill approved shall be the law, and the item or items and part or parts disapproved shall be void, unless enacted in the following manner: If the legislative assembly be in session he shall transmit to the house in which the bill originated a copy of the item or items, or part or parts thereof disapproved, together with his objections thereto, and the items or parts objected to shall be separately reconsidered, and each item or part shall then take the same course as is prescribed for the passage of bills over the executive veto.

SEC. 81. Any governor of this state who asks, receives or agrees to receive, any bribe upon any understanding that his official opinion, judgment or action, shall be influenced thereby, or who gives or offers, or promises his official influence in consideration that any member of the legislative assembly shall give his official vote or influence on any particular side of any question or matter upon which may be required to act in his official capacity, or who menaces any member by the threatened use of his veto power, or who offers or promises any member that he, the said governor, will appoint any particular person or persons to any office created or thereafter created, in consideration that any member shall give his official vote or influence on any matter pending or thereafter to be introduced into either house of said legislative assembly, or who threatens any members that he, the said governor, will remove any person or persons from office or position, with intent in any manner to influence the action of said member, shall be punished in the manner now, or that may hereafter be provided by law, and upon conviction thereof shall forfeit all right to hold or exercise any office of trust or honor in this state.

SEC. 82. There shall be chosen by the qualified electors of the state, at the times and places of choosing members of the legislative assembly, a secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, superintendent of public instruction, commissioner of insurance, three commissioners of railroads, an attorney general and one commissioner of agriculture and labor, who shall have attained the age of twenty-five years, shall be citizens of the United States, and shall have the qualifications of state electors. They shall severally hold their offices at the seat of government, for the term of two years and until their successors are elected and duly qualified, but no person shall be eligible to the office of treasurer for more than two consecutive terms.

SEC. 83. The powers and duties of the secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, superintendent of public instruction, commissioner

of insurance, commissioners of railroads, attorney general and commissioner of agriculture and labor shall be as prescribed by law.

SEC. 84. Until otherwise provided by law, the governor shall receive an annual salary of three thousand dollars; the lieutenant governor shall receive an annual salary of one thousand dollars; the secretary of state, auditor, treasurer, superintendent of public instruction, commissioner of insurance, commissioners of railroads, and attorney general shall receive an annual salary of two thousand dollars; the salary of the commissioner of agriculture and labor shall be as prescribed by law, but the salaries of any of the said officers shall not be increased or diminished during the period for which they shall have been elected, and all fees and profits arising from any of the said offices shall be covered into the state treasury.

ARTICLE IV.—Judicial Department.

SEC. 85. The judicial power of the state of North Dakota shall be vested in a supreme court, district courts, county courts, justices of the peace, and in such other courts as may be created by law for cities, incorporated towns and villages.

SEC. 86. The supreme court, except as otherwise provided in this constitution, shall have appellate jurisdiction only, which shall be co-extensive with the state and shall have a general superintending control over all inferior courts under such regulations and limitations as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 87. It shall have power to issue writs of habeas corpus, mandamus, quo warranto, certiorari, injunction and such other original and remedial writs as may be necessary to the proper exercise of its jurisdiction, and shall have authority to hear and determine the same; provided, however, that no jury shall be allowed in said supreme court, but in proper cases questions of fact may be sent by said court to a district court for trial.

SEC. 88. Until otherwise provided by law three terms of the supreme court shall be held each year, one at the seat of government, one at Fargo in the county of Cass, and one at Grand Forks, in the county of Grand Forks.

Note.—Under the provisions of an act of the legislature of 1909, two general terms of the supreme court shall be held at the seat of government, to be known as the April and October terms, and only special terms will be held at cities other than Bismarck upon twenty days previous published notice.

SEC. 89. The supreme court shall consist of three judges, a majority of whom shall be necessary to form a quorum or pronounce a decision, but one or more of said judges may adjourn the court from day to day or to a day certain.

Note:—Five judges provided for by amendment adopted 1908.

SEC. 90. The judges of the supreme court shall be elected by the qualified electors of the state at large, and except as may be otherwise provided herein for the first election for judges under this constitution, said judges shall be elected at general elections.

SEC. 91. The term of office of the judges of the supreme court except as in this article otherwise provided, shall be six years, and they shall hold their offices until their successors are duly qualified.

SEC. 92. The judges of the supreme court shall, immediately after the first election under this constitution, be classified by lot so that one shall hold his office for the term of three years, one

for the term of five years, and one for the term of seven years from the first Monday in December, A. D. 1889. The lots shall be drawn by the judges, who shall for that purpose assemble at the seat of government, and they shall cause the result thereof to be certified to the secretary of the territory and filed in his office, unless the secretary of state of North Dakota shall have entered upon the duties of his office, in which event said certification shall be filed therein. The judge having the shortest term to serve, not holding his office by election or appointment to fill a vacancy, shall be chief justice and shall preside at all terms of the supreme court, and in case of his absence the judge having in like manner the next shortest term to serve shall preside in his stead.

SEC. 93. There shall be a clerk and also a reporter of the supreme court, who shall be appointed by the judges thereof, and who shall hold their offices during the pleasure of said judges, and whose duties and emoluments shall be prescribed by law and by rules of the supreme court not inconsistent with law. The legislative assembly shall make provision for the publication and distribution of the decisions of the supreme court and for the sale of the published volumes thereof.

SEC. 94. No person shall be eligible to the office of judge of the supreme court unless he be learned in law, be at least thirty years of age and a citizen of the United States, nor unless he shall have resided in this state or the territory of Dakota three years next preceding his election.

SEC. 95. Whenever the population of the state of North Dakota shall equal 600,000 the legislative assembly shall have the power to increase the number of the judges of the supreme court to five, in which event a majority of said court, as thus increased, shall constitute a quorum.

Note.—See Amendments, Article X.

SEC. 96. No duties shall be imposed by law upon the supreme court or any of the judges thereof, except such as are judicial, nor shall any of the judges thereof exercise any power of appointment except as herein provided.

SEC. 97. The style of all process shall be "The State of North Dakota." All prosecutions shall be carried on in the name and by the authority of the State of North Dakota, and conclude "against the peace and dignity of the State of North Dakota."

SEC. 98. Any vacancy happening by death, resignation or otherwise in the office of judge of the supreme court shall be filled by appointment, by the governor, which appointment shall continue until the first general election thereafter, when said vacancy shall be filled by election.

SEC. 99. The judges of the supreme and district courts shall receive such compensation for their services as may be prescribed by law, which compensation shall not be increased or diminished during the term for which a judge shall have been elected.

SEC. 100. In case a judge of the supreme court shall be in any way interested in a cause brought before said court the remaining judges of said court shall call one of the district judges to sit with them in the hearing of said cause.

SEC. 101. When a judgment or decree is reversed or confirmed by the supreme court every point fairly arising upon the record of the case shall be considered and decided, and the reasons there-

for shall be concisely stated in writing, signed by the judges concurring, filed in the office of the clerk of the supreme court, and preserved with a record of the case. Any judge dissenting therefrom may give the reasons for his dissent in writing over his signature.

SEC. 102. It shall be the duty of the court to prepare a syllabus of the points adjudicated in each case, which shall be concurred in by a majority of the judges thereof, and it shall be prefixed to the published reports of the case.

SEC. 103. The district courts shall have original jurisdiction, except as otherwise provided in this constitution, of all causes both at law and equity, and such appellate jurisdiction as may be conferred by law. They and the judges thereof shall also have jurisdiction and power to issue writs of habeas corpus, quo warranto, certiorari, injunction and other original and remedial writs, with authority to hear and determine the same.

SEC. 104. The state shall be divided into six judicial districts, in each of which there shall be elected at general elections by the electors thereof one judge of the district court therein whose term of office shall be four years from the first Monday in January succeeding his election and until his successor is duly qualified. This section shall not be construed as governing the first election of district judges under this constitution.

SEC. 105. Until otherwise provided by law, said districts shall be constituted as follows:

District No. 1 shall consist of the counties of Pembina, Cavalier, Walsh, Nelson and Grand Forks.

District No. 2 shall consist of the counties of Ramsey, Towner, Benson, Pierce, Rolette, Bottineau, McHenry, Church, Renville, Ward, Stevens, Mountrail, Garfield, Flannery and Buford.

District No. 3 shall consist of the counties of Cass, Steele and Traill.

District No. 4 shall consist of the counties of Richland, Ransom, Sargent, Dickey and McIntosh.

District No. 5 shall consist of the counties of Logan, La Moure, Stutsman, Barnes, Wells, Foster, Eddy and Griggs.

District No. 6 shall consist of the counties of Burleigh, Emmons, Kidder, Sheridan, McLean, Morton, Oliver, Mercer, Williams, Stark, Hettinger, Bowman, Billings, McKenzie, Dunn, Wallace and Allred, and that portion of the Sioux Indian reservation lying north of the seventh standing parallel.

Note.—Since the adoption of the constitution up to and including the session of the legislature of 1909, four additional districts have been created. The first district now comprises the counties of Grand Forks and Nelson; the second district comprises the counties of Benson, Ramsey, Rolette and Towner; the third district comprises the counties of Cass, Steele and Traill; the fourth district comprises the counties of Dickey, McIntosh, Ransom, Richland and Sargent; the fifth district comprises the counties of Barnes, Eddy, Foster, Griggs, LaMoure, Logan, Stutsman and Wells; the sixth district comprises the counties of Burleigh, Emmons, Kidder, McLean and Sheridan; the seventh district comprises the counties of Cavalier, Pembina and Walsh; the eighth district comprises the counties of Mountrail, Ward and Williams; the ninth district comprises the counties of Bottineau, McHenry and Pierce; the tenth district comprises the counties of Adams, Billings, Bowman, Dunn, Hettinger, McKenzie, Mercer, Morton, Oliver and Stark.

SEC. 106. The legislative assembly may, whenever two-thirds of the members of each house shall concur therein, but not oftener than once in four years, increase the number of said districts and the judges thereof; such districts shall be formed from compact territory and bounded by county lines, but such increase or change in the boundaries of the districts shall not work the removal of any judge from his office during the term for which he may have been elected or appointed.

SEC. 107. No person shall be eligible to the office of district judge, unless he be learned in the law, be at least twenty-five years of age, and a citizen of the United States, nor unless he shall have resided within the state or territory of Dakota at least two years next preceding his election, nor unless he shall at the time of his election be an elector within the judicial district for which he is elected.

SEC. 108. There shall be a clerk of the district court in each organized county in which a court is holden who shall be elected by the qualified electors of the county, and shall hold his office for the same term as other county officers. He shall receive such compensation for his services as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 109. Writs of error and appeals may be allowed from the decisions of the district courts to the supreme court under such regulations as may be prescribed by law.

COUNTY COURTS

SEC. 110. There shall be established in each county a county court which shall be a court of record, open at all times and holden by one judge, elected by the electors of the county, and whose term of office shall be two years.

SEC. 111. The county court shall have exclusive original jurisdiction in probate and testamentary matters, the appointment of administrators and guardians, the settlement of the accounts of executors, administrators and guardians, the sale of lands, by executors, administrators and guardians, and such other probate jurisdiction as may be conferred by law; provided, that whenever the voters of any county having a population of 2,000 or over shall decide by a majority vote that they desire the jurisdiction of said court increased above that limited by this constitution, then said county court shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the district courts in all civil actions where the amount in controversy does not exceed \$1,000, and in all criminal actions below the grade of felony, and in case it is decided by the voters of any county to so increase the jurisdiction of said county court, the jurisdiction in cases of misdemeanors arising under state laws which may have been conferred upon police magistrates shall cease. The qualifications of the judge of the county court in counties where the jurisdiction of said court shall have been increased shall be the same as those of the district judge, except that he shall be a resident of the county at the time of his election, and said county judge shall receive such salary for his services as may be provided by law. In case the voters of any county decide to increase the jurisdiction of said county courts, then such jurisdiction as thus increased shall remain until otherwise provided by law.

JUSTICES OF THE PEACE.

SEC. 112. The legislative assembly shall provide by law for the election of justices of the peace in each organized county within the state. But the number of said justices to be elected in each organized county shall be limited by law to such a number as shall be necessary for the proper administration of justice. The justices of the peace herein provided for shall have concurrent jurisdiction with the district court in all civil actions when the amount in controversy, exclusive of costs, does not exceed \$200, and in counties where no county court with criminal jurisdiction exists they shall have such jurisdiction to hear and determine cases of misdemeanor as may be provided by law, but in no case shall said justices of the peace have jurisdiction when the boundaries of or title to real estate shall come in question. The legislative assembly shall have power to abolish the office of justice of the peace and confer that jurisdiction upon judges of county courts or elsewhere.

POLICE MAGISTRATES

SEC. 113. The legislative assembly shall provide by law for the election of police magistrates in cities, incorporated towns and villages, who in addition to their jurisdiction of all cases arising under the ordinances of said cities, towns and villages, shall be ex-officio justices of the peace of the county in which said cities, towns and villages may be located. And the legislative assembly may confer upon said police magistrates the jurisdiction to hear, try and determine all cases of misdemeanors, and the prosecutions therein shall be by information.

SEC. 114. Appeals shall lie from the county court, final decisions of justices of the peace and police magistrates in such cases and pursuant to such regulations as may be prescribed by law.

MISCELLANEOUS PROVISIONS

SEC. 115. The time of holding courts in the several counties of a district shall be as prescribed by law, but at least two terms of the district court shall be held annually in each organized county, and the legislative assembly shall make provision for attaching unorganized counties or territories to organized counties for judicial purposes.

SEC. 116. Judges of the district courts may hold court in other districts than their own under such regulations as shall be prescribed by law.

SEC. 117. No judge of the supreme or district court shall act as attorney or counselor at law.

SEC. 118. Until the legislative assembly shall provide by law for fixing the terms of court, the judges of the supreme and district courts shall fix the terms thereof.

SEC. 119. No judge of the supreme or district courts shall be elected or appointed to any other than judicial offices or be eligible thereto during the term for which he was elected or appointed such judge. All votes or appointments for either of them for any elective or appointive office except that of judge of the supreme court, or district court, given by the legislative assembly or the people, shall be void.

SEC. 120. Tribunals of conciliation may be established with such powers and duties as shall be prescribed by law or the powers and duties of such may be conferred upon other courts of justice; but

such tribunals or other courts when sitting as such shall have no power to render judgment to be obligatory on the parties, unless they voluntarily submit their matters of difference and agree to abide the judgment of such tribunals or courts.

ARTICLE V.—Elective Franchise.

SEC. 121. Every male person of the age of twenty-one years and upward belonging to either of the following classes, who shall have resided in the state one year, in the county six months and in the precinct ninety days next preceding any election, shall be deemed a qualified elector at such election:

First. Citizens of the United States.

Second. Persons of foreign birth who shall have declared their intention to become citizens one year and not more than six years prior to such election, conformably to the naturalization laws of the United States.

Third. Civilized persons of Indian descent who shall have severed their tribal relations two years next preceding such election.

Note.—This section amended by Article 2, amendments to the constitution.

SEC. 122. The legislative assembly shall be empowered to make further extensions of suffrage hereafter, at its discretion, to all citizens of mature age and sound mind, not convicted of crime, without regard to sex; but no law extending or restricting the right of suffrage shall be in force until adopted by a majority of the electors of the state voting at a general election.

SEC. 123. Electors shall in all cases except treason, felony, breach of the peace or illegal voting, be privileged from arrest on the days of election during their attendance at, going to and returning from such election, and no elector shall be obliged to perform military duty on the day of election, except in time of war or public danger.

SEC. 124. The general elections of the state shall be biennial, and shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November; provided, that the first general election under this constitution shall be held on the first Tuesday after the first Monday in November, A. D. 1890.

SEC. 125. No elector shall be deemed to have lost his residence in this state by reason of his absence on business of the United States or of this state or in the military or naval service of the United States.

SEC. 126. No soldier, seaman or marine in the army or navy of the United States shall be deemed a resident of this state in consequence of his being stationed therein.

SEC. 127. No person who is under guardianship, non compos mentis, or insane, shall be qualified to vote at any election, nor shall any person convicted of treason or felony, unless restored to civil rights.

Note.—This section amended by Article 2, amendments to the constitution.

SEC. 128. Any woman having the qualifications enumerated in section 121 of this article, as to age, residence and citizenship, and including those now qualified by the laws of the territory, may vote for all school officers, and upon all questions pertaining solely to school matters, and be eligible to any school office.

SEC. 129. All elections by the people shall be by secret ballot subject to such regulations as shall be provided by law.

ARTICLE VI.—Municipal Corporations.

SEC. 130. The legislative assembly shall provide by general law for the organization of municipal corporations, restricting their powers as to levying taxes and assessments, borrowing money and contracting debts; and money raised by taxation, loan or assessment for any purpose shall not be diverted to any other purpose except by authority of law.

ARTICLE VII.—Corporations Other Than Municipal.

SEC. 131. No charter of incorporation shall be granted, changed or amended by special law, except in the case of such municipal, charitable, educational, penal or reformatory corporations as may be under the control of the state; but the legislative assembly shall provide by general laws for the organization of all corporations hereafter to be created, and any such law, so passed, shall be subject to future repeal or alteration.

SEC. 132. All existing charters or grants of special or exclusive privileges, under which a bona fide organization shall not have taken place and business been commenced in good faith at the time this constitution takes effect, shall thereafter have no validity.

SEC. 133. The legislative assembly shall not remit the forfeiture of the charter to any corporation now existing, nor alter or amend the same, nor pass any other general or special law for the benefit of such corporation, except upon the condition that such corporation shall thereafter hold its charter subject to the provisions of this constitution.

SEC. 134. The exercise of the right of eminent domain shall never be abridged, or so construed as to prevent the legislative assembly from taking the property and franchises of incorporated companies and subjecting them to public use, the same as the property of individuals; and the exercise of the police power of this state shall never be abridged, or so construed as to permit corporations to conduct their business in such a manner as to infringe the equal rights of individuals or the general well being of the state.

SEC. 135. In all elections for directors or managers of a corporation, each member or shareholder may cast the whole number of his votes for one candidate, or distribute them upon two or more candidates, as he may prefer.

SEC. 136. No foreign corporation shall do business in this state without having one or more places of business and an authorized agent or agents in the same, upon whom process may be served.

SEC. 137. No corporation shall engage in any business other than that expressly authorized in its charter.

SEC. 138. No corporation shall issue stock or bonds except for money, labor done, or money or property actually received; and all fictitious increase of stock or indebtedness shall be void. The stock and indebtedness of corporations shall not be increased except in pursuance of general law, nor without the consent of the persons holding the larger amount in value of the stock first obtained at a meeting to be held after sixty days' notice given in pursuance of law.

SEC. 139. No law shall be passed by the legislative assembly granting the right to construct and operate a street railroad, telegraph, telephone or electric light plant within any city, town or incorporated village, without requiring the consent of the local authorities having the control of the street or highway proposed to be occupied for such purposes.

SEC. 140. Every railroad corporation organized and doing business in this state under the laws or authority thereof, shall have and maintain a public office or place in the state for the transaction of its business, where transfer of its stock shall be made and in which shall be kept for public inspection books in which shall be recorded the amount of capital stock subscribed, and by whom, the names of the owners of its stock and the amount owned by them respectively; the amount of stock paid in and by whom and the transfers of said stock; the amount of its assets and liabilities and the names and place of residence of its officers. The directors of every railroad corporation shall annually make a report, under oath to the auditor of public accounts, or some officer or officers to be designated by law, of all their acts and doings; which report shall include such matters relating to railroads as may be prescribed by law, and the legislative assembly shall pass laws enforcing by suitable penalties the provisions of this section; provided, the provisions of this section shall not be so construed as to apply to foreign corporations.

SEC. 141. No railroad corporation shall consolidate its stock, property or franchises with any other railroad corporation owning a parallel or computing line; and in no case shall any consolidation take place except upon public notice given at least sixty days to all stockholders, in such manner as may be provided by law. Any attempt to evade the provisions of this section by any railroad corporation by lease or otherwise, shall work a forfeiture of its charter.

SEC. 142. Railways heretofore constructed, or that may hereafter be constructed in this state, are hereby declared public highways, and all railroads, sleeping cars, telegraph, telephone and transportation companies of passengers, intelligence and freight are declared to be common carriers and subject to legislative control; and the legislative assembly shall have power to enact laws regulating and controlling the rates of charges for the transportation of passengers, intelligence and freight, as such common carriers, from one point to another in this state; provided, that appeal may be had to the courts of this state from the rates so fixed; but the rates fixed by the legislative assembly or board of railroad commissioners shall remain in force pending the decision of the courts.

SEC. 143. Any association or corporation organized for the purpose shall have the right to construct and operate a railroad between any points within this state, and to connect at the state line with the railroads of other states. Every railroad company shall have the right with its road to intersect, connect with or cross any other, and shall receive and transport each other's passengers, tonnage and cars, loaded or empty, without delay or discrimination.

SEC. 144. The term "corporation" as used in this article shall not be understood as embracing municipalities or political subdivisions of the state unless otherwise expressly stated, but it shall be held and construed to include all associations and joint stock

companies having any of the powers or privileges of corporations not possessed by individuals or partnerships.

SEC. 145. If a general banking law be enacted, it shall provide for the registry and countersigning by an officer of the state, of all notes or bills designed for circulation, and that ample security to the full amount thereof shall be deposited with the state treasurer for the redemption of such notes or bills.

SEC. 146. Any combination between individuals, corporations, associations, or either, having for its object or effect the controlling of the price of any product of the soil or any article of manufacture or commerce, or the cost of exchange or transportation, is prohibited and hereby declared unlawful and against public policy; and any and all franchises heretofore granted or extended, or that may hereafter be granted or extended in this state, whenever the owner or owners thereof violate this article, shall be deemed annulled and become void.

ARTICLE VIII.—Education.

SEC. 147. A high degree of intelligence, patriotism, integrity and morality on the part of every voter in a government by the people being necessary in order to insure the continuance of that government and the prosperity and happiness of the people, the legislative assembly shall make provision for the establishment and maintenance of a system of public schools which shall be open to all children of the State of North Dakota and free from sectarian control. The legislative requirements shall be irrevocable without the consent of the United States and the people of North Dakota.

SEC. 148. The legislative assembly shall provide, at its first session after the adoption of this constitution, for a uniform system for free public schools throughout the state, beginning with the primary and extending through all grades up to and including the normal and collegiate course.

SEC. 149. In all schools instruction shall be given as far as practicable in those branches of knowledge that tend to impress upon the mind the vital importance of truthfulness, temperance, purity, public spirit, and respect for honest labor of every kind.

SEC. 150. A superintendent of schools for each county shall be elected every two years, whose qualifications, duties, powers and compensation shall be fixed by law.

SEC. 151. The legislative assembly shall take such other steps as may be necessary to prevent illiteracy, secure a reasonable degree of uniformity in course of study, and to promote industrial, scientific, and agricultural improvements.

SEC. 152. All colleges, universities, and other educational institutions the support of which lands have been granted to this state are supported by a public tax, shall remain under the sole and exclusive control of the state. No money raised for the support of the public schools of the state shall be appropriated for the support of any sectarian school.

ARTICLE IX. School and Public Lands.

All proceeds of the public lands that have heretofore been granted by the United States for the support of common schools in this state; all such per centum as has been received by the United States on the sale of public lands; and of property that shall fall to the state by escheat; the

proceeds of all gifts and donations to the state for common schools, or not otherwise appropriated by the terms of the gift, and all other property otherwise acquired for common schools, shall be and remain a perpetual fund for the maintenance of the common schools of the state. It shall be deemed a trust fund, the principle of which shall forever remain inviolate and may be increased but never diminished. The state shall make good all losses thereof.

SEC. 154. The interest and income of this fund together with the net proceeds of all fines for violation of state laws, and all other sums which may be added thereto by law shall be faithfully used and applied each year for the benefit of the common schools of the state, and shall be for this purpose apportioned among and between all the several common school corporations of the state in proportion to the number of children in each of school age, as may be fixed by law, and no part of the fund shall ever be diverted even temporarily, from this purpose, or used for any other purpose whatever than the maintenance of common schools for the equal benefit of all the people of the state; provided, however, that if any portion of the interest or income aforesaid shall be not expended during any year, said portion shall be added to and become a part of the school fund.

SEC. 155. After one year from the assembling of the first legislative assembly the lands granted to the state from the United States for the support of the common schools may be sold upon the following conditions and no other: No more than one-fourth of all such lands shall be sold within the first five years after the same become saleable by virtue of this section. No more than one-half of the remainder within ten years after the same become saleable as aforesaid. The residue may be sold at any time after the expiration of said ten years. The legislative assembly shall provide for the sale of all school lands subject to the provisions of this article. The coal lands of the state shall never be sold, but the legislative assembly may by general laws provide for leasing the same. The words "coal lands" shall include lands bearing lignite coal.

SEC. 156. The superintendent of public instruction, governor, attorney general, secretary of state and state auditor shall constitute a board of commissioners, which shall be denominated the "Board of University and School Lands" and, subject to the provisions of this article, and any law that may be passed by the legislative assembly, said board shall have control of the appraisal, sale, rental and disposal of all school and university lands, and shall direct the investment of the funds arising therefrom in the hands of the state treasurer, under the limitations in section 160 of this article.

SEC. 157. The county superintendent of common schools, the chairman of the county board and the county auditor shall constitute boards of appraisal, and under the authority of the state board of university and school lands shall appraise all school lands within their respective counties which they may from time to time recommend for sale at their actual value under the prescribed terms, and shall first select and designate for sale the most valuable lands.

SEC. 158. No land shall be sold for less than the appraised value and in no case for less than \$10 per acre. The purchaser shall pay

one-fifth of the price in cash and the remaining four-fifths as follows: One-fifth in five years, one-fifth in ten years, one-fifth in fifteen years and one-fifth in twenty years, with interest at the rate of not less than six per centum, payable annually in advance. All sales shall be held at the county seat of the county in which the land to be sold is situate, and shall be at public auction and to the highest bidder, after sixty days' advertisement of the same in a newspaper of general circulation in the vicinity of the lands to be sold, and one at the seat of government. Such lands as shall not have been specially subdivided shall be offered in tracts of one-quarter section, and those so subdivided in the smallest subdivisions.. All lands designated for sale and not sold within two years after appraisal shall be reappraised before they are sold. No grant or patent for any such lands shall issue until payment is made for the same; provided, that the lands contracted to be sold by the state shall be subject to taxation from the date of such contract. In case the taxes assessed against any of said lands for any year remain unpaid until the first Monday in October of the following year, then and thereupon the contract of sale for such lands shall become null and void.

Note.—This section amended by amendment adopted 1908.

SEC. 159. All lands, money or other property donated, granted or received from the United States or any other source for a university, school of mines, reform school, agricultural college, deaf and dumb asylum, normal school or other educational or charitable institution or purpose, and the proceeds of all such lands and other property so received from any source, shall be and remain perpetual funds, the interest and income of which, together with the rents of all such lands as may remain unsold, shall be inviolably appropriated and applied to the specific objects of the original grants or gifts. The principal of every such fund may be increased but shall never be diminished, and the interest and income only shall be used. Every such fund shall be deemed a trust fund held by the state, and the state shall make good all losses thereof.

SEC. 160. All lands mentioned in the preceding section shall be appraised and sold in the same manner and under the same limitations and subject to all the conditions as to price and sale as provided above for the appraisal and sale of lands for the benefit of common schools; but a distinct and separate account shall be kept by the proper officers of each of said funds; provided, that the limitations as to the time in which school land may be sold shall apply only to lands granted for the support of common schools.

SEC. 161. The legislative assembly shall have authority to provide by law for the leasing of lands granted to the state for educational and charitable purposes; but no such law shall authorize the leasing of said lands for a longer period than five years. Said lands shall only be leased for pasturage and meadow purposes and at a public auction after notice as heretofore provided in case of sale; provided, that all of said school lands now under cultivation may be leased, at the discretion and under the control of the board of university and school lands, for other than pasturage and meadow purposes until sold. All rents shall be paid in advance.

SEC. 162. The moneys of the permanent school fund and other educational funds shall be invested only in bonds of school corporations within the state, bonds of the United States, bonds of the

State of North Dakota, or in first mortgages on farm lands in the state, not exceeding in amount one-third of the actual value of any subdivision on which the same may be loaned, such value to be determined by the board of appraisers of school lands.

Note.—This section amended by Article 8, amendments to the constitution, also by Article 9, adopted 1908.

SEC. 163. No law shall ever be passed by the legislative assembly granting to any person, corporation or association any privileges by reason of the occupation, cultivation or improvement of any public lands by said person, corporation or association subsequent to the survey thereof by the general government. No claim for the occupation, cultivation or improvement of any public lands ever be used to diminish either directly or indirectly, the purchase price of said lands.

SEC. 164. The legislative assembly shall have authority to provide by law for the sale or disposal of all public lands that have been heretofore, or may hereafter be granted by the United States to the state for purposes other than set forth and named in sections 153 and 159 of this article. And the legislative assembly, in providing for the appraisement, sale, rental and disposal of the same, shall not be subject to the provisions and limitations of this article.

SEC. 165. The legislative assembly shall pass suitable laws for the safekeeping, transfer and disbursement of the state school funds; and shall require all officers charged with the same or the safe keeping thereof to give ample bonds for all moneys and funds received by them, and if any of said officers shall convert to his own use in any manner or form, or shall loan with or without interest or shall deposit in his own name, or otherwise than in the name of the state of North Dakota, or shall deposit in any banks or with any person or persons, or exchange for other funds or property any portion of the school funds aforesaid or purposely allow any portion of the same to remain in his own hands uninvested, except in the manner prescribed by law, every such act shall constitute an embezzlement of so much of the aforesaid school funds as shall be thus taken or loaned, or deposited, or exchanged, or withheld, and shall be a felony; and any failure to pay over, produce or account for, the state school funds or any part of the same entrusted to any such officer, as by law required or demanded, shall be held and be taken to be prima facie evidence of such embezzlement.

ARTICLE X.—County and Township Organization.

SEC. 166. The several counties in the territory of Dakota lying north of the seventh standard parallel as they now exist, are hereby declared to be counties of the state of North Dakota.

SEC. 167. The legislative assembly shall provide by general law for organizing new counties, locating the county seats thereof temporarily, and changing county lines, but no new county shall be organized, nor shall any organized county be so reduced as to include an area of less than twenty-four congressional townships, and containing a population of less than one hundred bona fide inhabitants. And in the organization of new counties and in changing the lines of organized counties and boundaries of congressional townships, the natural boundaries shall be observed as nearly as may be.

SEC. 168. All changes in the boundaries of organized counties before taking effect shall be submitted to the electors of the county or counties to be affected thereby at a general election and be adopted by a majority of all the legal votes cast in each county at such election; and in case any portion of an organized county is stricken off and added to another the county to which such portion is added shall assume and be holden for an equitable proportion of the indebtedness of the county so reduced.

SEC. 169. The legislative assembly shall provide by general law, for changing county seats in organized counties, but it shall have no power to remove the county seat of any organized county.

SEC. 170. The legislative assembly shall provide by general law for township organization, under which any county may organize, whenever a majority of all the legal voters of such county, voting at a general election, shall so determine, and whenever any county shall adopt township organization, so much of this constitution as provides for the management of the fiscal concerns of said county by the board of county commissioners, may be dispensed with by a majority vote of the people voting at any general election; and the affairs of said county may be transacted by the chairmen of the several township boards of said county, and such others as may be provided by law for incorporated cities, towns or villages within such county.

SEC. 171. In any county that shall have adopted a system of government by the chairmen of the several township boards, the question of continuing the same may be submitted to the electors of such county at a general election in such a manner as may be provided by law, and if a majority of all the votes cast upon such question shall be against said system of government, then such system shall cease in said county, and the affairs of said county shall then be transacted by a board of county commissioners as is now provided by the laws of the territory of Dakota.

SEC. 172. Until the system of county government by the chairmen of the several township boards is adopted by any county the fiscal affairs of said county shall be transacted by a board of county commissioners. Said board shall consist of not less than three and not more than five members, whose terms of office shall be prescribed by law. Said board shall hold sessions for the transaction of county business as shall be provided by law.

SEC. 173. At the first general election held after the adoption of this constitution, and every two years thereafter, there shall be elected in each organized county in the state, a county judge, clerk of court, register of deeds, county auditor, treasurer, sheriff and state's attorney, who shall be electors of the county in which they are elected, and who shall hold their office until their successors are elected and qualified. The legislative assembly shall provide by law for such other county, township and district officers as may be deemed necessary, and shall prescribe the duties and compensation of all county, township and district officers. The sheriff and treasurer of any county shall not hold their respective offices for more than four years in succession.

ARTICLE XI.—Revenue and Taxation.

SEC. 174. The legislative assembly shall provide for raising revenue sufficient to defray the expenses of the state for each year, not

to exceed in any one year four (4) mills on the dollar of the assessed valuation of all taxable property in the state, to be ascertained by the last assessment made for state and county purposes, and also a sufficient sum to pay the interest on the state debt.

SEC. 175. No tax shall be levied except in pursuance of law, and every law imposing a tax shall state distinctly the object of the same, to which only it shall be applied.

SEC. 176. Laws shall be passed by taxing by uniform rule all property of the United States and the state, county and municipal corporations, both real and personal, shall be exempt from taxation, and the legislative assembly shall by a general law exempt from taxation property used exclusively for school, religious, cemetery or charitable purposes and personal property to any amount not exceeding in value two hundred dollars for each individual liable to taxation; but the legislative assembly may, by law, provide for the payment of a per centum of gross earnings of railroad companies to be paid in lieu of all state, county, township and school taxes on property exclusively used in and about the prosecution of the business of such companies as common carriers, but no real estate of said corporations shall be exempted from taxation, in the same manner, and on the same basis as other real estate is taxed, except road-bed, right of way, shops and buildings used exclusively in their business as common carriers, and whenever and so long as such law providing for the payment of a per centum on earnings shall be in force, that part of section 179 of this article relating to assessment of railroad property shall cease to be in force.

Note.—Addenda to section 176, adopted in 1905.

SEC. 177. All improvements on land shall be assessed in accordance with section 179, but plowing shall not be considered as an improvement or add to the value of land for the purpose of assessment.

SEC. 178. The power of taxation shall never be surrendered or suspended by any grant or contract to which the state or any county or other municipal corporation shall be a party.

SEC. 179. All property, except as hereinafter in this section provided, shall be assessed in the county, city, township, town, village or district in which it is situated, in the manner prescribed by law. The franchise, roadway, road-bed, rails and rolling stock of all railroads operated in this state shall be assessed by the state board of equalization at their actual value and such assessed valuation shall be apportioned to the counties, cities, townships and districts in which said roads are located, as basis for taxation of such property in proportion to the number of miles of railway laid in such counties, cities, towns, townships and districts.

Note.—This section amended by Article 4, amendments to the constitution.

SEC. 180. The legislative assembly may provide for the levy, collection and disposition of an annual poll tax of not more than one dollar and fifty cents on every male inhabitant of this state over twenty-one and under fifty years of age, except paupers, idiots, insane persons and Indians not taxed.

SEC. 181. The legislative assembly shall pass all laws necessary to carry out the provisions of this article.

ARTICLE XII.—Public Debt and Public Works.

SEC. 182. The state may, to meet casual deficits or failure in the revenue or in case of extraordinary emergencies contract debts, but such debts shall never in the aggregate exceed the sum of \$200,000, exclusive of what may be the debt of North Dakota at the time of the adoption of this constitution. Every such debt shall be authorized by law for certain purposes to be definitely mentioned therein, and every such law shall provide for levying an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest semi-annually, and the principal within thirty years from the passage of such law, and shall specially appropriate the proceeds of such tax to the payment of said principal and interest, and such appropriation shall not be repealed nor the tax discontinued until such debt, both principal and interest, shall have been fully paid. No debt in excess of the limit named shall be incurred except for the purpose of repelling invasion, suppressing insurrection, defending the state in time of war, or to provide for public defense in case of threatened hostilities; but the issuing of new bonds to refund existing indebtedness, shall not be construed to be any part or portion of said \$200,000.

SEC. 183. The debt of any county, township, city, town, school district or any other political subdivision, shall never exceed five (5) per centum upon the assessed value of the taxable property therein; provided, that any incorporated city may by a two-thirds vote, increase such indebtedness five per centum on such assessed value beyond said five per cent limit. In estimating the indebtedness which a city, county, township, school district or any other political subdivision may incur, the entire amount of existing indebtedness, whether contracted prior or subsequent to the adoption of this constitution shall be included; provided, further, that any incorporated city may become indebted in any amount not exceeding four per centum on such assessed value, without regard to the existing indebtedness of such city, for the purpose of constructing or purchasing water works for furnishing a supply of water to the inhabitants of such city, or for the purpose of constructing sewers, and for no other purpose whatever. All bonds or obligations in excess of the amount of indebtedness permitted by this constitution, given by any city, county, township, town, school district or any other political subdivision, shall be void.

SEC. 184. Any city, county, township, town, school district or any other political subdivision incurring indebtedness shall at or before the time of so doing, provide for the collection of an annual tax sufficient to pay the interest and also the principal thereof when due, and all laws or ordinances providing for the payment of the interest or principal of any debt shall be irrepealable until such debt be paid.

SEC. 185. Neither the state, nor any county, city, township, town, school district or any other political subdivision shall loan or give its credit or make donations to or in aid of any individual, association or corporation, except for necessary support of the poor, nor subscribe to or become the owner of the capital stock of any association or corporation, nor shall the state engage in any work of internal improvement unless authorized by a two-thirds vote of the people.

SEC. 186. No money shall be paid out of the state treasury except upon appropriation by law and on warrant drawn by the proper

officer, and no bills, claims, accounts or demands against the state or any county or other political subdivision, shall be audited, allowed or paid until a full, itemized statement in writing shall be filed with the officer or officers whose duty it may be to audit the same.

SEC. 187. No bond or evidence of indebtedness of the state shall be valid unless the same shall have endorsed thereon a certificate signed by the auditor and secretary of state, showing that the bond or evidence of debt is issued pursuant to law and is within the debt limit. No bond or evidence of debt of any county, or bond of any township or other political subdivision shall be valid unless the same have endorsed thereon a certificate signed by the county auditor, or other officer authorized by law to sign such certificate, stating that said bond, or evidence of debt is issued pursuant to law and is within the debt limit.

ARTICLE XIII.—Militia.

SEC. 188. The militia of this state shall consist of all able bodied male persons residing in the state, between the ages of eighteen and forty-five years, except such as may be exempted by the laws of the United States or of this state. Persons whose religious tenets or conscientious scruples forbid them to bear arms shall not be compelled to do so in times of peace, but shall pay an equivalent for a personal service.

SEC. 189. The militia shall be enrolled, organized, uniformed, armed disciplined in such a manner as shall be provided by law, not incompatible with the constitution or laws of the United States.

SEC. 190. The legislative assembly shall provide by law for the establishment of volunteer organizations of the several arms of the service which shall be classed as active militia; and no other organized body of armed men shall be permitted to perform military duty in this state except the army of the United States, without the proclamation of the governor of the state.

SEC. 191. All militia officers shall be appointed or elected in such a manner as the legislative assembly shall provide.

SEC. 192. The commissioned officers of the militia shall be commissioned by the governor, and no commissioned officer shall be removed from office except by sentence of court martial, pursuant to law.

SEC. 193. The militia forces shall in all cases, except treason, felony or breach of the peace, be privileged from arrest during their attendance at musters, parades and elections of officers, and in going to and returning from the same.

ARTICLE XIV.—Impeachment and Removal From Office.

SEC. 194. The house of representatives shall have the sole power of impeachment. The concurrence of a majority of all members elected shall be necessary to an impeachment.

SEC. 195. All impeachments shall be tried by the senate. When sitting for that purpose the senators shall be upon oath or affirmation to do justice according to the law and evidence. No person shall be convicted without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members elected. When the governor or lieutenant governor is on trial the presiding judge of the supreme court shall preside.

SEC. 196. The governor and other state and judicial officers except county judges, justices of the peace and police magistrates, shall be liable to impeachment for habitual drunkenness, crimes, corrupt conduct, or malfeasance, or misdemeanor in office, but judgment in such cases shall not extend further than removal from office and disqualification to hold any office of trust or profit under state. The person accused, whether convicted or acquitted, shall nevertheless be liable to indictment, trial, judgment and punishment according to law.

SEC. 197. All officers not liable to impeachment, shall be subject to removal for misconduct, malfeasance, crime or misdemeanor in office, or for habitual drunkenness or gross incompetency in such manner as may be provided by law.

SEC. 198. No officer shall exercise the duties of his office after he shall have been impeached and before his acquittal.

SEC. 199. On trial of impeachment against the governor, the lieutenant governor shall not act as a member of the court.

SEC. 200. No person shall be tried on impeachment before he shall have been served with a copy thereof, at least twenty days previous to the day set for trial.

SEC. 201. No person shall be liable to impeachment twice for the same offense.

ARTICLE XV.—Future Amendments.

SEC. 202. Any amendment or amendments to this constitution may be proposed in either house of the legislative assembly; and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, such proposed amendment shall be entered on the journal of the house with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the legislative assembly to be chosen at the next general election, and shall be published, as provided by law, for three months previous to the time of making such choice, and if in the legislative assembly so next chosen as aforesaid such proposed amendment or amendments, shall be agreed to by a majority of all the members elected to each house, then it shall be the duty of the legislative assembly to submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the people in such manner and at such time as the legislative assembly shall provide; and if the people shall approve and ratify such amendment or amendments by a majority of the electors qualified to vote for members of the legislative assembly voting thereon, such amendment or amendments shall become a part of the constitution of this state. If two or more amendments shall be submitted at the same time they shall be submitted in such manner that the electors shall vote for or against each of such amendments separately.

ARTICLE XVI.—Compact With the United States.

SEC. 203. The following article shall be irrevocable without the consent of the United States and the people of this state:

First. Perfect toleration of religious sentiment shall be secured, and no inhabitant of this state shall ever be molested in person or property on account of his or her mode of religious worship.

Second. The people inhabiting this state do agree and declare that they forever disclaim all right and title to the unappropriated public lands lying within the boundaries thereof, and to all lands

lying within said limits owned or held by any Indian or Indian tribes, and that until the title thereto shall have been extinguished by the United States, the same shall be and remain subject to the disposition of the United States, and that said Indian lands shall remain under the absolute jurisdiction and control of the congress of the United States; that the lands belonging to citizens of the United States residing without this state shall never be taxed at a higher rate than the lands belonging to residents of this state; that no taxes shall be imposed by this state on lands or property therein, belonging to, or which may hereafter be purchased by the United States or reserved for its use. But nothing in this article shall preclude this state from taxing as other lands are taxed, any lands owned or held by any Indian who has severed his tribal relations, and has obtained from the United States or from any person, a title thereto, by patent or other grant save and except such lands as have been or may be granted to any Indian or Indians under any acts of congress containing a provision exempting the lands thus granted from taxation, which last mentioned lands shall be exempt from taxation so long, and to such extent, as is, or may be provided in this act of congress granting the same.

Third. In order that payment of debts and liabilities contracted or incurred by and on behalf of the territory of Dakota may be justly and equitably provided for and made, and in pursuance of the requirements of an act of congress approved February 22, 1889, entitled, "An act to provide for the division of Dakota into two states and enable the people of North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana and Washington to form constitutions and other state governments and to be admitted into the union on an equal footing with the original states and to make donations of public lands to such states," the states of North Dakota and South Dakota, by proceedings of a joint commission, duly appointed under said act, the sessions whereof were held at Bismarck, in said state of North Dakota, from July 16, 1889, to July 31, 1889, inclusive, have agreed to the following adjustment of the amounts of the debts and liabilities of the territory of Dakota, which shall be assumed and paid by each of the states of North Dakota and South Dakota, respectively, to wit:

This agreement shall take effect and be in force from and after the admission into the union as one of the United States of America, of either the state of North Dakota or the state of South Dakota."

The words "State of North Dakota," whenever used in this agreement, shall be taken to mean the territory of North Dakota in case the State of South Dakota shall be admitted into the union prior to the admission into the union of the state of North Dakota; and the words "State of South Dakota," whenever used in this agreement, shall be taken to mean the territory of South Dakota in case the state of North Dakota shall be admitted into the union prior to the admission into the union of the state of South Dakota.

The said state of North Dakota shall assume and pay all bonds issued by the territory of Dakota to provide funds for the purchase, construction, repairs, or maintenance of such public institutions, grounds or buildings as are located within the boundaries of North Dakota, and shall pay all warrants issued under and by virtue of that certain act of the legislative assembly of the territory of Dakota, approved March 8, 1889, entitled, "An act to provide for the

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establishing of outstanding warrants drawn on the capital building
and
The State of South Dakota shall assume and pay all bonds in-
sured by the territory of Dakota to provide funds for the purchase,
construction or repairs or maintenance of such public institutions,
buildings or other places as are located within the boundaries of South
Dakota.

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That the State of South Dakota shall assume and pay the fol-
lowing bonds and in-
debtedness on account of
the State of South Dakota, the fa-
ce aggregate of which is
\$210,000; also, bonds issued on account of the
hospital for the insane at Yank-
ton, South Dakota, the face
aggregate of which is \$210,000; also,
bonds issued on account of the
school for deaf-mutes at
Sioux Falls, South Dakota, the face
aggregate of which is \$75,000; also,
bonds issued on account of the
university at Ve-
rona, South Dakota, the face
aggregate of which is \$75,000; also,
bonds issued on account of the
school of mines at
Plankinton, South Dakota, the face
aggregate of which is \$33,000; also,
bonds issued on account of the
reformatory at Spearfish, South
Dakota, the face aggregate of which
is \$30,000; also, bonds issued on
account of the normal school at
Hot Springs, South Dakota, the face
aggregate of which is \$2,000; also,
bonds issued on account of the
home at Hot Springs, South Dakota,
the face aggregate of which is \$1,000.

The State of North Dakota and South Dakota shall pay one-half
each of all liabilities now existing or hereafter and prior to the tak-
ing effect of this agreement incurred, except those heretofore or
hereafter incurred on account of public institutions, grounds or
buildings, except as otherwise herein specifically provided.
The State of South Dakota shall pay to the State of North Dakota
one-half of the excess of territorial indebtedness now existing or
hereafter incurred on account of the improvement of territorial institu-
tions, and in full settlement of whatever nature, legal or equi-
table, against the territory of North Dakota from all liabilities
incurred by the State of North Dakota, and the payment of said amount
shall not constitute an admission of liability on the part of the State of
North Dakota, and the State of South Dakota shall not be called upon to
pay or answer to any portion of liabilities hereafter arising or accruing on account of transactions hereto-

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fore had, which liability would be a liability of the territory of Dakota had such territory remained in existence, and which liability shall grow out of matters connected with any public institutions, grounds or buildings of the territory situated or located within the boundaries of the other state.

A final adjustment of accounts shall be made upon the following basis: North Dakota shall be charged with all sums paid on account of the public institutions, grounds or buildings located within its boundaries on account of the current appropriations since March 9, 1889; and South Dakota shall be charged with all sums paid on account of public institutions, grounds, or buildings located within its boundaries on the same account and during the same time. Each state shall be charged with one-half of all other expenses of the territorial government during the same time. All moneys paid into the treasury during the period from March 8, 1889, to the time of taking effect of this agreement by any county, municipality or person within the limits of the proposed state of North Dakota, shall be credited to the state of North Dakota, and all sums paid into said treasury within the same time by any county, municipality or person within the limits of the proposed state of South Dakota shall be credited to the state of South Dakota, except that any and all taxes on gross earnings paid into said treasury by railroad corporations, since the 8th day of March, 1889, based upon earnings of years prior to 1888, under and by virtue of the act of the legislative assembly of the territory of Dakota, approved March 7, 1889, and entitled, "An act providing for the levy and collection of taxes upon property of railroad companies in this territory," being chapter 107 of the session laws of 1889 (that is, the part of such sums going to the territory), shall be equally divided between the states of North Dakota and South Dakota, and all taxes heretofore or hereafter paid into said treasury under and by virtue of the act last mentioned, based upon the gross earnings of the year 1888, shall be distributed as already provided by law, except that so much thereof as goes to the territorial treasury shall be divided as follows: North Dakota shall have so much thereof as shall be or has been paid by railroads within the limits of the proposed state of North Dakota, and South Dakota so much thereof as shall be or has been paid by railroads within the limits of the proposed state of South Dakota; each state shall be accredited also with all balances of appropriations made by the seventeenth legislative assembly of the territory of Dakota for the account of the public institutions, grounds or buildings situated within its limits remaining unexpended on March 8, 1889. If there shall be any indebtedness except the indebtedness represented by the bonds and refunding warrants hereinbefore mentioned, each state shall, at the time of such final adjustment of accounts, assume its share of said indebtedness as determined by the amount paid on account of the public institutions, grounds or buildings of such state in excess of the receipts from counties, municipalities, railroad corporations or persons within the limits of said state as provided in this article; and if there should be a surplus at the time of such final adjustment, each state shall be entitled to the amounts received from counties, municipalities, railroad corporations or persons within its limits over and above the amount charged it. And the state of North Dakota hereby obligated itself to pay such

part of the debts and liabilities of the territory of Dakota as is declared by the foregoing agreement to be its proportion thereof, the same as if such proportion had been originally created by said state of North Dakota as its own debt or liability.

SEC. 204. Jurisdiction is ceded to the United States over the military reservations of Fort Abraham Lincoln, Fort Buford, Fort Pembina and Fort Totten, heretofore declared by the president of United States; provided, legal process, civil and criminal, of this state, shall extend over such reservations in all cases in which exclusive jurisdiction is not vested in the United States, or of crimes not committed within the limits of such reservations.

SEC. 205. The state of North Dakota hereby accepts the several grants of land granted by the United States to the state of North Dakota by an act of congress, entitled, "An act to provide for the division of Dakota into two states, and to enable the people of North Dakota, South Dakota, Montana and Washington to form constitutions and state governments, and to be admitted into the union on equal footing with the original states, and to make donations of public lands to such states," under the conditions and limitations therein mentioned; reserving the right, however, to apply to congress for modification of said conditions and limitations in case of necessity.

ARTICLE XVII.—Miscellaneous.

SEC. 206. The name of this state shall be "North Dakota." The state of North Dakota shall consist of all the territory included within the following boundary, to wit: Commencing at a point in the main channel of the Red River of the North, where the forty-ninth degree of north latitude crosses the same; thence south up the main channel of the same and along the boundary line of the state of Minnesota to a point where the seventh standard parallel intersects the same; thence west along said seventh standard parallel produced due west to a point where it intersects the twenty-seventh meridian of longitude west from Washington; thence north on said meridian to a point where it intersects the forty-ninth degree of north latitude; thence east along said line to place of beginning.

SEC. 207. The following described seal is hereby declared to be and hereby constituted the great seal of the state of North Dakota, to wit: "A tree in the open field, the trunk of which is surrounded by three bundles of wheat; on the right a plow, anvil and sledge; on the left, a bow crossed with three arrows, and an Indian on horseback pursuing a buffalo toward the setting sun; the foliage of the tree arched by a half circle of forty-two stars, surrounded by the motto, "Liberty and Union Now and Forever, One and Inseparable;" the words "Great Seal" at the top, the words "State of North Dakota" at the bottom; "October 1st" on the left, and "1889" on the right. The seal to be two and one-half inches in diameter.

SEC. 208. The right of the debtor to enjoy the comforts and necessities of life shall be recognized by wholesome laws exempting from forced sale to all heads of families a homestead, the value of which shall be limited and defined by law; and a reasonable amount of personal property; the kind and value shall be fixed by law. This section shall not be construed to prevent liens against the

homestead for labor done and materials furnished in the improvement thereof, in such manner as may be prescribed by law.

SEC. 209. The labor of children under twelve years of age shall be prohibited in mines, factories and workshops in this state.

SEC. 210. All flowing streams and natural water courses shall forever remain the property of the state for mining, irrigating and manufacturing purposes.

SEC. 211. Members of the legislative assembly and judicial departments, except such inferior officers as may be by law exempted, shall, before they enter on the duties of their respective offices, take and subscribe the following oath or affirmation: "I do solemnly swear (or affirm, as the case may be) that I will support the constitution of the United States and the constitution of the state of North Dakota; and that I will faithfully discharge the duties of the office of according to the best of my ability, so help me God" (if an oath), (under pain and penalty of perjury, if an affirmation), and no other oath, declaration or test shall be required as a qualification for any office or public trust.

SEC. 212. The exchange of "black lists" between corporations shall be prohibited.

SEC. 213. The real and personal property of any woman in this state, acquired before marriage, and all property to which she may after marriage become in any manner rightfully entitled, shall be her separate property and shall not be liable for the debts of her husband.

ARTICLE XVIII.—Congressional and Legislative Apportionment.

SEC. 214. Until otherwise provided by law, the member of the house of representatives of the United States apportioned to this state shall be elected at large.

Until otherwise provided by law the senatorial and representative districts shall be formed and the senators and representatives shall be apportioned as follows:

The first district shall consist of the townships of Walhalla, St. Joseph, Neche, Pembina, Bathgate, Carlisle, Joliet, Midland, Lincoln and Drayton, in the county of Pembina, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The second district shall consist of the townships of St. Thomas, Hamilton, Cavalier, Akra, Beauleau, Thingvalla, Gardar, Park, Crystal, Elora and Lodema, in the county of Pembina, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The third district shall consist of the townships of Perth, Latona, Adams, Silvestar, Cleveland, Morton, Vesta, Tiber, Medford, Vernon, Golden, Lampton, Eden, Rushford, Kensington, Dundee, Ops, Prairie Center, Fertile, Park River and Glenwood, in the county of Walsh, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The fourth district shall consist of the townships of Forest River, Walsh Center, Grafton, Farmington, Ardoch, village of Ardoch, Harrison, city of Grafton, Oakwood, Martin, Walshville, Pulaski, Acton, Minto and St. Andrews, in the county of Walsh, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

The fifth district shall consist of the townships of Gilby, Johnstown, Strabane, Wheatfield, Hegton, Arvilla, Avon, Northwood, Lind, Grace, Larimore and the city of Larimore, Elm Grove, Agnes, Inkster, Elkmount, Oakwood, Niagara, Moraine, Logan and Loretta, in

the county of Grand Forks, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The sixth district shall consist of the Third, Fourth, Fifth and Sixth wards of the city of Grand Forks, as now constituted, and the townships of Falconer, Harvey, Turtle River, Ferry, Rye, Blooming, Meckinock, Lakeville and Levant, in the county of Grand Forks, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The seventh district shall consist of the First and Second wards of the city of Grand Forks, as now constituted, and the townships of Grand Forks, Brenna, Oakville, Chester, Pleasant View, Fairfield, Allendale, Walle, Bentrue, Americus, Michigan, Union and Washington; in the county of Grand Forks, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The eighth district shall consist of the county of Traill and be entitled to one senator and four representatives.

The ninth district shall consist of the township of Fargo and the city of Fargo, in the county of Grand Forks, and be entitled to one senator and four representatives.

The ninth district shall consist of the township of Fargo and the city of Fargo, in the county of Cass, and the fractional township number 139 in range 48, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The tenth district shall consist of the townships of Noble, Wiser, Harwood, Reed, Barnes, Stanley, Pleasant, Kenyon, Gardner, Berlin, Raymond, Mapleton, Warren, Norman, Elm River, Harmony, Durbin, Addison, Davenport, Casselton and the city of Casselton, in the county of Cass, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

The eleventh district shall consist of the townships of Webster, Rush River, Hunter, Arthur, Amenia, Everest, Maple River, Leonard, Dows, Erie, Empire, Wheatland, Gill, Walburg, Watson, Page, Rich, Ayr, Buffalo, Howes, Eldred, Highland, Rochester, Lake, Cornell, Tower, Hill, Clifton and Pontiac, in the county of Cass, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

The twelfth district shall consist of the county of Richland, and be entitled to one senator and three representatives.

The thirteen district shall consist of the county of Sargent, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The fourteenth district shall consist of the county of Ransom, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The fifteenth district shall consist of the county of Barnes, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The sixteenth district shall consist of the counties of Steele and Griggs, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The seventeenth district shall consist of the county of Nelson, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The eighteenth district shall consist of the county of Cavalier, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The nineteenth district shall consist of the counties of Towner and Rolette, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The twentieth district shall consist of the counties of Benson and Pierce, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-first district shall consist of the county of Ramsey, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-second district shall consist of the counties of Eddy,

Foster and Wells, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-third district shall consist of the county of Stutsman, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-fourth district shall consist of the county of LaMoure, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The twenty-fifth district shall consist of the county of Dickey, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-sixth district shall consist of the counties of Emons, McIntosh, Logan and Kidder, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-seventh district shall consist of the county of Burleigh, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The twenty-eighth district shall consist of the counties of Bottineau and McHenry, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The twenty-ninth district shall consist of the counties of Ward, McLean, and all the unorganized counties lying north of the Missouri river, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

The thirtieth district shall consist of the counties of Morton and Oliver, and be entitled to one senator and two representatives.

The thirty-first district shall consist of the counties of Mercer, Stark and Billings and all the unorganized counties lying south of the Missouri river, and be entitled to one senator and one representative.

Note.—Apportionment changed by law of 1901, law of 1907, law of 1909 and law of 1911.

ARTICLE XIX.—Public Institutions.

SEC. 215. The following public institutions of the state are permanently located at the places hereinafter named, each to have the lands specifically granted to it by the United States, in the act of congress approved February 22, 1889, to be disposed of and used in such manner as the legislative assembly may prescribe, subject to the limitations provided in the article on school and public lands contained in this constitution.

First. The seat of government at the city of Bismarck, in the county of Burleigh.

Second. The state university and the school of mines at the city of Grand Forks, in the county of Grand Forks.

Third. The agricultural college at the city of Fargo, in the county of Cass.

Fourth. A state normal school at the city of Valley City, in the county of Barnes; and the legislative assembly in apportioning the grant of eighty thousand acres of land for normal schools made in the act of congress referred to shall grant to the said normal school at Valley City, as aforementioned, fifty thousand (50,000) acres, and said lands are hereby appropriated to said institution for that purpose.

Fifth. The deaf and dumb asylum at the city of Devils Lake, in the county of Ramsey.

Note.—See amendments, Article 5.

Sixth. A state reform school at the city of Mandan, in the county of Morton.

Seventh. A state normal school at the city of Mayville, in the county of Traill, and the legislative assembly in apportioning the

declared to be the seals of the supreme and district courts respectively of the state.

SEC. 8. Whenever this constitution shall go into effect, the books, records and papers and proceedings of the probate court in each county, and all causes and matters of administration and other matters pending therein, shall pass into the jurisdiction and possession of the county court of the same county, and the said county court shall proceed to final decree of judgment, order or other determination in the said several matters and causes as the said probate court might have done if this constitution had not been adopted. And until the election and qualification of the judges of the county courts provided for in this constitution, the probate judges shall act as the judges of the county courts within their respective counties, and the seal of the probate court in each county shall be the seal of the county court therein until the said court shall have procured a proper seal.

SEC. 9. The terms "probate court" or "probate judge," whenever occurring in the statutes of the territory, shall after this constitution goes into effect, be held to apply to the county court or county judge.

SEC. 10. All territorial, county and precinct officers, who may be in office at the time this constitution takes effect, whether holding their offices under the authority of the United States or of the territory, shall hold and exercise their respective offices, and perform the duties thereof as prescribed in this constitution, until their successors shall be elected and qualified in accordance with the provisions of this constitution, and official bonds of all such officers shall continue in full force and effect as though this constitution had not been adopted; and such officers for their term of service, under this constitution, shall receive the same salaries and compensation as is by this constitution or by the laws of the territory, provided for like officers; provided, that the county and precinct officers shall hold their offices for the term for which they were elected. There shall be elected in each organized county in this state, at the election to be held for the ratification of this constitution, a clerk of the district court, who shall hold his office under said election until his successor is duly elected and qualified. The judges of the district court shall have power to appoint state's attorneys in any organized counties where no such attorneys have been elected, which appointment shall continue until the general election to be held in 1890, and until his successor is elected and qualified.

SEC. 11. This constitution shall take effect and be in full force immediately upon the admission of the territory as a state.

SEC. 12. Immediately upon the adjournment of this convention the governor of the territory, or, in case of his absence, or failure to act, the secretary of the territory, or in case of his absence or failure to act, the president of the constitutional convention shall issue a proclamation, which shall be published and a copy thereof mailed to the chairman of the board of county commissioners of each county, calling an election by the people on the first Tuesday in October, 1889, of all the state and district officers created and made elective by this constitution. This constitution shall be submitted for adoption or rejection at said election to a vote of the electors qualified by the laws of this territory to vote at all elections. At the election provided for herein the qualified voters shall

bodies corporate shall continue as if no change of government had taken place, and all processes which may, before the organization of the judicial department under this constitution, be issued under the authority of the territory of Dakota, shall be as valid as if issued in the name of the state.

SEC. 2. All laws now in force in the territory of Dakota, which are not repugnant to this constitution, shall remain in force until they expire by their own limitations or be altered or repealed.

SEC. 3. All fines, penalties, forfeitures and escheats accruing to the territory of Dakota shall accrue to the use of the states of North Dakota and South Dakota and may be sued for and recovered by either of said states as necessity may require.

SEC. 4. All recognizances, bonds, obligations or other undertakings, heretofore taken, or which may be taken before the organization of the judicial department under this constitution, shall remain valid, and shall pass over to, and may be prosecuted in the name of the state; all bonds, obligations or other undertakings executed to this territory, or to any officer in his official capacity, shall pass over to the proper state authority, and to their successors in office, for the use therein respectively expressed, and may be sued for and recovered accordingly; all criminal prosecutions and penal actions, which have arisen or may arise before the organization of the judicial department, under this constitution, or which shall then be pending, may be prosecuted to judgment and execution in the name of the state.

SEC. 5. All property real and personal, and credits, claims and choses in action belonging to the territory of Dakota at the time of the adoption of this constitution, shall be vested in and become the property of the states of North Dakota and South Dakota.

SEC. 6. Whenever any two of the judges of the supreme court of the state, elected under the provisions of this constitution, shall have qualified in their offices, the causes then pending the supreme court of the territory on appeal or writ of error from the district courts of any county or subdivision within the limits of this state, and the papers, records and proceedings of said court shall pass into the jurisdiction and possession of the supreme court of the state, except as otherwise provided in the enabling act of congress, and until so superseded the supreme court of the territory and judges thereof shall continue, with like powers and jurisdiction as if this constitution had not been adopted. Whenever the judge of the district court of any district elected under the provisions of this constitution shall have qualified in this office, the several causes then pending in the district court of the territory within any court in such district, and the records, papers and proceedings of said district court, and the seal and other property pertaining thereto, shall pass into the jurisdiction and possession of the district court of the state for such county, except as provided in the enabling act of congress, and until the district courts of this territory shall be superseded in the manner aforesaid, the said district courts and the judges thereof shall continue with the same jurisdiction and power to be exercised in the same judicial districts respectively as heretofore constituted under the laws of the territory.

SEC. 7. Until otherwise provided by law, the seals now in use in the supreme and district courts of this territory are hereby

declared to be the seals of the supreme and district courts respectively of the state.

SEC. 8. Whenever this constitution shall go into effect, the books, records and papers and proceedings of the probate court in each county, and all causes and matters of administration and other matters pending therein, shall pass into the jurisdiction and possession of the county court of the same county, and the said county court shall proceed to final decree of judgment, order or other determination in the said several matters and causes as the said probate court might have done if this constitution had not been adopted. And until the election and qualification of the judges of the county courts provided for in this constitution, the probate judges shall act as the judges of the county courts within their respective counties, and the seal of the probate court in each county shall be the seal of the county court therein until the said court shall have procured a proper seal.

SEC. 9. The terms "probate court" or "probate judge," whenever occurring in the statutes of the territory, shall after this constitution goes into effect, be held to apply to the county court or county judge.

SEC. 10. All territorial, county and precinct officers, who may be in office at the time this constitution takes effect, whether holding their offices under the authority of the United States or of the territory, shall hold and exercise their respective offices, and perform the duties thereof as prescribed in this constitution, until their successors shall be elected and qualified in accordance with the provisions of this constitution, and official bonds of all such officers shall continue in full force and effect as though this constitution had not been adopted; and such officers for their term of service, under this constitution, shall receive the same salaries and compensation as is by this constitution or by the laws of the territory, provided for like officers; provided, that the county and precinct officers shall hold their offices for the term for which they were elected. There shall be elected in each organized county in this state, at the election to be held for the ratification of this constitution, a clerk of the district court, who shall hold his office under said election until his successor is duly elected and qualified. The judges of the district court shall have power to appoint state's attorneys in any organized counties where no such attorneys have been elected, which appointment shall continue until the general election to be held in 1890, and until his successor is elected and qualified.

SEC. 11. This constitution shall take effect and be in full force immediately upon the admission of the territory as a state.

SEC. 12. Immediately upon the adjournment of this convention the governor of the territory, or, in case of his absence, or failure to act, the secretary of the territory, or in case of his absence or failure to act, the president of the constitutional convention shall issue a proclamation, which shall be published and a copy thereof mailed to the chairman of the board of county commissioners of each county, calling an election by the people on the first Tuesday in October, 1889, of all the state and district officers created and made elective by this constitution. This constitution shall be submitted for adoption or rejection at said election to a vote of the electors qualified by the laws of this territory to vote at all elections. At the election provided for herein the qualified voters shall

vote directly for or against this constitution and for or against the article separately submitted.

SEC. 13. The board of commissioners of the several counties shall thereupon order such election for said day, and shall cause notice thereof to be given for the period of twenty days, in the manner provided by law. Every qualified elector of the territory, at the date of said election, shall be entitled to vote thereat. Such election shall be conducted in all respects in the same manner as provided by the laws of the territory for general elections, and the returns for all state and district officers, and members of the legislative assembly, shall be made to the canvassing board hereinafter provided for.

SEC. 14. The governor, secretary and chief justice, or a majority of them, shall constitute a board of canvassers to canvass the vote of such election for all state and district officers and members of the legislative assembly. The said board shall assemble at the seat of government of the territory on the fifteenth day after the day of such election (or on the following day if such day falls on Sunday), and proceed to canvass the votes on the adoption of this constitution and for all state and district officers and members of the legislative assembly in the manner provided by the laws of the territory for canvassing the vote for delegate to congress, and they shall issue certificates of election to the persons found to be elected to said offices severally, and shall make and file with the secretary of the territory an abstract certified by them, of the number of votes cast for or against the adoption of the constitution, and for each person for each of said offices, and of the total number of votes cast in each county.

SEC. 15. All officers elected at such election shall, within sixty days after the date of the executive proclamation admitting the State of North Dakota into the union, take the oath required by this constitution, and give the same bond required by the law of the territory to be given in case of like officers of the territory and districts, and shall thereupon, enter upon the duties of their respective offices, but the legislative assembly may require by law all such officers to give other or further bonds as a condition of their continuance in office.

SEC. 16. The judges of the district court who shall be elected at the election herein provided for shall hold their office until the first Monday in January, 1893, and until their successors are elected and qualified. All other state officers, except judges of the supreme court, who shall be elected at the election herein provided for, shall hold their offices until the first Monday in January, 1891, and until their successors are elected and qualified. Until otherwise provided by law, the judges of the supreme court shall receive for their services the salary of four thousand dollars per annum, payable quarterly; and the district judges shall receive for their services the salary of three thousand dollars per annum, payable quarterly.

SEC. 17. The governor-elect of the state immediately upon his qualifying and entering upon the duties of his office shall issue his proclamation convening the legislative assembly of the state at the seat of government on a day to be named in said proclamation, and which shall not be less than fifteen nor more than forty days after the date of such proclamation. And said legislative assembly after organizing shall proceed to elect two senators of the United States

for the State of North Dakota; and at said election the two persons who shall receive a majority of all the votes cast by the said senators and representatives shall be elected such United States senators. And the presiding officers of the senate and house of representatives shall each certify the election to the governor and secretary of the State of North Dakota; and the governor and secretary of state shall certify the election of such senators as provided by law.

SEC. 18. At the election herein provided for there shall be elected a representative to the fifty-first congress of the United States, by the electors of the state at large.

SEC. 19. It is hereby made the duty of the legislative assembly at its first session to provide for the payment of all debts and indebtedness authorized to be incurred by the constitutional convention of North Dakota, which shall remain unpaid after the appropriation made by congress for the same shall have been exhausted.

SEC. 20. There shall be submitted to the same election at which this constitution is submitted for rejection or adoption, article 20, entitled "Prohibition," and persons who desire to vote for said article shall have written or printed on their ballots "For Prohibition," and all persons desiring to vote against said article shall have written or printed on their ballots "Against Prohibition." If it shall appear according to the returns herein provided for that a majority of all votes cast at said election for and against prohibition are for prohibition, then said article 20 shall be and form a part of this constitution and be in full force and effect as such from the date of the admission of this state into the union. But if a majority of said votes shall appear according to said returns to be against prohibition then said article 20 shall be null and void and shall not be a part of this constitution.

SEC. 21. The agreement made by the joint commission of the constitutional conventions of North Dakota and South Dakota concerning the records, books and archives of the Territory of Dakota is hereby ratified and confirmed: which agreement is in the words following: That is to say:

The following books, records and archives of the Territory of Dakota shall be the property of North Dakota, to-wit: All records, books and archives in the offices of the governor and secretary of the territory (except records of articles of incorporation of domestic corporations, returns of election of delegates to the constitutional convention of 1889 for South Dakota, returns of elections held under the so-called local option law, in counties within the limits of South Dakota, bonds of notaries public appointed for counties within the limits of South Dakota, papers relating to the organization of counties situate within the limits of South Dakota, all which records and archives are a part of the records and archives of said secretary's office: excepting, also census returns from counties situate within the limits of South Dakota and papers relating to requisitions issued upon the application of officers of counties situate within the limits of South Dakota, all of which are a part of the records and archives of said governor's office.)

And the following records, books and archives shall also be the property of the State of North Dakota, to-wit: Vouchers in the office or custody of the auditor of this territory relating to expendi-

tures on account of public institutions, grounds or buildings situate within the limits of North Dakota. One warrant register in the office of the treasury of this territory—being a record of warrants issued under and by virtue of chapter 24 of the laws enacted by the eighteenth legislative assembly of Dakota Territory. All letters, receipts and vouchers in the same office now filed by counties and pertaining to counties within the limits of North Dakota. Paid and cancelled coupons in the same office representing interest on bonds which said state of North Dakota is to assume and pay. Reports of gross earnings of the year 1888 in the same office, made by corporations operating lines or railroad situated wholly or mainly within the limits of North Dakota. Records and papers of the office of the board of agriculture. Records and papers in the office of the board of pharmacy of the District of North Dakota.

All records, books and archives of the Territory of Dakota which it is not herein agreed shall be the property of North Dakota, shall be the property of South Dakota.

The following books shall be copied and the copies shall be the property of North Dakota, and the cost of such copies shall be borne equally by said states of North Dakota and South Dakota. That is to say:

Appropriation ledger for the years ending November, 1889-90—one volume.

The auditor's current warrant register—one volume.

Insurance record for 1889—one volume.

Treasurer's cash book—"D."

Assessment ledger—"B."

Dakota Territory bond register—one volume.

Treasurer's current ledger—one volume.

The originals of the foregoing volumes which are to be copied shall at any time after such copying shall have been completed be delivered on demand to the proper authorities of the State of South Dakota.

All other records and archives, which it is hereby agreed shall be the property of South Dakota, shall remain at the capitol of North Dakota until demanded by the legislature of the State of South Dakota, and until the State of North Dakota shall have had a reasonable time after such demand is made to provide copies or abstracts of such portions thereof as the said State of North Dakota may desire to have copies or abstracts of.

The State of South Dakota may also provide copies or abstracts of such records, books and archives, which it is agreed shall be the property of North Dakota, as said State of South Dakota shall desire to have copies or abstracts of. The expenses of all copies or abstracts of records, books, and archives which it is herein agreed may be made, shall be borne equally by said two states.

SEC. 22. Should the counties containing lands which form a part of the grant of lands made by congress to the Northern Pacific railroad company, be compelled by law to refund moneys paid for such lands or any of them by purchasers thereof at tax sales thereof, based upon taxes illegally levied upon said lands, then and in that case the State of North Dakota shall appropriate the sum of twenty-five thousand dollars (\$25,000) or so much thereof as may be necessary to reimburse said counties for the

amount so received from said illegal tax sales and paid by said counties into the treasury of Dakota Territory.

SEC. 23. This constitution shall after its enrollment be signed by the president of this convention and the chief clerk thereof, and such delegates as desire to sign the same, whereupon it shall be deposited in the office of the secretary of the territory, where it may be signed at any time by any delegate who shall be prevented from signing the same for any reason at the time of the adjournment of this convention.

SEC. 24. In case the territorial officers of the Territory of Dakota, or any of them who are now required by law to report to the governor of the territory, annually or biennially, shall prepare and publish such reports covering the transactions of their offices up to the time of the admission of the State of North Dakota into the union, the legislative assembly shall make sufficient appropriations to pay one-half of the cost of such publication.

SEC. 25. The governor and secretary of the territory are hereby authorized to make arrangements for the meeting of the first legislative assembly, and the inauguration of the state government.

SEC. 26. The legislative assembly shall provide for the editing and for the publication in an independent volume, of this constitution, as soon as it shall take effect, and whenever it shall be altered or amended, and shall cause to be published in the same volume the declaration of independence, the constitution of the United States and the enabling act.

Done at Bismarck, Dakota, in open convention, this 17th day of August, A. D. 1889.

F. B. FANCHER,
President.

JOHN G. HAMILTON,
Chief Clerk.

AMENDMENTS TO CONSTITUTION

ARTICLE I.

The legislative assembly shall have no power to authorize lotteries or gift enterprises for any purpose and shall pass laws to prohibit the sale of lottery or gift enterprise tickets.

ARTICLE II.

SEC. 121. Every male person of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, belonging to either of the following classes, who shall have resided in the state one year and in the county six months, and in the precinct ninety days next preceding any election, shall be a qualified elector at such election.

First—Citizens of the United States.

Second—Civilized persons of Indian descent, who shall have severed their tribal relations two years next preceding such election.

SEC. 127. No person who is under guardianship, non compos mentis or insane, shall be qualified to vote at any election; nor any person convicted of treason or felony unless restored to civil rights; and the legislature shall by law establish an educational test as a qualification, and may prescribe penalties for failing, neglecting or refusing to vote at any general election.

ARTICLE III.

SEC. 76. The governor shall have power in conjunction with the board of pardons, of which the governor shall be ex-officio a member and the other members of which shall consist of the attorney general of the State of North Dakota, and two qualified electors who shall be appointed by the governor, to remit fines and forfeitures, to grant reprieves, commutations and pardons after conviction for all offenses except treason and cases of impeachment; but the legislative assembly may by law regulate the manner in which the remission of fines, pardons, commutations and reprieves may be applied for. Upon conviction of treason the governor shall have the power to suspend the execution of sentence until the case shall be reported to the legislative assembly at its next regular session, when the legislative assembly shall either pardon or commute the sentence, direct the execution of the sentence or grant further reprieve. The governor shall communicate to the legislative assembly at each regular session each case of remission of fine, reprieve, commutation or pardon granted by the board of pardons, stating the name of the convict, the crime for which he is convicted, the sentence and its date and the date of remission, commutation, pardon or reprieve, with their reasons for granting the same.

ARTICLE IV.

SEC. 179. All property, except as hereinafter in this section provided, shall be assessed in the county, city, township, village or district in which it is situated, in the manner prescribed by law. The franchise, roadway, roadbed, rails and rolling stock of all railroads, and the franchise and all other property of all express companies, freight line companies, car equipment companies, sleeping car companies, dining car companies, telegraph or telephone companies, or corporations operated in this state and used directly or indirectly in the carrying of persons, property, or messages, shall be assessed by the state board of equalization at their actual value, and such assessed value shall be apportioned to the counties, cities, towns, villages, townships and districts in which such railroad companies, express companies, sleeping car companies, dining car companies, telegraph and telephone companies are located, and through which they are operated, as a basis for the taxation of such property, in proportion to the number of miles of such property, within such counties, cities, towns, villages, townships and districts, or over which any part of such property is used or operated within such counties, towns, villages, townships and districts. But should any railroad allow any portion of its roadway to be used for any purpose other than the operation of a railroad thereon, such portion of its roadway, while

so used, shall be assessed in the manner provided for the assessment of other real property.

ARTICLE V.

Subdivision 5 of section 215.

Fifth. The school for the deaf and dumb of North Dakota, at the City of Devils Lake, in the County of Ramsey.

ARTICLE VI.

Subdivision 8, of section 215.

Eighth. A state hospital for the insane at the City of Jamestown, in the County of Stutsman. And the legislative assembly shall appropriate twenty thousand acres of the grant of lands made by the act of congress aforesaid for "other educational and charitable institutions," to the benefit and for the endowment of said institution, and there shall be located at or near the City of Grafton, in the County of Walsh, an institution for the feeble minded, on the grounds purchased by the secretary of the interior for a penitentiary building.

ARTICLE VII.

Addenda to section 176:

The legislative assembly may further provide that grain grown within the state and held therein in elevators, warehouses and granaries may be taxed at a fixed rate.

ARTICLE VIII.

The moneys of the permanent school fund and other educational funds shall be invested only in bonds of school corporations or of counties, or of townships, or of municipalities within the state, bonds issued for the construction of drains under authority of law within the state, bonds of the United States, bonds of the State of North Dakota, bonds of other states; provided, such states have never repudiated any of their indebtedness, or on first mortgages on farm lands in this state, not exceeding in amount, one-third of the actual value of any subdivision on which the same may be loaned, such value to be determined by the board of appraisal of school lands.

ARTICLE IX.

SEC. 158. Minimum Price of State Lands. No lands shall be sold for less than the appraised value and in no case for less than ten dollars per acre. The purchaser shall pay one-fifth of the price in cash, and the remaining four-fifths as follows: One-fifth in five years, one fifth in ten years, one-fifth in fifteen years and one-fifth in twenty years, with interest at the rate of not less than six per centum, payable annually in advance. All sales shall be held at the county seat of the county in which the land to be sold is situate, and shall be at public auction and to the highest bidder, after sixty days' advertisement of the same

in a newspaper of general circulation in the vicinity of the lands to be sold, and one at the seat of government. Such lands as shall not have been specially subdivided shall be offered in tracts of one-quarter section, and those so subdivided in the smallest subdivisions. All lands designated for sale and not sold within two years after appraisal, shall be reappraised before they are sold. No grant or patent for any such lands shall issue until payment is made for the same; provided, that the lands contracted to be sold by the state shall be subject to taxation from the date of such contract. In case the taxes assessed against any of said lands for any year remain unpaid until the first Monday in October of the following year, then and thereupon the contracts of sale of such lands shall, at the election of the board of university and school lands, become null and void; and no such contract heretofore made shall be held void for nonpayment of taxes accruing on the lands described therein; provided, such taxes shall have been paid before this amendment takes effect; provided, further, that any school or institution land that may be required for townsite purposes may be paid for at any time and patent issued therefor.

ARTICLE X.

SEC. 89. The supreme court shall consist of five judges, a majority of whom shall be necessary to form a quorum or pronounce a decision; but one or more of said judges may adjourn the court from day to day or to a day certain.

ARTICLE XI.

SEC. 158. No land shall be sold for less than the appraised value, and in no case for less than ten dollars per acre. The purchaser shall pay one-fifth of the price in cash and the remaining four-fifths as follows: One-fifth in five years, one fifth on or before the expiration of ten years, one-fifth on or before the expiration of fifteen years, and one-fifth on or before the expiration of twenty years, with interest payable at the rate of not less than five per cent per annum payable annually in advance; provided, that when payments are made before due they shall be made at an interest paying date, and one year's interest in advance shall be paid on all moneys so paid. All sales shall be held at the county seat of the county in which the land to be sold is situated, and be at public auction and to the highest bidder after sixty days advertisement of the same in a newspaper in general circulation in the vicinity of the land to be sold, and also published in a newspaper published at the county seat, and also in a newspaper published at the seat of government. Such lands as shall not have been especially subdivided shall be offered in tracts of one-quarter section, and those subdivided in the smallest subdivision. All lands designated for sale and not sold within two years after appraisal shall be re-appraised before they are sold. No grant or patent for such lands shall issue until payment is made for the same; provided, that the lands contracted to be sold by the state shall be subject to taxation from the date of such contract. In case the taxes assessed against any of said lands for any year remain unpaid until the first Monday in October of

the following year, then and thereupon the contract of sale for such lands shall, if the board of university and school lands so determine, become null and void. Any lands under the provisions of section 158 of the constitution of the State of North Dakota that have heretofore been sold may be paid for, except as to interest, as provided herein; provided, further, that any school or institution lands that may be required for township purposes, may be paid for at any time and patent issued therefor.

ARTICLE XII.

SEC. 216. The following named public institutions are hereby permanently located as hereinafter provided, each to have so much of the remaining grant of one hundred and seventy thousand acres of land made by the United States for "other educational and charitable institutions" as is allotted by law, namely:

First. A soldiers' home, when located, or such other charitable institution as the legislative assembly may determine, at Lisbon, in the County of Ransom, with a grant of forty thousand acres of land.

Second. A blind asylum, or such other institution as the legislative assembly may determine, at such place in the County of Pembina as the qualified electors of the said county may determine at an election to be held as prescribed by the legislative assembly, with a grant of thirty thousand acres.

Third. An industrial school and school for manual training, or such other educational or charitable institutions as the legislative assembly may provide, at the town of Ellendale, in the County of Dickey, with a grant of forty thousand acres.

Fourth. A school of forestry, or such other institution as the legislative assembly may determine, at such place in one of the counties of McHenry, Ward, Bottineau or Rolette, as the electors of said counties may determine by an election for that purpose, to be held as provided by the legislative assembly.

Fifth. A scientific school, or such other educational or charitable institution as the legislative assembly may prescribe, at the City of Wahpeton, County of Richland, with a grant of forty thousand acres.

Sixth. A state normal school at the City of Minot, in the County of Ward; provided that no other institution of a character similar to any one of those located by this article, shall be established or maintained without a revision of this constitution.

ARTICLE XIII.

Section 158. No land shall be sold for less than the appraised value, and in no case for less than ten dollars per acre. The purchaser shall pay one-fifth of the price in cash, and the remaining four-fifths as follows:

One-fifth in five years, one-fifth on or before the expiration of ten years, one-fifth on or before the expiration of fifteen years, and one-fifth on or before the expiration of twenty years, with interest at the rate of not less than five per cent per annum, payable annually in advance; provided, that when payments are made

before due they shall be made at an interest paying date, and one year's interest in advance shall be paid on all money so paid. All sales shall be held at the county seat of the county in which the land to be sold is situated, and shall be at public auction and to the highest bidder, after sixty days' advertisement of the same in a newspaper of general circulation in the vicinity of the land to be sold, and one at the seat of government. Such lands as shall not have been specially subdivided shall be offered in tracts of one-quarter section, and those sub-divided in the smallest subdivisions. All lands designated for sale and not sold within two years after appraisal shall be re-appraised before they are sold. No grant or patent for such lands shall issue until payment is made for the same; provided that the land contracted to be sold by the state shall be subject to taxation from the date of contract. In case the taxes assessed against any of said lands for any year remain unpaid until the first Monday in October of the following year, then thereupon the contract of sale for such lands shall, if the board of university and school lands so determine, become null and void. Any lands under the provisions of section 158 of the constitution of the State of North Dakota that have heretofore been sold, may be paid for, except as to interest, as provided, further, that any school or institution lands that may be required for townsite purposes, school house sites, church sites, cemetery sites, sites for other educational or charitable institutions, public parks, fair grounds, public highways, railroad right of way, or for other railroad uses and purposes, reservoirs for the storage of water for irrigation, drain ditches or irrigation ditches, and lands that may be required for any of the purposes over which the right of eminent domain may be exercised under the constitution and the laws of the State of North Dakota, may be sold under the provisions of this section, and shall be paid for, principal and interest, in full in advance, at the time of sale, or at any time thereafter, and patent issued therefor, when principal and interest are paid.

ARTICLE XIV.

The legislative assembly is hereby authorized and empowered to provide by law for the erection, purchasing or leasing and operation of one or more terminal grain elevators in the States of Minnesota or Wisconsin, or both, to be maintained and operated in such manner as the legislative assembly shall prescribe, and provide for inspection, weighing and grading of all grain received in such elevator or elevators.

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

**Passed by the Twelfth and Thirteenth Legislative Assemblies, to be
Voted on at Next General Election.**

Initiative and Referendum—Legislative.

Chap. 93 (S. B. No. 5—Bessessen) 1911 Session Laws.
Chap. 101 (S. B. No. 32—Overson) 1913 Session Laws.

**A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION for an Amendment to the Consti-
tution Providing for the Initiative and Referendum.**

*Be it Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House
of Representatives Concurring:*

That the following amendment to the constitution of the State of North Dakota, providing for the initiative and referendum shall be referred to the next legislative assembly to be chosen at the next general election in said state, and with the approval of said legislative assembly to be submitted to the qualified electors for adoption or rejection, in accordance with the provisions of section 202 of the constitution of the state of North Dakota.

AMENDMENT.] Section 25 of Article 2 of the constitution of the state of North Dakota is hereby amended to read as follows:

Section 25. The legislative authority of the state of North Dakota shall be vested in a legislative assembly consisting of a senate and house of representatives, but the people reserve to themselves power to propose laws and to enact or reject the same at the polls, independent of the legislative assembly, and also reserve power, at their own option, to approve or reject at the polls, any act, item, section or part of any act or measure passed by the legislative assembly. The first power reserved by the people is the initiative, or the power to propose measures for enactment into laws, and at least ten per cent of the legal voters to be secured in a majority of the counties of the state shall be required to propose any measure by initiative petition, and every such petition shall include the full text of the measure so proposed. Initiative petitions shall be filed with the secretary of state not less than thirty days before any regular session of the legislative assembly; he shall transmit the same to the legislative assembly as soon as it convenes. Such initiative measure shall take precedence over all other measures in the legislative assembly except appropriation bills, and shall be either enacted or rejected without change or amendment by the legislative assembly within forty days. If any such initiative measure shall be enacted by the legislative assembly it shall be subject to referendum petition, or it may be referred by the legislative assembly to the people for approval or rejection. If it is rejected or no action is taken upon it by the legislative assembly within said forty days, the secretary of state shall submit it to the people for approval or rejection at the next ensuing regular general election. The legislative assembly may reject any measure so proposed by initiative petition and propose a different one to accomplish the same purpose, and in any such event both measures shall

be submitted by the secretary of state to the people for approval or rejection at the next ensuing regular election. If conflicting measures submitted to the people at the next ensuing election shall be approved by a majority of the votes severally cast for and against the same, the one receiving the highest number of affirmative votes shall thereby become valid, and the other shall thereby be rejected. The second power is the referendum, or the power to order any act, item, or part of any act to be referred to the people for their approval or rejection at the polls, and it may be ordered (except as to laws necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health or safety), as to any measure or any parts, items or sections of any measures passed by the legislative assembly either by a petition signed by ten per cent of the legal voters of the state from a majority of the counties, or by the legislative assembly, if a majority of the members elect vote therefor. When it is necessary for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health or safety that a law shall become effective without delay, such necessity and the facts creating the same shall be stated in one section of the bill, and if upon aye and no vote in each house two-thirds of all the members elected to each house shall vote on a separate roll call in favor of the said law going into instant operation for the immediate preservation of the public peace, health or safety, such law shall become operative upon approval by the governor.

The filing of a referendum petition against one or more items, sections or parts of an act shall not delay the remainder of that act from becoming operative. Referendum petitions against measures passed by the legislative assembly shall be filed with the secretary of state not more than ninety days after the final adjournment of the session of the legislative assembly which passed the measure on which the referendum is demanded. The veto power of the governor shall not extend to measures referred to the people. All elections on measures referred to the people of the state shall be had at biennial regular elections, except as provision may be made by law for a special election or elections. Any measure referred to the people shall take effect when it is approved by a majority of the votes cast thereon and not otherwise, and shall be in force from the date of the official declaration of the vote.

The enacting clause of all the initiative bills shall be, "Be it enacted by the people of the state of North Dakota." This section shall not be construed to deprive any member of the legislative assembly of the right to introduce any measure. The whole number of votes for secretary of state at the regular election last preceding the filing of any petition for the initiative or for the referendum shall be the basis on which the number of legal voters necessary to sign such petition shall be counted.

Petitions and orders for the initiative and for the referendum shall be filed with the secretary of state, and in submitting the same to the people he and all other officers shall be guided by the general laws and the act submitting this amendment until legislation shall be specially provided therefor.

This amendment shall be self executing, but legislation may be enacted to facilitate its operation.

Initiative and Referendum—Constitution.

Chap. 89 (S. B. 153—Gibbens) 1911 Session Laws.

Chap. 98 (S. B. 73—Gibbens) 1913 Session Laws.

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION Amending the Constitution of the State of North Dakota, Providing for the Future Amendment Thereof.

Be it Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring:

SECTION 1. That the following proposed amendment to section 202 of article 15 of the constitution of the State of North Dakota, be referred to the legislative assembly to be chosen at the next general election in the State of North Dakota, to be, if approved, by said last mentioned legislative assembly, submitted to the qualified electors of the state for approval or rejection in accordance with the provisions of section 202 of the constitution of the State of North Dakota.

AMENDMENT.] Article 15, section 202, of the constitution of the State of North Dakota is amended so as to read as follows:

SEC. 202. This constitution may be amended so as to read as follows:

First: Any amendment or amendments to this constitution may be proposed in either house of the legislative assembly; and if the same shall be agreed to by a majority of the members elected to each of the two houses, such proposed amendment shall be entered on the journal of the house with the yeas and nays taken thereon, and referred to the legislative assembly to be chosen at the next general election, and shall be published, as provided by law, for three months previous to the time of making such choice, and if in the legislative assembly so next chosen as aforesaid such proposed amendment or amendments shall be agreed to by a majority of all members elected to each house, then it shall be the duty of the legislative assembly to submit such proposed amendment or amendments to the people in such manner and at such times as the legislative assembly shall provide; and if the people shall approve and ratify such amendment or amendments by a majority of the electors qualified to vote for members of the legislative assembly voting thereon, such amendment or amendments shall become a part of the constitution of this state. If two or more amendments shall be submitted at the same time, they shall be submitted in such manner that the electors shall vote for or against each of such amendments separately.

Second. Any amendment or amendments to this constitution may also be proposed by the people by the filing with the secretary of state, at least six months previous to a general election, of an initiative petition containing the signatures of at least twenty-five per cent of the legal voters in each of not less than one-half of the counties of the state. When such petition has been properly filed the proposed amendment or amendments shall be published as the legislature may provide, for three months previous to the general election, and shall be placed upon the ballot to be voted upon by the people at the next general election. Should any such amendment or amendments proposed by initiative petition and submitted to the people receive a majority of all the legal votes

cast at such general election, such amendment or amendments shall be referred to the next legislative assembly and should such proposed amendment or amendments be agreed upon by a majority of all the members elected to each house, such amendment or amendments shall become a part of the constitution of this state. Should any amendment or amendments proposed by initiative petition and receiving a majority of all the votes cast at the general election as herein provided, but failing to receive approval by the following legislative assembly to which it has been referred, such amendment or amendments shall again be submitted to the people at the next general election for their approval or rejection as at the previous general election. Should such amendment or amendments receive a majority of all the legal votes cast at such succeeding general election such amendment or amendments at once become a part of the constitution of this state. Any amendment or amendments proposed by initiative petition and failing of adoption as herein provided, shall not be again considered until the expiration of six years.

Changing Name of the State Blind Asylum

Chap. 97 (H. B. 78—O'Connor) 1911 Session Laws.

Chap. 95 (S. B. 219—Ganssle) 1913 Session Laws.

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

To Amend Section 216 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota, Pertaining to Public Institutions.

Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring Therein:

That the following proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of North Dakota adopted by the Twelfth Legislative Assembly and by it referred to the Thirteenth Legislative Assembly for approval or rejection, is hereby agreed to and such amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the state at the next general election for approval or rejection in accordance with the provisions of Section 202 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota:

AMENDMENT.] That Section 216 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota is amended to read as follows:

The following named public institutions are hereby permanently located as hereinafter provided, each to have so much of the remaining grant of one hundred and seventy thousand acres of land made by the United States for "Other Educational and Charitable Institutions," as is allotted by law, viz.:

First. A soldiers' home, when located, or such other charitable institution as the Legislative Assembly may determine, at Lisbon, in the County of Ransom, with a grant of forty thousand acres of land.

Second. The school for the blind of North Dakota, at Bathgate, in the County of Pembina, with a grant of thirty thousand acres.

Third. An industrial school and school for manual training or such other educational or charitable institution as the Legislative Assembly may provide at the town of Ellendale, in the County of Dickey with a grant of forty thousand acres.

STATE FLAG.

(Adopted by Twelfth Legislative Assembly, Chapter 283, 1911 Session
Laws.)

<p>l l ' < e f j f r f f j t < j</p>	<p>the pennon of a carpet on fields where North It has fluttered in of conflict and the cry it is a banner to ven-</p> <p>other than the flag that marched under for two as with the regiment in</p> <p>flag of the territorial ., when it was unfurled when it was adopted, conquer the wilds of the his publication will lead e so g, which is the insertion he words "First North arried at the following</p>
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Engagements.

<p>Blockhouse 14, August 12, 1898 Manila, August 13, 1898 Manila, February 4 and 5, 1899 Paranaque, Feb. 6, 1899, Co.. C, I and K. Matthew Gahabauer 10, 1899. April 1, 1899. 9 and 10, 1899. 1899. 9. 1 22, 1899 1899. 9.), 1899. 9. 1899.). 99 (Scouts). Sampaloc, May 3, 1899 (Scouts). San Ildefonso, May 12, 1899 (Scouts). San Miguel, May 13, 1899 (Scouts).</p>	<p>Salacot, May 15, 1899 (Scouts). Tarbon Bridge, May 16, 1899 (Scouts) San Isidro, May 17, 1899 (Scouts). San Fernando, May 18, 1899. Cabaio, May 19, 1899. San Antonio, May 20, 1899 (Scouts). Cainta, June 3, 1899. Taytay, June 3 and 4, 1899. Angono, June 4, 1899. Baras, June 8, 1899 (Scouts). Baras, June 9, 1899 (Scouts). Morong, June 22, 1899, Co.'s A and H. San Pedro Road, July 8, 1899. Co's B, D, G and H. English Cemetery, July 16 and 17, 1899, Co's C and H. Culicula, March 13, 1899. King's Bluff, April 5, 1899. Expedition to Foot Hills, May, 1899 (Scouts).</p>
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State Flag

Fourth. A school of Forestry, or such other institution as the Legislative Assembly may determine, at the city of Bottineau, in the County of Bottineau.

Fifth. A scientific school, or such other educational or charitable institution as the Legislative Assembly may prescribe, at the City of Wahpeton, County of Richland, with a grant of forty thousand acres.

Sixth. A state normal school at the City of Minot, in the County of Ward; *provided*, that no other institution, of a character similar to any one of those located by this Article, shall be established or maintained without a revision of this Constitution.

Approved March 10, 1913.

State Aid for Highways

Chap. 91 (S. B. 247—Welo) 1911 Session Laws.

Chap. 100 (S. B. 67—Albrecht) 1913 Session Laws.

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Amending Section 185 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota, Relating to State Aid in the Construction and Improvement of Public Highways.

Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring:

The following proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of North Dakota adopted by the Twelfth Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota and by it referred to the Thirteenth Legislative Assembly of said state for approval or rejection, is hereby agreed to, and such amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the state at the next general election for approval or rejection in accordance with the provisions of Section 202 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota.

AMENDMENT TO CONSTITUTION.] That Section 185 of Article 12 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota is hereby amended to read as follows:

SEC. 185. Neither the state nor any county, city, township, town, school district or any other political sub-division shall loan or give its credit or make donations to or in aid of any individual, association or corporation, except for necessary support of the poor, nor subscribe to or become the owner of the capital stock of any association or corporation, nor shall the state engage in any work or internal improvement unless authorized by a two-third vote of the people. *Provided*, that the state may appropriate money in the treasury or to be thereafter raised by taxation for the construction or improvement of public highways.

Approved February 27, 1913.

Terminal Elevators Within the State

Chap. 90 (S. B. 229—Plain) 1911 Session Laws.

Chap. 104 (S. B. 110—Plain) 1913 Session Laws.

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION Amending the Constitution of the State of North Dakota, Empowering the Legislative Assembly to Provide by Law for Erection, Leasing, Purchasing and Operating Terminal Elevators in the State of North Dakota.

Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring:

That the following proposed amendment to the Constitution of the State of North Dakota adopted by the Twelfth Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota, and by it referred to the Thirteenth Legislative Assembly of said state for approval or rejection, is hereby agreed to and such amendment shall be submitted to the qualified electors of the state at the next general election for approval or rejection in accordance with the provisions of Section 202 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota.

AMENDMENT.] The Legislative Assembly is hereby authorized and empowered to provide by law for the erection, purchase or leasing and operation of one or more terminal grain elevators in the State of North Dakota, to be maintained and operated in such manner as the Legislative Assembly shall prescribe, and provide for inspection, weighing and grading of all grain received in such elevator or elevators.

Approved March 10, 1913.

PROPOSED CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS

Proposed Constitutional Amendments Passed by Thirteenth Legislative Assembly and to be Submitted to the Fourteenth Legislative Assembly.

CHAPTER 96.

[S. B. No. 259—McBride.]

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Amending Section 216 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota, Establishing and Locating a State Normal School in the City of Dickinson, County of Stark.

Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring:

That the following proposed amendment to Section 216 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota, be referred to the Legislative Assembly to be chosen at the next general election in said state to be by said last mentioned Legislative Assembly submitted to the qualified electors of the state for approval or rejection in accordance with the provisions of Section 202 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota.

AMENDMENT.] That Section 216 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota be amended to read as follows:

SEC. 216. The following named public institutions are hereby permanently located as hereinafter provided, each to have so much of the remaining grant of one hundred and seventy thousand acres of land made by the United States for "other educational and charitable institutions" as is allotted by law, namely:

First: A soldiers' home, when located, or such other charitable institution as the Legislative Assembly may determine at Lisbon, in the County of Ransom, with a grant of forty thousand acres of land.

Second: A blind asylum, or such other institution as the Legislative Assembly may determine, at such place in the County of Pembina as the qualified electors of said county may determine at an election to be held as prescribed by the Legislative Assembly, with a grant of thirty thousand acres.

Third: An industrial school and school for manual training or such other educational or charitable institution as the Legislative Assembly may provide, at the town of Ellendale, in the County of Dickey, with a grant of forty thousand acres.

Fourth: A school of forestry, or such other institution as the Legislative Assembly may determine, at such place in one of the counties of McHenry, Ward, Bottineau or Rolette, as the electors of said counties may determine by an election for that purpose, to be held as provided by the Legislative Assembly.

Fifth: A scientific school or such other educational or charitable institution as the Legislative Assembly may prescribe, at the City of Wahpeton, County of Richland, with a grant of forty thousand acres.

Sixth: A state normal school at the City of Minot, in the County of Ward.

Seventh: (a) A state normal school at the City of Dickinson, in the County of Stark.

Provided, that no other institution of a character similar to any one of those located by this Article shall be established or maintained without a revision of this constitution.

Approved March 10, 1913.

CHAPTER 97.

[S. B. No. 157—Bronson.]

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

For an Amendment to the Constitution Providing for the Elective Franchise.

Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Therein Concurring:

That the following amendment to the Constitution of the State of North Dakota be referred to the Legislative Assembly to be chosen at the next general election, be published, and upon agreement, by the Legislature so chosen next, as aforesaid, to be submitted to the people at the general election in the year 1916 for approval or rejection, in accordance with the provisions of Section 202 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota:

Section 121 of Article 5 of the Constitution of North Dakota, as amended by Article 2 of the Amendments to the said Constitution, shall be and is hereby amended and re-enacted to read as follows:

Sec. 121. Every person of the age of twenty-one years or upwards, belonging to either of the following classes, who shall have resided in the state one year and in the county three months and in the precinct sixty days next preceding any election, shall be a qualified elector at such election.

First: Citizens of the United States.

Second: Civilized persons of Indian descent who shall have severed their tribal relations two years next preceding such election.

Approved March 10, 1913.

CHAPTER 99.

[S. B. No. 319—Committee on State Affairs.]

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Amending the Constitution of the State of North Dakota Providing for the Establishment and Location of a State Hospital for the Insane.

Be It Resolved by the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring:

The following proposed amendment to Section 216, Article 19 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota is referred to the Legislative Assembly to be chosen at the next general election in said state, to be by such last mentioned Legislative Assembly submitted to the qualified electors of this state for approval or rejection in accordance with the provisions of Section 202 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota.

AMENDMENT.] Section 216 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota is amended to read as follows:

Sec. 216. The following named public institutions are hereby permanently located as hereinafter provided, each to have so much of the remaining grant of one hundred and seventy thousand (170,000) acres of land made by the United States for "other educational and charitable institutions" as is allotted by law, namely:

First: A soldiers' home, when located, or such other charitable institution as the Legislative Assembly may determine, at Lisbon, in the County of Ransom, with a grant of forty (40,000) acres of land.

Second: A blind asylum, or such other institution as the Legislative Assembly may determine at such place in the County of Pembina as the qualified electors of said county may determine, at an election to be held as prescribed by the Legislative Assembly, with a grant of thirty thousand (30,000) acres.

Third: An industrial school and school for manual training, or such other educational or charitable institution as the Legislative Assembly may provide, at the town of Ellendale, in the County of Dickey, with a grant of forty thousand (40,000) acres.

Fourth: A School of Forestry, or such other institution as the Legislative Assembly may determine, at such place in one of the

counties of McHenry, Ward, Bottineau and Rolette, as the electors of the said counties may determine by an election for that purpose, to be held as provided by the Legislative Assembly.

Fifth: A Scientific School, or such other educational or charitable institution as the Legislative Assembly may prescribe at the City of Wahpeton, County of Richland, with a grant of forty thousand (40,000) acres.

Sixth: A state normal school at the City of Minot, in the County of Ward.

Seventh: (B) A state hospital for the insane at such place within this state as shall be selected by the Legislative Assembly; *provided*, that no other institution of a character similar to any one of those located by this Article shall be established or maintained without a revision of this Constitution.

Approved March 10, 1913.

CHAPTER 102.

[S. B. No. 370—Hanley.]

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Amending the Constitution of the State of North Dakota, Changing the Name of the State Reform School Located at Mandan, in the County of Morton, to that of State Farm and Mechanic Art School.

Be It Resolved by, the Senate of the State of North Dakota, the House of Representatives Concurring:

That the following proposed amendment to Section 215 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota be referred to the Legislative Assembly to be chosen at the next general election in said state to be by said last mentioned Legislative Assembly submitted to the qualified electors of the state for approval or rejection in accordance with the provisions of Section 202 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota.

AMENDMENT.] Article 19, Section 215 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota is amended so as to read as follows:

SEC. 215. The following public institutions of the state are permanently located at the places hereinafter named, each to have the lands specifically granted to it by the United States in the Act of Congress approved February 22, 1889, to be disposed of and used in such manner as the Legislative Assembly may prescribe subject to the limitations provided in the Article on school and public lands contained in this Constitution.

First: The seat of government at the City of Bismarck, in the County of Burleigh.

Second: The State University and the School of Mines at the City of Grand Forks, in the County of Grand Forks.

Third: The Agricultural College at the City of Fargo, in the County of Cass.

Fourth: A State Normal School at the City of Valley City, in the County of Barnes, and the Legislative Assembly in apportioning the grant of eighty thousand acres of land for normal school made

in the act of Congress referred to shall grant to the said normal school at Valley City, as aforementioned, fifty thousand (50,000) acres, and said lands are hereby appropriated to said institution for that purpose.

Fifth: The School for the Deaf and Dumb of North Dakota at the City of Devils Lake, in the County of Ramsey.

Sixth: A State Farm and Mechanic Arts School at the City of Mandan, in the County of Morton.

Seventh: A State Normal School at the City of Mayville, in the County of Traill, and the Legislative Assembly in apportioning the grant of lands made by Congress in the Act aforesaid for state normal schools, shall assign thirty thousand (30,000) acres to the institution hereby located at Mayville, and said lands are hereby appropriated for said purpose.

Eighth: A State Hospital for the Insane at the City of Jamestown, in the County of Stutsman. And the Legislative Assembly shall appropriate twenty thousand acres of the grant of lands made by the Act of Congress aforesaid for other educational and charitable institutions to the benefit and for the endowment of said institution, and there shall be located at or near the City of Grafton, in the County of Walsh, an institution for the feeble minded, on the grounds purchased by the secretary of the interior for a penitentiary building.

Approved March 10, 1913.

CHAPTER 103.

[H. B. No. 116—Norheim.]

A CONCURRENT RESOLUTION.

Amending the Constitution of the State of North Dakota, Relating to Uniformity of Taxation, and Permitting the Classification of Property for the Purpose of Taxation and Relating Further to the Assessment and Taxation of Certain Public Utility Companies.

Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of North Dakota, the Senate Concurring:

The following proposed amendments to Sections 176 and 179, as amended by Article 4 of the Constitution of North Dakota, of Article 11 of the Constitution of North Dakota, adopted by the Twelfth Legislative Assembly, and by it referred to the Thirteenth Legislative Assembly of said state for approval or rejection are hereby agreed to and such amendments shall be submitted to the qualified voters of the state at the next general election for approval or rejection, in accordance with the provisions of Section 202 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota.

SEC. 1. AMENDMENT.] Section 176. Taxes shall be uniform upon the same class of property, including franchises within the territorial limits of the authority levying the tax, and shall be levied and collected for public purposes only, but the property of the United States, and of the state, county and municipal corporations, shall be exempt from taxation; and the Legislative Assembly shall

by a general law exempt from taxation property used exclusively for school, religious, cemetery, charitable or other public purposes, and personal property to any amount not exceeding in value two hundred dollars for each individual liable to taxation; provided that all taxes and exemption in force when this amendment is adopted shall remain in force, in the same manner and to the same extent, until otherwise provided by statute.

SEC. 2. AMENDMENT.] Section 179, as amended by Article 4 of the Constitution of the State of North Dakota, is amended to read as follows:

SEC. 179. All taxable property except as hereinafter in this Section provided, shall be assessed in the county, city, township, village or district in which it is situated, in the manner prescribed by law. The property including franchises of all railroads operated in this state, and of all express companies, freight line companies, dining car companies, sleeping car companies, car equipment companies, or private car line companies, telegraph or telephone companies or corporations operating in this state and used directly or indirectly in the carrying of persons, property, or messages, shall be assessed by the state board of equalization in a manner prescribed by such state board of commissions as may be provided by law. But should any railroad allow any portion of its railway to be used for any purpose other than the operation of a railroad thereon, such portion of its railway, while so used, shall be assessed in the manner provided for the assessment of other real property.

Approved February 26, 1913.

WASHINGTON'S FAREWELL ADDRESS.

TO THE PEOPLE OF THE UNITED STATES.

Friends and Fellow-Citizens:

The period for a new election of a citizen, to administer the executive government of the United States, being not far distant, and the time actually arrived, when your thoughts must be employed in designating the person, who is to be clothed with that important trust, it appears to me proper, especially as it may conduce to a more distinct expression of the public voice, that I should now apprise you of the resolution I have formed, to decline being considered among the number of those, out of whom a choice is to be made.

I beg you, at the same time, to do me the justice to be assured, that this resolution has not been taken without a strict regard to all considerations appertaining to the relation which binds a dutiful citizen of his country; and that, in withdrawing the tender of service, which silence in my situation might imply, I am influenced by no diminution of zeal for your future interest; no deficiency of grateful respect for your past kindness; but am supported by a full conviction that the step is compatible with both.

The acceptance of, and continuance hitherto in, the office to which your suffrages have twice called me, have been a uniform sacrifice of inclination to the opinion of duty, and to a deference for what appeared to be your desire. I constantly hoped, that it would have been much earlier in my power, consistently with motives, which I was not at liberty to disregard, to return to that retirement, from which I had been reluctantly drawn. The strength of my inclination to do this, previous to the last election, had even led to the preparation of an address to declare it to you; but mature reflection on the then perplexed and critical posture of our affairs with foreign nations, and the unanimous advice of persons entitled to my confidence, impelled me to abandon the idea.

I rejoice, that the state of your concerns, external as well as internal, no longer renders the pursuit of inclination incompatible with the sentiment of duty or propriety; and am persuaded, whatever partiality may be retained for my services, that, in the present circumstances of our country, you will not disapprove my determination to retire.

The impressions, with which I first undertook the arduous trust, were explained on the proper occasion. In the discharge of this trust, I will only say, that I have, with good intentions, contributed towards the organization and administration of the government the best exertions of which a very fallible judgment was

from its own separate strength, or from an apostate and unnatural connection with any foreign power, must be intrinsically precarious.

While, then, every part of our country thus feels an immediate and particular interest in Union, all the parts combined cannot fail to find in the united mass of means and efforts, greater strength, greater resource, proportionably greater security from external danger, a less frequent interruption of their peace by foreign nations; and, what is of inestimable value, they must derive from Union an exemption from those broils and wars between themselves, which so frequently afflict neighboring countries not tied together by the same governments, which their own rivalships alone would be sufficient to produce, but which opposite foreign alliances, attachments, and intrigues would stimulate and embitter. Hence, likewise, they will avoid the necessity of those overgrown military establishments, which, under any form of government, are inauspicious to liberty, and which are to be regarded as particularly hostile to Republican Liberty. In this sense it is, that your Union ought to be considered as a main prop of your liberty, and the love of the one ought to endear to you the preservation of the other.

These considerations speak a persuasive language to every reflecting and virtuous mind, and exhibit the continuance of the UNION as a primary object of Patriotic desire. Is there a doubt, whether a common government can embrace so large a sphere? Let experience solve it. To listen to mere speculation in such a case were criminal. We are authorized to hope, that a proper organization of the whole, with the auxiliary agency of governments for the respective subdivisions, will afford a happy issue to the experiment it is well worth a fair and full experiment. With such powerful and obvious motives to Union, affecting all parts of our country while experience shall not have demonstrated its impracticability, there will always be reason to distrust the patriotism of those, who in any quarter may endeavor to weaken its bands.

In contemplating the causes, which may disturb our Union, it occurs as matters of serious concern, that any ground should have been furnished for characterizing parties by *Geographical* discriminations, *Northern* and *Southern*, *Atlantic* and *Western*; whence designing men may endeavor to excite a belief, that there is a real difference of local interests and views. One of the expedients of party to acquire influence, within particular districts, is to misrepresent the opinions and aims of other districts. You cannot shield yourselves too much against the jealousies and heart-burnings, which spring from these misrepresentations; they tend to render alien to each other, those who ought to be bound together by fraternal affection. The inhabitants of our western country have lately had a useful lesson on this head; they have seen, in the negotiation by the Executive, and in the unanimous ratification by the Senate, of the treaty with Spain, and in the universal satisfaction at that event, throughout the United States, a decisive proof how unfounded were the suspicions propagated among them of a policy in the General Government and in the Atlantic States, unfriendly to their interests in regard to the Mississippi; they have been witnesses to the formation of two treaties, that with Great Britain, and that with Spain, which secure to them everything they could desire, in respect to our foreign relations, towards confirming their prosperity. Will it not be their wisdom to rely for the preservation

of these advantages on the UNION by which they were procured? Will they not henceforth be deaf to those advisers, if such there are, who would sever them from their brethren, and connect them with aliens?

To the efficacy and permanency of your Union, a Government for the whole is indispensable. No alliances, however strict, between parts can be an adequate substitute; they must inevitably experience the infractions and interruptions, which all alliances in all times have experienced. Sensible of this momentous truth, you have improved upon your first essay, by the adoption of a Constitution of Government better calculated than your former for an intimate Union, and for the efficacious management of your common concerns. This Government, the offspring of our own choice, uninfluenced and unawed, adopted upon full investigation and mature deliberation, completely free in its principles, in the distribution of its powers, uniting security with energy, and containing within itself a provision for its own amendment, has a just claim to your confidence and your support. Respect for its authority, compliance with its laws, acquiescence in its measures are duties enjoined by the fundamental maxims of true Liberty.

The basis of our political systems is the right of the people to make and to alter their Constitutions of Government. But the Constitution which at any time exists, till changed by an explicit and authentic act of the whole people, is sacredly obligatory upon all. The very idea of the power and the right of the people to establish Government presupposes the duty of every individual to obey the established Government.

All obstructions to the execution of the Laws, all combinations and associations, under whatever plausible character, with the real design to direct, control, counteract, or awe the regular deliberation and action of the constituted authorities, are destructive of this fundamental principle, and of fatal tendency. They serve to organize faction, to give it an artificial and extraordinary force; to put, in the place of the delegated will of the nation, the will of the party, often a small but artful and enterprising minority of the community; and, according to the alternate triumphs of different parties, to make the public administration the mirror of the ill-concerted and incongruous projects of faction, rather than the organ of consistent and wholesome plans digested by common counsels, and mollified by mutual interests.

However combinations or associations of the above descriptions may now and then answer popular ends, they are likely in the course of time and things, to become potent engines, by which cunning, ambitious, and unprincipled men will be enabled to subvert the power of the people, and usurp for themselves the reins of government; destroying afterwards the very engines, which have lifted them to unjust dominion.

Towards the preservation of your government, and the permanency of your present happy state, it is requisite, not only that you steadily discountenance irregular oppositions to its acknowledged authority, but also that you resist with care the spirit of innovation upon its principles, however specious the pretexts. One method of assault may be to effect, in the forms of the Constitution, alterations, which will impair the energy of the system, and thus to undermine what cannot be directly overthrown. In all the

changes to which you may be invited, remember that time and habit are at least as necessary to fix the true character of governments, as of other human institutions; that experience is the surest standard, by which to test the real tendency of the existing constitution of a country; that facility in changes, upon the credit of mere hypothesis and opinion, exposes to perpetual change, from the endless variety of hypothesis and opinion; and remember, especially, that, for the efficient management of your common interests, in a country so extensive as ours, a government of as much vigor as is consistent with the perfect security of liberty is indispensable. Liberty itself will find in such a government, with powers properly distributed and adjusted, its surest guardian. It is, indeed, little else than a name, where the government is too feeble to withstand the enterprise of faction, to confine each member of the society within the limits prescribed by the laws, and to maintain all in the secure and tranquil enjoyment of the rights of person and property.

I have already intimated to you the danger of parties in the state, with particular reference to the founding of them on geographical discriminations. Let me now take a more comprehensive view, and warn you in the most solemn manner against the baneful effects of the spirit of party, generally.

This spirit, unfortunately, is inseparable from our nature, having its root in the strongest passions of the human mind. It exists under different shapes in all governments, more or less stifled, controlled, or repressed; but, in those of the popular form, it is seen in its greatest rankness, and is truly their worst enemy.

The alternate domination of one faction over another, sharpened by the spirit of revenge, natural to party dissension, which in different ages and countries has perpetrated the most horrid enormities, is itself a frightful despotism. But this leads at length to a more formal and permanent despotism. The disorders and miseries, which result, gradually incline the minds of men to seek security and repose in the absolute power of an individual; and sooner or later the chief of some prevailing faction, more able or more fortunate than his competitors, turns this disposition to the purposes of his own elevation, on the ruins of Public Liberty.

Without looking forward to an extremity of this kind (which nevertheless ought not to be entirely out of sight), the common and continual mischiefs of the spirit of party are sufficient to make it the interest and duty of a wise people to discourage and restrain it.

It serves always to distract the Public Councils, and enfeeble the Public Administration. It agitates the Community with ill-founded jealousies and false alarms; kindles the animosity of one party against another, foment occasionally riot and insurrection. It opens the door to foreign influence and corruption, which find a facilitated access to the government itself through the channels of party passions. Thus the policy and the will of one country are subjected to the policy and will of another.

There is an opinion, that parties in free countries are useful checks upon the administration of the Government, and serve to keep alive the spirit of Liberty. This within certain limits is probably true; and in Governments of a Monarchical cast, Patriotism may look with indulgence, if not with favor, upon the spirit of party. But in those of the popular character, in Government purely elective, it is a spirit not to be encouraged. From their natural

tendency, it is certain there will always be enough of that spirit for every salutary purpose. And, there being constant danger of excess, the effort ought to be, by force of public opinion, to mitigate and assuage it. A fire not to be quenched, it demands a uniform vigilance to prevent its bursting into a flame, lest, instead of warming, it should consume.

It is important, likewise, that the habits of thinking in a free country should inspire caution, in those intrusted with its administration, to confine themselves within their respective constitutional spheres, avoiding in the exercise of the powers of one department to encroach upon another. The spirit of encroachment tends to consolidate the powers of all the departments in one, and thus to create, whatever the form of government, a real despotism. A just estimate of that love of power, and proneness to abuse it, which predominates in the human heart, is sufficient to satisfy us of the truth of this position. The necessity of reciprocal checks in the exercise of political power, by dividing and distributing it into different depositories, and constituting each the Guardian of the Public Weal against the invasions by the others, has been evinced by experiments ancient and modern; some of them in our own country and under our own eyes. To preserve them must be as necessary as to institute them. If, in the opinion of the people, the distribution or modification of the constitutional powers be in any particular wrong, let it be corrected by an amendment, in the way which the constitution designates. But let there be no change by usurpation; for, though this, in one instance, may be the instrument of good, it is the customary weapon by which free governments are destroyed. The precedent must always greatly overbalance in permanent evil any partial or transient benefit, which the use can at any time yield.

Of all the dispositions and habits, which lead to political prosperity, Religion and Morality are indispensable supports. In vain would that man claim the tribute of Patriotism, who should labor to subvert these great pillars of human happiness, these firmest props of the duties of Men and Citizens. The mere Politician, equally with the pious man, ought to respect and to cherish them. A volume could not trace all their connections with private and public felicity. Let it simply be asked, Where is the security for property, for reputation, for life, if the sense of religious obligation *desert* the oaths, which are the instruments of investigation in Courts of Justice? And let us, with caution, indulge the supposition, that morality can be maintained without religion. Whatever may be conceded to the influence of refined education on minds of peculiar structure, reason and experience both forbid us to expect that national morality can prevail in exclusion of religious principle.

It is substantially true, that virtue or morality is a necessary spring of popular government. The rule, indeed, extends with more or less force to every species of free government. Who, that is a sincere friend to it, can look with indifference upon attempts to shake the foundation of the fabric?

Promote, then, as an object of primary importance, institutions for the general diffusion of knowledge. In proportion as the structure of a government gives force to public opinion, it is essential that public opinion should be enlightened.

As a very important source of strength and security, cherish public credit. One method of preserving it is, to use it as sparingly as possible; avoiding occasions of expense by cultivating peace, but remembering also that timely disbursements to prepare for danger frequently prevent much greater disbursements to repel it; avoiding likewise the accumulation of debt, not only by shunning occasions of expense, but by vigorous exertions in time of peace to discharge the debts, which unavoidable wars may have occasioned, not ungenerously throwing upon posterity the burden, which we ourselves ought to bear. The execution of these maxims belongs to your representatives, but it is necessary that public opinion should co-operate. To facilitate to them the performance of their duty, it is essential that you should practically bear in mind, that towards the payment of debts there must be Revenue; that to have Revenue there must be taxes; that no taxes can be devised, which are not more or less inconvenient and unpleasant, that the intrinsic embarrassment, inseparable from the selection of the proper objects (which is always a choice of difficulties), ought to be a decisive motive for a candid construction of the conduct of the government in making it, and for a spirit of acquiescence in the measures for obtaining revenue, which the public exigencies may at any time dictate.

Observe good faith and justice towards all Nations; cultivate peace and harmony with all. Religion and Morality enjoin this conduct; and can it be, that good policy does not equally enjoin it? It will be worthy of a free, enlightened, and, at no distant period, a great Nation, to give to mankind the magnanimous and too novel example of a people always guided by an exalted justice and benevolence. Who can doubt, that, in the course of time and things, the fruits of such a plan would richly repay any temporary advantages, which might be lost by a steady adherence to it? Can it be, that Providence has not connected the permanent felicity of a Nation with its Virtue? The experiment, at least, is recommended by every sentiment which ennobles human nature. Alas! is it rendered impossible by its vices?

In the execution of such a plan, nothing is more essential, than that permanent, inveterate antipathies against particular Nations, and passionate attachments for others, should be excluded; and that, in place of them, just and amicable feelings toward all should be cultivated. The Nation, which indulges toward another an habitual hatred, or an habitual fondness, is in some degree a slave. It is a slave to its animosity or to its affection, either of which is sufficient to lead it astray from its duty and its interest. Antipathy in one nation against another disposes each more readily to offer insult and injury, to lay hold of slight causes of umbrage, and to be haughty and intractable, when accidental or trifling occasions of dispute occur. Hence frequent collisions, obstinate, envenomed, and bloody contests. The Nation, prompted by illwill and resentment, sometimes impels to war the Government contrary to the best calculations of policy. The Government sometimes participates in the national propensity, and adopts through passion what reason would reject; at other times, it makes the animosity of the nation subservient to project of hostility instigated by pride, ambition, and other sinister and pernicious motives. The peace often, sometimes perhaps the liberty, of nations has been the victim.

So, likewise, a passionate attachment of one Nation for another produces a variety of evils. Sympathy for the favorite Nation, facilitating the illusion of an imaginary common interest, in cases where no real common interest exists, and infusing into one the enmities of the other, betrays the former into a participation in the quarrels and wars of the latter, without adequate inducement or justification. It leads also to concessions to the favorite Nation of privileges denied to others, which is apt doubly to injure the Nation making the concessions; by unnecessarily parting with what ought to have been retained; and by exciting jealousy, ill-will, and a disposition to retaliate, in the parties from whom equal privileges are withheld. And it gives to ambitious, corrupted, or deluded citizens (who devote themselves to the favorite nation), facility to betray or sacrifice the interests of their own country, without odium, sometimes even with popularity; gilding with the appearance of a virtuous sense of obligation, a commendable deference for public opinion, or a laudable zeal for public good, the base of foolish compliances of ambition, corruption, or infatuation.

As avenues to foreign influence in innumerable ways, such attachments are particularly alarming to the truly enlightened and independent patriot. How many opportunities do they afford to tamper with domestic factions, to practise the arts of seduction, to mislead public opinion, to influence or awe the Public Councils! Such an attachment of a small or weak, towards a great and powerful nation, dooms the former to be the satellite of the latter.

Against the insidious wiles of foreign influence (I conjure you to believe me, fellow citizens), the jealousy of a free people ought to be *constantly* awake; since history and experience prove that foreign influence is but one of the most baneful foes of Republican Government. But that jealousy, to be useful, must be impartial; else it becomes the instrument of the very influence to be avoided, instead of a defence against it. Excessive partiality for one foreign nation, and excessive dislike of another, cause those whom they actuate to see danger on only one side, and serve to veil and even second the arts of influence on the other. Real patriots, who may resist the intrigues of the favorite, are liable to become suspected and odious; while its tools and dupes usurp the applause and confidence of the people, to surrender their interests.

The great rule of conduct for us, in regard to foreign nations, is, in extending our commercial relations, to have with them as little *political* connection as possible. So far as we have already formed engagements, let them be fulfilled with perfect good faith. Here let us stop.

Europe has a set of primary interests, which to us have none, or a very remote relation. Hence she must be engaged in frequent controversies, the causes of which are essentially foreign to our concerns. Hence, therefore, it must be unwise in us to implicate ourselves, by artificial ties, in the ordinary vicissitudes of her politics, or the ordinary combinations and collisions of her friendships or enmities.

Our detached and distant situation invites and enables us to pursue a different course. If we remain one people, under an efficient government, the period is not far off, when we may defy material injury from external annoyance; when we may take such

an attitude as will cause the neutrality, we may at any time resolve upon, to be scrupulously respected; when belligerent nations, under the impossibility of making acquisitions upon us, will not lightly hazard the giving us provocation; when we may choose peace or war, as our interest, guided by justice shall counsel.

Why forego the advantages of so peculiar a situation? Why quit our own to stand upon foreign ground? Why, by interweaving our destiny with that of any part of Europe, entangle our peace and prosperity in the toils of European ambition, rivalry, interest, humor, or caprice?

It is our true policy to steer clear of permanent alliances with any portion of the foreign world; so far, I mean, as we are now at liberty to do it; for let me not be understood as capable of patronizing infidelity to existing engagements. I hold the maxim no less applicable to public than to private affairs, that honesty is always the best policy. I repeat it, therefore, let those engagements be observed in their genuine sense. But, in my opinion, it is unnecessary and would be unwise to extend them.

Taking care always to keep ourselves, by suitable establishments, on a respectable defensive posture, we may safely trust to temporary alliances for extraordinary emergencies.

Harmony, liberal intercourse with all nations, are recommended by policy, humanity and interest. But even our commercial policy should hold an equal and impartial hand; never seeking nor granting exclusive favors or preferences; consulting the natural course of things; diffusing and diversifying by gentle means the streams of commerce, but forcing nothing; establishing, with powers so disposed, in order to give trade a stable course, to define the rights of our merchants, and to enable the government to support them, conventional rules of intercourse, the best that present circumstances and mutual opinion will permit, but temporary, and liable to be from time to time abandoned or varied, as experience and circumstances shall dictate; constantly keeping in view, that it is folly in one nation to look for disinterested favors from another; that it must pay with a portion of its independence for whatever it may accept under that character; that, by such acceptance, it may place itself in the condition of having given the equivalent for nominal favors, and yet of being reproached with ingratitude for not giving more. There can be no greater error than to expect or calculate upon real favors from nation to nation. It is an illusion, which experience must cure, which a just pride ought to discard.

In offering to you, my countrymen, these counsels of an old and affectionate friend, I dare not hope they will make the strong and lasting impression I could wish; that they will control the usual current of the passions, or prevent our nation from running the course, which has hitherto marked the destiny of nations. But, if I may even flatter myself, that they may be productive of some partial benefit, some occasional good; that they may now and then recur to moderate the fury of party spirit, to warn against the mischiefs of foreign intrigue, to guard against the impostures of pretended patriotism; this hope will be a full recompense for the solicitude for your welfare, by which they have been dictated.

How far in the discharge of my official duties, I have been guided by the principles which have been delineated, the public

records and other evidences of my conduct must witness to you and to the world. To myself, the assurance of my own conscience is, that I have at least believed myself to be guided by them.

In relating to the still subsisting war in Europe, my Proclamation of the 22d of April, 1793, is the index of my Plan. Sanctioned by your approving voice, and by that of your Representatives in both Houses of Congress, the spirit of that measure has continually governed me, uninfluenced by any attempts to deter or divert me from it.

After deliberate examination, with the aid of the best lights I could obtain, I was well satisfied that our country, under all the circumstances of the case, had a right to take, and was bound in duty and interest to take, a neutral position. Having taken it, I determined, as far as should depend upon me, to maintain it, with moderation, perseverance and firmness.

The considerations, which respect the right to hold this conduct, it is not necessary on this occasion to detail. I will only observe, that, according to my understanding of the matter, that right, so far from being denied by any of the Belligerent Powers, has been virtually admitted by all.

The duty of holding a neutral conduct may be inferred, without anything more, from the obligation which justice and humanity impose on every nation, in cases in which it is free to act, to maintain inviolate the relations of peace and amity towards other nations.

The inducements of interest for observing that conduct will best be referred to your own reflections and experience. With me, a predominant motive has been to endeavor to gain time to our country to settle and mature its yet recent institutions, and to progress without interruption to that degree of strength and consistency, which is necessary to give it, humanly speaking, the command of its own fortunes.

Though, in reviewing the incidents of my administration, I am unconscious of intentional error, I am nevertheless too sensible of my defects not to think it probable that I may have committed many errors. Whatever they may be, I fervently beseech the Almighty to avert or mitigate the evils to which they may tend. I shall also carry with me the hope, that my Country will never cease to view them with indulgence; and that, after forty-five years of my life dedicated to its service with an upright zeal, the faults of incompetent abilities will be consigned to oblivion, as myself must soon be to the mansions of rest.

Relying on its kindness in this as in other things, and actuated by that fervent love towards it, which is so natural to a man, who views in it the native soil of himself and his progenitors for several generations; I anticipate with pleasing expectation that retreat, in which I promise myself to realize, without alloy, the sweet enjoyment of partaking, in the midst of my fellow-citizens, the benign influence of good laws under a free government, the ever favorite object of my heart, and the happy reward, as I trust, of our mutual cares, labors, and dangers.

GEORGE WASHINGTON.

United States, September 17th, 1796.

LINCOLN'S GETTYSBURG ADDRESS.

Fourscore and seven years ago our fathers brought forth upon this continent a new nation, conceived in liberty and dedicated to the proposition that all men are created equal. We are engaged in a great civil war, testing whether that nation—or any nation so conceived and so dedicated, can long endure. We are met on a great battle field of that war. We are met to dedicate a portion of that field as a final resting-place of those who gave their lives that that nation might live. It is altogether fitting and proper that we should do this. But, in a larger sense, we cannot dedicate, we cannot consecrate, we cannot hallow this ground. The brave men, living and dead, who struggled here, have consecrated it far above our power to add or detract. The world will little note, nor long remember, what we say here; but it can never forget what they did here.

It is for us, the living, rather to be dedicated here to the unfinished work which they have thus far so nobly carried on. It is rather for us to be here dedicated to the great task remaining before us; that from these honored dead we take increased devotion to that cause for which they here gave the last full measure of devotion; that we here highly resolve that these dead shall not have died in vain; that this nation shall, under God, have a new birth of freedom, and that government of the people, by the people, for the people, shall not perish from the earth.

PROCLAMATION OF ADMISSION

(Issued by President Harrison, Nov. 2, 1889.)

Whereas, The congress of the United States did, by an act approve on the twenty-second day of February, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, provide that the inhabitants of the Territory of Dakota might, upon the conditions prescribed by said act, become the states of North Dakota and South Dakota; and

Whereas, It was provided by said act that the area comprising the Territory of Dakota should, for the purposes of this act be divided on the line of the seventh standard parallel produced due west to the western boundary of said territory and that the delegates elected as therein provided to the constitutional convention in districts north of said parallel should assemble in convention at the time prescribed in the act at the City of Bismarck; and

Whereas, It was provided by the said act that the delegates, as aforesaid, should, after they had met and organized, declare on behalf of the people of North Dakota that they adopt the constitution of the United States; whereupon the said convention should be authorized to form a constitution and state government for the proposed State of North Dakota; and

Whereas, It was provided by said act that the constitution so adopted should be republican in form and make no distinction in civil or political rights on account of race or color, except as to Indians not taxed, and not be repugnant to the constitution of the United States and the principles of the declaration of independence; and that the constitution should, by an ordinance irrevocable without the consent of the United States and the people of said states, make certain provisions prescribed in said act; and

Whereas, It was provided by said act that the constitution of North Dakota and South Dakota should respectively incorporate an agreement, to be reached in accordance with the provision of the act for an equitable division of all property belonging to the Territory of Dakota, the disposition of all public records, and also for the apportionment of the debts and liabilities of said territory, and that each of said states should obligate itself to pay its proportion of such debts and liabilities the same as if they had been created by such states respectively; and

Whereas, It was provided by said act that the constitution thus formed for the people of North Dakota should by an ordinance of the convention forming the same, be submitted to the people of North Dakota, at an election to be held therein on the first Tuesday in October, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, for ratification or rejection by the qualified voters of said proposed state, and that the returns of said election should be made to the secretary of the Territory of Dakota, who with the governor and chief justice thereof, or any two of them, should canvass the same, and if a majority of the legal votes cast should be for the constitution, the governor should certify the result to the president

of the United States, together with a statement of the votes cast thereon, and upon separate articles or propositions and a copy of said constitution, articles, propositions and ordinances; and

Whereas, It has been certified to me by the governor of the Territory of Dakota, that within the time prescribed by said act of congress a constitution for the proposed state of North Dakota has been adopted and the same ratified by a majority of the qualified voters of said proposed state in accordance with the conditions prescribed in said act; and

Whereas, It is also certified to me by said governor that at the same time that the body of said constitution was submitted to a vote of the people, a separate article numbered 20 and entitled "prohibition" was also submitted and received a majority of all the votes cast for and against said article as well as a majority of all the votes cast for and against the constitution, and was adopted; and

Whereas, A duly authenticated copy of said constitution, article, ordinances and propositions, as required by said act, has been received by me;

Now THEREFORE, I, Benjamin Harrison, president of the United States of America, do, in accordance with the provisions of the act of congress aforesaid, declare and proclaim the fact that the conditions imposed by congress on the State of North Dakota to entitle that state to admission to the union, have been ratified and accepted and that the admission of the said state into the union is now complete.

In testimony whereof, I have hereunto set my hand and caused the seal of the United States to be affixed. Done at the City of Washington, this second day of November, in the year -of our Lord, one thousand eight hundred and eighty-nine, and of the independence of the United States of America, one hundred and fourteenth.

BENJ. HARRISON.

By the President:
JAMES G. BLAINE,
Secretary of State.

STATISTICS SINCE STATEHOOD
1889

STATISTICS

STATE OFFICERS SINCE STATEHOOD

Since admission the state of North Dakota has had the following state officers:

Governors

(First state officers qualified November 4, 1889..)

John Miller	1889-90	Frank White	1901-02
Andrew H. Burke.....	1891-92	Frank White	1903-04
(b) Ell C. D. Shortridge....	1899-94	E. Y. Sarles.....	1905-06
Roger Allin	1895-96	(b) John Burke.....	1907-08
*Frank A. Briggs.....	1897-98	(b) John Burke.....	1909-10
(a) Joseph M. Devine.....	1898	(b) John Burke.....	1911-12
Frederick B. Fancher.....	1899-00	L. B. Hanna.....	1913-14

*Died in office, July, 1898.

(a) Served out unexpired term of Governor Briggs.

Lieutenant Governors

Allfred M. Dickey.....	1889-90	David Bartlett	1901-02
Roger Allin	1891-92	David Bartlett	1903-04
(b) Ellmer D. Wallace....	1893-94	David Bartlett	1905-06
John H. Worst.....	1895-96	R. S. Lewis.....	1907-08
Joseph M. Devine.....	1897-98	R. S. Lewis.....	1909-10
Joseph M. Devine.....	1899-00	U. A. Burdick.....	1911-12
		A. T. Kraabel.....	1913-14

Secretaries of State

John Little	1889-92	E. F. Porter.....	1903-04
Christian M. Dahl.....	1893-96	E. F. Porter.....	1905-06
Fred Falley	1897-98	Allfred Blaisdell	1907-08
Fred Falley	1899-00	Allfred Blaisdell	1909-10
E. F. Porter.....	1901-02	P. D. Norton.....	1911-12
		Thomas Hall.....	1913-14

Auditors

*John P. Bray.....	1889-92	A. N. Carlblom.....	1901-02
(a) Archie Currie.....	1892	H. L. Holmes.....	1903-04
(b) A. W. Porter.....	1893-94	H. L. Holmes.....	1905-06
Frank A. Briggs.....	1895-96	H. L. Holmes.....	1907-08
N. B. Hannum.....	1897-98	D. K. Brightbill.....	1909-10
A. N. Carlblom.....	1899-00	D. K. Brightbill.....	1911-12
		Carl O. Jorgenson.....	1913-14

*Resigned.

(a) Appointed to fill vacancy, September 10, 1892.

Treasurers

L. E. Booker.....	1889-92	D. H. McMillan.....	1903-04
(b) Knud J. Nomland....	1893-94	Albert Peterson	1905-06
George E. Nichols.....	1895-96	Albert Peterson	1907-08
George E. Nichols.....	1897-98	G. L. Bickford.....	1909-10
D. W. Driscoll.....	1899-00	Gunder Olson	1911-12
D. H. McMillan.....	1901-02	Gunder Olson.....	1913-14

Attorney Generals

George F. Goodwin.....	1889-90	O. D. Comstock.....	1901-02
C. A. M. Spencer.....	1891-92	C. N. Frich.....	1903-04
(b) W. A. Standish.....	1893-94	C. N. Frich.....	1905-06
John F. Cowan.....	1895-96	T. F. McCue.....	1907-08
John F. Cowan.....	1897-98	Andrew Miller	1909-10
John F. Cowan.....	1899-00	Andrew Miller	1911-12
		Andrew Miller.....	1913-14

(b) Democrats.. All others republican.

Superintendents of Public Instruction

*William Mitchell	1889-90	Joseph M. Devine.....	1901-02
*W. J. Clapp.....	1890	W. L. Stockwell.....	1903-04
John Ogden	1891-92	W. L. Stockwell.....	1905-06
(b) Laura J. Elsenhuth...	1893-94	W. L. Stockwell.....	1907-08
Emma B. Bates.....	1895-96	W. L. Stockwell.....	1909-10
John G. Halland.....	1897-98	E. J. Taylor.....	1911-12
John G. Halland.....	1899-00	E. J. Taylor.....	1913-14

*William Mitchell died March 10, 1890, and W. J. Clapp was appointed to fill the unexpired term.

Commissioners of Agriculture and Labor

H. T. Hellgeson.....	1889-92	R. J. Turner.....	1903-04
(b) *Nelson Williams.....	1893-94	W. C. Gilbreath.....	1905-06
A. H. Laughlin.....	1895-96	W. C. Gilbreath.....	1907-08
H. U. Thomas.....	1897-98	W. C. Gilbreath.....	1909-10
H. U. Thomas.....	1899-00	W. C. Gilbreath.....	1911-12
R. J. Turner.....	1901-02	W. C. Gilbreath.....	1913-14

*Appointed; Adams, who was elected, failed to qualify.

Commissioners of Insurance

A. L. Carey.....	1889-92	Ferdinand Leutz.....	1903-04
(b) James Cudhile.....	1893-94	E. C. Cooper.....	1905-06
Fred B. Fancher.....	1895-96	E. C. Cooper.....	1907-08
Fred B. Fancher.....	1897-98	E. C. Cooper.....	1909-10
George W. Harrison.....	1899-00	W. C. Taylor.....	1911-12
Ferdinand Leutz	1901-02	W. C. Taylor.....	1913-14

Commissioners of Railroads

Geo. S. Montgomery.....	1889-90	J. F. Shea.....	1903-04
T. S. Underhill.....	1889-90	C. J. Lord.....	1901-02
David Bartlett	1889-90	C. J. Lord.....	1903-04
Geo. H. Walsh.....	1891-92	A. Schatz	1903-04
Geo. Harmon	1891-92	C. S. Delsem.....	1905-06
Andrew Slotten	1891-92	Erick Stafne	1905-06
(b) Peter Cameron.....	1893-94	John Christianson	1905-06
(b) Ben Stevens.....	1893-94	C. S. Delsem.....	1907-08
(b) Nells P. Rasmussen...	1893-94	Erick Stafne	1907-08
John W. Currie.....	1895-96	Simon Westby	1907-08
John Wamberg	1895-96	W. H. Stutsman.....	1909-10
Geo. H. Keyes.....	1895-96	O. P. N. Anderson.....	1909-10
Geo. H. Keyes.....	1897-98	Wm. H. Mann.....	1909-10
L. L. Walton.....	1897-98	W. H. Stutsman.....	1911-12
J. R. Gibson.....	1897-98	O. P. N. Anderson.....	1911-12
John Simons	1899-00	Wm. H. Mann.....	1911-12
L. L. Walton.....	1899-00	W. H. Stutsman.....	1913-14
Henry Erickson	1899-00	O. P. N. Anderson.....	1913-14
J. F. Shea.....	1901-02	Wm. H. Mann.....	1913-14
J. F. Youngblood.....	1901-02		

Judges of Supreme Court

At the first state election, October, 1889, Guy C. H. Corliss, Alfred Wallin and Joseph M. Bartholomew, were elected judges of the supreme court for terms, respectively, three, five and seven years, and by lot it was determined that Judge Corliss should serve the three years term, Judge Bartholomew for five years and Judge Wallin for seven years. Each served and others have been elected as follows:

Guy H. Corliss, of Grand Forks, for the term of six years commencing December, 1893.

J. M. Bartholomew, of LaMoure, for the term of six years commencing December, 1895.

Alfred Wallin, of Fargo, for the term of six years commencing December, 1897.

N. C. Young, of Fargo, for the term of six years commencing December, 1898. Re-elected for the term of six years commencing December, 1904. Resigned, 1906.

Guy C. H. Corliss resigned 1898 and N. C. Young was appointed to fill the unexpired term, and then elected in 1908.

David Morgan, of Devils Lake, for the term of six years commencing December, 1900. Re-elected in 1906.

John M. Cochrane, of Grand Forks, for the term of six years commencing December, 1902. Died July 20, 1904. Edward Engerud, of Fargo, was appointed to fill unexpired term.

Edward Engerud, of Fargo, for the term of six years commencing December, 1904. Resigned, 1907.

John Knauf, Jamestown, appointed to succeed N. C. Young, resigned Served until December 15, 1906.

(b) C. J. Fisk, Grand Forks, elected 1906, to fill unexpired term of N. C. Young.

B. F. Spalding, Fargo, appointed 1907, to fill unexpired term of Edward Engerud.

Judge Carmody, Hillsboro; S. E. Ellsworth, Jamestown; both appointed associate justices by Governor Burke. January 15, 1909.

E. T. Burke, Valley City; E. B. Goss, Minot, elected 1910.

Andrew A. Bruce, Grand Forks, appointed to fill vacancy caused by resignation of Judge David E. Morgan, October 31, 1911.

Judges of District Courts.		Term expires
1st District—*Charles F. Templeton.....		1896
1st District—*Charles J. Fisk (a).....		1908
1st District—*Charles F. Templeton (b).....		1908
1st District—*Charles F. Templeton.....		1912
1st District—Charles M. Cooley (c).....		1916
2nd District—David E. Morgan.....		1900
2nd District—John Cowan		1908
2nd District—John Cowan		1912
2nd District—C. W. Buttz.....		1916
3rd District—*Wm. B. McConnell.....		1896
3rd District—Charles A. Pollock.....		1908
3rd District—Charles A. Pollock.....		1912
3rd District—Charles A. Pollock.....		1916
4th District—W. S. Lauder.....		1906
4th District—Frank P. Allen.....		1908
4th District—Frank P. Allen.....		1912
4th District—Frank P. Allen.....		1916
5th District—*Roderick Rose		1896
5th District—L. S. Glaspell.....		1906
5th District—Edward T. Burke.....		1908
5th District—Edward T. Burke (d).....		1912
5th District—*J. A. Coffey (e).....		1912
5th District—*J. A. Coffey.....		1916
6th District—W. J. Winchester.....		1908
6th District—W. J. Winchester.....		1912
6th District—W. L. Nuessle.....		1916
7th District—Q. E. Sauter.....		1900
7th District—W. J. Kneeshaw.....		1908
7th District—W. J. Kneeshaw.....		1912
7th District—W. J. Kneeshaw.....		1916
8th District—L. J. Palda.....		1904
8th District—E. B. Goss.....		1908
8th District—E. B. Goss (f).....		1912
8th District—K. E. Leighton (g).....		1912
8th District—K. E. Leighton.....		1916
9th District—A. G. Burr.....		1912
9th District—A. G. Burr.....		1916
10th District—W. C. Crawford.....		1912
10th District—W. C. Crawford.....		1916
11th District—*Frank Fish (h).....		1912
11th District—*Frank Fish		1916
12th District—*S. L. Nuchols (i).....		1912
12th District—*S. L. Nuchols.....		1916

* Democrats. All others republicans.

(a) Appointed judge supreme court, 1906.

(b) Appointed to fill vacancy caused by election of C. J. Fisk to Supreme Court.

(c) Appointed to fill vacancy caused by death of Chas. F. Templeton.

(d) Elected to Supreme Court in 1910.

(e) Appointed to fill vacancy by election of E. T. Burke to Supreme Court.

(f) Elected to Supreme Court in 1910.

(g) Appointed to fill vacancy by election of E. B. Goss to Supreme Court.

(h) Appointed on creation of new district, 1911.

(i) Appointed on creation of new district, 1911.

LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLIES SINCE STATEHOOD.

First Session—1889-90.

Convened November 19, 1889, and adjourned March 18, 1900. The membership was as follows:

Senate

Lieutenant Governor Alfred Dickey, President.

C. C. Bowsfield, Secretary.

MEMBERS.

Judson LaMoure,
*A. F. Appleton,
Roger Allin,
*James H. Bell,
J. E. Stevens,
*M. L. McCormack,
Geo. B. Winship,
W. H. Robinson,
John E. Haggart,
H. J. Rowe,
*H. R. Hartman,

Andrew Slotten,
Andrew Helgeson,
Andrew Sandager,
Samuel A. Fisher,
J. O. Smith,
D. S. Dodds,
*John McBride,
*R. D. Cowan,
E. L. Yeager,
W. E. Swanston,

F. G. Barlow,
Bailey Fuller,
H. S. Delsen,
*M. E. Randall,
J. H. Worsa,
C. B. Little,
Anton Svensrud,
E. H. Belyea,
George Harmon,
N. C. Lawrence.

House

David B. Wellman, Speaker.

J. G. Hamilton, Chief Clerk.

MEMBERS.

John H. Watt,
R. B. Richardson,
*H. L. Norton,
John Stadleman,
John H. McCullough,
A. N. Foss,
John Montgomery,
A. O. Haugerud,
Alex. Thomson,
Franklin Estabrook,
E. W. Bowen,
W. S. Buchanan,
R. N. Stevens,
J. L. Green,
Duncan McDonald,
C. J. Christianson,
W. H. H. Roney,
Chris. Balkan,
Ole E. Olsgard,
*W. H. Murphy,
*F. R. Renaud,

Nels Tangberg,
Geo. H. Walsh,
*L. F. Zimmer,
A. P. Haugen,
Ole T. Gronli,
Roderick J. Johnson,
O. T. Jahr,
J. F. Selby,
H. H. Strom,
E. S. Tyler,
James Brittin,
G. E. Ingebretset, Jr.
D. P. Thomas,
James McCormick,
C. A. Currier,
D. B. Wellman,
Luther L. Walton,
Geo. Lutz,
John Milsted,
L. A. Ueland,
W. B. Allen,

F. J. Thompson,
Ell D. McIntyre,
N. B. Pinkham,
John O. Bye,
H. D. Court,
Frank J. Langer,
W. W. Beard,
R. H. Hankinson,
R. N. Ink,
A. O. Heglie,
A. T. Cole,
Geo. W. Lilly,
W. L. Beldeu,
E. A. Williams,
Geo. W. Rawlings,
James Reed,
A. C. Nedrud,
A. W. Hoyt,
P. B. Wickman,
C. C. Moore,

*Democrats. All others republicans.

Second Session—1891-3.

Convened January 6, 1891, and adjourned March 6. The membership was as follows:

Senate

Lieutenant Governor Roger Allin, President.

C. C. Bowsfield, Secretary.

MEMBERS.

Judson LaMoure,
J. L. Cashel,
*John Bjorgo,
N. B. Pinkham,
(a) Magnus Nelson,
F. G. Enger,
Andrew Bisbee,
*J. M. Patch,
David P. Kuhn,
Anton Svensrud,
*S. B. Brynjolfson,

H. F. Arnold,
Roderick Johnson,
A. H. Lowry,
*M. L. Engle,
(a) S. Svenningsen,
Frank Palmer,
B. F. Fuller,
J. H. Worst,
James Johnson,
A. C. McGillivray,

John Almen,
*M. L. McCormack,
John Haggart,
R. N. Ink,
J. S. Welser,
*John Bidlake,
James McCormick,
*E. M. Kinter,
C. B. Little,
Jos. Miller.

House

W. B. Allen, Speaker.
J. G. Hamilton, Chief Clerk.

MEMBERS.

*Patrick Horgan,	S. L. Haight,	Arnie Bjornson,
Jacob Graber,	A. N. Foss,	*James Douglas,
*Chas. Ebbighausen,	*E. E. Dally,	*W. H. Dainel,
C. A. Burton,	G. G. Beardsley,	*M. F. Williams,
Jos. C. Colosky,	W. H. Brown,	*D. C. Cunningham,
O. S. Wallin,	Louis Thompson,	H. H. Strom,
A. Hanson,	A. L. Loomis,	George Osgood,
E. H. Holte,	D. C. Tufts,	H. M. Peterson,
G. N. Smith,	J. C. Gill,	J. Moody Watson,
*Peter S. Larson,	*J. W. Cope,	*M. N. Triplett,
(a) John E. Hodgson,	(a) K. Peabody,	Harry S. Oliver,
L. C. Hill,	C. J. Christianson,	Frank White,
W. J. Skinner,	(a) W. T. McCulloch,	(a) J. P. Lamb,
Fred Dennett,	*Ole Axvig,	*John Burke,
H. A. Noltimier,	Chas. A. Erickson,	*J. V. Brooke,
L. P. Havrevold,	L. L. Walton,	*Ralph Hall,
*Geo. Lutz,	*E. T. Kearney,	Geo. K. Loring,
W. B. Allen,	John S. Ritchie,	Chas. Fiske,
G. H. Fay,	Wm. Oscar Ward,	Fred Holritz.
John A. Davis,	John Satterlund,	
Wm. McKendry,	*J. A. Farrah,	
*Democrats.	(a) Independents and Farmers' Alliance.	All others
republicans.		

Extra Session.

The second legislative assembly met in special session June 1 to June 3, 1892, inclusive, for the purpose of passing acts providing for the election of presidential electors and state, district and county officers; to create a state board of canvassers; to govern contests in election of presidential electors; to make appropriation for North Dakota exhibit and building at World's Fair.

Third Session—1893.

Convened January 3, 1893, and adjourned March 3, 1893.

Senate

Lieutenant Governor Elmer D. Wallace, President.
Fred Falley, Secretary.

MEMBERS.

Judson LaMoure,	(a) Richard McCarten,	*J. M. Patch,
*S. B. Brynjolfson,	*M. L. Engle,	Bailey Fuller,
(a) William Hillier,	Frank White,	*F. M. Kinter,
J. L. Cashel,	F. C. Enger,	(a) J. W. Stevens,
H. F. Arnold,	(a) J. P. Lamb,	J. H. Worst,
*M. L. McCormack,	*John Bidlake,	C. B. Little,
John A. Sorlev,	*John Burke,	Anton Svensrud,
John Haggart,	Frank Palmer,	Charles Gregory,
Roderick Johnson,	E. P. Day,	Joseph Miller,
N. B. Pinkham,	E. Young,	A. C. McGillivray.
R. N. Ink,		

House

George H. Walsh, Speaker.
J. G. Hamilton, Chief Clerk.

MEMBERS.

*P. J. Horgan,	Thomas Halverson,	Geo. S. Churchill,
*Benj. James,	J. B. Wineman,	J. B. McArthur,
*Robert Thexton,	Arne P. Haugen,	Samuel Bullard,
*F. A. Hollday,	H. D. Hurley,	*Borger Hallum,

MEMBERS—Continued.

(a) N. H. Rinde,	H. H. Strom,	*John N. Dean,
(a) K. P. Levang,	L. H. Larson,	A. V. Benedict,
*C. Ebbighausen,	O. S. Wallin,	(a) John E. Hodgson,
*William R. Johnston,	H. C. Southard,	(a) Theo. Johnson,
*William O'Keefe,	Seth Newman,	Harry S. Oliver,
*Andrew Johnson,	D. C. Tufts,	(a) Thos. M. Elliott,
J. Dexter Pierce,	Elling Severson,	(a) Hans O. Hagen,
Geo. H. Walsh,	B. F. Ritter,	(a) John Logan,
(a) Lewis Thompson,	(a) P. Kelly,	W. F. Cochrane,
(a) W. T. McCulloch,	*A. C. Sanford,	Wm. A. Bentley,
(a) S. M. Lee,	*Ralph Hall,	John Yegen,
*F. W. McLean,	George Wright,	John A. Davis,
*Charles W. Plain,	O. A. Boynton,	John Satterlund,
*D. W. McCanna,	(a) L. A. Ueland,	J. S. Veeder,
L. P. Havrevold,	(a) George W. Towers,	Louis Burkhart,
T. H. Oksendahl,	(a) J. W. Caldwell,	L. A. Simpson.
E. H. Lohnes,	J. H. Wishek,	
*Democrats. (a) Independents. All others republicans.		

Fourth Session—1895.

Convened January 8, 1895, and adjourned March 8, 1895.

Senate

Lieutenant Governor John H. Worst, President.
Fred Falley, Secretary.

MEMBERS.

Judson LaMoure,	(a) R. McCarten,	D. F. Davis,
(a) James Doble,	Patrick H. Rourke,	Bailey Fuller,
(a) William Hillier,	Frank White,	Charles N. Valentine,
George Clark,	F. G. Enger,	(a) J. W. Stevens,
H. F. Arnold,	(a) J. P. Lamb,	John H. Wishek,
Frank Viets,	*Chas. W. Plain,	C. B. Little,
J. A. Sorley,	*John Burke,	A. L. Hanscom,
H. H. Strom,	C. G. Brown,	C. E. Gregory,
John Haggart,	E. P. Day,	H. S. Parkin,
D. C. Tufts,	E. Young,	A. C. McGillivray.
A. V. Benedict,		

House

James C. Gill, Speaker.
J. M. Devine, Chief Clerk.

MEMBERS.

(a) Jas T. Blacklock,	*John Flack,	(a) Andrew Smith,
*Patrick Horgan,	*James Jennings,	(a) F. W. Brainard,
(a) Stephen Eyolfson,	A. B. McDonald,	H. A. Armstrong,
W. B. Wood,	C. L. Lindstrom,	Eric Stafne,
J. B. Wineman,	O. T. Tofsrud,	James Purdon,
Henry Hancock,	R. J. Walker,	F. L. Dwyer,
J. C. Gill,	Peter Herbrandson,	(a) John E. Hodgson,
L. B. Hanna,	John I. Lerom,	(a) John Cryan,
L. C. Sargent,	T. E. Nelson,	Erick Gunderson,
*Thomas Guinan,	O. S. Wallin,	Morris F. Brown,
(a) N. H. Rinde,	A. W. Edwards,	*Nels P. Rasmussen,
A. H. Kellogg,	E. S. Tyler,	(a) John Logan,
Ole A. Rod,	N. A. Colby,	Geo. S. Roberts,
George Hill,	T. Twichell,	Thomas Richards,
Wm. Fleming,	E. Gilbertson,	M. Sprangberg,
Joseph A. Myers,	Frank H. Prosser,	Anton Svensrud,
Peter N. Korsmo,	Chas. McLachlan,	John S. Murphy,
Jos. Colosky,	Ed. F. Porter,	Herman Kroeger,
Nicolai Swenson,	J. J. Nierling,	Fred Holritz,
Rollin C. Cooper,	E. J. Gleason,	L. A. Simpson.
Linn B. Ray,	J. B. Sharpe,	

*Democrats. (a) Independents and populists. All others republicans.

Fifth Session—1897.

Convened January 5, 1897, adjourned March 5, 1897.

Senate

Lieutenant Governor Joseph M. Devine, President.

C. B. Little, President pro tempore.

(b) J. C. Gill, Secretary.

MEMBERS.

Name	Post Office	Name	Post Office
Judson LaMoure	Pembina	*Charles Dunlap	Lisbon
*James Dobie	Tyner	(a) Chas. W. Plain.....	Milton
*K. P. Levang.....	Park River	(a) D. W. McCanna.....	Cando
George Clark.....	Forest River	C. W. Brown.....	Minnewaukan
Horace F. Arnold.....	Larimore	*H. M. Crell.....	Devils Lake
Frank Viets.....	Grand Forks	D. F. Davis.....	Cathay
W. A. Gordon.....	Grand Forks	B. W. Fuller.....	Jamestown
H. H. Strom.....	Hillsboro	Chas. N. Valentine.....	LaMoure
J. E. Haggart.....	Fargo	Thos. F. Marshall.....	Oakes
D. C. Tufts.....	Argusville	John H. Wishek.....	Ashley
L. B. Hanna.....	Page	C. B. Little.....	Bismarck
A. V. Benedict.....	Lidgerwood	A. L. Hanscom.....	Towner
*R. McCarten	Cogswell	Wm. E. Mansfield.....	Minot
Patrick H. Rourke.....	Lisbon	John S. Greene.....	Mandan
Frank White.....	Valley City	A. C. McGillivray.....	Dickinson
F. G. Enger.....	Portland		
*Fusionists. (a) Democrats.		All other republicans.	(b) Died

January 9; succeeded by J. O. Smith.

House

Erastus A. Williams, Speaker.

Henry E. Lavayea, Chief Clerk.

MEMBERS.

Name	Post Office	Name	Post Office
John D. Wallace.....	Drayton	*John Carlin	Havana
*Alexander Duncan	Bruce	Robert J. Mitchell.....	Sheldon
H. N. Joy.....	Hamilton	E. C. Lovelace.....	Ft. Ransom
*Thomas Guinan.....	Hensel	George W. Earl.....	Oriska
*Jas. J. Dougherty.....	Park River	*W. H. McPherson.....	Valley City
*David E. Towle.....	Park River	Nicolai Swenson	Cooperstown
*Julius Wirkus	Minto	L. C. Goplerud.....	Sherbrooke
*Charles Ebbighausen	Grafton	*Samuel S. Aas.....	Aneta
*K. O. Brotnoy.....	Grafton	*J. B. Boyd.....	Langdon
Peter N. Korsmo.....	Northwood	*John Butterwick	Milton
John McConnachie	Inkster	*Ole Syvertson	Dunseith
William B. Wood.....	Grand Forks	C. L. Lindstrom.....	Oberon
James Ryan.....	Grand Forks	C. A. Erickson.....	Rugby
Frank Gaulke	Thompson	Chas. A. Currier.....	Crary
Andrew Offerdahl	Northwood	*A. G. Tanton.....	Devils Lake
H. M. Williams.....	Blanchard	E. F. Porter.....	Melville
S. N. Heskin.....	Portland	H. Peoples.....	New Rockford
H. D. Hurley.....	Duane	John McGinnis	Jamestown
Gunder Howard	Hillsboro	*Frank A. Lenz.....	Jamestown
O. W. Francis.....	Fargo	J. B. Sharpe.....	Kulm
*E. E. Cole.....	Fargo	Theo. Northrup	Ellendale
N. A. Colby.....	Grandin	Eugene F. Dunton.....	Ellendale
Egbert Gilbertson	Hickson	Wesley Baker	Livona
T. Twichell	Mapleton	Wm. L. Belden.....	Napoleon
W. J. Hawk.....	Buffalo	E. A. Williams.....	Bismarck
E. C. Sargent.....	Amenia	Thos. Richards	McKenzie
R. B. Boyd.....	Wheatland	F. M. Hammond.....	Willow City
James B. Power.....	Power	John S. Murphy.....	Minot
John S. Johnson.....	Christine	Herman Kroeger.....	New Salem
R. H. Hankinson.....	Hankinson	Donald Stevenson	Stevenson
*John Cryan	Geneseo	Alfred White	Medora

*Fusion democrats and independents. All others republicans.

Sixth Session—1899.

Convened January 3, 1899, adjourned March 3, 1899.

Senate

Lieutenant Governor Joseph M. Devine, President.

A. C. McGillivray, President pro tempore.

J. O. Smith, Secretary.

MEMBERS.

Name	Post Office	Name	Post Office
*Judson LaMoure	Pembina	(a) Charles Dunlap..	Michigan City
James Fuller	Crystal	W. A. Laidlaw.....	Hannah
(a) K. P. Levang.....	Park River	(a) D. W. McCanna.....	Cando
(b) J. L. Cashel.....	Grafton	O. I. Heggee.....	Minnewaukan
*H. F. Arnold.....	Larimore	(a) H. M. Creel.....	Devils Lake
M. F. Murphy.....	Grand Forks	E. F. Porter.....	Melville
D. W. Luke.....	Grand Forks	*B. F. Fuller.....	Jamestown
F. W. Ames.....	Mayville	J. B. Sharpe.....	Kulm
(b) J. E. Croan.....	Fargo	*T. F. Marshall.....	Oakes
T. Twichell	Mapleton	Wesley Baker	Livona
*L. B. Hanna.....	Page	*C. B. Little.....	Bismarck
A. Slotten	Wahpeton	(b) V. B. Noble.....	Bottineau
(a) R. McCarten.....	Cogswell	*W. E. Mansfield.....	Minot
R. C. Sanborn.....	Lisbon	(c) J. McDonald.....	Mandan
A. B. Cox.....	Sanborn	*A. C. McGillivray.....	Dickinson
R. C. Cooper.....	Cooperstown		

*Republican holdovers. (a) Fusion holdovers. (b) Fusionists elected in 1898. All others republicans.

House

Thos. Baker, Speaker.

John G. Hamilton, Chief Clerk.

MEMBERS.

Name	Post Office	Name	Post Office
J. D. Wallace.....	Drayton	T. L. Taylor.....	Cayuga
W. J. Watts.....	Hydepark	T. J. Dwire.....	Englevale
J. Thordarson	Hensel	A. H. Laughlin.....	Lisbon
E. H. Restefayer.....	Cavaller	G. W. Earl.....	Tower City
*J. J. Dougherty.....	Park River	D. N. Green.....	Valley City
*D. E. Towle.....	Park River	C. Winslow.....	Golden Lake
*W. R. Johnston.....	Forest River	M. B. Cassell.....	Clifford
*Henry Ferris	Ardoch	*S. S. Aas.....	Aneta
K. O. Brotnov.....	Grafton	L. McLean	Hannah
T. E. Tufte.....	Northwood	Wm. Engelter.....	New Salem
W. W. Glasgow.....	Niagara	D. Stevenson	Stevenson
J. D. Bacon.....	Grand Forks	*F. Lish	Dickinson
Alex. Stewart	Manvel	G. O. Gulack.....	Ashley
M. Erickson	Reynolds	R. N. Stevens.....	Bismarck
C. J. Ovind.....	McRae	Joseph Hare	Bismarck
O. G. Nelson.....	Hatton	C. S. Delsem.....	Grand Rapids
O. C. Hanna.....	Mayville	John Kennedy	Oakes
P. Herbrandson	Caledonia	J. S. Peake.....	Monango
S. C. Swenson.....	Portland	T. W. Allshouse.....	Steele
W. D. Allen.....	Fargo	O. McHarg	Jamestown
Thos. Baker, Jr.....	Fargo	H. J. Miner.....	Sykeston
G. W. Wolbert.....	Casselton	C. A. Sanford.....	Courtney
P. P. Chacey.....	Harwood	S. Berger	Olga
N. O. Brakke.....	Norman	W. Clarke	Rolla
E. C. Sargent.....	Amenia	J. Michels.....	Grahams Island
R. P. Boyd.....	Wheatland	F. T. Gronvold.....	Barton
W. W. Tousley.....	Tower City	Henry Hale.....	Devils Lake
M. Lynch	Lidgerwood	H. T. Ugland.....	Crary
J. S. Johnson.....	Christine	E. B. Thompson.....	Sheyenne
A. Peterson	Cogswell	O. Gilbertson	Towner
A. W. Thomas.....	Seymour	P. P. Lee.....	Minot

*Fusionists. All others republicans.

Seventh Session—1901.

Convened January 8, 1901; adjourned March 8, 1901.

Senate

Lieutenant Governor David Bartlett, President.

President pro tempore—Judson LaMoure.

Secretary—George L. Townes.

Assistant Secretary—I. O. Moe.

Assistant to Secretary—P. R. Rognlie.

Sergeant-at-arms—W. H. Brown.

Doorkeeper—A. M. Greenfield.

Journal Clerk—Mrs. J. M. Brown.

Assistant Journal Clerk—Miss Katherine Coleman.

Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk—L. D. McGahan.

Bill Clerk—Olaf Holton.

Stenographer—R. M. Tuttle.

Messenger—Wm. Warren.

Postmaster—Ed. Parrett.

Watchman—B. Schmidt.

Clerk of Judiciary Committee—Geo. Gibson.

Chaplain—Rev. A. A. Joss.

Proofreader—M. E. Shirley.

Bill Room Clerk—Alex. Loudon.

Pages—Clarence McLean, Shed Lambert, Grant Call, Jos. Hare, Wm Pollock.

MEMBERS.

1	r	Judson LaMoure	Pembina	Pembina
2	rh	James Fuller	Pembina	Crystal
3	f	O. E. Loftus	Walsh	Park River
4	fh	J. L. Cashel	Walsh	Grafton
5	r	H. E. Lavayea	Grand Forks	Larimore
6	fh	M. F. Murphy	Grand Forks	Grand Forks
7	r	J. D. Taylor	Grand Forks	Grand Forks
8	rh	F. W. Ames	Traill	Mayville
9	r	R. S. Lewis	Cass	Fargo
10	r	G. W. Wolbert	Cass	Casselton
11	r	F. S. Talcott	Cass	Buffalo
12	rh	A. Slotten	Richland	Wahpeton
13	r	J. F. Devlin	Sargent	Cayuga
14	rh	R. C. Sanborn	Ransom	Lisbon
15	r	A. B. Cox	Barnes	Valley City
16	rh	R. C. Cooper	Griggs	Cooperstown
17	r	I. Swenson	Nelson	Aneta
18	rh	W. A. Laidlaw	Cavaller	Hannah
19	r	Wm. Clarke	Rolette	Rolla
20	rh	O. I. Hegge	Benson	Minnewaukan
21	r	Henry Hale	Ramsey	Devils Lake
22	r	H. J. Miller	Wells	Bowden
23	f	M. D. Williams	Stutsman	Jamestown
24	rh	J. B. Sharpe	LaMoure	Kulm
25	f	O. E. Geer	Dickey	Ellendale
26	rh	W. Baker	Emmons	Livona
27	r	C. B. Little	Burleigh	Bismarck
28	fh	V. B. Noble	Bottineau	Bottineau
29	r	M. Jacobson	Ward	Minot
30	fh	J. A. McDougal	Morton	Mandan
31	r	L. A. Simpson	Stark	Dickinson

r republican; f, fusion; rh, republican holdover; fh, fusion holdover.

House

R. M. Pollock, Speaker.

Chief Clerk—Joseph Scanlan.

Assistant Chief Clerk—W. D. Austin.

Assistant to Assistant Chief Clerk—B. W. Shaw.

Sergeant-at-arms—Thomas Harrison.

Journal Clerk—Wm. Surerus.

Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk—W. E. Clark.

Bill Clerk—E. E. Ellis.

Stenographer—Miss Bessie Waggoner.

Messenger—Burton L. Weld.

Postmaster—C. Lisk.

Doorkeeper—James Flannagan.

Watchman—A. B. Stedman.

Clerk of Judiciary Committee—A. M. Baldwin.

Chaplain—Rev. R. T. Guernsey.

Pages—Arthur Mason, Chester Erstrom, Leo Horner, Kirk Noyes.

MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
1	W. J. Watts.....	Pembina.....	Hyde Park
1	I. J. Chevallier.....	Pembina	Bathgate
2	E. H. Restemayer.....	Pembina	Cavaller
2	J. Thordson	Pembina	Hensel
3	E. R. Swarthout.....	Walsh.....	Park River
3	*A. Dickson	Walsh	Conway
4	*G. R. Gullkson.....	Walsh	Grafton
4	John Miller	Walsh	Minto
4	*J. H. Parr.....	Walsh	Grafton
5	R. L. Bennett.....	Grand Forks.....	Inkster
5	T. E. Tufte.....	Grand Forks.....	Northwood
6	J. D. Bacon.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
6	*J. P. Galbrith.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
7	Chas. Brisbin	Grand Forks.....	Thompson
7	L. P. Hjelmstad.....	Grand Forks.....	Holmes
8	Asa Sargeant	Traill	Caledonia
8	J. I. Lerom.....	Traill	Buxton
8	G. A. Willison.....	Traill	Blanchard
8	T. E. Nelson.....	Traill	Hatton
9	R. M. Pollock.....	Cass	Fargo
9	W. F. Leech.....	Cass	Fargo
10	P. P. Chacey.....	Cass	Harwood
10	Thos. Heath.....	Cass	Gardner
10	E. Severson.....	Cass	Davenport
11	B. Mallough.....	Cass	Chaffee
11	C. A. Tubbs.....	Cass	Hunter
11	John Hill.....	Cass	Wheatland
12	Eric Stane	Richland	Galchutt
12	A. W. Thomas.....	Richland	Seymour
12	V. Morgan.....	Richland	Barrie
13	H. C. Johnson.....	Sargent	Milnor
13	G. B. Phifer.....	Sargent	Harlem
14	T. J. Dwire.....	Ransom	Englevale
14	L. P. Anderson.....	Ransom.....	Ft. Ransom
15	Geo. M. Young.....	Barnes.....	Valley City
15	K. S. Ramsett.....	Barnes	Fingal
16	M. B. Cassell.....	Steele	Clifford
16	C. Winslow.....	Steele.....	Golden Lake
17	C. A. Hall.....	Nelson	Lakota
18	H. McLean.....	Cavaller	Hannah
18	Ole Axvig.....	Cavaller	Milton
19	Fred Lemke.....	Towner	Cando
20	F. T. Gronvold.....	Pierce	Rugby
20	James Michels.....	Benson.....	Graham's Island
21	G. W. H. Davis.....	Ramsey	Evanston
21	H. A. Nicholson.....	Ramsey	Crary
22	D. Niven.....	Eddy.....	New Rockford
22	F. Chaffee.....	Foster	Carrington
23	F. H. Keeler.....	Stutsman	Buchanan
23	J. M. Watson.....	Stutsman	Kensal
24	*J. A. T. Bjornson.....	LaMoure	Kulm
25	Geo. Rose.....	Dickey	Ellendale
26	A. Strutz.....	Dickey	Oakes
26	T. W. Allshouse.....	Kidder	Steele
26	G. O. Gulack.....	McIntosh	Ashley
27	Jos. Hare.....	Burleigh	Bismarck
27	Henry Reade.....	Burleigh	Bismarck
28	B. F. Hammond.....	Bottineau	Bottineau
29	E. C. Palmer.....	Williams	Williston
30	A. M. Packard.....	Morton	Mandan
30	Wm. Wade.....	Morton	Wade
31	W. A. McClure.....	Stark	Taylor

*Ind.-Dem. All others republicans.

Eighth Session—1903.

Convened January 6, 1905; adjourned March 6, 1903.

Senate

Lieutenant Governor David Bartlett, President.
President pro tem.—J. B. Sharpe.
Secretary of State—R. M. Tuttle.
First Assistant Secretary of the Senate—Geo. L. Townes.
Second Assistant Secretary of the Senate—James Twamley.
Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk—W. E. Clark.
Bill Clerk—I. J. Moe.
Stenographer—Ed. LaMoure.
Sergeant-at-arms—W. H. Brown.
Doorkeeper—D. H. Wellman.
Messenger—Theodore Johnson.
Postmaster—M. J. Freeman.
Watchman—John Young.
Journal Clerk—Miss Catherine Coleman.
Assistant Journal Clerk—Mrs. J. M. Brown.
Clerk of the Judiciary Committee—Chas. Donnelly.
Chaplain—Rev. A. W. Hayes.
Proof Reader—J. M. Stewart.
Bill room clerk—L. Wells.
Clerk Appropriation Committee—J. W. Foley.
Pages—Shed Lambert, A. O'Connor, Walter McLean, Willie Pollock and Floyd Brown.

MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
1	*r J. LaMoure.....	Pembina	Pembina
2	A. Garnett.....	Pembina.....	St. Thomas
3	*f O. E. Lofthus.....	Walsh.....	Park River
4	*J. L. Cashel.....	Walsh	Grafton
5	*r H. E. Lavayea.....	Grand Forks.....	Larimore
6	J. D. Bacon.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
7	*r J. D. Taylor.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
8	P. Herbrandson.....	Traill	Caledonia
9	*r R. S. Lewis.....	Cass	Fargo
10	Geo. D. Brown.....	Cass	Fargo
11	*r F. S. Talcott.....	Cass	Buffalo
12	*A. Benson.....	Richland	Sperry
13	*r J. F. Devlin.....	Sargent	Cayuga
14	Ed. Pierce	Ransom	Sheldon
15	*r A. B. Cox.....	Barnes.....	Valley City
16	Maynard Crane.....	Griggs	Cooperstown
17	*r Iver Swenson.....	Nelson	Aneta
18	Henry McLean.....	Cavaller	Hannah
19	*r Wm. Clarke.....	Rolette	Rolla
20	A. J. Kidkelde.....	Benson	Normania
21	*r Henry Hale.....	Ramsey.....	Devils Lake
22	R. W. Main.....	Towner	Cando
23	*f M. D. Williams.....	Stutsman	Jamestown
24	J. B. Sharpe.....	LaMoure	Kulm
25	*f D. E. Geer.....	Dickey	Ellendale
26	A. Macdonald.....	Emmons	Glencoe
27	*r C. B. Little.....	Burleigh	Bismarck
28	*D. H. McArthur.....	Bottineau	Bottineau
29	*r M. Jacobson.....	Ward	Minot
30	H. G. Voss.....	Morton	Mandan
31	*r L. A. Simpson.....	Stark	Dickinson
32	J. D. Carroll.....	Eddy.....	New Rockford
33	J. A. Regan.....	Wells	Fessenden
34	R. A. Fox.....	McHenry	Towner
35	A. E. Johnson.....	McLean	Washburn
36	G. O. Gulack.....	McIntosh	Ashley
37	*M. A. Wipperman.....	Richland	Hankinson
38	*H. O. Hagen.....	Barnes	Fingal
39	*W. H. Robinson.....	Traill	Mayville
40	*C. W. Plain.....	Cavaller	Milton

*Democrats; *r, republican holdover; *f, fusion holdover; all others republicans.

House

Thos. Baker, Jr., Speaker.

Chief Clerk—A. O. Anderson.

Assistant Chief Clerk—W. D. Austin.

Second Assistant Clerk—G. M. Hogue.

Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk—W. A. Kelly.

Bill Clerk—Wellington Irysh.

Stenographer—Miss Bessie Waggoner.

Sergeant-at-Arms—Alex. McFadden.

Doorkeeper—Harry Welland.

Messenger—R. M. Wigness.

Postmaster—John W. Carroll.

Chaplain—Rev. Gullstrom.

Watchman—Guy Reema.

Journal Clerk—S. B. Donahue.

Clerk Judiciary Committee—Alfred Zuger.

Pages—Perry Embertson, Walter White, Oscar Sundquist, Neil McHugh, Ward Preston, Clarence Anderson.

MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
1	Geo. A. McCrea.....	Pembina	Drayton
1	I. J. Chevallier.....	Pembina	Bathgate
1	W. J. Watts.....	Pembina	Hydepark
2	John Truemner.....	Pembina	Cavaller
2	P. J. Skjold.....	Pembina	Hallson
2	C. K. Wing.....	Pembina	Crystal
3	G. N. Midgarden.....	Walsh	Grafton
3	Thos. Johnson.....	Walsh.....	Park River
3	J. J. Ferguson.....	Walsh.....	Park River
4	John Miller.....	Walsh	Minto
4	*Nels O. Noben.....	Walsh	Grafton
4	T. A. Gagnon.....	Walsh	Minto
5	T. F. Mooney.....	Grand Forks.....	Larimore
5	J. H. McLain.....	Grand Forks.....	Inkster
5	T. E. Tufte.....	Grand Forks.....	Northwood
6	H. P. Ryan.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
6	E. O. Burtness.....	Grand Forks.....	Meckineck
7	James Elton	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
7	Henry Steinberg	Grand Forks	Reynolds
7	A. E. Allen.....	Grand Forks.....	Thompson
8	Alex. Smart	Traill	Hendrum, Minn.
8	T. H. Thompson.....	Traill	Belmont
9	Thos. Baker, Jr.....	Cass	Fargo
9	W. F. Leech.....	Cass	Fargo
9	A. L. Wall.....	Cass	Fargo
10	E. F. Gilbert.....	Cass	Casseltown
10	Tho. Heath	Cass	Gardner
10	E. Severson	Cass	Kindred
11	John A. Hill.....	Cass	Wheatland
11	B. H. Mallough.....	Cass	Wheatland
11	F. H. Dickinson.....	Cass	Ayr
12	*H. T. Connolly.....	Richland	Wahpeton
12	*Geo. Hammer.....	Richland	Abercrombie
12	*B. Schouweiler	Richland	Fairmount
13	G. B. Phifer.....	Sargent	Hampel
13	John Flajos	Sargent	Rutland
14	C. W. Buttz.....	Ransom	Buttville
14	Fred Underwood	Ransom	Enderlin
15	Geo. M. Young.....	Barnes	Valley City
15	Jos. H. Rogers.....	Barnes	Valley City
16	M. B. Cassell.....	Steele	Clifford
16	G. H. Stavens	Steele	Hatton
16	J. S. Palfrey	Steele	Hop
17	S. L. Dahl.....	Nelson	McVill
17	A. H. Smart.....	Nelson	Michigan City
18	Chas. Chisholm	Cavaller	Langdon
18	*M. McKnight	Cavaller	Hannah
19	C. I. F. Wagner.....	Rolette	Rolla
19	*A. N. Bourassa.....	Rolette	Rolla

MEMBERS—Continued.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
20	E. L. Richmond.....	Benson	Minnewaukon
20	N. E. Gullerud.....	Benson	Viking
20	M. Maddoc	Benson	Goa
21	G. W. H. Davis.....	Ramsey	Evanston
21	C. H. Baker.....	Ramsey	Devils Lake
21	H. R. Alaskon.....	Ramsey	Edmore
22	*C. P. Peterson.....	Towner	Bisbee
22	*J. L. Harvey.....	Towner	Maza
23	Anton Fried	Stutsman	Fancher
23	Geo. B. McKenzie.....	Stutsman	Kensal
23	Morris Beck	Stutsman	Jamestown
24	O. O. Ellison.....	LaMoure	LaMoure
24	C. H. Shells.....	LaMoure	Edgeley
25	Geo. Rose	Dickey	Ellendale
25	E. F. Stevens.....	Dickey	Glover
26	C. A. Patterson.....	Emmons	Linton
26	P. J. Lyons.....	Kidder	Steele
27	**L. D. McGahan.....	Burleigh	Bismarck
27	**John Bostrom	Burleigh	Bismarck
28	G. A. Lillie	Bottineau	Willow City
28	Jas. M. Watson.....	Bottineau	Willow City
29	Percy M. Cole.....	Ward	Kenmare
29	C. P. Lee.....	Ward	Minot
29	E. C. Palmer.....	Williams	Williston
30	W. M. Simpson.....	Morton	Mandan
30	Phillp Blank	Morton	New Salem
30	Chas. Weigel.....	Morton	Hebron
31	Geo. A. Senour.....	Stark	Dickinson
31	W. A. McClure.....	Stark	Taylor
31	***Frank Lish	Stark	Dickinson
32	F. N. Chaffee	Foster	Carrington
32	M. Mattson, Jr.....	Eddy	Cheyenne
33	H. C. Scheer.....	Wells	Fessenden
33	C. V. Brown.....	Wells	Cathay
33	A. Peterson	Wells	Harvey
34	T. Welo	McHenry	Velva
34	Thos. Oskendahl	Pierce	Rugby
34	O. A. Knutson.....	McHenry	Harvey
35	Henry Bartz	McLean	Anamoose
35	Wm. Diebahl	Mercer	Hebron
36	A. Merdinger	McIntosh	Hellwig
36	J. A. Weed	Logan	Napoleon
37	Emil A. Movius	Richland	Lingerwood
37	*John I. Hanson	Richland	Windmere
37	*G. B. Van Arnam.....	Richland	Walcott
38	S. J. Anandahl.....	Barnes	Svea
38	*C. H. Noltimier.....	Barnes	Lanona
39	A. T. Kraabel	Traill	Clifford
39	H. G. Braaten.....	Traill	Mayville
40	N. Robillard	Cavaller	Olga
40	Jas. McDowell	Cavaller	Langdon

*Democrat; *r, republican holdover; *f, fusion holdover; **, independent-democrat; ***, independent; all others republicans.

Ninth Session—1905.

Convened January 3, 1905; adjourned March 3, 1905.

Senate

Lieutenant Governor David Bartlett, President.

President pro tem.—F. S. Talcott.

Secretary—L. M. McGlashan.

Assistant Secretary—James Twamley.

Assistant to Secretary—F. W. Kempf.

Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk—John Andrews.

Bill Clerk—O. J. Olson.

Sergeant-at-Arms—D. B. Wellman.

Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms—Ever Wagness.
 Doorkeeper—Amos LaFrance.
 Stenographer—Miss Katherine Coleman.
 Messenger—Ole Anderson.
 Postmaster—M. J. Freeman.
 Assistant Postmaster—E. R. Steinbrueck.
 Watchman—Frank Bohn.
 Journal Clerk—B. E. Lee.
 Assistant Journal Clerk—T. F. Norgaard.
 Clerk of the Judiciary Committee—John F. Selby.
 Chaplain—O. F. Jones.
 Proofreader—W. F. Pray.
 Bill Room Clerk—Geo. Game.
 Clerk of Appropriation Committee—Mrs. C. S. Budlong.
 Doorkeeper in Gallery—E. R. Kennedy.
 Janitor—Arndt Mamel.
 Cloak Room Attendant—Harry Welland.
 Assistant Engrossing and Enrolling Clerks—M. A. Shirley, K. Magnuson, Earl Gillmour, S. H. Carothers.
 Senate Stenographers—Miss Cora Simpson, Mrs. Karrie King, Mayfield, S. G. Skulason.
 Pages—W. S. McLean, H. Hogue, W. E. Savage and Shed Lambert.

MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
1	Judson LaMoure.....	Pembina	Pembina
2	*r A. Garnett.....	Pembina	Pembina
3	Thomas Johnson.....	Walsh.....	Park River
4	*d J. L. Cashel.....	Walsh	Grafton
5	*E. K. Spoonhelm.....	Grand Forks.....	Northwood
6	*r J. D. Bacon.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
7	John D. Taylor.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
8	*r P. Herbrandson.....	Traill	Caledonia
9	L. B. Hanna.....	Cass	Fargo
10	*r Geo. D. Brown.....	Cass.....	Wild Rice
11	Frank S. Talcott.....	Cass	Buffalo
12	*d A. Benson.....	Cass	Buffalo
12	*d A. Benson.....	Richland	Christine
13	John H. Dyste.....	Sargent	Forman
14	*r Ed. Pierce.....	Ransom	Sheldon
15	Geo. M. Young.....	Barnes.....	Valley City
16	*r Maynard Crane.....	Griggs	Cooperstown
17	Iver Swenson.....	Nelson	Aneta
18	*r Henry McLean.....	Cavaller	Hannah
19	C. I. F. Wagner.....	Rolette	Rolla
20	*r A. J. Kirkelde.....	Benson	Normania
21	Andrew J. Stade.....	Ramsey.....	Devils Lake
22	*r R. W. Main.....	Towner	Cando
23	J. W. Sifton.....	Stutsman	Jamestown
24	*r J. B. Sharpe.....	LaMoure	Kulm
25	T. H. Thatcher.....	Dickey	Guelph
26	*r A. Macdonald.....	Emmons	Glencoe
27	C. B. Little.....	Burleigh	Bismarck
28	*d D. H. McArthur.....	Bottineau	Bottineau
29	H. H. Steele.....	Ward	Mohall
30	*r H. G. Voss.....	Morton	Mandan
31	L. A. Simpson.....	Stark	Dickinson
32	*r J. D. Carroll.....	Eddy.....	New Rockford
33	J. Austin Regan.....	Wells	Fessenden
34	*r R. A. Fox.....	McHenry	Towner
35	Aug. E. Johnson.....	McLean	Washburn
36	*r G. O. Gulack.....	McIntosh	Ashley
37	Emil A. Movius.....	Richland	Lidgerwood
38	**H. O. Hagen.....	Barnes	Fingal
39	Anton T. Kraabel.....	Traill	Clifford
40	*d C. W. Plain.....	Cavaller	Milton

*r, holdover republican; *d, holdover democrat; *, democrat; **, elected as independent in 1902, but is now a republican; all others republicans.

House

George Percy, Speaker.

Chief Clerk—Otto Sougstad.
 Assistant Chief Clerk—M. A. Liles.
 Second Assistant Chief Clerk—T. C. Miller.
 Chief Engrossing and Enrolling Clerk—W. A. Kelley.
 Bill Clerk—J. F. Marsh.
 Stenographer—Miss Jeanette P. James.
 Sergeant-at-Arms—Ole T. Grant.
 Doorkeeper—J. A. Westerdahl.
 Messenger—T. J. Hampton.
 Postmaster—James Flanagan.
 Chaplain—Rev. A. W. Hayes.
 Watchman—Chas. Hubbard.
 Journal Clerk—T. G. Anderson.
 Clerk Judiciary Committee—Chas. Heckel.
 Janitors—M. A. Skarison, James McDougal.
 Bill Room Clerk—W. E. Truemner.
 Gallery Doorkeeper—John Stoose.
 Cloak Room Attendants—Herman Melby, Thorwald Torgerson.
 Pages—Ira Herbert, Walter White, Ralph Fisher, Hugh Fadden,
 Earle Hagy, James Brown.

MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
1	Geo. A. McCrea.....	Pembina	Drayton
1	I. J. Chevallier.....	Pembina	Bathgate
1	J. T. Briden.....	Pembina	Walhalla
2	Christian Ganssle.....	Pembina.....	St. Thomas
2	J. E. Truemner.....	Pembina	Cavalier
2	Joseph Walter.....	Pembina	Gardar
3	G. Midgarten.....	Walsh	Grafton
3	H. O. Sunderland.....	Walsh	Edinburg
3	John A. Vernon.....	Walsh	Conway
4	Tallack Talackson.....	Walsh	Grafton
4	W. S. Mitchell.....	Walsh	Minto
4	*Tobias D. Casey.....	Walsh	Grafton
5	Thos. F. Mooney.....	Grand Forks.....	Fergus
5	W. W. Glasgow.....	Grand Forks.....	Niagara
5	John H. McLean.....	Grand Forks.....	Inkster
6	H. P. Ryan.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
6	E. O. Burtness.....	Grand Forks.....	Meckinock
7	A. E. Allen.....	Grand Forks.....	Thompson
7	Frank H. Sowle.....	Grand Forks.....	Reynolds
7	C. F. Ovind.....	Grand Forks.....	McRae
8	John Oveson.....	Trall	Buxton
8	T. H. Thompson.....	Trall	Hillsboro
9	N. G. Eggen.....	Cass	Fargo
9	W. D. Sweet.....	Cass	Fargo
9	J. F. Treat.....	Cass	Fargo
10	E. F. Gilbert.....	Cass	Casselton
10	Clark Moore.....	Cass	Gardner
10	O. P. Dahlen.....	Cass	Kindred
11	F. H. Dickinson.....	Cass	Ayr
11	T. O. Burgum.....	Cass	Arthur
11	R. G. Piper.....	Cass	Leonard
12	H. J. Arnold.....	Richland	Fairmont
12	W. R. Purdon.....	Richland	Wahpeton
12	C. M. Johnson.....	Richland	Dwight
13	John Flados.....	Sargent	Rutland
13	Chas. H. Cooper.....	Sargent	Cogswell
14	C. W. Buttz.....	Ransom	Buttzville
14	Fred Underwood.....	Ransom	Enderlin
15	J. H. Rogers.....	Barnes.....	Valley City
15	Robert Clendening.....	Barnes	Wimbledon
16	Nils Hemmingsen.....	Steele	Hannaford
16	John S. Palfrey.....	Steele	Hope
16	G. H. Stavens.....	Steele	Hatton
17	Samuel L. Dahl.....	Nelson	McVile

MEMBERS—Continued.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
17	A. R. Swendseld.....	Nelson	Petersburg
18	Robert Melklejohn.....	Cavaller	Langdon
18	Dan McKechnie.....	Cavaller	Calvin
19	D. Lemieux.....	Rolette	Dunselth
19	Hillis Kyle.....	Rolette	Rolla
20	E. L. Richmond.....	Benson	Minnewaukan
20	E. L. Baeverstad.....	Benson	Minnewaukan
20	James Duncan.....	Benson	Josephine
21	G. W. H. Davis.....	Ramsey	Evanston
21	H. A. Nicholson.....	Ramsey	Crary
21	Norman Nelson.....	Ramsey.....	Churchs Ferry
22	Albert S. Gibbens.....	Towner	Cando
22	Samuel Adams.....	Towner	Perth
23	Anton Fried.....	Stutsman	Fancher
23	James H. Cooper.....	Stutsman	Courtney
23	Geo. Piercy.....	Stutsman	Pingree
24	Ole E. Ellison.....	LaMoure	LaMoure
24	C. H. Shells.....	LaMoure	Edgeley
25	Geo. Rose.....	Dickey	Monango
25	E. F. Stevens.....	Dickey	Glover
26	D. R. Streeter.....	Emmons	Linton
26	Wm. L. Belden.....	Kidder	Steele
27	R. N. Stevens.....	Burleigh	Slaughter
27	M. Spangberg.....	Burleigh	Slaughter
28	Geo. L. Lillie.....	Bottineau	Sergius
28	Jas. M. Watson.....	Bottineau.....	Willow City
29	C. A. Johnson.....	Ward	Minot
29	F. I. Lyons.....	Ward	Bowbells
29	F. B. Chapman.....	Williams	Buford
30	William Simpson.....	Morton	Mandan
30	Philip Blank.....	Morton.....	New Salem
30	Chas. Welgel.....	Morton	Hebron
31	W. A. McClure.....	Stark	Taylor
31	J. E. Phelan.....	Stark	Dickinson
31	A. L. Martin.....	Billings.....	Sentinel Butte
32	Geo. D. Palmer.....	Foster	Melville
32	Ole Rue.....	Eddy	Sheyenne
33	Chas. V. Brown.....	Wells	Cathay
33	Herman C. Scheer.....	Wells	Fessenden
33	August Peterson.....	Wells	Harvey
34	T. Welo.....	McHenry	Velva
34	C. D. Rice.....	McHenry	Towner
34	O. T. Tofsrud.....	Pierce	Rugby
35	David Juzeler.....	Mercer	Broncho
35	John Schlenker.....	McLean	Goodrich
36	A. Meldinger.....	McIntosh	Hellwig
36	Herman Hardt.....	Logan	Napoleon
37	Vivian Morgan.....	Richland	Barrie
37	George Blake.....	Richland	Wyndmere
37	A. O. Heglie.....	Richland	Walcott
38	Martin Thoreson.....	Barnes	Dazey
38	Geo. O. Goulet.....	Barnes	Oriska
39	H. G. Braaten.....	Traill	Mayville
39	Geo. A. White.....	Traill	Portland
40	W. E. Jennings.....	Cavaller	Milton
40	N. Robillard.....	Cavaller	Olga

*Democrat; all others republicans.

Tenth Session—1907.

Convened January 8, 1907; adjourned March 8, 1907.

Senate

Lieutenant Governor R. S. Lewis, President.

President pro tem—J. Austin Regan.

Secretary—J. W. Foley.

First Assistant Secretary—F. W. Kempf.

Second Assistant Secretary—George Weatherhead.

Stenographer—Ara E. Waggoner.
 Chief Engrossing and Enrolling Clerk—W. P. Thurston.
 Bill Clerk—L. R. Estabrook.
 Sergeant-at-Arms—W. H. Brown.
 Assistant—Ever Wagness.
 Doorkeeper—J. O. Rindahl.
 Messenger—A. Glorvick.
 Postmaster—John McKechnie.
 Assistant—E. R. Steinbrueck.
 Watchman—M. Skarison.
 Journal Clerk—Katherine Coleman.
 Assistant—John Swenson.
 Chaplain—Rev. O. F. Jones, D. D.
 Clerk Judiciary Committee—Herbert Hallenberg.
 Clerk Appropriation Committee—N. R. Burley.
 Bill Room Clerk—E. Chapman.
 Assistant—S. Peterson.
 Doorkeeper of Gallery—John Young.
 Janitor—P. O. Fossum.
 Cloak Room Attendant—Chas. Palmer.
 Stenographers to Senators—Esther Newbury, Cora Simpson, Geneve Warner, Karrie King Mayfield, Norman Hall, Anna O. Fang, Carrie Morrish.
 Pages—Howard Hogue, Roy Durham, Stanley Johnson, Wells Hutchinson, Floyd Hastings, Richard Rial, Earl Hagy, Eugene Morris, George Movius, Porter Talcott.

MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
1	†Judson LaMoure.....	Pembina	Pembina
2	*E. A. Holliday.....	Pembina	Hensel
3	†Thos. Johnson.....	Walsh.....	Park River
4	*John L. Cashel.....	Walsh	Grafton
5	**E. K. Spoonhelm.....	Grand Forks.....	Larimore
6	*James Turner.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
7	†John D. Taylor.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
8	H. H. Strom.....	Traill	Hillsboro
9	†L. B. Hanna.....	Cass	Fargo
10	E. F. Gilbert.....	Cass	Buffalo
11	†F. S. Talcott.....	Richland	Wahpeton
12	*W. E. Purcell.....	Sargent	Forman
13	†John S. Dyste.....	Cass	Casselton
14	Ed. Pierce.....	Ransom	Sheldon
15	†Geo. M. Young.....	Barnes.....	Valley City
16	Maynard Crane.....	Griggs	Cooperstown
17	†Iver Swenson.....	Nelson	Aneta
18	Henry McLean.....	Cavaller	Hannah
19	†C. I. F. Wagner.....	Rolette	Rolla
20	Theo. Koffel.....	Benson	Esmond
21	†A. J. Stade.....	Ramsey.....	Devils Lake
22	*John Kelly.....	Towner	Bisbee
23	†J. W. Sifton.....	Stutsman	Jamestown
24	J. B. Sharpe.....	LaMoure	Kulm
25	†T. H. Thatcher.....	Dickey	Guelph
26	Alex. McDonald.....	Emmons	Glencoe
27	†C. B. Little.....	Burleigh	Bismarck
28	*D. H. McArthur.....	Bottineau	Bottineau
29	†H. H. Steele.....	Ward	Mohall
30	Fred Leutz.....	Morton	Hebron
31	†L. A. Simpson.....	Stark	Dickinson
32	Geo. D. Palmer.....	Foster	Bordulac
33	†J. Austin Regan.....	Wells	Fessenden
34	C. D. Rice.....	McHenry	Towner
35	†A. E. Johnson.....	McLain	Washburn
36	Chris. Albright.....	McIntosh	Ashley
37	†E. A. Movius.....	Richland	Lidgerwood
38	K. S. Ramsett.....	Barnes	Fingal
39	†A. T. Kraabel.....	Traill	Clifford
40	C. W. Plain.....	Cavaller	Milton

†Holdover republicans; *democrats; **holdover democrats; all others republicans.

House

Treadwell Twitchell, Speaker.

Chief Clerk—P. D. Norton.

Assistant Chief Clerks—W. D. Austin, Otto Sougstad.

Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk—M. O. Gullickson.

Bill Clerk—O. J. Quamme.

Sergeant at Arms—O. K. Hunt.

Doorkeepers—F. A. McDonald, David Maddock.

Messenger—R. J. Percy.

Postmaster—Hans Fosser.

Chaplain—Rev. F. W. Stanton.

House Stenographer—Mabel Thorburn.

Members' Stenographer—Laura Connor.

Bill Room Clerks—C. L. Jones, Thomas Radcliffe.

Clerk Judiciary Committee—Ed. K. Mason.

Journal Clerk—T. G. Anderson.

Assistant Journal Clerk—Wm. Hennessy.

Janitors—J. L. Smith, Geo. Fisher.

Pages—Harold Semling, Harry Beardsley, Joel Stebbins, Arnold Michelson, Fred James, Lester Budlong.

MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
1	Wm. J. Watts.....	Pembina	Neché
1	*Joseph Morin.....	Pembina	Neché
1	*W. Welford.....	Pembina	Neché
2	C. Ganssle.....	Pembina.....	St. Thomas
2	E. H. Restemayer.....	Pembina	Cavaller
2	*John Johnson.....	Pembina	Gardar
3	G. N. Midgarden.....	Walsh	Grafton
3	H. G. Hosford.....	Walsh.....	Park River
3	*A. H. Walker.....	Walsh	Dundee
4	John E. Hanawalt.....	Walsh	Grafton
4	*K. O. Brotnov.....	Walsh	Grafton
4	*Tobias D. Casey.....	Walsh	Grafton
5	Edward Church.....	Grand Forks.....	Inkster
5	T. H. Pugh.....	Grand Forks.....	Larimore
5	T. E. Tufte.....	Grand Forks.....	Northwood
6	*Geo. Hallick.....	Grand Forks.....	Manvel
6	*J. M. Anderson.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
7	Wm. S. Deane.....	Grand Forks.....	Holmes
7	Arne P. Haugen.....	Grand Forks.....	Reynolds
7	John A. Sorley.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
8	O. J. Sorlie.....	Traill	Buxton
8	John Oveson.....	Traill	Buxton
9	J. F. Treat.....	Cass	Fargo
9	F. E. Dibley.....	Cass	Fargo
9	T. J. Flamer.....	Cass	Fargo
10	T. Twitchell.....	Cass	Mapleton
10	A. A. Plath.....	Cass	Davenport
10	Clark Moore.....	Cass	Gardner
11	T. O. Burgum.....	Cass	Page
11	R. G. Piper.....	Cass	Leonard
11	J. R. Collins.....	Cass	Arthur
12	W. R. Purdon.....	Richland	Wahpeton
12	*L. Parkhill.....	Richland	Fairmont
12	*Henry Connolly.....	Richland	Wahpeton
13	Livy Johnson.....	Sargent	Cogswell
13	D. E. Blake.....	Sargeant	Delamere
14	C. W. Buttz.....	Ransom	Buttzville
14	A. E. Jones.....	Ransom	Lisbon
15	Amasa P. Peake.....	Barnes.....	Valley City
15	Geo. H. Law.....	Barnes	Leal
16	G. H. Stavens.....	Steele	Hatton
16	S. H. Nelson.....	Steele	Finley
16	Nils Hemmingsen.....	Steele	Hannaford
17	M. A. Shirley.....	Nelson	Aneta
17	A. R. Swendseld.....	Nelson	Petersburg
18	U. L. Burdick.....	Cavaller	Munich
18	Joseph Crawford.....	Cavaller	Langdon
19	A. O. Graham.....	Rolette	Rolla

MEMBERS—Continued.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
19	Ole Syvertson.....	Rolette	Overly
20	O. S. Aaker.....	Benson	Minnewaukan
20	H. O. Blegen.....	Benson.....	Churchs Ferry
20	James Duncan.....	Benson	Josephine
21	O. P. N. Anderson.....	Ramsey	Starkweather
21	Bernt Anderson.....	Ramsey.....	Churchs Ferry
21	Miles A. Miller.....	Ramsey	Crary
22	Samuel Adams.....	Towner	Perth
22	A. S. Gibbens.....	Towner	Cando
23	A. A. Monek.....	Stutsman	Jamestown
23	Will Sinclair.....	Stutsman	Windsor
23	H. J. Murphy.....	Stutsman	Courtney
24	A. W. Cunningham.....	LaMoure.....	Grand Rapids
24	*L. A. Ueland.....	LaMoure	Edgeley
25	Geo. Rose.....	Dickey	Ellendale
25	C. B. Andrus.....	Dickey	Oakes
26	D. R. Streeter.....	Emmons	Linton
26	John Storey.....	Kidder	Steele
27	R. N. Stevens.....	Burleigh	Bismarck
27	T. R. Mokler.....	Burleigh	Bismarck
28	E. L. Garden.....	Bottineau	Souris
28	Will Freeman.....	Bottineau	Maxbass
29	C. A. Johnson.....	Ward	Minot
29	F. B. Chapman.....	Williams	Buford
29	Fred F. Carter.....	Ward	Flaxton
30	W. E. Martin.....	Morton	Mandan
30	Jacob Rohs.....	Morton.....	New Salem
30	Wm. Simpson.....	Morton	Mandan
31	†Thos. Evans.....	Stark	Dickinson
31	A. L. Martin.....	Billings.....	Sentinel Butte
31	J. F. Brodie.....	Stark	Dickinson
32	S. N. Putnam.....	Eddy.....	New Rockford
32	E. T. Halaas.....	Foster	Carrington
33	O. L. Jensen.....	Wells	Harvey
33	W. F. Shannafelt.....	Wells	Fessenden
33	J. F. Wake.....	Wells	Bowden
34	R. C. Wedge.....	McHenry	Granville
34	John Steen.....	McHenry	Knox
34	O. T. Tofsrud.....	Pierce	Rugby
35	Johann Schlenker.....	McLean	Goodrich
35	H. E. Mathews.....	McLean	Wiprud
36	Geo. Elhard.....	Logan	Gackle
36	John Geldt.....	McIntosh	Lehr
37	R. H. Hankinson.....	Richland	Wyndmere
37	*A. D. Hanson.....	Richland	Hankinson
37	O. T. Grant.....	Richland	Kindred
38	D. R. Jones.....	Barnes	Sanborn
38	Martin Thoreson.....	Barnes	Fingal
39	G. A. White.....	Traill	Portland
39	O. G. Nelson.....	Traill	Hatton
40	James McDowall.....	Cavaller	Langdon
40	Robert Griffith.....	Cavaller	Osnabrock

†Holdover republicans; *democrats; **holdover democrats; § independent; all others republicans.

Eleventh Session—1909.

Convened January 5, 1909; adjourned March 5, 1909.

Senate

Lieutenant Governor R. S. Lewis, President.

President pro tem—L. A. Simpson.

Secretary—J. W. Foley.

First Assistant Secretary—F. W. Kempf.

Second Assistant Secretary—S. J. A. Boyd.

Stenographer—Hawley Russel.

Stenographer to the Lieutenant Governor—Carrie Morrish.

Chief Engrossing and Enrolling Clerk—W. P. Thurston.

Assistants—M. W. House, L. W. Pierson, J. E. Smith, M. M. Samuelson, Lawrence Casey, J. D. Gray.
 Bill Clerk—G. M. Wilcox.
 Assistant Bill Clerk—Leon Deroucher.
 Sergeant-at-Arms—James Walsh.
 Watchman—W. J. Lowe.
 Assistant—Alex. Miller.
 Messenger—F. A. McDonald.
 Doorkeeper—E. Dutton.
 Postmaster—George Platzer.
 Assistant—John O. Quamme.
 Journal Clerk—A. S. Reitan.
 Assistant—Gilbert Tien.
 Chaplain—Rev. C. W. Harris.
 Voucher Clerk and Bookkeeper—C. Parsons.
 Proofreader—Ray Moe.
 Clerk Judiciary Committee—A. Leslie.
 Clerk Appropriation Committee—J. M. Wylie.
 Clerk Committee on State Affairs—A. Steenson.
 Bill Room Clerks—M. Skarison, John Wigby.
 Doorkeeper of Gallery—Arthur Bartlett.
 Janitors—E. A. Bryn, E. M. Michelssohn.
 Cloak Room Attendant—C. M. Iron.
 Stenographers for the Senate—Mabel Peterson, Randine Gulseth, Ethel M. Newberry, Luella Pennebaker, Cora Simpson, Katherine Coleman, Marion McKenzie, Karrie King Mayfield.
 Pages—Clarence Powers, Hubert Holmes, Arthur Patzman, John Ehl, Charles Cushing, James Blunt, John Cox, Ray Durham.

MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
1	Judson LaMoure.....	Pembina	Pembina
2	*†F. A. Holliday.....	Pembina	Hensal
3	*J. J. Irwin.....	Walsh.....	Park River
4	*†John L. Cashel.....	Walsh	Grafton
5	J. E. Stevens.....	Grand Forks.....	Northwood
6	*†James Turner.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
7	*Geo. Duis.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
8	xH. H. Strom.....	Traill	Hillsboro
9	James Kennedy.....	Cass	Fargo
10	*E. F. Gilbert.....	Cass	Casselton
11	Frank S. Talcott.....	Cass	Buffalo
12	*†W. E. Purcell.....	Richland	Wahpeton
13	Livy Johnson.....	Sargent	Cogswell
14	xEd. Pierce.....	Ransom	Sheldon
15	†J. H. Whitcher.....	Barnes.....	Valley City
16	xMaynard Crane.....	Griggs	Cooperstown
17	John G. Gunderson.....	Nelson	Aneta
18	xHenry McLean.....	Cavaller	Hannah
19	Ole Syvertson.....	Rolette	Overly
20	xTheo. Koffel.....	Benson	Esmond
21	F. A. Baker.....	Ramsey.....	Devils Lake
22	*†John Kelly.....	Towner	Bisbee
23	Alfred Steel.....	Stutsman	Jamestown
24	xJ. B. Sharpe.....	LaMoure	Kulm
25	F. M. Walton.....	Dickey	Ellendale
26	xAlev. Macdonald.....	Emmons	Glencoe
27	Geo A. Welch.....	Burleigh	Bismarck
28	*†D. H. McArthur.....	Bottineau	Bottineau
29	John Wallin.....	Ward	Minot
30	xFerd Leutz.....	Morton	Hebron
31	L. A. Simpson.....	Stark	Dickinson
32	xGeo. B. Palmer.....	Foster	Bordulac
33	H. J. Bessesen.....	Wells	Harvey
34	xC. D. Rice.....	McHenry	Towner
35	J. E. Davis.....	McLean	Goodrich
36	xC. Albright.....	McIntosh	Ashley
37	E. A. Movius.....	Richland	Lidgerwood
38	xK. S. Ramsett.....	Barnes	Fingal
39	A. L. Martin.....	Billings.....	Sentinel Butte

MEMBERS—Continued.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
40	x C. W. Plain.....	Cavalier	Milton
41	W. B. Overson.....	Williams	Williston
42	F. T. Gronvold.....	Pierce	Rugby
43	H. H. Steele.....	Ward	Mohall
44	Martin Anderson.....	Ward	Stanley
45	T. Welo.....	McHenry	Velva
46	E. S. Neal.....	McLean	Garrison
47	G. S. Trimble.....	Bottineau	Westhope

†Independent.
*Democrats.
*†Holdover democrats.
xHoldover republicans.
All others republicans.

House

U. L. Burdick, Speaker.

Chief Clerk—W. D. Austin.
Assistant Chief Clerk—E. Erlandson, E. H. Griffith.
Stenographer—Mabel Thorburn.
Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk—T. G. Anderson.
Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerks—Harry Dence and Ethel Mangold.
Bill Clerk—George Farries.
Assistant Bill Clerk—J. H. Sogn.
Sergeant-at-Arms—John Morris.
Voucher Clerk—J. J. Clary.
Doorkeepers—James Lynch, Henry Holter.
Doorkeeper to the Gallery—Matt Gulickson.
Messengers—Theo. Hellberg, C. N. Olson.
Postmaster—John Brashard.
Chaplain—Rev. Louis Magin.
Proof Reader—Walter F. Cushing.
Journal Clerk—Chas. Greenwood.
Assistant Journal Clerks—Roy H. Bryant and J. E. Buttree.
Mailing Clerk—Joe Radford.
Watchman—Ben Wagness.
Clerk of Judiciary Committee—Frank Gladstone.
Clerk of Appropriation Committee—Alex. Wright.
Clerk of Committee on State Affairs—L. H. Patton.
Stenographers and Typewriters for the Members—Bertha Anderson, Florence Connolly, Oscar Bredston, Tess Henry, Lorraine Mallough, F. E. Packard, George Schnepfer, E. R. Coleman, Gertrude Leonard.
Pages—Clarence Pierson, Floyd Paris, Willie Laist, Wesley R. Cochran, Curtis Dirlam, Julius Amberson, Charles Couch.
Janitors—Hans Thompson, T. S. Nygard, Geo. Fisher, James Flannigan.

MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
1	Geo. A. McCrea.....	Pembina	Drayton
	*Walter Welford.....	Pembina	Welford
2	Christian Ganssle.....	Pembina.....	St. Thomas
3	G. C. Laithwaite.....	Walsh	Edinburg
	C. I. Christenson.....	Walsh.....	Park River
	*Knute Bjorndahl.....	Walsh	Edinburg
4	J. H. Fraine.....	Walsh	Grafton
	Jacob Nelson.....	Walsh	Voss
5	Ferdinand Lucke.....	Grand Forks.....	McCanna
	Victor S. Wisner.....	Grand Forks.....	Larimore
6	James Collins.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
	B. G. Skulason.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
7	C. A. Hale.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
	*Gullick Thompson.....	Grand Forks.....	Thompson
8	W. J. Burnett.....	Traill	Cummings
	O. J. Sorlie.....	Traill	Buxton
	G. A. White.....	Traill	Portland

MEMBERS—Continued.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
9	F. E. Dibley.....	Cass	Fargo
	Thos. Baker Jr.....	Cass	Fargo
	W. J. Price.....	Cass	Fargo
10	August A. Plath.....	Cass	Davenport
	J. B. Akesson.....	Cass	Grandin
11	A. L. Peart.....	Cass	Chaffee
	J. F. Collins.....	Cass	Page
12	L. L. Brusletten.....	Richland	Wahpeton
	W. T. Ward.....	Richland	Mooreton
13	P. J. Narum.....	Sargent	Forman
14	John A. Aasheim.....	Ransom	Enderlin
	A. J. Olson.....	Ransom.....	Fort Ransom
15	Geo. H. Law.....	Barnes	Leal
	Frank E. Ployhar.....	Barnes.....	Valley City
16	Niels Hemmingson.....	Griggs	Hannaford
	S. H. Nelson.....	Steele	Finley
	Ole Paulson.....	Steele	Portland
17	Fred Lindvig.....	Nelson	Aneta
	Frank Goldammer.....	Nelson	Lakota
18	U. L. Burdick.....	Cavaller	Munich
	*C. C. Crawford.....	Cavaller	Calvin
19	J. M. Johnson.....	Rolette	Mylo
20	James Duncan.....	Benson	Oberon
	Paul Moen.....	Benson	Maddock
21	J. A. Honey.....	Ramsey.....	Devils Lake
	Bernt Anderson.....	Ramsey.....	Churchs Ferry
	Fred I. Traynor.....	Ramsey.....	Devils Lake
22	A. S. Gibbens.....	Towner	Cando
	J. W. Pound.....	Towner	Hansboro
23	F. G. Kneeland.....	Stutsman	Jamestown
	Wm. Sinclair.....	Stutsman	Cleveland
	Richard Pendray.....	Stutsman	Jamestown
	E. T. Atwood.....	Stutsman	Courtenay
24	A. W. Cunningham.....	LaMoure.....	Grand Rapids
	C. H. Shells.....	LaMoure	Edgeley
25	C. E. Knox.....	Dickey	Oakes
26	**John Storey.....	Kidder	Steele
	††D. R. Streeter.....	Emmons	Linton
27	T. D. Hughes.....	Burleigh	Bismarck
	G. W. Wolbert.....	Burleigh	Bismarck
28	E. L. Garden.....	Bottineau	Souris
	Matt Johnson.....	Bottineau	Omemee
29	H. J. Schull.....	Ward	Minot
	E. O. Skinner.....	Ward	Sawyer
	M. M. Chatfield.....	Ward	Minot
30	J. M. Hanley.....	Morton	Mandan
	W. E. Martin.....	Morton	Mandan
	John C. Burns.....	Morton.....	Glen Ullin
31	Frank M. Baker.....	Stark	Dickinson
	Geo. A. Senour.....	Stark	Dickinson
	Tom Evans.....	Stark	Taylor
32	S. N. Putnam.....	Eddy.....	New Rockford
	*S. J. Doyle.....	Eddy	Carrington
33	Julius Sgutt.....	Wells	Harvey
	Geo. Brynfulson.....	Wells	Bowden
34	J. R. Nelson.....	McHenry	Granville
	Geo. Freeman.....	McHenry	Upham
35	F. J. Thompson.....	McLean	Washburn
36	John J. Doyle.....	McIntosh	Wishek
	John J. Geldt.....	McIntosh	Lehr
37	E. L. Kinney.....	Richland	Hankinson
	O. T. Grant.....	Richland	Kindred
38	Martin Thoreson.....	Barnes	Fingal
39	John McLear.....	Oliver	Harmon
	John Young.....	Mercer	Mannhaven
40	*E. J. Moen.....	Cavalier	Osnabrock
41	Geo. P. Homnes.....	Williams	Crosby
	Frank Poe.....	McKenzie	Schafer

MEMBERS—Continued.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
42	Ole Nvhus.....	Pierce	Berwick
	John Steen.....	Pierce	Knox
43	Geo. C. Jewett.....	Ward	Columbus
	C. E. Davidson.....	Ward	Portal
	S. Hendrickson.....	Ward	Bowbells
44	H. J. Linde.....	Ward	Plaza
45	Geo. Kremer.....	McHenry	Balfour
46	John A. Johnson.....	McLean	Dogden
	Geo. W. Kinney.....	McLean	Dogden
47	James Hill.....	Bottineau	Newburg

*Democrats; all others republicans.

††Independent republican.

**Seated by the House on the 18th day in place of W. P. Tuttle.

Twelfth Session—1911.

Convened January 3, 1911; adjourned March 3, 1911.

Senate

Lieutenant Governor U. L. Burdick, President.

President pro tem—C. W. Plain.

Secretary—J. W. Foley.

First Assistant Secretary—L. N. Rockne.

Second Assistant Secretary—H. B. Gray.

Stenographer—R. H. Johnson.

Stenographer to the Lieutenant Governor—C. H. Olson.

Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk—C. G. Parsons.

Assistants—John O'Rourke, G. O. Haugen, C. Magnussen.

Bill Clerk—John Wigby.

Assistant Bill Clerk—Lawrence Casey.

Sergeant-at-Arms—James Walsh.

Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms—Lou Stevens.

Watchman—William Payne.

Messenger—F. A. McDonald.

Doorkeeper—John Hogan.

Doorkeeper of the Gallery—R. E. Griffin.

Postmaster—J. O. Quamme.

Journal Clerk—F. L. Keating.

Assistant—L. R. Roque.

Chaplain—Rev. C. W. Harris.

Voucher Clerk and Bookkeeper—Ethel Mangold.

Proof Reader—Geo. W. Tilton.

Clerk Judiciary Committee—Norris Nelson.

Clerk Appropriation Committee—G. G. Thompson.

Clerk Committee on State Affairs—F. H. Getchell.

Clerk Committee on Ways and Means—Willit Falconer.

Clerk Committee on Railroads—Chas. Hallinger.

Clerk Committee on Elections—W. W. Taylor.

Clerk Committee on Education—Ray McGinnis.

Committee Clerks—Josephine Baker, E. H. Gamble.

Bill Room Clerks—M. Skarison, Andrew Torfin.

Janitors—W. M. Noodlings, Jacob Spenst.

Cloak Room Attendants—J. Lynch, Mrs. K. J. Lyons.

Stenographers for the Senators—Helen Barber, C. M. Coleman, Margaret Bannerman, Helen Fauske, Miss Holmboe, Carrie Morrish, Ethel M. Newberry, Luella Pannebaker, Margaret Shervin, Cora A. Simpson, Jean Traynor.

Pages—Peter Boehn, A. Brown, E. Griffin, Herbert Holmes, Percy Hughes, John Kennan, Wilbur E. Lyman.

Mailing Clerk—W. G. Mitchell.

MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
1	xJudson LaMoure.....	Pembina	Pembina
2	Christian Ganssle.....	Pembina.....	St. Thomas
3	Jerome Ruzicka.....	Walsh.....	Park River
4	*John L. Cashel.....	Walsh	Grafton
5	xJ. E. Stevens.....	Grand Forks.....	Northwood
6	*James Turner.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
7	xxGeorge E. Duis.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
8	G. L. Elken.....	Traill	Mayville

MEMBERS—Continued.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
9	xJames Kennedy.....	Cass	Fargo
10	E. F. Gilbert.....	Cass	Casselton
11	xF S Talcott.....	Cass	Buffalo
12	W. L. Carter.....	Richland	Wahpeton
13	xLivy Johnson.....	Sargent	Cogswell
14	Ed Pierce.....	Ransom	Sheldon
15	†J. H. Whitcher.....	Barnes.....	Valley City
16	Charles Ellingson.....	Steele	Sharon
17	xJ G. Gunderson.....	Nelson	Aneta
18	Henry McLean.....	Cavallier	Hannah
19	xOle Syvertson.....	Rolette	Overly
20	James Duncan.....	Benson	Oberon
21	xF A Baker.....	Ramsey.....	Devils Lake
22	A S. Gibbens.....	Towner	Cando
23	xAlfred Steel.....	Stutsman	Jamestown
24	*W. C. McDowell.....	LaMoure	Marion
25	xFrank M. Walton.....	Dickey	Ellendale
26	W. H. Allen.....	Emmons	Braddock
27	xGeorge A. Welch.....	Burleigh	Bismarck
28	E. L. Garden.....	Bottineau	Souris
29	xJohn Wallin.....	Ward	Minot
30	Charles McDonald.....	Morton	Mandan
31	xL. A. Simpson.....	Stark	Dickinson
32	S. N. Putnam.....	Eddy.....	New Rockford
33	xH. J. Bessesen.....	Wells	Harvey
34	C. W. Hookway.....	Towner	Granville
35	xJ. E. Davis.....	Sheridan	Goodrich
36	P. T. Kretschmar.....	McIntosh	Venturia
37	xE. A. Movius.....	Richland	Lidgerwood
38	Martin Thoreson.....	Barnes	Fingal
39	xA. L. Martin.....	Billings.....	Sentinel Butte
40	C. W. Plain.....	Cavallier	Milton
41	xW. B. Overson.....	Williams	Williston
42	xF. T. Gronvold.....	Pierce	Rugby
43	xH. H. Steele.....	Renville	Mohall
44	H. J. Linde.....	Mountrall	Stanley
45	xT. Welo.....	McHenry	Velva
46	J. E. Williams.....	McLean.....	Turtle Lake
47	xG. S. Trimble.....	Bottineau	Westhope
48	John Young.....	Mercer	Mannhaven
49	H. P. Jacobsen.....	Hettinger	Mott

House

J. M. Hanley, Speaker.

Chief Clerk—E. H. Griffin.

Assistant Chief Clerks—R. E. Walker, J. I. Roop.

Stenographer—Ollie Couch.

Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk—Chas. I. Cook.

Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerks—Mrs. A. N. Page, A. L. Ingalls, G. S. Epler.

Bill Clerk—George Martin.

Assistant Bill Clerk—H. B. Halldorson.

Sergeant-at-Arms—A. N. Offerdahl.

Voucher Clerk—Lars S. Jacobson.

Doorkeepers—John Haven, C. A. Hanson.

Doorkeeper to the Gallery—John Roscoe.

Messengers—K. M. Sattern, N. O. Nelson.

Postmaster—Carl Magnusson.

Chaplain—Rev. A. Lincoln Shute.

Proof Reader—John F. Charmley.

Journal Clerk—A. E. Erickson.

Assistant Journal Clerks—Chas. E. Forest, W. L. Gill.

Mailing Clerk—B. H. Miller, H. N. Walker.

Watchman—M. Stansey.

Clerk of Judiciary Committee—Edward S. Johnson.

Clerk of Appropriation Committee—A. B. Wright.

Clerk of Committee on State Affairs—R. A. Burnett.

Clerk of Committee on Apportionment—F. N. Gilles.

Stenographers and Typewriters for the Members—Miss Emma Coleman, Mary Kelly, Miss Mallough, Miss DeLance, Carrie McMillan, De-

borah Lyman, Josie Eckern, Miss McArthur, Katherine Dwyer, Eva Hutchinson, Erma Sykes, Mrs. Martha Heinemeyer.

Pages—F. W. Couch, Stanley Albertson, Clarence Solberg, Julius Albertson, Clarence Larson, Walter Knott, Austin Patzman, James McConkey.

Janitors—Hans Thompson, Julius Johnson, Geo. Fisher, E. A. Bryn.

MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
1	*Chas. Edwards.....	Pembina	Drayton
	*J. J. O'Connor.....	Pembina	Neché
2	Henry Gelger.....	Pembina	Hamilton
3	Nels T. Hedalen.....	Walsh	Medford
	Ed Wambem.....	Walsh	Lankin
	*C. I. Christenson.....	Walsh.....	Park River
4	John H. Fraine.....	Walsh	Grafton
	Jacob Nelson.....	Walsh	Voss
4	Albert A. Davis.....	Grand Forks.....	Larimore
	John S. Kylo.....	Grand Forks.....	McCanna
6	James Collins.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
	M V. O'Connor.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
7	Wm. S. Dean.....	Grand Forks.....	Holmes
	O. K. Lageson.....	Grand Forks.....	Reynolds
8	W. J. Burnett.....	Traill	Cummings
	I. K. Knutson.....	Traill	Buxton
	O. J. Sorlie.....	Traill	Buxton
9	W. J. Price.....	Cass	Fargo
	E H. Stranahan.....	Cass	Fargo
	Alex. Stern.....	Cass	Fargo
10	J. B. Akesson.....	Cass	Grandin
	S. E. Ulsaker.....	Cass	Kindred
11	A. L. Peart.....	Cass	Chaffee
	J. E. Hill.....	Cass	Erie
12	L. J. Brusletten.....	Richland	Wahpeton
	E. M. Nelson.....	Richland	Fairmont
13	Peter J. Narum.....	Sargent	Forman
14	John Aasheim.....	Ransom	Enderlin
	E. C. Andrus.....	Ransom	Elliott
15	Geo. H. Law.....	Barnes	Leal
	Frank E. Ployhar.....	Barnes.....	Valley City
16	A. G. Anderson.....	Griggs	Hannaford
	Ole Paulson.....	Steele	Hope
	S. J. Tande.....	Griggs	Cooperstown
17	R. J. Gardiner.....	Nelson	Brockett
	E. C. Olsgard.....	Nelson	McVile
18	S. J. A. Boyd.....	Cavaller	Hannah
	A. Moritz.....	Cavaller	Dresden
19	*Wesley Fassett.....	Rolette	Dunseith
20	James Kane.....	Benson	Knox
	P. J. Moen.....	Benson	Maddock
21	Berndt Anderson.....	Ramsey.....	Churchs Ferry
	F. H. Hyland.....	Ramsey.....	Devils Lake
	Norman Morrison.....	Ramsey	Webster
22	N. O. Johnson.....	Towner	Cando
	N. W. Hawkinson.....	Towner.....	Rock Lake
23	W. B. DeNault.....	Stutsman	Jamestown
	Richard Pendray.....	Stutsman	Jamestown
	R. L. Walters.....	Stutsman	Melville
	*John B. Fried.....	Stutsman	Jamestown
24	A. W. Cunningham.....	LaMoure.....	Grand Rapids
	*J. A. T. Bjornson.....	LaMoure	Kulm
25	C. E. Knox.....	Dickey	Oakes
26	D. R. Streeter.....	Emmons	Linton
	W. P. Tuttle.....	Kidder	Dawson
27	Frank Fox.....	Burleigh	Bismarck
	E. A. Williams.....	Burleigh	Bismarck
28	H. C. Harty.....	Bottineau	Bottineau
	*J. L. Gorder.....	Bottineau	Carbury
29	W. R. Bond.....	Ward	Minot
	John J. Lee.....	Ward	Minot
	R. A. Nestos.....	Ward	Minot

MEMBERS—Continued.

Dist.	Name	County	Post Office.
	A. M. Thompson.....	Ward	Minot
30	W. E. Martin.....	Morton	Mandan
	John C. Burns.....	Morton.....	Glen Ullin
	J. M. Hanly.....	Morton	Mandan
31	*W. G. Ray.....	Stark	Dickinson
	*F. L. Rouquette.....	Stark	Dickinson
	*Ole Tollefson.....	Stark	Dickinson
32	T. N. Putnam.....	Eddy.....	New Rockford
	S. J. Doyle.....	Foster	Carrington
33	Herman C. Scheer.....	Wells	Fessenden
	Julius Sgutt.....	Wells	Harvey
34	J. N. Kuhl.....	McHenry	Towner
	*F. F. Fritz.....	McHenry	Towner
35	O. P. Jordal.....	Sheridan	Goodrich
36	John J. Doyle.....	McIntosh	Wishek
	H. H. France.....	Logan	Gackle
37	C. W. Carey.....	Richland	Lidgerwood
	Nels Olsgard.....	Richland	Kindred
38	A. P. Hanson.....	Barnes	Litchville
39	Geo. McClellan.....	Billings	Beach
	J. P. Reeve.....	Billings	Beach
	Harve Robinson.....	Billings.....	Sentinel Butte
40	*E. J. Moen.....	Cavaller	Osnabrock
41	Geo. P. Homnes.....	Divide	Crosby
	Robt. Norhelm.....	McKenzie	Alexander
42	L. A. Scott.....	Pierce	Barton
	*Martin Benson.....	Pierce	Rugby
43	C. E. Davidson.....	Burke	Portal
	J. A. Englund.....	Ward	Kenmare
	L. W. Sauer.....	Renville	Tolley
44	Ole C. Dosseth.....	Mountrail	Plaza
	A. J. DeLance.....	Mountrail	Ross
45	T. E. Tostenson.....	McHenry	Voltaire
46	J. T. Hoge.....	McLain	Underwood
	Jerry O'Shea.....	McLain	Garrison
47	James Hill.....	Bottineau	Newburg
48	Victor H. Boerner.....	Mercer	Center
	C. B. Heinemeyer.....	Mercer	Expansion
	Chas. H. Whitmer.....	Oliver	Yucca
49	Martin Hersrud.....	Adams	Petrel
	John G. Johns.....	Adams	Hettinger

*, democrats; **, socialists; all others republicans.

Thirteenth Session 1913.

Convened January 7, 1913, adjourned March 7, 1913.

Senate.

Lieutenant Governor, A. T. Kraabel.

President pro tem—E. F. Gilbert.

Secretary—W. D. Austin.

First Assistant Secretary—W. J. Prater.

Second Assistant Secretary—Adolph Wacker.

Senate Stenographer—Cyril E. Thomas.

Stenographer to the Lieutenant Governor—Esther Lien.

Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk—J. M. Stewart.

Assistants—H. Quanbeck, J. R. Young, G. D. Peterson.

Bill Clerk—Lawrence Casey.

Assistant Bill Clerk—E. J. Morris.

Sergeant-at-Arms—W. L. Gill.

Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms—Wm. Bickel.

Watchman—Geo. Fisher.

Messenger—F. A. McDonald.

Doorkeeper—W. P. Mills.

Doorkeeper of the Gallery—L. H. Sisco.

Postmaster—J. O. Quamme.

Journal Clerk—M. Skarrison.

Assistant Journal Clerk—Peter Reid.

Chaplain—Bruce Jackson.

Voucher Clerk and Bookkeeper—O. P. Rognlie.
 Proofreader—J. T. Charmley.
 Clerk Judiciary Committee—E. K. Maçon.
 Clerk Appropriation Committee—H. E. McFall.
 Clerk Committee on State Affairs—J. I. Williams.
 Clerk Committee on Ways and Means—Rudolph Maasjo.
 Clerk Committee on Railroads—E. R. Fairbanks.
 Committee Clerks—Miss Morrish and Miss Coleman.
 Bill Room Clerk—F. A. Tanger.
 Assistant Bill Room Clerk—Nels Sostrom.
 Janitors—John Rott, Jr., and J. J. Johnson.
 Cloak Room Attendants—Dennis Hannafin and Miss Mayme McCormick.
 Stenographers for the Senators—Misses May Disbrow, Marie George, Margaret Hood, Emma Sherven, Margaret Ryan, Jessie M. Wilde, Alice McDonald and Myrtle Ross.
 Pages—Jerome Conway, Murl Montgomery, Lloyd Couch, Harold Erstrom, Clarence Larson and Chas. Barclay.
 Mailing Clerk—Hans Dyste.
 Janitor—Thor C. Farman.
 Watchman—Chas. Mason.

MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	P. O.
1	*C. Ganssle.....	Pembina.....	St. Thomas
2	J. A. Englund.....	Ward	Kenmare
3	O. T. Loftsgaard.....	Walsh	Hoople
4	zJohn L. Cashel.....	Walsh	Grafton
5	O. O. Trageton.....	Grand Forks.....	Northwood
6	zJas. Turner.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
7	H. A. Bronson.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
8	*G. L. Elken.....	Traill	Mayville
9	xWm. Porterfield.....	Cass	Fargo
10	*E. F. Gilbert.....	Cass	Casselton
11	F. S. Talcott.....	Cass	Buffalo
12	*W. L. Carter.....	Richland	Wahpeton
13	F. W. Vall.....	Sargent	Milnor
14	C. O. Heckle.....	Ransom	Lisbon
15	C. F. Mudgett.....	Barnes.....	Valley City
16	*Chas. Ellingson.....	Steele	Sharon
17	L. S. Helgeland.....	Nelson	Aneta
18	*Henry McLean.....	Cavalier	Hannah
19	A. L. Nelson.....	Rolette	Rolette
20	*Jas. Duncan.....	Benson	Oberon
21	Frank H. Hyland.....	Ramsey.....	Devils Lake
22	*A. S. Gibbens.....	Towner	Cando
23	Alfred Steel.....	Stutsman	Jamestown
24	zW. C. McDowell.....	LaMoure	Marion
25	xIra A. Barnes.....	Dickey	Oakes
26	*H. W. Allen.....	Emmons	Braddock
27	E. A. Hughes.....	Burleigh	Bismarck
28	*E. L. Garden.....	Bottineau	Souris
29	Walter R. Bond.....	Ward	Minot
30	J. M. Hanley.....	Morton	Mandan
31	M. L. McBride.....	Stark	Dickinson
32	*S. M. Putnam.....	Eddy.....	New Rockford
33	Aloys Wartner.....	Wells	Harvey
34	*C. W. Hookway.....	McHenry	Granville
35	J. E. Davis.....	Sheridan	Goodrich
36	*P. T. Kretschmar.....	McIntosh	Venturia
37	xA. F. Bonzer.....	Richland	Lidgerwood
38	*Martin Thoreson.....	Barnes	Fingal
39	Ed. Hoverson.....	Golden Valley.....	Beach
40	C. E. Davidson.....	Burke	Portal
41	W. B. Overson.....	Williams	Williston
42	*F. T. Gronvold.....	Pierce	Rugby
43	O. J. Clark.....	Renville	Sherwood
44	*H. J. Linde.....	Mountrail	Stanley
45	L. J. Albrecht.....	McHenry	Anamoose
46	*J. E. Williams.....	McLean.....	Turtle Lake

MEMBERS—Continued

Dist.	Name	County	P. O.
47	F. Leutz.....	Morton	Hebron
48	*John Young.....	Mercer	Mannhaven
49	H. P. Jacobson.....	Hettinger	Mott
50	*C. W. Plain.....	Cavaller	Milton

xDemocrats.

zHoldover Democrats.

*Holdover Republicans.

All others Republicans.

House.

Speaker—J. H. Fraine.

Chief Clerk—M. J. George.

Assistant Chief Clerk—Albert Wold.

Assistant Clerk—W. F. Rhea.

Stenographer—Sena Thompson.

Chief Enrolling and Engrossing Clerk—O. S. Hedahl.

Assistant Enrolling and Engrossing Clerks—C. G. Boise, W. C. Whar-

ton, Wm. Hutsinpiller.

Bill Clerk—Fred Dyke.

Assistant Bill Clerk—A. E. Scace.

Sergeant-at-Arms—B. D. Ash.

Voucher Clerk—T. E. Metcalf.

Doorkeepers—R. W. Drummard, John Hoven.

Doorkeeper to the Gallery—J. Blackbrook.

Messengers—O. S. Hall, A. M. Grant.

Postmaster—Walter Sterland.

Chaplain—Rev. E. F. Alfson.

Proofreader—T. W. McDonough.

Journal Clerk—O. S. Wing.

Assistant Journal Clerks—Thomas Pettit, A. Boe.

Mailing Clerks—Frank Tousley, Oscar Lyheck, E. R. Casey, Nels G. Grovom, O. L. Salum.

Watchman—Clate Cooper, E. L. Chance.

Clerk of Judiciary Committee—F. R. Barnes.

Clerk of Appropriation Committee—John S. Patterson.

Clerk of Committee on State Affairs—Frank Currier.

Stenographers and Typewriters for the Members—Ruth L. Morgan, Miss Leah Bennett, Jennie Rowan, Maybelle Tollefson, Edith Webster, Rose Cripe, Luella Pannabaker, Loraine Mallough, Mrs. McKenzie, Miss J. C. Gerard, Julia Everson, Mae Persons, Katherine Dryer, Josephine Baker.

Pages—Warren Johnson, Harold Stedman, Frank Ethrington, Frank Jaeger, Walter Knott, Leonard Chase, Willis Johnson, Percy Ployhar.

Janitors—Ludwig Ulmer, O. L. Jones, Sam Moore, Fred Trumann.

Telephone Boy—Frank Demling.

MEMBERS.

Dist.	Name	County	P. O.
1	John Hart.....	Pembina	Joliette
	W. M. Husband.....	Pembina	Hensel
	Henry Geiger.....	Pembina	Hamilton
2	J. W. Calnan.....	Ward	Berthold
3	N. T. Hedalen.....	Walsh	Fordville
	P. L. Hjelmstad.....	Walsh	Edmore
4	J. H. Fraine.....	Walsh	Grafton
5	J. S. Kylo.....	Grand Forks.....	McCanna
6	*W. V. O'Connor.....	Grand Forks.....	Grand Forks
7	W. S. Dean.....	Grand Forks.....	Hatton
8	W. J. Burnett.....	Traill	Cummings
	Ed. Colton	Traill	Hatton
	O. J. Sorlie.....	Traill	Buxton
9	D. S. Lewis.....	Cass	Fargo
	*Robt. Blakemore.....	Cass	Fargo
	L. L. Twichell.....	Cass	Fargo
	John Dynes.....	Cass	Davenport
10	B. N. Sandbeck.....	Cass	Grandin
11	Jas. E. Hill.....	Cass	Erie
	Wm. Watt.....	Cass	Leonard

MEMBERS—Continued

Dist.	Name	County	P. O.
12	A. G. Divet.....	Richland	Wahpeton
	Albert Wela.....	Richland	Wahpeton
13	D. L. Warriner.....	Sargent	Forman
	Nels Petterson.....	Sargent	Gwinner
14	P. H. Butler.....	Ransom	Labon
	James Walsh.....	Ransom	Enderlin
15	F. E. Ployhar.....	Barnes	Valley City
16	W. H. Northrup.....	Steele	Luverne
	E. W. Everson.....	Griggs	Walum
	A. J. Huso.....	Griggs	Aneta
17	R. J. Gardiner.....	Nelson	Brockett
	C. I. Morkrid.....	Nelson	Petersburg
18	*Fred Borusky.....	Cavalier	Wales
19	W. A. Small.....	Rolette	Mylo
	*Arthur Dixon.....	Rolette	Rolla
20	Victor Wardrope.....	Benson	Leeds
	Paul J. Moen.....	Benson	Maddock
21	M. D. Butler.....	Ramsey	Brockett
	Bernt Anderson.....	Ramsey	Churchs Ferry
	N. Morrison.....	Ramsey	Webster
22	N. W. Hawkinson.....	Towner	Rock Lake
	N. O. Johnson.....	Towner	Cando
23	Adam Bollinger.....	Stutsman	Medina
	C. S. Buck.....	Stutsman	Jamestown
	Thos. Pendray.....	Stutsman	Jamestown
	Geo. A. Tucker.....	Stutsman	Courtenay
24	*J. A. T. Bjornson.....	LaMoure	LaMoure
	*A. E. Raney.....	LaMoure	Jud
25	N. E. Davis.....	Dickey	Monango
	C. E. Knox.....	Dickey	Oakes
26	Geo. P. Bope.....	Kidder	Steele
	R. K. Batzer.....	Emmons	Hazleton
	Sid S. Smith.....	Kidder	Steele
	D. R. Streeter.....	Emmons	Linton
27	Frank Fox.....	Burleigh	Bismarck
	John Homan.....	Burleigh	Bismarck
	E. A. Williams.....	Burleigh	Bismarck
28	Jas. Hill.....	Bottineau	Newberg
	H. C. Harty.....	Bottineau	Omamee
	E. O. Haraldson.....	Bottineau	Lansford
	C. C. Jacobson.....	Bottineau	Landa
29	F. B. Lambert.....	Ward	Minot
	Hans C. Miller.....	Ward	Ryder
	J. W. Smith.....	Ward	Surrey
	A. M. Thompson.....	Ward	Minot
30	L. D. Wylie.....	Morton	St. Anthony
	W. E. Martin.....	Morton	Mandan
	*J. E. Campbell.....	Morton	Mandan
31	Henry Klein.....	Stark	Richardton
	F. W. Turner.....	Stark	Dickinson
	C. C. Turner.....	Stark	Gladstone
32	T. N. Putnam.....	Eddy	Carrington
	W. M. Bartley.....	Foster	Sheyenne
33	Louis A. Leu.....	Wells	Fessenden
		Wells	Manfred
34		McHenry	Towner
35	er.....	Sheridan	McClusky
36		Logan	Napoleon
		Logan	Gackle
		McIntosh	Wishek
37		Richland	Lidgerwood
		Richland	Walcott
38		Barnes	Litchville
39		Bowman	Scranton
		Golden Valley	Sentinel Butte
	Theo. K. Curry.....	Bowman	Buffalo Springs
40	Osc. Lindstrom.....	Burke	Noonan
	S. Hendrickson.....	Burke	Coteau
	H. Endreseon.....	Burke	Bowbells

MEMBERS—Continued

Dist.	Name	County	P. O.
41	N. F. Snyder.....	McKenzie	Schafer
	A. A. Stenehjerm.....	McKenzie	Arnegard
	Robt. Norheim.....	McKenzie	Alexandria
	W. G. Owens.....	Williams	Williston
	E. L. Gunderson.....	Williams	Ray
42	L. H. Bratton.....	Pierce	Rugby
	Ole Nyhus.....	Pierce	Berwick
43	J. E. Bass.....	Renville	Tolley
44	O. C. Dosseth.....	Mountrail	Plaza
	B. W. Taylor.....	Mountrail	Stanley
45	S. H. Pitkin.....	McHenry	Velva
46	H. R. Freitag.....	McLean	Max
	J. T. Hoge.....	McLean	Underwood
	O. B. Wing.....	McLean	Washburn
47	Chas. F. Kellogg.....	Morton.....	New Salem
	J. J. Ryan.....	Morton	Leith
48	C. C. Lawbaugh.....	Dunn	Halliday
	Sherman Hickie.....	Oliver	Sanger
	Aug. Isaak.....	Mercer	Mannhaven
49	J. L. Hjort.....	Adams	Reeder
	J. Stinger.....	Adams	Petrel
50	John Balsdon.....	Cavaller	Osnabrock

*Democrat.

All others Republican.

RULES AND STANDING COMMITTEES

OF THE

THIRTEENTH LEGISLATIVE ASSEMBLY

SENATE

ORDER OF DAILY BUSINESS

After calling the Senate to order the following order shall govern:

1. Prayer by the chaplain.
2. Calling of roll.
3. Reading and approval of the Journal.
4. Unfinished business.
5. Presentation of petitions and communications.
6. Reports of standing committees.
7. Reports of select committees.
8. Motions and resolutions.
9. Introduction of bills, joint resolutions and memorials.
10. Consideration of messages from the House.
11. First reading of Senate bills, joint resolutions and memorials.
12. Second reading of the same.
13. Third reading of the same.
14. First reading of House bills, joint resolutions and memorials.
15. Second reading of the same.
16. Third reading of the same.
17. Consideration of general orders.

RULES

1. The President shall take the chair at 2 o'clock p. m., or the hour to which the Senate was adjourned, and call the Senate to order, and if a quorum be present he shall direct the Journal of the preceding day to be read and mistakes or omissions, if any, corrected. He shall preserve order and decorum, and decide all questions of order, subject to an appeal to the Senate.

2. Eight members may have a call of the Senate, and compel the attendance of absent members, until the call be dispensed with by a constitutional majority.

3. Questions shall be put in this form: "As many as are of the opinion that (as the case may be) say aye," and after the affirmative voice is expressed, "As many as are of the contrary opinion say no." If the President doubt, or a division be called for, the Senate shall divide; those in the affirmative of the question shall arise from their seats, and afterwards those in the negative.

4. All motions, except to adjourn, postpone or commit shall be reduced to writing if required by any member of the Senate. Any motion may be withdrawn by consent of the Senate.

5. No member shall interrupt the business of the Senate while the Journal is being read, or when any member is speaking in debate, except on questions of privilege.

6. Every member present, when the question is put, shall vote, unless he shall, for a special cause, be excused by a two-thirds vote of the Senate present; but no member shall vote on any question in which he is directly or personally interested, or any case where he was not present when the question was put.

7. When any member is about to speak in debate, or debate on any matter in the Senate, he shall rise from his seat and respectfully address himself to "Mr. President" and shall stand in his place until recognized by the chair, and shall confine himself to the question under debate, and avoid personalities and the implication of improper motives.

8. When a question is under debate no motion shall be received except to adjourn, to lay on the table, to move for the previous question, to move to postpone to a day certain, to commit or amend, to postpone indefinitely—which several motions shall have precedence in the order in which they are named and no motion to postpone to a day certain, to commit, to postpone indefinitely, having been decided, shall be entertained on the same day and at the same stage of the bill or proposition.

9. When two members rise the President shall name the member to speak. No member shall speak more than twice on the same subject without leave of the Senate, nor more than once until every member choosing to speak on the subject pending shall have spoken, nor shall any member occupy more than ten minutes at the first time, nor more than five minutes at the second time, without unanimous consent of the Senate; but in all cases the member who shall first address the chair shall speak first.

10. If any member, in speaking or otherwise, transgress the rules of the Senate, the presiding officer shall, or any member may, call him to order, and when a member shall be called to order by the President or a member of the Senate he shall sit down, and shall not proceed without the leave of the Senate.

11. Every question of order shall be decided by the President, subject to an appeal to the Senate, and the President may call for a sense of the Senate on any question of order.

12. If any member be called to order by another member for words spoken the words excepted to shall immediately be taken down in writing, that the Senate may be better able to judge of the matter.

13. A motion to adjourn and to lay on the table shall be decided without debate.

14. Any member may call for a division of the question, which shall be divided if it comprehends propositions in substance so distinct, that on being taken away a substantive proposition shall remain for the decision of the Senate. A motion to strike out and insert shall be deemed divisible; but a motion to strike out being lost, shall preclude neither amendments nor motions to strike out and insert.

15. No motion shall be debated until the same shall be seconded and stated by the President.

16. When the reading of a paper is called for and the same is objected to by any member, it shall be determined by the Senate.

17. The unfinished business in which the Senate was engaged at the last preceding adjournment, shall have the preference in the special order of the day.

18. Every bill and joint resolution shall be introduced on the report of a committee, or on a call for bills and joint resolutions, or by a motion for leave, unless objected to by one member of the Senate, which shall carry it over for one day; and such objection may be made at any time on or before the first reading is completed.

19. Every bill shall be read thru several times, but the first and second readings, and those only, may be upon the same day; and a second reading may be by title of a bill, unless a reading at length is demanded. The first and third readings shall be at length.

20. The first reading of a bill shall be for information, and the bill shall be presented and go to its second reading without further question.

21. Upon the second reading of a bill or joint resolution, the President shall refer it to its appropriate committee, unless the Senate, upon motion, decide to refer the same to a select or other standing committee, or to committee of the whole Senate; if to committee of the whole Senate, then it shall come up for consideration under the general order of the next day, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate.

22. No bill or joint resolution shall be committed or amended until it shall have been twice read; nor shall any such bill or joint resolution have its third reading and be put upon its final passage until at least one day after the same has been reported to the Senate by the committee to which the same has been referred; provided, that any bill or joint resolution may have its third reading and be put upon its final passage on the day the same is reported back, when so ordered by two-thirds of the members of the Senate present.

23. On the third reading of every bill or resolution, any amendment may be received and it may be recommitted at any time previous to its final passage.

24. No bill shall be revised or amended, nor the provisions thereof extended or incorporated in any other bill by reference to its title only, but so much thereof as is revised, amended or extended or so incorporated, shall be re-enacted and published at length.

25. No bill shall become a law except by a vote of the majority of the members-elect in each house, nor unless on its final passage, the vote be taken by yeas and nays, and the names of those voting be entered on the Journal.

26. The presiding officer shall, in the presence of the Senate, sign all bills and joint resolutions passed by the Senate. Immediately before such signing their title shall be publicly read, and the fact of signing shall be at once entered on the Journal.

27. No bills for the appropriation of money, except for the expenses of the government, shall be introduced after the fortieth

day of the session, except by unanimous consent of the Senate. No bill shall be introduced in the Senate after the fifty-second day, except by unanimous consent.

28. In filling blanks the largest sum and longest time shall be first put. When a motion or question has been decided in the negative or affirmative, any member having voted with the prevailing side may move a reconsideration on the same or following day, but when a motion to reconsider is laid on the table, a motion to reconsider cannot again be made.

29. Before acting on executive business the Senate chamber shall be cleared, by the direction of the President, of all persons except members, the chief clerk and sergeant-at-arms to be sworn.

30. No standing rule or order of the Senate shall be reconsidered or suspended, except by a vote of two-thirds of the members-elect, and no motion to suspend the rules and pass a bill shall be entertained except by unanimous consent, unless the bill has first been printed and considered by a committee.

31. The rules of parliamentary practice comprised in "Reed's Parliamentary Rules" shall govern the Senate in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with the standing rules and orders of the Senate, and the joint rules of the Senate and House of Representatives.

32. When the ayes and nays shall be called for by one-sixth of the members present each member called upon shall, unless for special reasons be excused by the Senate, declare openly and without debate, his assent or dissent to the question. In taking the ayes and nays upon the call of the house, the names of the members shall be taken alphabetically.

33. In the absence of the President of the Senate, or his refusal to act, the President pro tempore shall exercise all rights and prerogatives of the President for the time being.

34. All bills and joint resolutions, after the first and before the second reading, shall be printed, unless otherwise ordered by the Senate.

35. There shall be appointed by the president of the Senate the following standing committees:

On judiciary to consist of fifteen members.

On education to consist of eleven members.

On elections to consist of thirteen members.

On appropriations to consist of seventeen members.

On railroads to consist of seventeen members.

On state affairs to consist of seventeen members.

On public lands to consist of eleven members.

On ways and means to consist of eleven members.

On agriculture to consist of eleven members.

On warehousing, grain and grain grading to consist of fifteen members.

On counties to consist of eleven members.

On engrossed and enrolled bills to consist of five members.

On banks and banking to consist of fifteen members.

On cities and municipal corporations to consist of eleven members.

On Indian affairs to consist of five members.

On statistics to consist of seven members.

On federal relations to consist of nine members.

- On insurance to consist of eleven members.
- On public printing to consist of nine members.
- On public health to consist of nine members.
- On temperance to consist of eleven members.
- On mines and minerals to consist of nine members.
- On rules to consist of seven members.
- On immigration to consist of nine members.
- On highways, bridges and ferries to consist of eleven members.
- On irrigation and drainage to consist of nine members.
- On apportionment to consist of twenty-three members.
- On corporations other than municipal to consist of nine members.
- On military affairs to consist of nine members.
- On woman suffrage to consist of seven members.
- On game and fish to consist of nine members.
- On live stock and animal husbandry to consist of fifteen members.

Also joint committees on the following subjects:

- On public buildings to consist of five members.
- On charitable institutions to consist of five members.
- On penal institutions to consist of five members.
- On educational institutions to consist of seven members.
- On state library to consist of five members.
- On joint rules to consist of seven members.

36. A quorum for the transaction of business shall consist of a majority of members elected to the senate.

37. No person shall be admitted within the bar of the Senate except the executive, members and officers of the House, state officers, judges of the supreme court and district courts, members of congress, those who have been members of congress, and the legislative assembly, members of the constitutional convention, and all federal officials of the state, except by a vote of the Senate.

38. Members of the Senate introducing bills in the nature of amendments to laws now existing shall designate in the title of such amendatory act the title of the act and shall have printed at length in the bill the section or sections to be amended.

39. All nominations for the executive shall be opened and read immediately in executive session and then be referred to their appropriate committees, unless otherwise ordered, and the first question on every nomination shall be: "Will the Senate advise and consent to the nomination?" which question shall not be put on the same day on which the nomination is received, nor on the day on which it may be reported by a committee, unless by unanimous consent.

40. All bills reported from committees with amendments shall be engrossed before being read the third time and placed upon final passage.

41. All reports of committees and motions to discharge a committee from the consideration of a subject, and all subjects from which a committee shall be discharged, shall lie over one day for consideration unless, by unanimous consent the Senate shall otherwise direct.

42. No member or officer of the Senate, unless he from illness or other cause, shall be unable to attend, shall absent himself from the session of the Senate during an entire day without first

having obtained leave of absence, and no one shall be entitled to draw pay while absent more than one day without leave.

43. The sergeant-at-arms of the Senate, under the direction of the presiding officer, shall be the executive officer of the body for the enforcement of all rules made by the committee on rules, for the regulation of the Senate wing of the capitol. The Senate floor shall be at all times under his immediate supervision, and he shall see that the various subordinate officers perform the duties which they are especially assigned.

44. When a member rises to explain his vote upon any measure before the Senate, while the roll call is in progress, his words shall be taken down by the stenographer and printed in the journal; and upon request a member may have his remarks upon any question taken and extended on the record.

45. Upon a majority vote of the Senate the presiding officer shall refuse to sign any bill which may have passed the Senate, and which the House shall have refused to return for further consideration on being properly requested so to do.

46. The chairman of any committee to whom a bill or resolution has been referred, shall if so ordered by a vote of the majority of the Senate present, report such bill or resolution back to the Senate forthwith.

SENATE COMMITTEES.

Agriculture.—Messrs. Duncan, Chairman; Thoreson, Ganssle, Plain, McLean, McBride, Hoverson, Vail, Helgeland, Barnes, Clark.

Apportionment.—Messrs. Kretschmar, Chairman; Albrecht, Bonzer, Barnes, Davidson, Englund, Heckle, Hoverson, Hughes, Hyland, Jacobsen, Nelson, McBride, Trageton, Vail, Young, Leutz, Gilbert, Elken, Clark, McLean, Williams, Davis.

Appropriations.—Messrs. Plain, Chairman; Davis, Putnam, Gibbens, Williams, Duncan, Gronvold, Kretschmar, McDowell, Ellingson, Allen, Linde, Jacobsen, Wartner, Hoverson, Davidson, Vail.

Banks and Banking.—Messrs. Putnam, Chairman; McDowell, Allen, Garden, Gibbens, Cashel, Ellingson, Kretschmar, Gronvold, Nelson, Carter, Bronson, Heckle, Leutz, Clark.

Cities and Municipal Corporations.—Messrs. Steel, Chairman; Overson, Turner, Bond, Hanley, Hughes, Elken, Porterfield, Hookway, Mudgett, McBride.

Corporations Other Than Municipal.—Messrs. Jacobsen, Chairman; Carter, Hookway, Young, Leutz, Heckle, Ganssle, Davidson, Barnes.

Counties.—Messrs. Ganssle, Chairman; Linde, Gronvold, Jacobsen, Albrecht, Hoverson, Bonzer.

Education.—Messrs. Talcott, Chairman; Steel, Garden, Gibbens, Davis, McDowell, Cashel, Putnam, McLean, Allen, Williams, Jacobsen, Nelson, Hoverson, Albrecht.

Elections.—Messrs. Garden, Chairman; Gibbens, Bond, Wartner, Cashel, Hughes, Englund, Heckle, Turner.

Engrossing and Enrolling Bills.—Messrs. Bond, Chairman; Gronvold, Loftsgaard, Porterfield, Trageton.

Federal Relations.—Messrs. Carter, Chairman; Hookway, Albrecht, Ganssle, Thoreson, Gibbens, Turner.

Game and Fish.—Messrs. McLean, Chairman; Gilbert, Young, Gronvold, Ganssle, Clark, Porterfield, Hyland, Englund.

Highways, Bridges and Ferries.—Messrs. Ellingson, Chairman; Linde, McLean, Elken, Albrecht, Hughes, Helgeland, Vail, Bond, Mudgett, Hyland.

Immigration.—Messrs. Hookway, Chairman; Hyland, Linde, Loftsgaard, Bond, Englund, Ganssle, Bonzer, Turner.

Indian Affairs.—Messrs. Hyland, Chairman; Young, Leutz, Jacobsen, Nelson.

Insurance.—Messrs. Williams, Chairman; Gronvold, Steel, Garden, Plain, Allen, McDowell, Heckle, Bronson, Loftsgaard, McBride.

Irrigation and Drainage.—Messrs. Cashel, Chairman; Williams, Allen, Vail, Ganssle, Overson, Bronson, Porterfield, Albrecht.

Judiciary.—Messrs. Overson, Chairman; Talcott, Williams, Linde, Plain, Cashel, Hookway, Davis, Bronson, Wartner, Trageton, Heckle, McBride, Nelson, McDowell, Hanley, Mudgett.

Live Stock.—Messrs. Gibbens, Chairman; McLean, Duncan, Young, Overson, Leutz, Hyland, Englund, Albrecht, Barnes, Helgeland.

Military Affairs.—Messrs. Hanley, Chairman; Carter, Heckle, Bond, Bronson, Hyland, Cashel, Overson, Porterfield.

Mines and Minerals.—Messrs. Leutz, Chairman; Davidson, McBride, Williams, Overson, Young, Jacobsen, Hughes, Davis.

Public Health.—Messrs. Gronvold, Chairman; Ellingson, Porterfield, Putnam, Carter, Trageton, Ganssle, Clark, Nelson.

Public Lands.—Messrs. Young, Chairman; Gilbert, Thoreson, Carter, Turner, Davidson, Garden, Nelson, Helgeland.

Public Printing.—Messrs. Nelson, Chairman; Duncan, Allen, Turner, Gilbert, Hanley, Clark, Mudgett, Wartner.

Railroads.—Messrs. Gilbert, Chairman; Elken, Cashel, McLean, Hookway, Jacobsen, Young, Hughes, Eng-

tion of the Journal.—Messrs. Davidson, Nelson.

1, Chairman; Kretschmar, Steel, Linde,

. Davis, Chairman; Putnam, Gibbens, Overson, Young, Duncan, Kretschmar, Garden, Bond, Hughes, Hyland.

Englund, Chairman; Wartner, Vail, Elling-Loftsgaard.

—Messrs. Linde, Chairman; Plain, Gibbens, Overson, Hanley, Bronson, Davidson,

Mudgett, Chairman; Hyland, McLean, Ganssle, Leutz, McDowell, Helgeland, Porter-

Grain Grading.—Messrs. Thoreson, Chairman; Ellingson, Duncan, Wartner, Bonzer, Hookway, Loftsgaard.

Messrs. Elken, Chairman; Garden, Steel, Bond, Loftsgaard, Leutz, Albrecht, Porterfield,

Womans' Suffrage.—Messrs. Wartner, Chairman; Bronson, Kretschmar, Gilbert, Helgeland, Williams, Loftsgaard, Barnes, Bonzer, Hanley, Porterfield.

JOINT COMMITTEES.

Charitable Institutions.—Messrs. Vail, Chairman; Duncan, Steel, Gilbert, Bonzer.

Educational Institutions.—Messrs. McDowell, Chairman; Talcott, Ellingson, Trageton, Clark, Hoverson, Hookway.

Penal Institutions.—Messrs. Hughes, Chairman; Hanley, Plain, Davis, Helgeland, Putnam, Gronvold.

Public Buildings.—Messrs. Turner, Chairman; Bond, Kretschmar, Mudgett, Putnam.

Rules.—Messrs. Allen, Chairman; Bond, Cashel, Hanley, Linde, Steel, Kretschmar.

State Library.—Messrs. McBride, Chairman; Wartner, Ellingson, Carter, Thoreson.

HOUSE

1. The Speaker shall take the chair at the time to which the House stands adjourned, and the House shall then be called to order, and the roll of members called and the name of the absentees entered upon the Journal of the House.

2. Upon the appearance of a quorum the Journal of the preceding day shall be referred to the committee on revision and correction. Any mistakes therein shall be corrected by the committee and reported to the House for action.

3. Thirty-six members of the House may order a call of the House and cause absent members to be sent for, but a call must not be made while a vote is being taken. The call being moved, the Speaker shall require those desiring the call to rise, and if thirty-six or more members shall rise the call shall be ordered. The call being ordered, the sergeant-at-arms shall close the door and allow no member to leave the room. The clerk shall then call the roll and furnish the sergeant-at-arms with a list of those members absent without leave, and that officer must proceed forthwith to find and bring in such absentees. While the House is under call no business can be transacted except to receive and act upon the report of the sergeant-at-arms and no motion is in order except a motion to suspend further proceedings under the call, and said motion shall not be adopted unless a majority of all members-elect vote in favor thereof. Unless a report of the sergeant-at-arms showing that all members who were absent without leave, naming them, are present, the call shall be at an end, and the doors shall be opened, and the business pending at the time the call was made be proceeded with.

4. The Speaker shall preserve order and decorum and decide all questions of order subject to an appeal to the House.

5. The Speaker shall vote on all questions taken by ayes and nays (except on appeals from his own decisions) and in all elections or decisions called for by any member.

6. When the House adjourns the members shall keep their seats until the speaker announces the adjournment.

7. Every member previous to his speaking shall rise from his seat and respectfully address "Mr. Speaker," and remain standing in his place before proceeding to speak until he is recognized by the chair.

8. When two or more members rise at the same time to speak the Speaker must designate the member who is to speak, but in all cases the member who shall rise first and address the chair may speak first.

9. No member shall speak more than twice on the same subject without leave of the House, nor more than once until every member choosing to speak on the subject pending shall have spoken, nor shall any member occupy more than ten minutes at the first time, nor more than five minutes at the second time, without unanimous consent of the House.

10. No motion shall be debated or put unless the same be seconded. It must then be stated by the Speaker before the debate and any such motion must be reduced to writing if the Speaker or any member desires it.

11. After the motion shall be stated by the Speaker, it shall be deemed to be in possession of the House, but may be withdrawn at any time before amendment or decision, but all motions, resolutions or amendments must be entered on the Journal, whether rejected or adopted.

12. When a question is under debate, no motion shall be received but to adjourn, to lay on the table, for the previous question, to postpone to a day certain, to commit or amend, to postpone indefinitely—which several motions shall have precedence in the order which they stand arranged.

13. A motion to adjourn shall always be in order, except when a member is addressing the chair or a vote is being taken; that, and the motion to lay upon the table shall be decided without debate.

14. The previous question shall be in this form: "Shall the main question be now put?" It shall be admitted only when demanded by a majority of the members present, and its effect shall be to put an end to all debate and bring the House to a direct vote upon the amendments reported by a committee, if any, upon the pending amendments and then upon the main question. On a motion for the previous question, and prior to the seconding of the same, a call of the House shall be in order, but after a majority shall have seconded such motion, no call shall be in order prior to decision of the main question.

15. When the previous question is decided in the negative it shall leave the main question under debate for the remainder of the sitting unless sooner disposed of in some other manner.

16. All incidental questions of order arising after motion is made for the previous question, during the pendency of such motion, or after the House shall have determined that the main question shall be now put shall be decided, whether on appeal or otherwise without debate.

17. Petitions, memorials and other papers addressed to the House shall be presented by the Speaker or by a member in his place.

18. Every member who is present, before the vote is declared from the chair, must vote for or against the question before the House, unless the House excuses him or unless he is immediately interested in the question, in which case he must not vote.

19. When the Speaker is putting the question, no member shall walk out of, or across the House, nor when a member is speaking, shall any person entertain any private discourse, or pass between the person speaking and the chair.

20. If a question in debate contains several propositions, any member may have the same divided. .

21. A member called to order must immediately sit down unless permitted to explain, and the House, if appealed to, must decide the case. If there be no appeal, the decision of the chair shall stand. On appeal no member shall speak more than once without leave of the House. When a member is called to order for offensive language there shall be no debate.

22. A bill can only be introduced on the report of a committee or on a call for bills, or by a motion for leave.

23. Every bill, before being introduced, shall be in typewritten form and shall have endorsed thereon its title, and every bill and resolution shall have endorsed thereon the name of the member introducing the same, and when ordered by a committee the name of such committee shall be endorsed thereon.

24. Every bill, memorial, order and resolution, requiring the approval of the governor, or a change in the constitution of the State of North Dakota, shall, after second reading, be referred to its appropriate committee, and if reported without amendment, shall pass to its third reading, unless otherwise ordered, and when amended it shall go to committee of the whole House.

25. All bills shall be properly engrossed before their final passage.

26. No amendment shall be received on the third reading, except to fill blanks, without unanimous consent of the House, but all bills and resolutions may be committed at any time previous to their passage. If any amendment be reported on such commitment by any other than a committee of the whole, it shall be read a second time, and the question of third reading and passage put.

27. No motion or proposition on a subject different from that under consideration shall be admitted, under color of amendment; no bill or resolution shall at any time be amended by annexing thereto, or incorporating therewith, any other bill or resolution pending before the House.

28. In forming a committee of the whole House the Speaker shall appoint a chairman to preside.

29. Bills committed to the committee of the whole House shall be read, be open to amendment, and debated by sections, unless otherwise ordered, leaving the title to be last considered; all amendments shall be noted in writing and reported to the House by the chairman.

30. All questions, whether in committee, or in the House, shall be put in the order in which they are moved, except in the case

of privileged questions, and in filling blanks the largest sum and the longest time shall be first put.

31. A similar mode of procedure shall be observed with bills which have originated in and passed the Senate as with bills which have originated in the House, except that they shall not be printed nor engrossed or enrolled.

32. No motion for reconsideration shall be in order unless on the same day or the day following that on which the decision proposed to be reconsidered took place, nor unless one of the majority shall move a reconsideration.

33. When notice of intention to move the reconsideration of any bill or joint resolution shall be given by a member, the clerk of the House shall retain the said bill or joint resolution until after the time during which the said motion can be made unless the same can previously be disposed of.

34. Any member who votes on the majority side of a question may move a reconsideration of the same, which motion shall be decided by a majority vote.

35. The rules of the House shall be observed in committee of the whole House so far as may be applicable except that the ayes and nays shall not be called, the previous question enforced nor the time of speaking limited.

36. A motion that the committee rise shall always be in order and shall be decided without debate.

37. No bill reported from standing or select committees or from the committee of the whole shall come up for a third reading until the first day after such report unless the House by a two-thirds vote otherwise orders.

38. Standing committees shall be appointed on the following subjects:

On rules to consist of nine members.

On mileage and per diem to consist of three members.

On judiciary to consist of nineteen members.

On ways and means to consist of fifteen members.

On railroads to consist of nineteen members.

On appropriations to consist of seventeen members.

On engrossment to consist of nine members.

On enrollment to consist of nine members.

On education to consist of seventeen members.

On elections and privileges to consist of fifteen members.

On municipal corporations to consist of nine members.

On corporations other than municipal to consist of nine members.

On agriculture to consist of nineteen members.

On public printing to consist of nine members.

On irrigation to consist of nine members.

On insurance to consist of eleven members.

On banking to consist of eleven members.

On labor to consist of nine members.

On immigration to consist of nine members.

On apportionment to consist of a member from each senatorial district.

On schools and public lands to consist of nine members.

On public health to consist of nine members.

On military affairs to consist of nine members.

On warehouses, grain grading and dealing to consist of fifteen members.

On federal relations to consist of nine members.

On temperance to consist of fifteen members.

On highways, bridges and ferries to consist of nine members.

On state affairs to consist of fifteen members.

On supplies and expenditures to consist of nine members.

On forestry to consist of nine members.

On public debt to consist of nine members.

On manufactures to consist of nine members.

On counties and county boundaries to consist of nine members.

On taxes and tax laws to consist of seventeen members.

On coal lands and mining to consist of nine members.

On live stock industry to consist of thirteen members.

On revision and correction of the Journal to consist of seven members.

On game and fish to consist of nine members.

On drainage to consist of fifteen members.

Also joint committees on the following subjects:

On public buildings to consist of nine members.

On charitable institutions to consist of nine members.

On penal institutions to consist of nine members.

On educational institutions to consist of nine members.

On state library to consist of nine members.

On joint rules to consist of nine members.

39. The first named member of each committee shall be the chairman and in his absence or being excused by the House the next named member and so on as often as the case shall happen, shall act as chairman.

40. The committee on engrossment shall examine all bills after they are engrossed and report the same to the House correctly engrossed before their third reading; said committee may report at any time.

41. The committee on enrollment shall examine all House bills and memorials which have passed the two houses, and when reported correctly enrolled, they shall be presented to the presiding officers of the House and Senate for their signatures, and when so signed, presented to the governor for his approval; said committee may report at any time.

42. Select committees to whom reference shall have been made, must, in all cases, report a state of facts and their opinion to the House.

43. In all cases where a bill, order or resolution, or motion shall be entered upon the Journal of the House, the name of the member moving the same shall be entered on the Journal.

44. No person shall be admitted within the bar of the House except the executive, members of the Senate, state officers, judges of the supreme court and district courts, members of congress, ex-members of the legislative assembly, delegates to the state constitutional convention, all federal officers of the state and reporters for newspapers, except by card of the Speaker. Any person lobbying on the floor of the House shall forfeit the privilege granted by this rule.

45. After calling the House to order the order of business for the day shall be as follows:

1. Prayer by the chaplain.
2. Calling the roll.
3. Reference to the Journal.
4. Presentations of petitions and communications.
5. Reports of standing committees .
6. Reports of select committees.
7. Motions and resolutions.
8. Unfinished business.
9. Introduction of bills and memorials.
10. First and second readings of House bills and memorials.
11. Third reading of the same.
12. Consideration of messages from the senate.
13. First and second readings of senate bills and memorials.
14. Third reading of the same.
15. Consideration of general orders.

46. Whenever the report of any committee of conference contains several modifications or amendments, any member may have the same divided, and the question of concurrence taken separately upon each modification or amendment.

47. When the House has arrived at "the general orders of the day" it shall go into committee of the whole upon such orders, or a particular order designated by a vote of the House, and no other business shall be in order until the whole are considered or passed, or the committee rise; and unless a particular bill is ordered up the committee of the whole shall consider, act upon, or pass the general order, according to the order of reference.

48. The Speaker may leave the chair, and appoint a member to preside, but not for a longer time than one day, except by leave of the House.

49. The rules of parliamentary practice adopted by the house of representatives of the United States shall govern the House in all cases to which they are applicable, and in which they are not inconsistent with the standing rules of the House, and the joint rules and orders of the senate and House of Representatives.

50. No rule of the House shall be suspended, altered or amended without the concurrence of two-thirds of the members of the whole house.

51. The hour of daily meeting of the House shall be 2 o'clock in the afternoon, until the House directs otherwise.

52. The ayes and nays shall not be ordered unless demanded by one-sixth of the members present except on the final passage of bills, concurrent resolutions to amend the constitution, and memorials, in which case ayes and nays shall be had without demand.

53. In case of all the members of any committee, required or entitled to report on any subject referred to them cannot agree upon any report the majority and minority may each make a special report, and any member dissenting in whole or in part, from the reasonings and conclusions of both majority and minority may also present to the House a statement of his reasonings and conclusions; and all reports, if decorous in language, and respectful to the House, shall be entered at length on the Journal.

54. No smoking shall be allowed in the House while in session.

55. No member or any other person shall remain by the clerk's desk when the ayes and nays are being called.

56. In case of any disturbance or disorderly conduct in the lobby or gallery, the Speaker or chairman of the committee of the whole shall have power to order the same to be cleared.

57. No member or officer of the House, unless he, from illness or other cause shall be unable to attend, shall absent himself from a session of the House during an entire day without first having obtained leave of absence, and no one shall be entitled to draw pay while absent more than one day without leave.

58. Neither the chief clerk nor his assistant shall permit any records or papers belonging to the House to be taken out of their custody otherwise than in the regular course of business. The chief clerk shall report all missing bills, resolutions and papers to the Speaker; shall have general supervision of all clerical duties appertaining to the business of the House; shall perform, under the direction of the Speaker, all duties pertaining to the office, and shall also keep a book showing the situation and progress of all the bills, memorials and joint resolutions.

59. At least one day's notice shall be given of the introduction of any motion or resolution calling for or involving the expenditure of any money.

60. The chairmen of the different standing committees shall send to the chief clerk's desk, to be read previous to adjournment, notice of the time and place of meeting of such committee.

61. All bills of a general nature, including all bills appropriating money or lands, shall be printed; provided, that no bills shall be printed until after the same shall have been reported upon favorably by the committee to whom the same shall be referred.

62. Every bill amending any section of the Constitution or any section of the statute, shall be printed so that the wording of that portion of the section that is to be omitted will be included in brackets and new matter to be included in the amendment will be printed in italics. The enrollment committee will omit that portion of the bill that is included in brackets.

HOUSE COMMITTEES.

Agriculture.—Messrs. Hill of Bottineau, Chairman; Stenehjem, Kellogg, Balsdon, Hedahlen, Kylo, Watt, Weis, Petterson, Gardiner, Moen, Smith of Kidder, Odland, Carey, Doyle, Davis, Borusky, Bass, Isaak.

Appropriations.—Messrs. Anderson, Chairman; Ployhar, O'Connor, Pendray, Miller, Putman, France, Turner, Bratton, Fox, Gardiner, Walsh, Ployhar, Overson, Morkrid, Borusky, Dixon, Moen, But-

Apportionments.—Messrs. Johnson, Chairman; Hart, Calnan, Hjelmstad, Kylo, Colton, Lewis, Dynes, Hill of Cass, Weis, Warriner, Walsh, Ployhar, Overson, Morkrid, Borusky, Dixon, Moen, Butler, Tucker, Bjornson, Davis, Bope, Homan, Jacobson, Smith of Ward, Campbell, Klien, Bartley, Roble, Fritz, Schroeder, Kelley, Olsgard, Hanson, Curry, Endreson, Snyder, Nyhus, Bass, Taylor, Freitag, Ryan, Isaak, Stinger, Balsdon, O'Connor, Dean, Pitkin.

Banking.—Messrs. Hanson, Chairman; Dosseth, Gunderson, Morrison, Warriner, Raney, Jacobson, Bartley, List, Freitag, Hjort.

Counties and County Boundaries.—Messrs. Geiger, Chairman, Dosseth, Bartley, Hill of Bottineau, Batzer, Homan, Snider, Ryan, Lindstrom.

Corporations Other Than Municipal.—Messrs. Harty, Chairman; Blakemore, Burnett, O'Connor, Raney, Batzer, Jacobson, Leu, Hedalen.

Coal Lands and Mining.—Messrs. Williams, Chairman; Owens, Lawbaugh, Homan, Lambert, Campbell, Klien, List, Lindstrom.

Charitable Institutions.—Messrs. Hoge, Chairman; Wardrope, Hjelmstad, Dean, Lewis, Sandbeck, Divet, Northrup, Batzer.

Drainage.—Messrs. Burnett, Chairman; Hart, Weis, Geiger, Dynes, Jacobsen, Fritz, Carey, Olsgard.

Education.—Messrs. Dosseth, Chairman; Small, Gunderson, Stinger, Hickie, Husband, Butler of Ramsey; Geiger, Northrup, Morkrid, Bollinger, Batzer, Haraldson, Smith, Klein, List, Roble.

Educational Institutions.—Messrs. Turner, Chairman; Wardrope, Hart, Hedalen, Kylo, Borusky, Small, Pitkin, Hjort.

Election and Election Privileges.—Messrs. Wardrope, Chairman; Sorlie, Miller, Lewis, Blakemore, Sandbeck, Watt, Bjornson, Bope, Klien, Kelley, Carey, List, Taylor, Ryan.

Engrossment.—Messrs. Hedalen, Chairman; Kellogg, Pitkin, Lawbaugh, Hickie, Isaac, Hjort, Stinger, Baldson.

Enrollment.—Messrs. Gardiner, Chairman; Lindstrom, Stenehjelm, Nyhus, Bass, Taylor, Pitkin, Freitag, Wing.

Federal Relations.—Messrs. Martin, Chairman; Odland, Putnam, Klien, Roble, Fritz, Schroeder, Doyle, Hanson.

Forestry.—Messrs. Kylo, Chairman; Williams, Streeter, Thompson, Olsgard, Jacobson, Knox, Raney, Tucker.

Game and Fish.—Messrs. Hawkinson, Chairman; Kylo, Bratton, Wing, Turner, C. C., Homan, Streeter, Dixon, Schroeder.

Highways.—Messrs. Morrison, Chairman; Calnan, Dynes, Watt, Walsh, Hawkinson, Olsgard, Endreson, Pitkin, Kellogg, Hickie, Schroeder, Divet, Dixon, Roble, Martin, Bope.

Immigration.—Messrs. Doyle, Chairman; Ryan, Fox, Dynes, Lewis, Burnett, Kylo, Calnan, Hart.

Insurance.—Messrs. Putnam, Chairman; Hendrickson, Hoge, Hanson, Martin, Turner, C. C., Hart, Butler of Ransom, Miller, Haroldson, Bollinger.

Irrigation.—Messrs. Turner, C. C., Chairman; Owens, Hickie, Kellogg, Gunderson, Haroldson, Smith, S. F., Smith, J. W., Endreson.

Joint Rules.—Messrs. Buck, Chairman; Northrup, Coltom, Blakemore, Dynes, Hill, Divet, Butler of Ransom, O'Connor.

Judiciary.—Messrs. Divet, Chairman; Thompson, Dosseth, Owens, Norheim, Snyder, Hanson, Campbell, Lambert, Buck, Wardrope, Hawkinson, Blakemore, Odland, Bjornson, Haraldson, Hoge, Turner, C. C., Lew.

Labor.—Messrs. Hill of Cass, Chairman; Coltom, Twichell, Huso, Wardrope, Streeter, Turner, C. C., Dean, Anderson.

Live Stock.—Messrs. Huso, Chairman; Davis, Baldson, Northrup, Isaak, Morkrid, Hill of Bottineau, Fritz, Kelley, Odland, Nyhus, Wing, Gunderson.

Municipal Corporations.—Messrs. Twichell, Chairman; Williams, Thompson, Fritz, Buck, Putnam, Turner, F. W., Campbell, Watt.

to the state shall be incurred, or which shall have an operation or effect outside of the two houses of the legislature, except such appropriation and expenses as shall be for the exclusive use, necessity or convenience of the legislature, shall be either a joint or concurrent resolution, and shall take the same course as a bill, and shall be enrolled and presented to the governor for his signature before the same shall take effect.

14. Either house shall return any bill or resolution called for by resolution of the other house, if the bill or resolution is yet in possession of the house called upon, and no action thereon has been had. In case action has been had, then it shall require a two-thirds vote of the house asked, to return a bill or resolution called for.

JOINT CONVENTION RULES.

1. Joint conventions shall be held in the hall of the House of Representatives, and the president of the Senate shall preside.

2. The Secretary of the Senate and the Clerk of the House of Representatives shall be secretaries of the joint convention, and the proceedings of the convention shall be published with the journals of the House, and the final result as announced by the president on return of the Senate to their chamber, shall be entered on the journal of the Senate.

3. The rules of the House of Representatives, as far as the same may be applicable, shall govern the proceedings in joint convention.

4. Whenever a president pro tem presides he shall be entitled to vote on all occasions, and in case of a tie the question shall be declared lost.

5. Joint conventions shall have the power to compel the attendance of absent members in the mode and under the penalties prescribed by the rules of the House to which such members respectively belong, and for that purpose the sergeant-at-arms of each House shall attend.

6. Joint conventions may adjourn from time to time, as may be found necessary; and it shall be the duty of the House of Representatives to prepare to receive the Senate, the Senate to proceed to the hall of the House of Representatives at the time fixed by law or resolution, or to which the joint convention may have adjourned.

IMPEACHMENT OF HON. JOHN F. COWAN

Conditions in the Second judicial district of the state of North Dakota, wherein Hon. John F. Cowan has been judge of the district court during the past eleven years, have added another to the list of the few impeachment trials held in the United States since its beginning.

PROCEEDINGS IN THE HOUSE.

On February 8, 1911, charges alleging the commission of impeachable offenses were filed in the House of Representatives of the Twelfth Legislative Assembly by citizens of the Second judicial district against Hon. John F. Cowan, judge of the Second judicial district.

On February 10, 1911, a committee of seven members of the house was appointed to investigate the charges.

On February 24th, after many witnesses had been examined and much testimony produced before the committee by the complainants and by the defendant, the majority of the special committee recommended that further action upon the charges be indefinitely postponed. The minority report of the special committee recommended that article of impeachment be prepared and that Hon. John F. Cowan be held for trial by the Senate.

On February 24th the majority report of the special committee was adopted.

On February 28th the special committee of seven appointed to investigate the charges, offered a resolution providing for the submission to the House of the evidence taken by the committee at its different hearings.

On March 28th the committee of the whole house introduced the following resolution of impeachment, which was adopted by a vote of 64 ayes, 36 nays, 3 absent and not voting.

"Resolution of Impeachment of the Honorable John F. Cowan, Judge of the District Court of the Second Judicial District of the State of North Dakota.

Be It Resolved by the House of Representatives of the State of North Dakota:

Whereas, It appears from the testimony taken in the impeachment proceedings brought against Judge John F. Cowan, on February 8, 1911, and which testimony has this day been considered by the committee of the whole house, and from other facts appearing before the committee of the whole house, that there is grave and probable cause to believe that the Honorable John F. Cowan, Judge of the District Court of the Second Judicial District of this state, is guilty of impeachment offenses; and

Whereas, The belief in the existence of such probable cause is evidenced by common repute and public charges so extensive as to bring the administration of justice into disrepute and militate against and destroy the confidence of the people in the courts of said district, to the hurt and injury of the whole state; and,

Whereas, That the said court cannot be restored to the confidence of the people, or its former usefulness and standing, except by an open trial of the charges made;

Now, Therefore, Be It Resolved: That said John F. Cowan, Judge of the District Court of the Second Judicial District of North Dakota, be and hereby is impeached of habitual drunkenness, crimes, corrupt conduct, malfeasance and misdemeanors in office, and that a board of managers, consisting of five members, be appointed by the speaker to conduct such impeachment proceedings, in accordance with law, and to draw up and present such impeachment charges to the bar of the Senate of the State of North Dakota for trial, and that said board of managers be and hereby is authorized and directed to employ counsel to assist in the preparation of the articles of impeachment and in the prosecution of the Judge as aforesaid, before the bar of the Senate of the State of North Dakota."

On March 1, 1911, the Speaker of the House appointed the following as the board of managers to conduct the impeachment proceedings before

the Senate: Messrs. Homnes, Nestos, Hanson, O'Connor of Grand Forks, and Norhelm.

On March 1, 1911, the resolution of impeachment passed by the House was transmitted to the Senate.

On March 3, 1911, Articles of Impeachment adopted and approved.

PROCEEDINGS BEFORE THE SENATE.

On March 1st, the resolution of impeachment passed by the House was received.

On March 1st, resolution passed requesting the governor to appoint some person to perform the duties of Judge Cowan, disqualified by the passage of the resolution of impeachment.

On March 2nd, committee consisting of Senators Pierce, Davis and Duis appointed to confer with the Board of Managers relative to the proceedings to be taken.

On March 3rd Articles of Impeachment filed by the Board of Managers.

On March 3rd, Resolution passed setting Tuesday, March 28th, 1911, as the day for beginning the hearing of the impeachment before the Senate.

On March 28th the Senate convened pursuant to adjournment on March 3rd.

On March 29th the Senate resolved itself into a High Court of Impeachment.

On March 30th the Hon. John F. Cowan was arraigned before the High Court of Impeachment.

On March 31st the accused, Hon. John F. Cowan, entered a plea of "not guilty."

On April 1st the first witness was examined by the state.

On April 27th the taking of testimony was concluded.

On April 29th the closing arguments of counsel were begun and concluded May 4th.

On May 4th the High Court of Impeachment voted on each specification of each charge. The accused, Hon. John F. Cowan, not being found guilty on any one of the specifications or charges in the articles of impeachment, was discharged.

Under the Constitution of the State of North Dakota (Article 14, section 194,) a concurrence of two-thirds of the members elected to the Senate is required for conviction on impeachment.

On specification 2 of charge 3, wherein the accused was charged with wrongfully, notoriously and openly frequenting Ness' drug store in Devils Lake for the purpose of unlawfully obtaining intoxicating liquor therein and habitually and frequently drinking intoxicating liquor in said drug store, the vote was:

Guilty, 23.

Not guilty, 23.

Absent and not voting, 3.

On the other specifications and charges on which a vote of the High Court of Impeachment was taken the results of the votes varied from.

Guilty, 0.

Not guilty, 46.

to—

Guilty, 22.

Not guilty, 24.

Guy S. Divet, of Wahpeton, North Dakota, appeared as attorney for the complainants before the House of Representatives. At the trial before the Senate the attorneys for the state were, George A. Bangs, of Grand Forks, and E. R. Sinkler, of Minot. The attorneys for the accused were, Tracy R. Bangs, of Grand Forks, Arthur L. Netcher of Grand Forks, P. J. McClory, W. M. Anderson and F. T. Cuthbert, of Devils Lake. The complete Journal of the Impeachment trial consists of two volumes containing 2546 closely printed pages. The cost of the trial to the state was approximately \$60,000.00.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN AND GOVERNOR, 1889 AND 1890

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN AND GOVERNOR, 1892

Counties	Congress			Governor	
	Johnson...R	O'Brien...D	Foss...Fus	Burke...R	Shortridge...Fus
Barnes	694	299	659	687	950
Benson	424	151	51	408	210
Billings	41	13	3	50	12
Bottineau	166	196	116	165	310
Burleigh	631	277	32	600	338
Cass	2,118	1,322	298	2,122	1,654
Cavalier	331	464	407	345	863
Dickey	521	83	561	502	670
Eddy	216	146	34	204	193
Emmons	278	119	11	285	124
Foster	193	140	27	195	153
Grand Forks.....	1,579	906	712	1,512	1,676
Griggs	263	73	261	226	368
Kladder	214	82	69	212	150
LaMoure	348	153	268	324	445
Logan	88	22	10	94	26
McHenry	184	76	42	181	119
McIntosh	283	48	71	273	126
McLean	112	41	24	70	111
Mercer	36	48	2	30	56
Morton	551	377	37	535	442
Nelson	437	136	426	431	569
Oliver	37	45	4	35	52
Pembina	1,013	901	697	1,082	1,538
Pierce	120	42	16	120	59
Ramsey	461	557	65	570	503
Ransom	593	188	362	592	566
Richland	907	909	155	842	1,175
Rolette	253	194	22	294	177
Sargent	511	135	392	464	569
Stark	325	176	62	361	207
Steele	415	60	287	353	411
Stutsman	655	461	63	623	574
Towner	155	219	17	174	229
Traill	1,151	368	318	1,002	803
Walsh	1,031	1,263	836	893	2,226
Ward	183	115	16	186	121
Wells	169	130	22	152	171
Williams	40	45	14	42	49
Total	17,727	11,040	7,468	17,236	18,995
Majority	6,687	.....	.....	.....	1,759

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN AND GOVERNOR, 1894

	Governor							
	Reeves.....Ind	Allen.....R	Kinter.....D	Wallace....Pop				
Barnes	738	853	39	67	850	217	209	
Benson	430	173	6	4	458	83	93	
Billings	65	14			64	21	2	
Bottineau	343	377	10	13	408	228	179	
Burlingame	614	384	6	21	650	202	216	
Cass	2,003	1,277	31	108	2,256	768	727	
Cavaller	506	899	17	26	594	593	367	
Dickey	544	633	10	22	584	107	566	
Eddy	234	169	5	15	267	83	101	
Emmons	356	206	8	1	377	193	22	
Foster	194	151	4	9	203	66	91	
Grand Forks	1,865	1,003	35	176	2,155	595	713	
Griggs	337	302	3	11	345	44	283	
Kidder	178	107	2	3	172	34	101	
LaMoure	443	346	8	12	447	194	238	
Logan	123	30	1		110	10	37	
McHenry	230	156	9	6	260	57	104	
McIntosh	422	56	2	5	440	27	41	
McLean	114	71	1	15	124	32	57	
Mercer	106	12	3	2	111	5	6	
Morton	728	380	3	11	731	217	214	
Nelson	634	462	12	5	645	94	383	
Oliver	69	43	1	3	65	40	16	
Pembina	1,252	1,400	51	194	1,332	686	920	
Pierce	180	56	2	6	216	22	35	
Ramsey	804	389	24	32	845	296	118	
Ransom	665	453	14	31	745	114	387	
Richland	1,243	832	24	63	1,351	810	156	
Rolette	307	178	3	15	328	168	29	
Sargent	508	575	10	28	577	120	515	
Stark	625	179	5	7	634	97	131	
Steele	500	293	4	4	531	23	313	
Stutaman	490	573	12	24	614	314	265	
Towner	259	167	10	39	277	192	29	
Traill	1,315	440	41	108	1,480	181	296	
Walsh	1,481	1,628	11	169	1,716	999	711	
Ward	349	132	8	3	345	91	66	
Wells	411	215	9	27	450	144	105	
Williams	50	47			66	32	12	
Total	21,615	15,660	439	1,283	23,723	8,188	9,854	
Majority	4,233				6,181			

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, CONGRESSMAN AND GOVERNOR, 1896

Counties	President		Congress		Governor	
	McKinley.....R	Bryan.....D	Burke.....D	Briggs.....R	Johnson.....R	Richardson. Fus
Barnes	986	977	957	984	981	991
Benson	549	227	527	231	537	543
Billings	78	27	79	25	80	24
Bottineau	369	389	378	397	376	385
Burleigh	729	338	709	359	763	317
Cass	3,050	2,089	2,911	2,191	3,060	2,107
Cavalier	730	1,158	667	1,175	666	1,027
Dickey	619	587	596	599	613	593
Eddy	278	243	280	210	282	241
Emmons	300	168	301	170	316	160
Foster	216	143	217	143	217	149
Grand Forks.....	2,432	1,893	2,191	2,015	2,208	2,043
Griggs	318	360	317	358	308	357
Kidder	176	104	178	104	189	90
LaMoure	460	401	467	392	473	382
Logan	70	25	70	27	71	22
McHenry	217	166	221	153	222	147
McIntosh	336	66	343	61	348	66
McLean	124	79	117	69	126	68
Mercer	115	28	117	17	122	11
Morton	752	393	733	406	811	354
Nelson	616	603	594	628	614	605
Oliver	59	58	59	58	63	57
Pembina	1,687	1,807	1,585	1,800	1,467	2,048
Pierce	222	75	226	64	231	61
Ramsey	869	665	824	682	856	633
Ransom	766	579	762	585	768	593
Richland	1,843	1,160	1,724	1,206	1,827	1,118
Rolette	306	331	231	432	310	315
Sargent	587	636	582	653	592	644
Stark	530	216	522	183	568	149
Steele	572	322	572	321	563	335
Stutsman	705	578	671	583	727	546
Towner	303	394	265	436	324	363
Traill	1,673	674	1,661	687	1,629	711
Walsh	1,707	2,134	1,641	2,125	1,669	2,153
Ward	299	193	263	226	276	197
Wells	584	317	582	304	572	313
Williams	103	83	93	83	93	89
Total	26,335	20,686	25,233	21,172	25,918	20,690
Majority	5,640	.....	4,061	.....	5,228	.....

Note.—There were 358 votes cast in the state for Levering (Pro.) electors, and 349 votes cast for Gordon, prohibition nominee for congress.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN AND GOVERNOR, 1898

Counties	Congress		Governor	
	Spaulding. . . . R	Holmes. Fus	Fancher. R	Creel. Fus
Barnes	1,151	787	1,167	819
Benson	691	304	732	269
Billings	89	9	92	6
Bottineau	509	472	541	482
Burleigh	706	231	778	163
Cass	2,615	1,396	2,609	1,463
Cavaller	932	680	932	812
Dickey	696	523	713	527
Eddy	391	179	398	202
Emmons	264	228	404	195
Foster	286	232	304	217
Grand Forks.....	2,226	1,438	1,409	2,563
Griggs	396	337	377	365
Kidder	219	61	229	62
LaMoure	612	367	600	381
Logan	135	16	137	16
McHenry	290	214	291	212
McIntosh	587	35	585	49
McLean	276	71	299	52
Mercer	172	26	190	9
Morton	862	511	867	514
Nelson	760	644	730	681
Oliver	83	73	94	67
Pembina	1,537	1,077	1,549	1,237
Pierce	326	115	328	108
Ramsey	604	774	771	550
Ransom	758	601	779	614
Richland	1,602	1,337	1,594	1,351
Rolette	400	344	427	320
Sargent	684	485	686	498
Stark	506	269	547	242
Steele	596	231	614	252
Stutsman	846	554	821	652
Towner	469	281	460	291
Traill	1,460	425	1,289	659
Walsh	1,583	1,795	1,548	1,928
Ward	490	223	523	194
Wells	722	352	774	371
Williams	145	107	147	163
Total	27,776	17,844	27,308	19,496
Majority	9,932	.....	7,812	.....

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, CONGRESSMAN AND GOVERNOR, 1890

Counties	President		Governor		Congress	
	McKinley.....R	Bryan.....D	Marshall...R	Hildreth.....D	White.....R	Wipperman...D
Barnes	1,324	1,077	1,285	1,076	1,527	903
Benson	1,084	319	1,097	308	1,063	346
Billings	158	51	152	56	146	64
Bottineau	728	628	715	630	721	622
Burleigh	679	339	659	359	662	361
Cass	3,485	1,636	3,209	1,968	3,333	1,830
Cavaller	1,361	1,211	1,342	1,171	1,317	1,220
Dickey	763	567	771	575	739	597
Eddy	455	235	443	246	444	249
Emmons	433	311	426	305	415	323
Foster	415	241	417	251	411	261
Grand Forks.....	2,603	1,352	2,505	1,554	2,481	1,617
Griggs	527	407	493	437	516	413
Kidder	225	70	226	80	219	87
LaMoure	597	405	583	432	565	458
Logan	231	35	231	32	173	106
McHenry	595	222	591	215	577	237
McIntosh	658	125	669	110	602	181
McLean	587	110	581	104	577	122
Mercer	269	41	262	39	221	82
Morton	1,056	536	1,026	550	956	626
Nelson	994	576	952	611	950	613
Oliver	110	75	97	79	81	101
Pembina	1,732	1,321	1,674	1,341	1,651	1,369
Pierce	535	276	529	270	528	276
Ramsey	1,147	496	1,133	477	1,105	532
Ransom	924	499	899	511	903	526
Richland	2,067	1,399	1,991	1,456	1,636	1,864
Rolette	566	355	571	346	575	346
Sargent	765	564	763	672	731	609
Stark	780	426	752	409	704	485
Steele	724	214	715	203	685	177
Stutsman	1,077	711	1,049	709	1,020	759
Towner	805	454	786	442	780	456
Traill	1,537	409	1,463	468	1,339	594
Walsh	1,807	1,804	1,753	1,803	1,730	1,841
Ward	880	364	871	376	847	409
Wells	966	388	959	406	873	516
Williams	249	95	247	98	249	98
Total	35,898	20,531	34,887	21,175	34,052	22,275
Majority	15,367	.....	13,712	.....	11,777	.....

Note.—Woolley (pro.) for president received 731 votes; Debs (soc. dem.) 520 and Barker (peoples) 111. For congress, Mott (pro.) received 585; Charcot (soc-dem.) 412 and Blair (peoples) 122. For governor, Carlton (pro.) received 560; Poague (soc.-dem.) 425, and Major (peoples) 213.

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN AND GOVERNOR, 1902

VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, CONGRESSMAN AND GOVERNOR, 1904

Counties	President		Congress			
	Roosevelt.....R	Parker.....D	Marshall.....R	Gronna.....R	Rasmussen...D	Burr.....D
Barnes	2,041	451	1,658	1,603	827	521
Benson	1,111	143	1,131	1,055	150	160
Billings	256	37	227	220	36	34
Bottineau	2,094	753	1,826	1,730	915	1,104
Burleigh	1,340	237	1,263	1,233	244	240
Cass	2,788	609	2,626	3,497	648	630
Cavaller	1,664	771	1,577	1,530	751	741
Dickey	998	336	990	922	356	350
Eddy	596	162	550	539	166	166
Emmons	653	281	641	633	287	287
Foster	618	223	577	550	243	237
Grand Forks.....	2,807	828	2,614	2,546	940	997
Griggs	688	232	565	567	276	244
Kidder	447	53	413	400	65	62
LaMoure	860	195	796	765	197	199
Logan	454	31	451	449	32	31
McHenry	1,807	556	1,713	1,656	565	560
McIntosh	736	58	741	738	42	40
McLean	1,928	219	1,855	1,832	225	222
Mercer	252	17	262	265	13	14
Morton	1,474	321	1,413	1,389	337	335
Nelson	1,284	340	1,181	1,203	413	378
Oliver	241	46	217	210	55	53
Pembina	1,870	743	1,762	1,720	785	799
Pierce	921	284	862	831	298	302
Ramsey	1,523	386	1,440	1,406	410	428
Ransom	1,257	253	1,169	1,158	306	284
Richland	2,420	1,116	2,195	2,177	1,184	1,153
Rolette	912	366	817	797	407	420
Sargent	1,045	310	1,001	997	361	350
Stark	703	231	641	599	215	209
Steele	817	69	767	755	91	76
Stutsman	1,856	453	1,734	1,651	498	500
Towner	1,022	436	946	912	441	448
Traill	1,566	176	1,458	1,406	194	198
Walsh	2,042	1,113	1,877	1,831	1,141	1,152
Ward	4,349	914	4,096	3,860	975	950
Wells	1,330	209	1,282	1,263	222	217
Williams	825	316	777	753	311	307
Total	52,595	14,273	49,111	47,648	15,622	15,398
Majority	38,322	.....	33,489	32,250	.....	.....

Vote for President, Congressman and Governor, 1904—Continued.

VOTE FOR GOVERNOR, 1906

Counties	Barles.....R	Burke.....D	Dow.....Soc
Barnes	923	1,348	46
Benson	391	1,062	8
Billings	295	42	3
Bottineau	1,150	1,672	84
Burleigh	983	489	17
Cass	2,056	1,884	58
Cavalier	1,043	1,574	27
Dickey	676	330	18
Eddy	365	378	10
Emmons	600	274	5
Foster	260	617	5
Grand Forks.....	1,050	3,020	39
Griggs	238	736	15
Kidder	294	168	7
LaMoure	687	471	19
Logan	510	59	8
McHenry	1,072	1,014	42
McIntosh	426	19	3
McKenzie	336	211	12
McLean	1,636	364	40
Mercer	325	14	2
Morton	1,646	395	24
Nelson	664	849	16
Oliver	244	113	2
Pembina	911	1,607	5
Pierce	368	973	30
Ramsey	476	1,537	22
Ransom	900	488	18
Richland	993	1,436	17
Rolette	369	1,020	44
Sargent	713	515	32
Stark	492	282	7
Steele	218	579	6
Stutsman	1,061	1,177	14
Towner	404	1,192	10
Traill	534	1,072	24
Walsh	814	2,239	35
Ward	1,924	1,947	138
Wells	584	679	21
Williams	678	569	41
Total	29,309	34,424	978
Plurality .....	.....	5,115	.....

VOTE FOR CONGRESSMAN AND GOVERNOR, 1894

Total	21,615	15,660	439	1,283	23,723	8,188	9,354
Majority	4,238	.....	.....	.....	6,181	.....	.....

REPUBLICAN VOTE AT PRIMARY ELECTION

First State-Wide Primary, June 24, 1908.

Counties	United States Senator			
	T. F. Marshall	M. N. Johnson	H. C. Hansbrough	C. B. Little
Adams	365	144	65	163
Barnes	853	393	422	102
Benson	769	718	560	103
Billings	222	148	150	376
Bottineau	817	652	211	382
Bowman	172	61	88	62
Burleigh	174	127	519	1,126
Cass	999	994	716	1,367
Cavalier	1,006	153	168	361
Dickey	1,015	73	57	60
Dunn	42	93	33	88
Eddy	238	194	175	92
Emmons	361	87	79	332
Foster	247	123	122	98
Grand Forks.....	743	900	724	258
Griggs	118	220	44	12
Hettinger	170	112	192	166
Kidder	163	107	360	295
LaMoure	722	196	50	212
Logan	428	57	111	255
McHenry	584	909	476	499
McIntosh	485	37	16	459
McKenzie	546	114	139	128
McLean	644	481	1,120	622
Mercer	230	44	125	70
Morton	430	633	764	595
Nelson	78	1,015	122	269
Oliver	168	87	64	74
Pembina	328	218	293	47
Pierce	176	558	177	92
Ramsey	357	433	1,033	147
Ransom	652	522	80	281
Richland	347	813	143	338
Rolette	269	294	163	152
Sargent	569	401	77	108
Stark	234	179	270	509
Steele	149	519	163	41
Stutsman	1,209	237	376	534
Towner	344	184	195	135
Traill	261	1,017	165	57
Walsh	490	601	221	70
Ward	2,139	1,529	1,926	1,141
Wells	746	382	240	205
Williams	468	694	1,251	322
Total	21,527	17,453	13,545	12,787

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1908—Continued.

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1908—Continued.

Counties	Governor		Lt. Governor		J'ge Sup. Court	
	C. A. Johnson	T. Twichell	R. S. Lewis	H. Bendeke	B. F. Spalding	E. H. Wright
Adams	436	284	396	271	315	356
Barnes	867	763	815	751	690	992
Benson	1,088	857	807	1,039	1,172	754
Billings	685	140	543	215	334	460
Bottineau	1,167	868	869	1,117	1,121	849
Bowman	195	174	154	182	176	165
Burleigh	1,392	419	1,221	513	733	1,058
Cass	2,389	1,634	3,061	1,001	1,929	2,073
Cavaller	697	923	603	953	993	576
Dickey	411	704	346	715	702	342
Dunn	267	50	248	56	145	145
Eddy	351	340	282	391	367	308
Emmons	558	306	539	260	379	419
Foster	315	270	294	263	216	348
Grand Forks	1,284	1,121	567	1,920	1,817	590
Griggs	244	95	197	150	233	127
Hettinger	446	146	411	191	191	363
Kidder	576	303	532	289	398	435
LaMoure	584	555	490	572	681	380
Logan	624	153	509	198	258	461
McHenry	1,467	873	1,127	1,222	1,262	969
McIntosh	655	294	699	234	391	535
McKenzie	604	252	441	343	382	413
McLean	1,631	1,137	1,329	1,276	1,377	1,292
Mercer	371	75	269	149	241	204
Morton	1,683	545	1,334	809	1,187	1,103
Nelson	826	607	538	842	887	492
Oliver	282	81	214	122	180	180
Pembina	477	357	450	388	598	236
Pierce	571	418	354	571	580	355
Ramsey	1,028	677	790	845	1,032	629
Ransom	1,051	394	742	562	658	707
Richland	1,098	535	805	739	746	821
Rolette	496	307	379	388	451	352
Sargent	683	406	553	467	506	517
Stark	892	216	700	303	432	615
Steele	532	304	349	479	546	285
Stutsman	1,257	1,054	1,267	961	973	1,255
Towner	477	266	417	314	461	305
Traill	906	493	463	879	908	451
Walsh	739	601	407	276	875	402
Ward	4,131	2,358	3,148	2,874	3,497	2,591
Wells	862	633	696	732	684	775
Williams	1,874	714	1,344	1,055	1,345	1,110
Total	39,169	23,702	31,485	28,377	33,049	27,635

Note.—Scattering, Burke for governor—Adams, 2; Barnes, 33; Benson, 32; Billings, 17; Cass, 38; Dickey, 3; Dunn, 3; Eddy, 3; Emmons, 2; Grand Forks, 13; Kidder, 4; LaMoure, 3; Logan, 5; McKenzie, 6; McLean, 23; Mercer, 11; Nelson, 6; Oliver, 7; Pembina, 12; Stark, 3; Steele, 24; Towner, 32; Traill, 23; Walsh, 1; Wells, 18; total, 324.

DEMOCRATIC VOTE AT PRIMARY ELECTION.
First State-Wide Primary, June 24, 1908.

Counties	U. S. Senator—J. L. Cashel.		U. S. Senator—W. E. Purcell.		Rep. in Congress—T. D. Casey.		Rep. in Congress—O. G. Major.		Rep. in Congress—L. S. Platon.		Gov.—John Burke.		Lieutenant Governor—H. D. Mack.		Lieutenant Governor—A. Besancon.		Justice of Sup. Court—B. F. Spalding.		Secretary of State—Jos. Mann.		Secretary of State—B. G. Whitehead.																											
	Adams	12	Barnes	149	Benson	28	Billings	9	Bottineau	332	Bowman	27	Burleigh	116	Cass	304	Cavaller	361	Dickey	93	Dunn	42	Eddy	97	Emmons	133	Foster	175	Grand Forks	421	Griggs	219	Hettinger	19	Kidder	22	LaMoure	102	Logan	2	McHenry	243	McIntosh	10				
Adams	12		81		18		7		6		22		15		6		20		12		9		Barnes	117		61		139		131		312		175		20		117		114		81		12				
Barnes	149		15		34		35		14		266		32		92		46		117		114		Eddy	29		80		139		131		312		175		15		222		13		247						
Benson	28		7		11		10		6		53		11		15		16		13		222		Bottineau	256		131		139		131		312		175		28		266		22		13		247				
Billings	9		195		382		352		268		571		154		409		537		256		282		Bowman	28		139		139		131		312		175		31		106		282		13		247				
Bottineau	332		11		27		14		20		38		18		15		31		28		3		Burleigh	106		80		139		131		312		175		186		106		75		282		13		247		
Bowman	27		63		140		124		67		187		114		67		186		28		6		Cass	28		139		139		131		312		175		448		106		75		282		13		247		
Burleigh	116		209		362		358		233		551		328		182		448		28		3		Cavaller	106		80		139		131		312		175		274		106		75		282		13		247		
Cass	304		198		420		390		227		593		341		202		539		288		251		Dickey	274		139		139		131		312		175		274		106		75		282		13		247		
Cavaller	361		141		167		162		77		238		172		52		203		117		265		Eddy	288		139		139		131		312		175		274		106		75		282		13		247		
Dickey	93		34		44		54		30		73		48		25		203		117		265		Emmons	117		80		139		131		312		175		274		106		75		282		13		247		
Dunn	42		40		99		84		60		153		83		61		73		38		26		Foster	38		80		139		131		312		175		274		106		75		282		13		247		
Eddy	97		75		153		117		121		210		81		121		48		38		61		Emmons	80		139		139		131		312		175		274		106		75		282		13		247		
Emmons	133		86		182		144		126		276		178		81		209		38		61		Foster	139		80		139		131		312		175		274		106		75		282		13		247		
Foster	175		214		491		413		256		701		333		296		641		131		121		Grand Forks	139		80		139		131		312		175		274		106		75		282		13		247		
Grand Forks	421		124		199		225		217		396		201		142		349		131		121		Griggs	139		80		139		131		312		175		274		106		75		282		13		247		
Griggs	219		15		23		24		9		37		29		7		31		20		121		Hettinger	139		80		139		131		312		175		274		106		75		282		13		247		
Hettinger	19		5		22		19		8		28		21		8		28		15		121		Kidder	139		80		139		131		312		175		274		106		75		282		13		247		
Kidder	22		70		132		117		85		206		160		19		162		96		121		LaMoure	139		80		139		131		312		175		274		106		75		282		13		247		
LaMoure	102		3		3		283		157		4		253		3		404		247		121		McHenry	139		80		139		131		312		175		274		106		75		282		13		247		
Logan	2		178		304		283		157		18		14		14		17		5		121		McIntosh	139		80		139		131		312		175		274		106		75		282		13		247		
McHenry	243		6		14		4		1		18		14		14		17		5		121		McIntosh	139		80		139		131		312		175		274		106		75		282		13		247		
McIntosh	10																																															

Vote for President, Congressman and Governor, 1904—Continued.

Counties	Representatives in Congress				Governor			
	Dow.....Soc	Herring.....Soc	Colby.....Pro	Tibbets.....Pro	Series.....R	Hegge.....D	Basset.....Soc	Aaker.....Pro
Barnes	96	96	49	56	1,801		100	78
Benson	12	12	36	36	1,017		12	50
Billings	8	4	4	8	231		5	3
Bottineau	120	112	36	27	1,799		128	43
Burlingame	19	19	9	9	1,255		22	8
Cass	149	141	178	158	3,600		143	249
Cavalier	38	36	13	12	1,499		36	12
Dickey	53	57	15	47	943		61	23
Eddy	12	13	12	11	542		13	17
Emmons	11	11	8	5	638		10	7
Foster	8	8	6	6	559		8	4
Grand Forks	137	113	50	51	2,503		117	66
Griggs	35	37	16	18	533		30	108
Kidder	4	4	6	6	398		3	6
LaMoure	43	43	8	10	775		45	11
Logan	4	4	0	0	453		4	0
McHenry	53	52	22	21	1,697		67	28
McIntosh	2	2	0	0	736		2	0
McLean	13	12	18	17	1,856		15	17
Mercer	0	0	1	1	261		0	1
Morton	24	22	5	5	1,406		23	4
Nelson	66	63	22	25	1,151		68	37
Oliver	2	2	7	6	217		2	8
Pembina	3	3	43	40	1,774		3	41
Pierce	31	30	14	12	844		34	19
Ramsey	57	56	17	20	1,429		59	24
Ransom	28	29	35	36	1,139		26	39
Richland	61	60	28	28	2,132		49	42
Rolette	71	67	11	12	813		74	13
Sargent	68	77	13	12	1,002		70	18
Stark	24	25	1	2	660		26	3
Steele	23	26	27	25	631		19	56
Stutsman	22	21	26	25	1,715		23	27
Towner	45	47	12	11	945		50	10
Traill	54	54	83	82	1,107		47	148
Walsh	84	83	28	30	1,857		79	40
Ward	199	195	75	71	4,053		216	88
Wells	61	61	24	24	1,274		63	37
Williams	9	10	11	11	781		8	14
Total	1,734	1,697	997	971	48,026	16,744	1,760	1,388
Plurality					31,282			

**SECOND PRIMARY VOTE FOR REPUBLICAN U. S. SENATOR,
NOVEMBER 3, 1908.**

Counties	M. N. Johnson	Thos. F. Marsha
Adams	293	513
Barnes	1,096	1,390
Benson	1,021	919
Billings	356	640
Bottineau	1,227	1,137
Bowman	231	349
Burleigh	793	987
Cass	2,124	2,095
Cavaller	815	1,163
Dickey	365	1,115
Dunn	293	142
Eddy	494	299
Emmons	580	676
Foster	375	431
Grand Forks	1,950	1,346
Griggs	566	214
Hettinger	383	330
Kidder	461	397
LaMoure	565	931
Logan	399	446
McHenry	1,344	1,294
McIntosh	410	603
McKenzie	365	493
McLean	1,623	1,520
Mercer	226	314
Morton	1,538	934
Nelson	1,273	840
Oliver	198	305
Pembina	864	785
Pierce	776	377
Ramsey	1,147	837
Ransom	727	974
Richland	1,386	559
Rolette	682	560
Sargent	679	726
Stark	648	421
Steele	874	265
Stutsman	1,042	1,502
Towner	554	625
Traill	1,325	301
Walsh	166	776
Ward	3,853	4,231
Wells	689	875
Williams	1,618	1,295
Total	39,304	36,432

Note.—No republican candidate having received a majority of all the votes cast at the primary election June 24, 1908, a second primary election between the two highest candidates was held November 3, 1908, as provided by law.

OFFICIAL VOTE OF NORTH DAKOTA.

(November 3, 1908)

Official Vote of North Dakota, 1908—Continued

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS

Counties	A. J. Gronna....R	L. B. Hanna....R	T. D. Casey.....D	O. G. Major.....D	Francis Cooper Ind	E. D. Herring Ind
Adams	578	570	176	170		
Barnes	1,791	1,728	855	857		
Benson	1,444	1,335	437	410	2	2
Billings	736	754	199	192		
Bottineau	1,919	1,852	1,099	1,092	21	20
Bowman	419	373	224	184		
Burleigh	1,389	1,364	584	545	5	5
Cass	3,458	4,015	1,784	1,687	28	24
Cavaller	1,534	1,450	1,166	1,145	14	15
Dickey	1,059	1,040	608	596	2	2
Dunn	389	362	145	149		
Eddy	549	512	334	325	1	1
Emmons	926	907	480	478		
Foster	528	528	413	356		
Grand Forks	2,753	2,509	1,594	1,506	44	38
Griggs	589	563	514	488		
Hettinger	526	567	155	155		
Kidder	779	769	180	170		
LaMoure	1,048	1,083	517	511		
Logan	705	723	114	106		
McHenry	1,788	1,761	1,145	1,122	8	6
McIntosh	943	940	98	96		
McKenzie	584	531	168	156	10	9
McLean	2,363	2,317	736	721	13	9
Mercer	425	426	62	61	1	1
Morton	1,980	1,954	819	808	5	5
Nelson	1,328	1,251	592	581	29	15
Oliver	327	324	156	155		
Pembina	1,385	1,385	1,141	1,109	2	2
Pierce	867	803	596	614	2	2
Ramsey	1,519	1,445	1,012	1,000	38	36
Ransom	1,320	1,255	556	537	1	1
Richland	1,855	1,835	1,415	1,395	2	
Rolette	798	756	515	481	51	51
Sargent	1,043	998	538	531	15	15
Stark	906	943	428	414	2	1
Steele	898	824	278	420	4	3
Stutsman	1,706	1,704	1,274	1,244	5	4
Towner	882	844	584	566	18	17
Traill	1,334	1,222	400	414	22	21
Walsh	1,670	1,602	1,795	1,596	59	58
Ward	5,014	4,315	2,237	2,057	129	116
Wells	1,241	1,267	457	420	9	7
Williams	2,062	1,894	846	828	49	47
Total	57,357	55,610	29,446	28,448	591	533

Official Vote of North Dakota, 1908—Continued.

Official Vote of North Dakota, 1908—Continued

Counties	To Amend Sec. 89 (Judges Supreme Court)		To Amend Sec. 158 (minimum price of state lands)		To amend Sec. 162 (investment of School Fund)	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Adams	553	111	544	106	530	87
Barnes	1,383	868	1,416	664	1,546	570
Benson	1,143	412	1,152	326	1,167	290
Billings	621	202	625	173	639	133
Bottineau	1,780	861	1,877	634	1,912	580
Bowman	434	96	424	90	432	61
Burleigh	1,060	344	1,028	323	1,045	287
Cass	2,945	1,268	3,120	925	3,059	852
Cavaller	1,274	941	1,510	606	1,544	518
Dickey	844	239	860	168	867	127
Dunn	276	80	275	68	288	48
Eddy	568	184	596	127	561	149
Emmons	617	198	682	168	592	143
Foster	535	257	528	194	537	171
Grand Forks ..	2,040	1,045	2,296	791	2,385	749
Griggs	457	153	474	115	482	95
Hettinger	465	124	469	114	491	92
Kidder	526	176	494	188	518	127
LaMourse	993	334	1,043	285	1,034	253
Logan	335	168	408	115	408	91
McHenry	1,616	861	1,749	686	1,770	620
McIntosh	484	314	601	181	634	144
McKenzie	523	187	506	175	534	118
McLean	2,312	696	1,867	538	2,199	475
Mercer	268	139	335	58	336	55
Morton	1,494	493	1,540	389	1,532	242
Nelson	931	276	996	175	956	169
Oliver	384	85	394	61	401	41
Pembina	1,198	623	1,282	476	1,324	410
Pierce	829	482	936	328	945	296
Ramsey	1,272	547	1,458	432	1,499	357
Ransom	968	319	1,004	251	995	228
Richland	1,440	935	1,607	739	1,525	727
Rolette	669	369	737	323	745	272
Sargent	913	366	971	297	956	276
Stark	799	214	782	175	803	132
Steele	523	192	553	123	544	112
Stutsman	1,544	829	1,628	660	1,688	565
Towner	862	334	843	330	825	537
Traill	854	457	935	324	927	271
Walsh	1,404	799	1,529	565	1,551	407
Ward	4,641	1,879	4,861	1,513	4,872	1,346
Wells	1,058	348	1,132	249	1,131	220
Williams	1,867	769	1,934	675	2,048	510
Total	47,732	20,584	50,001	15,903	50,793	13,952

Vote at Primary Election, 1910—Continued.

Representatives in Congress.

Counties

Adams										
Benson										
Billings										
Bowman										
Barnes										
Bottineau										
Burleigh										
Cass										
Cavalier										
Dickey										
Dunn										
Eddy										
Emmons										
Foster										
Griggs										
Grand Forks										
Hottinger										
Kidder										
LaMoure										
Logan										
McHenry										
McKenzie										
McLean										
Morton										
McIntosh										
Mercer										
Mountrail										
Nelson										
Oliver										
Pembina										
Pierce										
Rolette										
Ramsey										
Richland										
Ransom										
Stark										
Steele										
Sargent										
Sheridan										
Stutsman										
Towner										
Trall										
Walsh										
Ward										
Wells										
Williams										
Total	16,442	28,822	18,257	13,286	12,225	4,002	12,004	7,688	7,324	

Vote at Primary Election, 1910—Continued.

Counties	Governor						Lieutenant Governor		
	H. H. Aaker...R	J. A. Buchanan..R	C. A. Johnson...R	Smith Stimmel...R	Geo. W. Wilson..R	John Burke .....D	U. L. Burdick...R	J. B. Sharpe.....R	W. L. Richards..D
Adams	125	305	291	23	59	13	456	316	13
Benson	823	405	405	27	108	25	1,286	422	18
Billings	139	306	423	49	110	19	494	480	18
Bowman	98	137	255	12	44	79	283	233	66
Barnes	439	811	589	77	122	168	1,074	783	155
Bottineau	310	360	687	25	125	351	813	611	324
Burleigh	153	428	932	69	207	189	713	998	178
Cass	608	759	1,298	326	142	426	1,382	1,578	410
Cavaller	109	259	423	14	79	339	943	312	334
Dickey	91	559	258	29	51	159	548	399	155
Dunn	158	85	191	9	61	96	206	258	94
Eddy	144	197	133	6	31	146	317	165	123
Emmons	63	181	340	27	73	194	367	283	180
Foster	53	180	122	7	17	238	205	147	215
Griggs	204	91	67	3	10	253	202	136	231
Grand Forks	629	653	685	35	131	736	1,380	651	666
Hettinger	70	148	428	17	68	80	261	337	69
Kidder	156	219	264	76	88	30	345	416	27
LaMoure	199	603	371	34	129	151	571	712	137
Logan	62	119	497	25	55	1	198	549	1
McHenry	448	436	672	69	162	327	935	739	295
McKenzie	98	147	223	12	254	90	387	290	84
McLean	326	386	695	51	178	173	867	692	162
Morton	289	409	820	110	179	201	851	861	182
McIntosh	72	171	411	60	86	10	224	588	10
Mercer	69	144	231	33	58	20	244	279	21
Mountrail	313	212	512	25	524	89	897	498	72
Nelson	493	306	463	22	51	160	765	491	159
Oliver	86	114	117	4	22	51	186	142	49
Pembina	78	388	307	16	62	441	375	460	409
Pierce	340	214	314	18	81	307	569	332	284
Rolette	228	174	312	50	54	186	412	383	166
Ramsey	443	337	440	30	110	348	922	396	320
Richland	331	294	646	52	79	539	635	690	495
Ransom	224	273	420	22	73	130	568	411	124
Stark	141	224	551	61	117	150	456	560	155
Steele	403	230	262	18	41	42	517	369	39
Sargent	161	325	349	24	42	163	424	460	153
Sheridan	108	406	220	26	81	112	429	340	104
Stutsman	97	1,247	401	40	92	333	995	743	308
Towner	149	209	310	17	129	322	477	276	290
Traill	641	533	378	23	52	56	1,045	513	55
Walsh	334	330	370	20	62	784	720	321	741
Ward	641	787	1,275	70	761	570	1,917	1,696	520
Wells	439	351	359	49	108	84	568	637	81
Williams	305	234	524	23	836	390	993	793	366
Total	11,890	16,056	20,591	1,835	6,004	9,770	29,422	22,746	9,058

McIntosh	379	551	362	449	359	522	444	318	373	257
Mercer	239	261	218	226	241	241	196	194	201	146
Mountrail	972	1,091	702	745	785	894	1,299	533	655	799
Nelson	785	743	682	676	596	1,174	528	615	545	902
Oliver	228	245	186	206	206	228	179	160	205	135
Pembina	376	370	374	398	319	994	293	1,233	262	243
Pierce	639	751	519	561	547	779	710	492	443	745
Rolette	499	608	416	490	418	673	537	456	421	524
Ramsey	1,242	783	614	590	680	1,068	554	998	428	1,065
Richland	974	1,209	979	955	927	1,231	818	859	1,078	1,817
Ransom	522	738	430	423	478	577	401	359	924	416
Stark	480	660	582	542	525	742	575	438	603	411
Steele	539	643	540	441	514	621	342	425	436	602
Sargent	653	631	476	549	598	665	417	415	743	442
Sheridan	481	613	411	506	476	560	494	404	487	409
Stutsman	906	1,719	950	871	1,567	1,435	841	798	849	525
Towner	560	644	527	509	461	761	473	591	448	584
Trall	1,006	862	1,273	702	857	1,181	601	664	663	1,058
Walsh	908	1,008	741	826	735	1,267	780	1,492	678	803
Ward	2,071	2,821	1,742	1,868	2,010	2,447	3,498	1,564	1,796	1,467
Wells	695	1,156	583	586	698	902	783	572	676	1,609
Williams	1,073	1,344	870	966	987	1,461	1,876	819	848	951
Total	31,625	40,481	28,276	29,086	30,497	41,415	31,899	28,816	27,974	26,571

Vote at Primary Election, 1910—Continued.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

Counties	L. B. Hanna.....R	H. T. Helgesen..R	Tobias D. Casey D	M. A. Hildreth..D	Arthur Hagendorf S	N. H. Bjornstead S
Adams	515	498	92	113	13	17
Barnes	1,442	1,461	769	729	35	35
Benson	1,056	1,173	412	353	35	35
Billings	1,282	1,104	263	289	49	45
Bottineau	1,498	1,544	809	794	268	260
Bowman	453	405	171	161	18	16
Burke	650	524	233	176	100	89
Burleigh	1,383	1,296	563	559	36	33
Cass	3,202	2,832	1,677	1,931	97	91
Cavaller	1,451	1,410	926	987	43	44
Dickey	824	855	442	409	36	64
Dunn	457	416	205	196	15	17
Eddy	419	457	324	283	24	18
Emmons	892	872	513	511	14	10
Foster	549	547	345	335	17	16
Grand Forks	2,142	2,559	1,375	1,339	119	126
Griggs	439	547	579	431	34	35
Hettinger	603	509	130	132	10	8
Kidder	579	484	125	146	35	31
LaMoure	920	927	609	562	24	28
Logan	570	530	78	82	12	14
McHenry	1,567	1,462	928	917	78	76
McIntosh	846	833	70	62	12	9
McKenzie	542	588	308	258	74	71
McLean	1,245	1,168	437	439	115	115
Mercer	476	410	117	98	4	9
Morton	2,100	1,844	672	682	124	123
Mountrail	1,321	973	273	296	113	116
Nelson	1,052	1,143	428	382	92	87
Oliver	380	314	143	134	8	4
Pembina	1,606	1,474	1,097	1,055	13	15
Pierce	662	767	600	575	49	50
Ramsey	1,168	1,242	795	796	118	109
Ransom	1,092	1,060	341	356	37	35
Renville	890	819	367	333	117	106
Richland	1,789	1,748	1,328	1,279	23	27
Rolette	716	700	411	342	227	206
Sargent	935	928	467	440	59	59
Sheridan	824	922	207	197	10	24
Stark	896	704	441	515	32	35
Steele	648	752	254	250	16	17
Stutsman	1,396	1,386	984	1,015	22	21
Towner	806	794	447	452	40	42
Traill	1,026	1,230	329	381	24	27
Walsh	1,338	1,534	1,611	1,386	101	94
Ward	1,870	1,783	938	870	429	406
Wells	973	1,118	479	490	22	23
Williams	2,066	1,954	868	804	232	241
Total	51,646	50,600	25,880	25,322	3,225	3,179

OFFICIAL VOTE OF NORTH DAKOTA.

(November 3, 1908)

Counties	PRESIDENT.				
	Taft	Bryan	Debbs	Chaslin	Hisgen
Adams	201	21	19		1
Barnes	996	35	60		1
Benson	553	30	64		
Billings	238	21	17		
Bottineau	1,146	140	44		1
Bowman	209	15	7		
Burleigh	660	37	17		
Cass	2,000	94	106		6
Cavalier	1,190	32	24		1
Dickey	633	30	17		
Dunn	160	8	1		
Eddy	368	6	16		1
Emmons	618	34	10		
Foster	434	6	7		
Grand Forks	1,750	153	130		
Griggs	493	18	51		
Hettinger	161	9	10		
Kidder	242	26	23		
LaMoure	553	19	28		1
Logan	143	16	3		
McHenry	1,296	55	22		
McIntosh	140	4	1		
McKenzie	212	46	7		
McLean	927	98	51		2
Mercer	96	2	2		
Morton	873	67	14		1
Nelson	616	60	17		2
Oliver	179	3	13		
Pembina	1,185	17	50		2
Pierce	610	28	18		1
Ramsey	1,072	72	27		2
Ransom	581	11	36		1
Richland	1,502	14	60		1
Rolette	529	99	24		3
Sargent	576	38	20		
Stark	496	19	7		2
Steele	866	17	18		
Stutsman	1,344	24	45		2
Towner	655	69	18		1
Trall	490	32	97		1
Walsh	1,641	117	30		1
Ward	2,163	562	192		5
Wells	636	22	25		1
Williams	1,034	223	37		2
Total	57,680	33,885	2,421	1,496	42

Vote at Primary Election, 1910—Continued.

JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT.

Counties	W. M. Anderson	E. T. Burke	Charles M. Cooley	S. E. Ellsworth	Charles J. Flisk	E. B. Goss
Adams	358	341	245	315	306	260
Barnes	986	2,186	590	884	959	822
Benson	1,063	1,137	475	557	758	1,009
Billings	652	892	685	769	818	554
Bottineau	1,076	1,148	933	891	1,433	1,707
Bowman	287	362	246	298	302	350
Burke	476	550	429	451	566	956
Burleigh	661	963	927	1,184	1,407	562
Cass	2,002	2,484	2,128	2,419	2,823	1,910
Cavaller	1,069	1,188	978	1,107	1,587	1,437
Dickey	512	655	562	613	680	404
Dunn	425	409	307	344	382	346
Eddy	348	545	251	627	373	307
Emmons	539	671	74	710	887	392
Foster	321	715	203	610	418	523
Grand Forks	1,452	1,642	3,102	2,517	3,652	781
Griggs	584	751	274	315	393	398
Hettinger	381	435	229	295	288	384
Kidder	306	407	375	485	460	237
LaMoure	630	1,150	502	959	838	660
Logan	260	614	157	195	458	368
McHenry	1,277	1,380	778	1,012	1,448	1,876
McIntosh	355	480	424	436	622	380
McKenzie	429	612	317	403	590	705
McLean	756	974	781	973	1,155	794
Mercer	259	340	199	238	211	302
Morton	995	1,251	1,427	1,518	1,703	888
Mountrail	771	856	420	526	652	1,606
Nelson	838	517	774	746	1,243	379
Oliver	232	228	297	312	347	171
Pembina	934	920	1,349	1,252	2,080	1,655
Pierce	709	798	424	475	744	1,016
Ramsey	1,703	846	707	667	1,121	710
Ransom	700	900	561	601	756	480
Renville	618	860	559	612	706	1,297
Richland	1,098	1,375	1,607	1,660	1,944	840
Rolette	739	708	563	487	797	912
Sargent	649	721	724	780	802	376
Sheridan	463	696	462	524	613	644
Stark	584	674	594	591	770	637
Steele	602	514	428	527	536	348
Stutsman	701	1,503	1,029	1,993	1,547	683
Towner	801	760	474	451	666	862
Trall	977	689	697	764	966	504
Walsh	1,478	1,291	1,351	1,316	2,019	1,241
Ward	1,240	1,829	800	1,093	1,265	2,885
Wells	853	1,376	452	659	729	921
Williams	1,409	1,693	959	1,139	1,757	2,587
Total	36,558	44,046	33,501	38,300	47,577	40,066

Official Vote of North Dakota, 1908—Continued.

Official Vote of North Dakota, 1908—Continued

Counties	To Amend Sec. 89 (Judges Supreme Court)		To Amend Sec. 158 (minimum price of state lands)		To amend Sec. 162 (Investment of School Fund)	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Adams	553	111	544	106	530	87
Barnes	1,383	868	1,416	664	1,546	570
Benson	1,143	412	1,152	326	1,167	290
Billings	621	202	625	173	639	133
Bottineau	1,780	861	1,877	634	1,912	580
Bowman	434	96	424	90	432	61
Burleigh	1,060	344	1,028	323	1,045	287
Cass	2,945	1,268	3,120	925	3,059	852
Cavalier	1,274	941	1,510	606	1,544	518
Dickey	844	239	860	168	867	127
Dunn	276	80	275	68	288	48
Eddy	568	184	596	127	561	149
Emmons	617	198	682	168	592	142
Foster	535	257	528	194	537	171
Grand Forks ..	2,040	1,045	2,296	791	2,385	749
Griggs	457	153	474	115	482	95
Hettinger	465	124	469	114	491	92
Kidder	526	176	494	188	518	127
LaMourse	993	334	1,043	285	1,034	253
Logan	335	168	408	115	408	91
McHenry	1,616	861	1,749	686	1,770	620
McIntosh	484	314	601	181	634	144
McKenzie	523	187	506	175	534	118
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Mercer	268	139	335	58	336	55
Morton	1,494	493	1,540	389	1,532	242
Nelson	931	276	996	175	956	169
Oliver	384	85	394	61	401	41
Pembina	1,198	623	1,282	476	1,324	410
Pierce	829	482	936	328	945	296
Ramsey	1,272	547	1,458	432	1,499	357
Ransom	968	319	1,004	251	995	228
Richland	1,440	935	1,607	739	1,525	727
Rolette	669	369	737	323	745	272
Sargent	913	366	971	297	956	276
Stark	799	214	782	175	803	132
Steele	523	192	553	123	544	112
Stutsman	1,544	829	1,628	660	1,688	565
Towner	862	334	843	330	825	537
Trall	854	457	935	324	927	271
Walsh	1,404	799	1,529	565	1,551	407
Ward	4,641	1,879	4,861	1,513	4,872	1,346
Wells	1,058	348	1,132	249	1,131	220
Williams	1,867	769	1,934	675	2,048	510
Total	47,732	20,584	50,001	15,903	50,793	13,952

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Counties	Vice dent Presi-	National Committeeman	
	P. J. McCumber	E. C. Cooper	Thos. Marshall
Adams	122	365
Barnes	331	1,549
Benson	226	1,165
Billings	231	759
Bottineau	305	1,061
Bowman	90	429
Burke	102	613
Burleigh	521	720
Cass	929	2,524
Cavalier	270	791
Dickey	147	759
Divide	3	190	586
Dunn	77	209
Eddy	111	351
Emmons	1	165	335
Foster	1	136	325
Grand Forks	640	1,834
Griggs	84	441
Hettinger	20	188	344
Kidder	140	329
LaMoure	188	905
Logan	147	122
McHenry	357	1,222
McIntosh	248	348
McKenzie	103	371
McLean	253	1,038
Mercer	65	321
Morton	515	1,012
Mountrail	207	607
Nelson	210	795
Oliver	35	177
Pembina	411	558
Pierce	136	560
Ramsey	26	316	1,001
Ransom	34	351	722
Renville	109	655
Richland	141	506	874
Rolette	122	421
Sargent	384	515
Sheridan	169	383
Stark	246	532
Steele	137	619
Stutsman	397	1,437
Towner	1	157	454
Traill	221	1,112
Walsh	233	893
Ward	425	1,484
Wells	1	328	845
Williams	315	1,026
Total	228	12,296	36,498

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Counties	Presidential Electors		
	H. H. Aaker	Roger Allin	D. P. Barnes
Adams	344	195	334
Barnes	1,443	653	1,406
Benson	1,118	459	1,042
Billings	555	572	575
Bottineau	1,008	578	966
Bowman	400	190	414
Burke	595	217	548
Burleigh	569	786	606
Cass	2,494	1,570	2,395
Cavaller	682	565	680
Dickey	566	404	582
Divide	580	318	534
Dunn	157	179	162
Eddy	353	191	348
Emmons	194	420	210
Foster	300	254	289
Grand Forks	1,898	1,049	1,843
Griggs	432	180	408
Hettinger	225	366	235
Kidder	266	252	250
LaMoure	800	394	781
Logan	100	202	104
McHenry	1,152	698	1,073
McIntosh	252	445	222
McKenzie	361	193	332
McLean	953	444	890
Mercer	107	344	97
Morton	773	1,087	840
Mountrail	620	356	551
Nelson	822	331	749
Oliver	120	127	135
Pembina	293	931	309
Pierce	567	214	541
Ramsey	938	547	873
Ransom	640	694	621
Renville	576	280	549
Richland	841	862	870
Rolette	374	271	367
Sargent	483	488	452
Sheridan	282	454	265
Stark	374	512	383
Steele	650	214	610
Stutsman	1,177	878	1,178
Towner	398	324	389
Traill	1,146	326	1,080
Walsh	762	691	748
Ward	1,409	746	1,313
Wells	809	531	745
Williams	1,033	482	971
Total	32,991	23,464	31,865

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Counties	Presidential Electors				
	M. Breen	C. S. Buck	F. W. Cathro	S. M. Ferris	Gilbert Johnson
Adams	204	221	298	200	360
Barnes	615	651	1,218	607	1,388
Benson	424	435	952	415	1,070
Billings	532	549	476	578	593
Bottineau	530	508	978	471	1,017
Bowman	188	194	366	196	404
Burke	198	239	469	211	576
Burleigh	745	738	474	767	564
Cass	1,428	1,605	2,131	1,513	2,435
Cavalier	501	578	564	515	679
Dickey	358	370	504	344	577
Divide	318	312	467	289	573
Dunn	165	172	130	190	167
Eddy	156	192	286	169	344
Emmons	405	406	179	390	203
Foster	220	261	221	241	265
Grand Forks	926	994	1,674	948	1,860
Griggs	138	139	350	121	413
Hettinger	343	382	161	391	249
Kidder	247	264	233	236	260
LaMoure	364	422	723	362	809
Logan	192	200	82	185	94
Mercer	324	331	68	336	105
Morton	1,053	1,053	634	1,061	783
Mountrail	330	351	487	319	615
McHenry	660	677	950	625	1,070
McIntosh	398	428	221	390	231
McKenzie	173	198	284	185	349
McLean	435	439	782	404	931
Nelson	299	323	723	317	779
Oliver	123	121	106	125	143
Pembina	873	912	240	871	321
Pierce	255	191	490	168	633
Ramsey	494	487	776	465	888
Ransom	645	660	525	642	629
Renville	246	281	461	260	584
Richland	834	879	689	879	871
Rolette	262	268	330	248	377
Sargent	465	456	406	445	479
Stark	497	495	319	566	400
Sheridan	430	480	220	423	215
Steele	171	193	575	173	649
Stutsman	821	1,022	1,074	846	1,172
Traill	316	314	1,033	316	1,120
Towper	302	341	333	321	411
Walsh	518	565	655	552	774
Ward	663	802	1,112	1,088	1,342
Wells	489	515	644	465	772
Williams	454	476	854	433	982
Total	21,727	23,090	27,927	22,262	32,460

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Counties	Presidential Electors		Delegates to National Convention	
	Theodore Thompson	E. H. Tostevin	A. M. Christianson	J. H. Cooper
Adams	346	192	213	326
Barnes	1,399	607	619	1,362
Benson	1,048	419	474	1,008
Billings	587	517	515	565
Bottineau	944	495	611	962
Bowman	389	175	176	405
Burke	575	204	262	512
Burleigh	595	678	689	546
Cass	2,391	1,400	1,520	2,426
Cavaller	660	476	515	660
Dickey	528	342	334	568
Divide	550	295	352	525
Dunn	159	160	187	152
Eddy	334	174	187	337
Emmons	215	370	400	198
Foster	262	221	230	287
Grand Forks	1,805	922	965	1,864
Griggs	457	135	156	412
Hettinger	253	349	374	246
Kidder	250	248	236	255
LaMoure	785	342	365	791
Logan	90	177	187	108
Mercer	109	292	334	93
Morton	730	1,072	1,077	786
Mountrail	599	303	378	533
McHenry	1,050	631	825	1,072
McIntosh	232	378	379	253
McKenzie	339	188	186	333
McLean	928	383	413	856
Nelson	746	311	337	769
Oliver	131	110	121	141
Pembina	321	854	898	310
Pierce	512	190	264	527
Ramsey	867	436	466	917
Ransom	605	617	658	634
Renville	570	253	287	525
Richland	796	832	842	810
Rolette	353	233	259	369
Sargent	455	431	479	518
Stark	381	475	497	385
Sheridan	227	407	446	272
Steele	637	189	203	623
Stutsman	1,171	769	849	1,199
Traill	1,092	320	367	1,083
Towner	383	283	287	436
Walsh	730	531	568	743
Ward	1,342	636	795	1,292
Wells	733	470	487	758
Williams	977	402	466	1,012
Total	31,638	20,494	22,735	31,764

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Counties	Delegates to National Convention					
	A. E. Erickson	L. B. Garnaas	Henry Hale	Nicholas Hayes	L. P. Hyde	Aug. E. Johnson
Adams	129	303	202	177	165	344
Barnes	269	1,300	626	598	607	1,398
Benson	202	1,029	445	419	405	1,051
Billings	230	502	555	497	508	563
Bottineau	329	913	550	478	459	997
Bowman	77	379	200	180	175	410
Burke	165	570	215	199	181	559
Burleigh	251	495	724	689	661	593
Cass	523	2,209	1,917	1,390	1,430	2,363
Cavaller	233	584	513	507	482	680
Dickey	173	503	359	334	323	557
Divide	212	496	316	282	283	551
Dunn	155	144	169	163	157	161
Eddy	102	352	179	163	164	348
Emmons	111	158	406	377	386	194
Foster	102	269	219	213	221	297
Grand Forks	420	1,733	1,027	907	871	1,818
Griggs	108	381	144	129	126	408
Hettinger	169	185	363	339	322	229
Kidder	65	342	243	244	233	245
LaMoure	176	730	388	366	343	797
Logan	38	81	189	165	174	98
Mercer	62	84	333	317	314	98
Morton	275	655	1,079	1,008	1,019	746
Mountrail	234	550	323	297	306	585
McHenry	407	982	690	618	612	1,085
McIntosh	98	222	399	349	393	226
McKenzie	100	306	187	174	158	350
McLean	236	805	402	349	356	995
Nelson	154	759	322	292	296	795
Oliver	37	112	131	112	108	137
Pembina	217	241	898	852	854	305
Pierce	123	505	219	165	169	547
Ramsey	253	842	548	430	447	862
Ransom	181	542	638	612	629	603
Renville	188	508	290	252	237	562
Richland	318	740	843	792	781	820
Rolette	93	341	266	246	237	367
Sargent	160	456	452	428	429	466
Stark	156	325	491	492	479	388
Sheridan	122	223	440	419	417	252
Steele	115	589	193	172	175	635
Stutsman	296	1,113	893	827	818	1,172
Traill	211	1,084	311	288	280	1,135
Towner	187	389	316	300	276	423
Walsh	254	705	555	502	504	760
Ward	511	1,205	770	678	643	1,321
Wells	196	723	509	456	456	758
Williams	285	874	459	496	417	979
Total	9,708	29,438	22,906	20,739	20,486	32,033

Vote at Primary Election, 1910—Continued.

REPRESENTATIVES IN CONGRESS.

Counties	L. B. Hanna.....R	H. T. Helgesen..R	Tobias D. Casey D	M. A. Hildreth..D	Arthur Hagendorf S	N. H. Bjornstead S
Adams	515	498	92	113	13	17
Barnes	1,442	1,461	769	729	35	35
Benson	1,056	1,173	412	353	35	35
Billings	1,282	1,104	263	289	49	45
Bottineau	1,498	1,544	809	794	268	260
Bowman	453	405	171	161	18	16
Burke	650	524	233	176	100	89
Burleigh	1,383	1,296	563	559	36	33
Cass	3,202	2,832	1,677	1,931	97	91
Cavaller	1,451	1,410	926	987	43	44
Dickey	824	855	442	409	36	64
Dunn	457	416	205	196	15	17
Eddy	419	457	324	283	24	18
Emmons	892	872	513	511	14	10
Foster	549	547	345	335	17	16
Grand Forks	2,142	2,559	1,375	1,339	119	126
Griggs	439	547	579	431	34	35
Hettinger	603	509	130	132	10	8
Kidder	579	484	125	146	35	31
LaMoure	920	927	609	562	24	28
Logan	570	530	78	82	12	14
McHenry	1,567	1,462	928	917	78	76
McIntosh	846	833	70	62	12	9
McKenzie	542	588	308	258	74	71
McLean	1,245	1,168	437	439	115	115
Mercer	476	410	117	98	4	9
Morton	2,100	1,844	672	682	124	123
Mountrail	1,321	973	273	296	113	116
Nelson	1,052	1,143	428	382	92	87
Oliver	380	314	143	134	8	4
Pembina	1,606	1,474	1,097	1,055	13	15
Pierce	662	767	600	575	49	50
Ramsey	1,168	1,242	795	796	118	109
Ransom	1,092	1,060	341	356	37	35
Renville	890	879	367	333	117	106
Richland	1,789	1,748	1,328	1,279	23	27
Rolette	716	700	411	342	227	206
Sargent	935	928	467	440	59	59
Sheridan	824	922	207	197	10	24
Stark	896	704	441	515	32	35
Steele	648	752	254	250	16	17
Stutsman	1,396	1,386	984	1,015	22	21
Towner	806	794	447	452	40	42
Traill	1,026	1,230	329	381	24	27
Walsh	1,338	1,534	1,611	1,386	101	94
Ward	1,870	1,783	938	870	429	406
Wells	973	1,118	479	490	22	23
Williams	2,066	1,954	868	804	232	241
Total	51,646	50,600	25,880	25,322	3,225	3,179

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Counties	Delegates to National Convention						
	W. S. Lauder	H. J. Linde	F. W. Mashek	A. L. Nelson	Robt. M. Pollock	John W. Scott	Emil Scow
Adams	305	197	169	345	328	203	314
Barnes	1,332	637	569	1,406	1,415	687	1,271
Benson	972	438	376	1,033	1,003	438	955
Billings	559	513	463	575	555	552	538
Bottineau	922	520	415	1,015	913	586	860
Bowman	381	183	160	391	401	191	446
Burke	527	230	168	551	522	246	495
Burleigh	577	726	628	564	554	759	481
Cass	2,364	1,537	1,318	2,325	2,649	1,591	2,211
Cavalier	672	498	465	666	657	583	566
Dickey	603	365	340	600	560	416	520
Divide	499	326	247	563	493	327	487
Dunn	144	167	150	164	151	178	140
Eddy	318	186	153	342	331	177	316
Emmons	169	381	383	193	181	421	173
Foster	256	216	204	264	270	235	231
Grand Forks	1,760	911	824	1,801	1,800	1,082	1,669
Griggs	376	147	109	397	403	144	354
Hettinger	181	342	312	224	209	380	208
Kidder	247	244	227	248	246	250	238
LaMoure	778	381	350	781	801	393	744
Logan	104	178	175	89	96	190	87
Mercer	78	324	307	93	81	336	87
Morton	727	1,017	947	745	772	1,079	698
Mountrail	521	446	262	612	561	359	481
McHenry	992	669	524	1,015	1,021	694	902
McIntosh	311	387	391	247	227	432	228
McKenzie	314	190	159	348	322	190	298
McLean	877	401	356	911	889	443	796
Nelson	752	345	273	786	760	343	711
Oliver	117	108	112	128	114	119	123
Pembina	285	862	828	300	277	925	233
Pierce	517	200	157	540	509	212	490
Ramsey	841	457	374	874	884	488	794
Ransom	602	633	593	589	585	668	542
Renville	525	291	230	557	509	299	481
Richland	950	821	806	822	805	874	720
Rolette	357	247	224	390	357	260	321
Sargent	492	411	433	472	456	538	439
Stark	351	482	480	361	382	513	342
Sheridan	230	429	416	244	236	455	216
Steele	592	199	155	629	636	196	568
Stutsman	1,159	794	751	1,154	1,192	893	1,094
Traill	1,071	311	250	1,135	1,149	316	1,046
Towner	404	297	243	434	418	306	359
Walsh	718	532	484	749	747	558	676
Ward	1,242	808	572	1,324	1,279	768	1,176
Wells	714	508	439	750	729	503	704
Williams	883	468	358	978	923	490	858
Total	30,868	21,960	19,329	31,731	31,358	23,188	28,687

Vote at Primary Election, 1910—Continued.

JUDGES OF SUPREME COURT.

Counties	W. M. Anderson	E. T. Burke	Charles M. Cooley	S. E. Ellsworth	Charles J. Fisk	E. B. Goss
Adams	358	341	245	315	306	260
Barnes	986	2,186	590	884	959	822
Benson	1,063	1,137	475	557	758	1,009
Billings	652	892	685	769	818	554
Bottineau	1,076	1,148	933	891	1,433	1,707
Bowman	287	362	246	298	302	350
Burke	476	550	429	451	566	956
Burleigh	661	963	927	1,184	1,407	562
Cass	2,002	2,484	2,128	2,419	2,823	1,910
Cavaller	1,069	1,188	978	1,107	1,587	1,437
Dickey	512	655	562	613	680	404
Dunn	425	409	307	344	382	346
Eddy	348	545	251	627	373	307
Emmons	539	671	74	710	887	392
Foster	321	715	203	610	418	523
Grand Forks	1,452	1,642	3,102	2,517	3,652	781
Griggs	584	751	274	315	393	398
Hettinger	381	435	229	295	288	384
Kidder	306	407	375	485	460	237
LaMoure	630	1,150	502	959	838	660
Logan	260	614	157	195	458	368
McHenry	1,277	1,380	778	1,012	1,448	1,876
McIntosh	355	480	424	436	622	380
McKenzie	429	612	317	403	590	705
McLean	756	974	781	973	1,155	794
Mercer	259	340	199	238	211	302
Morton	995	1,251	1,427	1,518	1,703	888
Mountrail	771	856	420	526	652	1,606
Nelson	838	517	774	746	1,243	379
Oliver	232	228	297	312	347	171
Pembina	934	920	1,349	1,252	2,080	1,655
Pierce	709	798	424	475	744	1,016
Ramsey	1,703	846	707	667	1,121	710
Ransom	700	900	561	601	756	480
Renville	618	860	559	612	706	1,297
Richland	1,098	1,375	1,607	1,660	1,944	840
Rolette	739	708	563	487	797	912
Sargent	649	721	724	780	802	376
Sheridan	463	696	462	524	613	644
Stark	584	674	594	591	770	637
Steele	602	514	428	527	536	348
Stutsman	701	1,503	1,029	1,993	1,547	683
Towner	801	760	474	451	666	862
Trall	977	689	697	764	966	504
Walsh	1,478	1,291	1,351	1,316	2,019	1,241
Ward	1,240	1,829	800	1,093	1,265	2,885
Wells	853	1,376	452	659	729	921
Williams	1,409	1,693	959	1,139	1,757	2,587
Total	36,558	44,046	33,501	38,300	47,577	40,066

Official Vote for North Dakota. 1910—Continued.

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENTS.

Counties	Amendment to Section 158, Sale of school lands.		Amendment to Section 216, Normal School at Minot.	
	Yes		Yes	No
Adams	402	126	434	148
Barnes	1,022	922	737	1,298
Benson	898	481	877	655
Billings	895	355	930	427
Bottineau	1,686	879	1,653	706
Bowman	381	112	404	144
Burke	780	205	836	234
Burleigh	997	419	1,033	523
Cass	2,744	951	2,793	1,283
Cavaller	1,599	563	1,215	986
Dickey	740	348	680	267
Dunn	369	149	317	257
Eddy	533	136	499	210
Emmons	914	273	683	415
Foster	615	161	576	257
Grand Forks	2,314	960	2,050	1,273
Griggs	501	177	404	309
Hettinger	548	181	449	149
Kidder	422	168	430	230
LaMoure	999	345	1,023	431
Logan	376	153	355	202
McHenry	1,324	936	1,321	1,232
McIntosh	397	377	234	570
McKenzie	548	297	557	343
McLean	1,121	434	1,126	521
Mercer	301	264	299	220
Morton	1,357	1,145	1,310	1,355
Mountrail	1,285	310	1,454	358
Nelson	919	338	765	484
Oliver	339	110	294	110
Pembina	921	359	899	420
Pierce	883	303	825	425
Ramsey	1,100	634	983	799
Ransom	739	338	788	?
Renville	960	175	1,117	227
Richland	1,473	795	1,486	1,028
Rolette	700	217	726	269
Sargent	875	346	882	483
Sheridan	824	270	774	207
Stark	860	274	860	411
Steele	590	253	508	331
Stutsman	1,265	927	1,222	1,180
Towner	983	252	65	338
Traill	966	371	744	595
Walsh	1,571	814	1,262	1,210
Ward	2,365	490	3,241	318
Wells	997	399	961	551
Williams	2,082	1,088	1,911	926
Total	47,400	20,578	45,792	25,743
Plurality	26,822	.....	20,049	.....

REPUBLICAN PRIMARY VOTE, MARCH 19, 1912

Counties	President of United States		
	LaFollette	Roosevelt	Taft
Adams	371	251	16
Barnes	1,531	693	48
Benson	1,131	444	18
Billings	599	603	53
Bottineau	1,067	518	79
Bowman	437	188	8
Burke	603	222	29
Burleigh	544	795	54
Cass	2,580	1,606	164
Cavaller	667	623	55
Dickey	584	412	32
Divide	545	338	12
Dunn	155	189	4
Eddy	367	160	13
Emmons	156	447	34
Foster	285	243	27
Grand Forks	1,958	1,010	83
Griggs	463	141	9
Hettinger	243	385	13
Kidder	283	266	34
LaMoure	825	433	23
Logan	96	196	5
McHenry	1,168	731	48
McIntosh	170	481	7
McKenzie	399	182	5
McLean	1,035	431	34
Mercer	68	365	7
Morton	767	1,181	57
Mountrail	695	333	19
Nelson	884	295	21
Oliver	126	127	10
Pembina	262	988	50
Pierce	593	206	22
Ramsey	1,021	474	51
Ransom	623	696	39
Renville	595	283	21
Richland	839	886	110
Rolette	381	272	224
Sargent	496	481	37
Sheridan	241	493	14
Stark	376	564	25
Steele	666	168	25
Stutsman	1,296	882	58
Towner	467	311	27
Traill	1,188	313	26
Walsh	816	573	31
Ward	1,518	855	60
Wells	828	490	18
Williams	1,115	445	17
Total	34,123	23,669	1,876

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Counties	Vice dent Presi-	National Committeeman	
	P. J. McCumber	E. C. Cooper	Thos. Marshall
Adams	122	365
Barnes	331	1,549
Benson	226	1,165
Billings	231	759
Bottineau	305	1,061
Bowman	90	429
Burke	102	613
Burleigh	521	720
Cass	929	2,524
Cavaller	270	791
Dickey	147	759
Divide	3	190	586
Dunn	77	209
Eddy	111	351
Emmons	1	165	335
Foster	1	136	325
Grand Forks	640	1,834
Griggs	84	441
Hettinger	20	188	344
Kidder	140	329
LaMoure	188	905
Logan	147	122
McHenry	357	1,222
McIntosh	248	348
McKenzie	103	371
McLean	253	1,038
Mercer	65	321
Morton	515	1,012
Mountrail	207	607
Nelson	210	795
Oliver	35	177
Pembina	411	558
Pierce	136	560
Ramsey	26	316	1,001
Ransom	34	351	722
Renville	109	655
Richland	141	508	874
Rolette	122	421
Sargent	384	515
Sheridan	169	383
Stark	246	532
Steele	137	619
Stutsman	397	1,437
Towner	1	157	454
Traill	221	1,112
Walsh	233	893
Ward	425	1,484
Wells	1	328	845
Williams	315	1,026
Total	228	12,296	36,498

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Counties	Presidential Electors		
	H. H. Aaker	Roger Allin	D. P. Barnes
Adams	344	195	334
Barnes	1,443	653	1,406
Benson	1,118	459	1,042
Billings	555	572	575
Bottineau	1,008	578	966
Bowman	400	190	414
Burke	595	217	548
Burlingame	569	786	606
Cass	2,494	1,570	2,395
Cavaller	682	565	680
Dickey	566	404	582
Divide	580	318	534
Dunn	157	179	162
Eddy	353	191	348
Emmons	194	420	210
Foster	300	254	289
Grand Forks	1,898	1,049	1,843
Griggs	432	180	408
Hettinger	225	366	235
Kidder	266	252	250
LaMoure	800	394	781
Logan	100	202	104
McHenry	1,152	698	1,073
McIntosh	252	445	222
McKenzie	361	193	332
McLean	953	444	890
Mercer	107	344	97
Morton	773	1,087	840
Mountrail	620	356	551
Nelson	822	331	749
Oliver	120	127	135
Pembina	293	931	309
Pierce	567	214	541
Ramsey	938	547	873
Ransom	640	694	621
Renville	576	280	549
Richland	841	862	870
Rolette	374	271	367
Sargent	483	488	452
Sheridan	282	454	265
Stark	374	512	383
Steele	650	214	610
Stutsman	1,177	878	1,178
Towner	398	324	389
Trall	1,146	326	1,080
Walsh	762	691	748
Ward	1,409	746	1,313
Wells	809	531	745
Williams	1,033	482	971
Total	32,991	23,464	31,865

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Counties	Presidential Electors				
	M. Breen	C. S. Buck	F. W. Cathro	S. M. Ferris	Gilbert Johnson
Adams	204	221	298	200	360
Barnes	615	651	1,218	607	1,388
Benson	424	435	952	415	1,070
Billings	532	549	476	578	593
Bottineau	530	508	978	471	1,017
Bowman	188	194	366	196	404
Burke	198	239	469	211	576
Burleigh	745	738	474	767	564
Cass	1,428	1,605	2,131	1,513	2,435
Cavaller	501	578	564	515	679
Dickey	358	370	504	344	577
Divide	318	312	467	289	573
Dunn	165	172	130	190	167
Eddy	156	192	286	169	344
Emmons	405	406	179	390	203
Foster	220	261	221	241	265
Grand Forks	926	994	1,674	948	1,860
Griggs	138	139	350	121	413
Hettinger	343	382	161	391	249
Kidder	247	264	233	236	280
LaMoure	364	422	723	362	809
Logan	192	200	82	185	94
Mercer	324	331	68	336	105
Morton	1,053	1,053	634	1,061	783
Mountrail	330	351	487	319	615
McHenry	660	677	950	625	1,070
McIntosh	398	428	221	390	231
McKenzie	173	198	284	185	349
McLean	435	439	782	404	931
Nelson	299	323	723	317	779
Oliver	123	121	106	125	143
Pembina	873	912	240	871	321
Pierce	255	191	490	168	533
Ramsey	494	487	776	465	888
Ransom	645	660	525	642	629
Renville	246	281	461	260	584
Richland	834	879	689	879	871
Rolette	262	268	330	248	377
Sargent	465	456	406	445	479
Stark	497	495	319	566	400
Sheridan	430	480	220	423	215
Steele	171	193	575	173	649
Stutsman	821	1,022	1,074	846	1,172
Traill	316	314	1,033	316	1,120
Towper	302	341	333	321	411
Walsh	518	565	655	552	774
Ward	663	802	1,112	1,088	1,342
Wells	489	515	644	465	772
Williams	454	476	854	433	982
Total	21,727	23,090	27,927	22,262	32,460

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Counties	Presidential Electors		Delegates to National Convention	
	Theodore Thompson	E. H. Tostevin	A. M. Christianson	J. H. Cooper
Adams	346	192	213	326
Barnes	1,399	607	619	1,362
Benson	1,048	419	474	1,008
Billings	587	517	515	565
Bottineau	944	495	611	962
Bowman	389	175	176	405
Burke	575	204	262	512
Burleigh	595	678	689	546
Cass	2,391	1,400	1,520	2,426
Cavaller	660	476	515	660
Dickey	528	342	334	568
Divide	550	295	352	525
Dunn	159	160	187	152
Eddy	334	174	187	337
Emmons	215	370	400	198
Foster	262	221	230	287
Grand Forks	1,805	922	965	1,864
Griggs	457	135	156	412
Hettinger	253	349	374	246
Kidder	250	248	236	255
LaMoure	785	342	365	791
Logan	90	177	187	108
Mercer	109	292	334	93
Morton	730	1,072	1,077	786
Mountrail	599	303	378	533
McHenry	1,050	631	825	1,072
McIntosh	232	378	379	253
McKenzie	339	188	186	333
McLean	928	383	413	856
Nelson	746	311	337	769
Oliver	131	110	121	141
Pembina	321	854	898	310
Pierce	512	190	264	527
Ramsey	867	436	466	917
Ransom	605	617	658	634
Renville	570	253	287	525
Richland	796	832	842	810
Rolette	353	233	259	369
Sargent	455	431	479	518
Stark	381	475	497	385
Sheridan	227	407	446	272
Steele	637	189	203	623
Stutsman	1,171	769	849	1,199
Traill	1,092	320	367	1,083
Towner	383	283	287	436
Walsh	730	531	568	743
Ward	1,342	636	795	1,292
Wells	733	470	487	758
Williams	977	402	466	1,012
Total	31,638	20,494	22,735	31,764

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Counties	Delegates to National Convention					
	A. E. Erickson	L. B. Garnaas	Henry Hale	Nicholas Hayes	L. P. Hyde	Aug. E. Johnson
Adams	129	303	202	177	165	344
Barnes	269	1,300	626	598	607	1,398
Benson	202	1,029	445	419	405	1,051
Billings	230	502	555	497	508	563
Bottineau	329	913	550	478	459	997
Bowman	77	379	200	180	175	410
Burke	165	570	215	199	181	559
Burleigh	251	495	724	689	661	593
Cass	523	2,209	1,917	1,390	1,430	2,363
Cavaller	233	584	513	507	482	680
Dickey	173	503	359	334	323	557
Divide	212	496	316	282	283	551
Dunn	155	144	169	163	157	161
Eddy	102	352	179	163	164	348
Emmons	111	158	406	377	386	194
Foster	102	269	219	213	221	297
Grand Forks	420	1,733	1,027	907	871	1,818
Griggs	108	381	144	129	126	408
Hettinger	169	185	363	339	322	229
Kidder	65	342	243	244	233	245
LaMoure	176	730	388	366	343	797
Logan	38	81	189	165	174	98
Mercer	62	84	333	317	314	98
Morton	275	655	1,079	1,008	1,019	746
Mountrail	234	550	323	297	306	585
McHenry	407	982	690	618	612	1,085
McIntosh	98	222	399	349	393	226
McKenzie	100	306	187	174	158	350
McLean	236	805	402	349	356	995
Nelson	154	759	322	292	296	795
Oliver	37	112	131	112	108	137
Pembina	217	241	898	852	854	305
Pierce	123	505	219	165	169	547
Ramsey	253	842	548	430	447	862
Ransom	181	542	638	612	629	603
Renville	188	508	290	252	237	562
Richland	318	740	843	792	781	820
Rolette	93	341	266	246	237	367
Sargent	160	456	452	428	429	466
Stark	156	325	491	492	479	388
Sheridan	122	223	440	419	417	252
Steele	115	589	193	172	175	635
Stutsman	296	1,113	893	827	818	1,172
Trall	211	1,084	311	288	280	1,135
Towner	187	389	316	300	276	423
Walsh	254	705	555	502	504	760
Ward	511	1,205	770	678	643	1,321
Wells	196	723	509	456	456	758
Williams	285	874	459	496	417	979
Total	9,708	29,438	22,906	20,739	20,486	32,033

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Counties	Delegates to National Convention					
	Torger Sinness	Smith Stimmel	P. O. Thorson	O. T. Tofsrud	T. Twichell	Alfred White
Adams	179	190	344	325	312	216
Barnes	568	591	1,420	1,288	1,363	648
Benson	513	398	1,038	1,027	982	448
Billings	495	515	544	525	415	495
Bottineau	466	443	978	923	914	555
Bowman	160	171	409	373	389	186
Burke	201	176	557	513	506	343
Burleigh	683	666	555	501	538	749
Cass	1,328	1,595	2,330	2,201	2,555	1,499
Cavaller	488	445	673	582	581	502
Dickey	311	327	560	516	535	347
Divide	276	261	558	508	491	308
Dunn	172	158	155	143	137	184
Eddy	175	148	338	320	317	179
Emmons	367	396	190	160	171	376
Foster	205	215	242	241	259	237
Grand Forks	876	872	1,857	1,722	1,749	972
Griggs	138	123	415	384	372	147
Hettinger	332	332	229	206	175	393
Kidder	221	233	256	232	252	253
LaMoure	340	344	796	729	763	395
Logan	176	182	93	81	94	195
Mercer	300	323	108	81	87	326
Morton	979	1,007	751	678	718	1,100
Mountrail	316	268	614	542	492	317
McHenry	549	586	1,062	1,001	1,007	661
McIntosh	380	393	232	231	329	414
McKenzie	164	159	349	322	304	179
McLean	380	372	901	798	839	442
Nelson	309	290	792	746	723	324
Oliver	111	117	128	123	123	127
Pembina	836	860	276	239	273	895
Pierce	187	170	529	559	495	171
Ramsey	426	418	871	802	849	483
Ransom	610	612	598	557	566	655
Renville	236	235	551	512	495	280
Richland	774	797	808	766	762	854
Rolette	235	219	365	333	337	256
Sargent	430	410	476	450	464	465
Stark	478	505	375	340	340	543
Sheridan	394	416	216	203	226	443
Steele	166	183	628	603	611	186
Stutsman	773	825	1,144	1,112	1,177	868
Traill	314	296	1,139	1,115	1,084	315
Towner	275	270	419	373	399	331
Walsh	532	512	760	106	738	556
Ward	651	605	1,293	1,203	1,196	756
Wells	479	465	743	712	698	516
Williams	423	400	940	887	889	481
Total	20,377	20,294	31,605	29,494	29,991	22,571

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Counties	Delegates to National Convention						
	W. S. Lauder	H. J. Linde	F. W. Mashek	A. L. Nelson	Robt. M. Pollock	John W. Scott	Emil Scow
Adams	305	197	169	345	328	203	314
Barnes	1,332	637	569	1,406	1,415	687	1,271
Benson	972	438	376	1,033	1,003	438	955
Billings	559	513	463	575	555	552	538
Bottineau	922	520	415	1,015	913	586	860
Bowman	381	183	160	391	401	191	446
Burke	527	230	168	551	522	246	495
Burleigh	577	726	628	564	554	759	481
Cass	2,364	1,537	1,318	2,325	2,649	1,591	2,211
Cavaller	672	498	465	666	657	583	566
Dickey	603	365	340	600	560	416	520
Divide	499	326	247	563	493	327	487
Dunn	144	167	150	164	151	178	140
Eddy	318	186	153	342	331	177	316
Emmons	169	381	383	193	181	421	173
Foster	256	216	204	264	270	235	231
Grand Forks	1,760	911	824	1,801	1,800	1,082	1,669
Griggs	376	147	109	397	403	144	354
Hettinger	181	342	312	224	209	380	208
Kidder	247	244	227	248	246	250	238
LaMoure	778	381	350	781	801	393	744
Logan	104	178	175	89	96	190	87
Mercer	78	324	307	93	81	336	87
Morton	727	1,017	947	745	772	1,079	698
Mountrail	521	446	262	612	561	359	481
McHenry	992	669	524	1,015	1,021	694	902
McIntosh	311	387	391	247	227	432	228
McKenzie	314	190	159	348	322	190	298
McLean	877	401	356	911	889	443	796
Nelson	752	345	273	786	760	343	711
Oliver	117	108	112	128	114	119	123
Pembina	285	862	828	300	277	925	233
Pierce	517	200	157	540	509	212	490
Ramsey	841	457	374	874	884	488	794
Ransom	602	633	593	589	585	668	542
Renville	525	291	230	557	509	299	481
Richland	950	821	806	822	805	874	720
Rolette	357	247	224	390	357	260	321
Sargent	492	411	433	472	456	538	439
Stark	351	482	480	361	382	513	342
Sheridan	230	429	416	244	236	455	216
Steele	592	199	155	629	636	196	568
Stutsman	1,159	794	751	1,154	1,192	893	1,094
Traill	1,071	311	250	1,135	1,149	316	1,046
Towner	404	297	243	434	418	306	359
Walsh	718	532	484	749	747	558	676
Ward	1,242	808	572	1,324	1,279	768	1,176
Wells	714	508	439	750	729	503	704
Williams	883	468	358	978	923	490	858
Total	30,868	21,960	19,329	31,731	31,358	23,188	28,687

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY VOTE, MARCH 19, 1912

Counties	Presi- dent	National Committeeman					
	John Burke	John Bruegger	Geo. E. Duls	Fred W. McLean	H. H. Perry	F. A. Willson	Ben G. Whitehead
Adams	48	4	2	8	12	18	4
Barnes	175	30	42	15	23	32	30
Benson	69	26	17	10	5	6	7
Billings	95	17	11	13	12	27	16
Bottineau	317	158	41	27	23	61	20
Bowman	46	12	7	9	7	15	10
Burleigh	180	29	46	22	20	26	48
Burke	84	25	11	24	6	16	10
Cass	434	114	85	110	47	84	36
Cavaller	421	46	64	273	33	49	8
Dickey	279	15	9	5	380	7	6
Divide	84	34	18	14	12	7	13
Dunn	60	14	17	6	8	16	15
Eddy	103	20	47	10	2	23	11
Emmons	214	113	9	4	15	21	52
Foster	150	28	94	7	10	14	18
Grand Forks	523	78	403	47	22	35	14
Griggs	128	32	14	10	9	90	14
Hettinger	57	20	11	3	11	23	13
Kidder	35	6	3	8	9	6	7
LaMoure	199	23	24	12	108	32	9
Logan	17	3	.....	.....	.....	6	9
Mercer	24	7	4	2	2	3	12
Morton	230	101	30	20	19	41	29
Mountrail	61	22	10	8	4	12	14
McHenry	401	164	56	35	34	68	48
McIntosh	25	8	2	4	3	4	.....
McKenzie	47	37	4	1	4	3	4
McLean	101	29	14	4	17	15	27
Nelson	85	36	25	5	8	8	4
Oliver	30	10	11	3	7	5	9
Pembina	489	51	55	130	17	306	9
Pierce	308	110	67	39	35	29	13
Ramsey	228	28	96	22	17	54	37
Ransom	124	34	14	13	36	23	7
Renville	129	38	52	16	13	19	16
Richland	754	253	102	67	119	167	62
Rolette	166	29	37	59	11	25	18
Sargent	195	31	16	10	117	20	8
Stark	236	91	32	19	19	44	47
Sheridan	53	18	10	3	14	24	5
Steele	51	15	5	8	5	12	9
Stutsman	320	96	81	24	32	46	34
Traill	67	22	18	3	11	13	1
Towner	162	46	41	40	22	38	5
Walsh	693	268	168	47	77	142	27
Ward	296	75	79	40	44	54	37
Wells	107	30	32	7	6	17	13
Williams	257	194	17	9	11	15	66
Total	9,357	2,690	2,053	1,265	1,468	1,821	922

Democratic Primary Vote, 1912—Continued

Counties	Presidential Electors					Delegates to Nat'l Convention		
	D. I. Armstrong	E. S. Cameron	Thomas C. Kelly	A. B. Kerlin	M. D. Williams	J. W. Boeling	W. E. Byerly	Edward W. Conm.
Adams	41	42	47	47	40	23	17	17
Barnes	178	181	182	180	178	87	93	87
Benson	69	71	69	70	70	45	42	40
Billings	101	99	99	99	100	49	55	58
Bottineau	334	331	333	327	337	89	123	139
Bowman	53	49	49	48	52	20	18	18
Burleigh	187	190	190	186	187	86	97	85
Burke	89	84	88	82	87	50	44	46
Cass	439	434	445	436	432	211	201	228
Cavaller	423	425	433	423	420	228	235	277
Dickey	262	264	264	264	268	121	135	122
Divide	88	91	92	88	92	48	50	47
Dunn	73	73	76	74	75	35	36	35
Eddy	112	112	117	109	112	52	46	56
Emmons	215	217	215	214	214	157	97	164
Foster	162	160	166	160	162	74	67	67
Grand Forks	506	501	525	500	508	264	239	346
Griggs	157	155	159	153	158	40	35	40
Hettinger	76	75	77	76	75	35	35	29
Kidder	40	40	40	40	40	20	23	25
LaMoure	196	195	199	193	206	94	92	89
Logan	17	17	17	17	18	3	7	4
Mercer	34	32	33	34	32	19	13	19
Morton	226	216	222	219	220	128	195	119
Mountrail	67	64	66	68	66	38	32	37
McHenry	400	396	403	399	398	217	271	190
McIntosh	23	22	24	23	22	10	11	10
McKenzie	50	49	50	49	50	22	24	18
McLean	108	109	108	111	111	60	61	55
Nelson	85	84	87	83	85	42	39	37
Oliver	40	40	39	39	42	26	26	22
Pembina	504	506	508	495	503	213	226	406
Pierce	303	293	296	292	294	193	162	173
Ramsey	228	223	244	234	224	92	95	98
Ransom	131	126	129	128	126	62	61	72
Renville	141	148	146	140	146	77	75	85
Richland	716	741	726	721	725	389	381	346
Rolette	167	168	173	172	170	90	84	89
Sargent	202	201	201	199	204	101	94	97
Stark	241	236	242	236	238	105	124	105
Sheridan	63	62	64	63	64	36	36	28
Steele	53	52	54	55	55	18	21	20
Stutsman	312	312	317	306	323	149	137	141
Traill	63	63	67	61	63	28	27	33
Towner	187	185	187	181	188	79	95	80
Walsh	628	641	655	637	647	481	314	383
Ward	318	317	322	312	318	159	166	173
Wells	96	95	96	94	99	50	55	49
Williams	271	270	275	266	372	150	146	137
Total	9,475	9,457	9,616	9,403	9,516	4,966	4,678	5,041

Democratic Primary Vote, 1912—Continued

Counties	Delegates to National Convention						
	S. J. Doyle	W. A. Fulkerson	Edward J. Hughes	Willis A. Joy	J. Nelson Kelly	Frank Lish	O. G. Major
Adams	27	18	28	25	30	21	21
Barnes	100	70	113	76	108	95	101
Benson	50	41	36	31	33	29	32
Billings	63	39	65	55	67	65	52
Bottineau	219	161	183	153	207	184	149
Bowman	22	14	21	17	22	25	18
Burke	56	35	55	47	49	37	46
Burleigh	119	81	109	84	117	100	89
Cass	292	172	264	214	299	234	291
Cavaller	252	228	226	249	263	198	256
Dickey	155	116	152	125	159	152	139
Divide	56	39	61	47	53	46	51
Dunn	34	28	58	41	46	72	43
Eddy	105	48	76	62	72	62	67
Emmons	152	76	154	77	147	152	86
Foster	153	66	88	75	97	73	81
Grand Forks	303	180	281	383	469	218	263
Griggs	122	33	114	39	133	122	58
Hettinger	44	34	49	48	51	56	43
Kidder	23	22	27	23	27	17	16
LaMoure	128	97	133	90	138	92	126
Logan	10	5	10	6	11	4	11
Mercer	14	19	18	18	17	19	14
Morton	140	104	163	124	175	152	139
Mountrail	45	28	43	34	50	31	35
McHenry	256	241	218	197	253	204	165
McIntosh	16	9	10	6	19	11	17
McKenzie	21	15	27	19	29	28	24
McLean	66	37	65	48	61	52	66
Nelson	58	42	31	56	66	40	46
Oliver	26	32	32	26	31	31	17
Pembina	270	222	280	345	348	207	255
Pierce	185	167	159	153	176	141	198
Ramsey	129	196	103	109	156	94	109
Ransom	82	52	83	74	81	66	77
Renville	96	79	100	77	95	70	76
Richland	394	351	395	411	452	424	352
Rolette	119	80	101	101	121	79	85
Sargent	121	85	110	119	124	115	129
Stark	130	104	205	115	148	244	109
Sheridan	39	42	44	32	42	31	44
Steele	33	24	41	27	41	34	55
Stutsman	221	147	204	159	212	142	172
Traill	41	28	43	39	47	26	40
Towner	108	120	90	95	138	109	81
Walsh	354	271	378	370	459	358	384
Ward	200	162	198	171	184	133	177
Wells	71	49	67	53	57	56	53
Williams	156	131	162	136	154	140	112
Total	5,876	4,440	5,673	5,081	6,334	5,091	5,060

Democratic Primary Vote, 1912—Continued

Counties	Delegates to National Convention						
	C. A. Mansfield	Carl Nelson	M. H. O'Hara	W. P. Porterfield	W. E. Purcell	Frank Reed	W. L. Walton
Adams	20	18	22	14	26	29	28
Barnes	93	86	86	102	136	116	96
Benson	29	32	33	39	51	49	43
Billings	53	60	63	55	72	76	66
Bottineau	220	204	212	192	260	238	211
Bowman	26	22	18	19	26	21	21
Burke	51	40	58	49	58	53	42
Burleigh	98	89	120	104	142	175	95
Cass	226	250	201	366	356	300	208
Cavaller	216	227	204	201	310	283	233
Dickey	146	130	141	126	200	153	160
Divide	65	40	55	37	67	57	53
Dunn	40	35	38	34	43	53	47
Eddy	52	52	53	42	82	75	70
Emmons	148	87	80	153	168	157	94
Foster	85	73	91	61	122	100	101
Grand Forks	221	250	289	193	400	285	226
Griggs	127	137	35	121	136	141	129
Hettinger	51	46	51	46	53	53	50
Kidder	23	25	18	22	24	26	23
LaMoure	101	119	98	130	139	135	107
Logan	10	11	11	10	12	9	12
Mercer	23	19	17	17	21	26	22
Morton	128	83	117	104	159	154	131
Mountrail	39	33	47	32	50	44	34
McHenry	194	198	215	225	274	279	324
McIntosh	13	16	14	13	21	13	14
McKenzie	45	27	29	34	33	30	26
McLean	63	54	61	48	87	71	61
Nelson	47	48	51	42	72	53	47
Oliver	25	21	20	21	26	32	34
Pembina	249	280	213	254	335	268	329
Pierce	168	106	157	179	208	207	190
Ramsey	101	160	115	93	160	128	115
Ransom	72	63	73	69	95	79	85
Renville	77	73	109	68	98	85	74
Richland	402	428	361	431	642	495	394
Rolette	86	108	89	69	118	118	116
Sargent	112	117	127	108	166	132	116
Stark	138	132	99	118	143	138	144
Sheridan	32	29	32	26	42	38	44
Steele	30	33	29	29	41	22	19
Stutsman	186	184	175	173	240	219	185
Traill	41	36	33	39	50	44	32
Towner	109	172	81	105	110	129	96
Walsh	291	339	340	328	438	396	315
Ward	186	142	210	165	211	209	159
Wells	54	39	47	36	66	64	67
Williams	231	144	145	124	208	180	164
Total	5,243	5,117	4,983	5,066	6,997	6,237	5,452

REPUBLICAN PRIMARY VOTE, JUNE 26, 1912**Representative in Congress—First District**

Counties	H. T. Helgesen
Cass	2,309
Cavaller	1,306
Grand Forks	1,555
Nelson	1,102
Pembina	571
Ranisey	1,383
Ransom	1,205
Richland	1,088
Sargent	871
Steele	595
Towner	692
Traill	1,358
Walsh	987
Total	14,752

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Representative In Congress—Second District

Counties	Geo. M. Young		H. J. Bessesen		Frank White		John H. Kirk		Wm. P. Tuttle	
Choice	First	Sec.	First	Sec.	First	Sec.	First	Sec.	First	Sec.
Barnes	1,018	122	175	60	553	189	27	27	149	69
Benson	653	66	462	136	116	89	226	101	259	114
Bottineau	282	131	205	75	46	83	473	124	241	109
Burleigh	394	83	170	22	119	75	99	50	820	72
Dickey	550	89	136	57	80	45	37	21	298	50
Eddy	227	50	115	51	37	41	75	29	117	39
Emmons	223	63	123	35	81	41	61	50	388	36
Foster	163	36	96	27	65	29	45	20	130	40
Griggs	185	53	101	32	36	30	51	20	55	16
Kidder	160	79	89	44	30	35	9	15	493	50
LaMoure	458	93	147	70	133	60	47	35	185	64
Logan	172	49	110	17	55	14	57	14	379	29
McHenry	583	168	281	124	109	88	174	108	327	128
McIntosh	433	127	234	158	80	61	79	31	266	47
Pierce	280	66	173	61	54	23	85	36	144	47
Rolette	189	70	106	65	26	16	104	53	165	45
Sheridan	187	118	198	97	62	78	58	58	416	71
Stutsman	555	165	212	88	157	145	149	108	994	156
Wells	175	135	861	86	59	77	88	71	258	134
Total	6,887	1,863	3,994	1,375	1,898	1,219	1,943	971	6,084	1,316

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Representative In Congress—Third District

Counties	Alfred Blalsdell		N. Davis		Jos. M. Devine		P. D. Norton		L. A. Simpson	
	Choice	First	Sec.	First	Sec.	First	Sec.	First	Sec.	First	Sec.
Adams	120	69	76	76	45	78	384	44	164	66
Billings	152	183	91	122	61	105	620	195	649	140
Bowman	118	84	71	64	55	95	398	76	222	76
Burke	224	115	80	72	125	99	133	111	59	58
Divide	288	154	149	125	220	118	322	198	82	82
Dunn	74	32	30	18	9	7	223	47	355	26
Hettinger	215	89	84	58	53	42	266	101	591	60
McKenzie	99	67	66	52	73	119	353	91	175	48
McLean	274	160	102	79	106	135	606	114	176	99
Mercer	70	67	25	30	28	23	218	61	304	41
Morton	249	127	167	100	64	68	696	162	1,329	141
Mountrail	401	110	130	55	196	66	157	93	112	56
Oliver	117	27	12	21	27	20	148	35	110	18
Renville	172	73	137	78	169	93	139	115	13	27
Stark	72	43	17	24	28	14	71	55	1,058	13
Ward	586	270	595	237	533	300	224	173	78	96
Williams	262	153	156	116	185	141	544	154	165	108
Total	3,493	1,823	1,988	1,327	1,977	1,523	5,502	1,825	5,622	1,155

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued
Governor

Counties	Jas. A. Buchanan		L. B. Hanna		C. A. Johnson		H. N. Midtbo	
	Choice	First	Sec.	First	Sec.	First	Sec.	First	Sec.
Adams	259	87	366	80	141	88	14	26
Barnes	778	97	844	87	267	137	31	45
Benson	892	120	591	130	288	181	37	100
Billings	460	243	1,000	136	159	275	12	77
Bottineau	460	125	398	92	375	157	40	65
Bowman	478	78	318	60	55	176	12	62
Burke	286	87	220	144	141	112	25	70
Burleigh	612	98	849	70	206	96	21	49
Cass	1,273	188	1,549	121	118	171	33	134
Cavaller	612	68	358	91	132	113	17	56
Dickey	691	59	237	61	169	82	35	61
Divide	385	165	507	140	208	219	30	110
Dunn	112	38	484	22	68	50	6	8
Eddy	327	38	193	39	61	59	12	27
Emmons	265	61	424	61	184	68	28	24
Foster	252	29	200	34	56	44	5	13
Grand Forks	802	135	531	127	266	140	54	81
Griggs	279	20	112	39	53	43	10	25
Hettinger	248	107	679	58	140	117	18	25
Kidder	279	64	385	66	95	75	16	13
LaMoure	605	64	274	67	114	80	20	81
Logan	175	37	343	31	145	53	32	67
McHenry	569	137	799	142	223	171	27	70
McIntosh	474	81	400	88	142	93	71	98
McKenzie	324	110	392	78	86	104	23	34
McLean	596	127	505	136	196	188	27	71
Mercer	92	73	505	38	59	79	17	20
Morton	554	171	1,751	100	267	171	31	52
Mountrail	286	88	539	96	203	97	24	58
Nelson	591	48	304	47	317	80	21	43
Oliver	103	34	228	19	95	29	6	13
Pembina	199	42	348	37	66	39	17	8
Pierce	363	69	241	62	147	46	23	34
Ramsey	744	62	558	67	271	77	26	44
Ransom	614	65	486	41	228	75	37	98
Renville	262	87	216	95	155	107	26	41
Richland	448	134	665	121	278	187	27	62
Rolette	253	54	257	50	102	78	16	29
Sargent	461	98	396	89	145	131	37	101
Sheridan	261	127	549	74	91	110	47	65
Stark	244	40	850	27	124	43	16	16
Steele	399	32	173	28	91	40	16	30
Stutsman	1,107	171	822	180	150	156	23	77
Towner	337	54	314	49	152	63	25	20
Traill	913	50	264	48	239	73	35	39
Walsh	468	62	339	62	238	83	49	42
Ward	581	292	614	268	780	273	56	157
Wells	578	107	524	113	295	151	58	75
Williams	551	167	613	151	189	176	27	110
Total	22,902	4,590	24,515	4,063	8,770	5,456	1,316	2,726

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Counties	Attorney General								
	Aaron J. Bessie		Andrew Miller		B. W. Shaw		C. A. M. Spencer		
	Choice	First	Sec.	First	Sec.	First	Sec.	First	Sec.
Adams	65	38	351	45	162	82	129	62	
Barnes	214	52	1,033	47	288	99	202	57	
Benson	248	91	780	67	316	109	293	129	
Billings	123	107	712	138	410	204	235	163	
Bottineau	185	87	643	82	224	109	190	81	
Bowman	47	50	506	48	206	120	76	100	
Burke	60	49	319	95	152	100	85	88	
Burleigh	167	68	1,035	31	310	67	136	54	
Cass	304	84	1,466	82	567	140	311	117	
Cavaller	106	49	677	48	127	107	136	97	
Dickey	84	31	700	74	152	58	101	62	
Divide	167	120	471	131	225	171	153	113	
Dunn	47	13	266	26	184	34	96	24	
Eddy	57	22	328	30	95	35	83	38	
Emmons	81	29	423	46	216	56	109	36	
Foster	56	21	234	18	146	36	55	25	
Grand Forks	119	63	793	95	375	158	250	130	
Griggs	39	15	257	19	75	31	50	32	
Hettinger	82	29	392	68	307	91	171	77	
Kidder	89	23	291	50	196	56	124	37	
LaMoure	90	60	593	44	153	63	120	54	
Logan	79	20	328	21	258	31	88	30	
McHenry	214	67	892	93	261	137	223	93	
McIntosh	119	86	596	81	232	116	116	67	
McKenzie	212	70	317	58	153	82	113	65	
McLean	104	84	835	99	158	116	109	130	
Mercer	48	26	382	48	153	70	76	41	
Morton	133	79	650	132	1,525	105	181	107	
Mountrail	242	62	422	74	167	77	143	53	
Nelson	115	26	764	34	141	51	136	55	
Oliver	22	17	192	19	144	16	39	22	
Pembina	43	13	241	24	101	31	194	30	
Pierce	114	21	393	29	113	57	83	42	
Ramsey	314	36	840	16	168	57	190	53	
Ransom	104	29	637	39	365	59	158	62	
Renville	82	35	316	57	129	82	72	80	
Richland	373	87	573	133	260	154	149	122	
Rolette	146	37	291	32	76	42	55	53	
Sargent	138	72	607	87	139	81	130	112	
Sheridan	121	82	509	76	136	95	109	85	
Stark	192	13	396	27	395	28	125	33	
Steele	57	17	410	15	116	28	62	34	
Stutsman	196	83	979	103	502	150	292	143	
Towner	279	35	289	42	121	38	84	39	
Traill	114	20	838	29	280	33	136	42	
Walsh	62	19	389	79	122	53	490	46	
Ward	408	164	864	170	378	272	236	193	
Wells	190	69	635	88	323	102	223	90	
Williams	614	130	450	182	155	116	119	118	
Total	7,265	2,600	27,310	3,171	11,957	4,205	7,236	3,616	

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Counties	Com'r of Insurance	Com'r of Agriculture and Labor	
	W. C. Taylor	W. C. Gilbreath	A. E. Hutchinson
Adams	683	419	294
Barnes	1,639	1,053	660
Benson	1,476	499	1,172
Billings	1,357	865	580
Bottineau	1,126	616	544
Bowman	750	399	412
Burke	562	389	209
Burleigh	1,508	1,178	453
Cass	2,474	1,569	1,070
Cavaller	991	513	535
Dickey	996	473	569
Divide	959	610	430
Dunn	570	425	177
Eddy	516	262	286
Emmons	733	588	219
Foster	456	285	196
Grand Forks	1,487	930	617
Griggs	394	244	172
Hettinger	927	655	321
Kidder	664	403	268
LaMoure	903	464	497
Logan	703	503	230
McHenry	1,356	849	553
McIntosh	998	441	598
McKenzie	714	451	306
McLean	1,146	691	469
Mercer	650	468	192
Morton	2,198	1,604	820
Mountrail	901	651	298
Nelson	1,090	637	485
Oliver	355	276	117
Pembina	558	405	178
Pierce	643	271	329
Ramsey	1,413	800	665
Ransom	1,196	610	643
Renville	554	326	281
Richland	1,301	886	490
Rolette	532	347	209
Sargent	974	601	428
Sheridan	831	585	354
Stark	1,002	745	323
Steele	604	370	263
Stutsman	1,817	1,161	806
Towner	685	433	305
Traill	1,267	693	643
Walsh	988	639	370
Ward	1,702	1,152	665
Wells	1,287	838	501
Williams	1,251	739	550
Total	49,947	31,111	21,852

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Counties	Commissioners of Railroads							
	J. G. Brown		John T. Charmley		O. P. N. Anderson		Robert Clendenning	
Choice	First	Sec.	First	Sec.	First	Sec.	First	Sec.
Adams	120	63	36	21	222	20	35	25
Barnes	250	36	133	21	490	38	624	35
Benson	237	99	94	50	739	62	174	46
Billings	237	128	76	99	356	115	111	76
Bottineau	185	82	99	38	434	43	99	49
Bowman	112	89	51	46	335	53	85	60
Burke	98	73	86	63	197	61	64	58
Burleigh	232	67	372	54	531	54	209	60
Cass	1,018	99	154	58	622	112	527	95
Cavaller	140	74	68	52	541	35	116	65
Dickey	189	38	70	24	334	29	82	22
Divide	158	145	116	85	352	127	99	86
Dunn	94	18	30	9	134	14	43	8
Eddy	61	28	40	13	230	26	50	17
Emmons	178	44	176	42	247	38	128	38
Foster	55	18	29	9	131	14	107	15
Grand Forks	243	90	129	75	748	85	147	80
Griggs	48	11	34	7	209	23	94	13
Hettinger	126	41	239	25	161	45	86	29
Kidder	110	20	41	11	136	37	62	16
LaMoure	102	38	59	25	301	35	128	25
Logan	185	18	70	17	126	16	110	18
McHenry	219	86	105	46	433	63	103	55
McIntosh	146	60	100	101	244	84	84	50
McKenzie	99	60	64	37	253	34	60	37
McLean	202	97	90	67	348	106	110	78
Mercer	151	50	57	47	196	57	54	47
Morton	579	146	417	122	645	120	282	116
Mountrail	122	47	98	30	372	43	80	27
Nelson	118	37	83	18	532	23	91	15
Oliver	81	11	28	9	87	16	35	12
Pembina	111	23	42	13	173	13	74	12
Pierce	116	38	58	25	296	26	51	23
Ramsey	133	29	163	21	818	28	223	24
Ransom	233	26	110	26	360	34	135	21
Renville	114	70	90	45	227	55	79	43
Richland	244	142	109	92	407	102	135	87
Rolette	119	50	45	28	187	32	43	29
Sargent	197	110	113	82	361	67	110	79
Sheridan	294	132	131	116	292	117	128	128
Stark	280	25	90	14	204	14	101	12
Steele	112	26	45	10	236	15	60	14
Stutsman	334	138	138	78	408	141	511	105
Towner	109	28	79	21	272	26	51	15
Traill	121	24	81	20	709	32	70	20
Walsh	173	36	80	25	385	44	115	36
Ward	280	200	394	107	529	135	207	154
Wells	262	61	103	42	387	50	191	63
Williams	217	137	111	78	449	78	110	76
Total	9,344	3,208	5,226	3,334	17,476	2,637	6,473	2,414

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Counties	Commissioners of Railroads								
	Ambrose Olson		W. H. Stutsman		J. T. Purcell		E. M. Nelson		
	Choice	First	Sec.	First	Sec.	First	Sec.	First	Sec.
Adams	101	32	169	32	148	34	89	34	
Barnes	198	48	418	40	462	54	317	47	
Benson	293	78	533	74	314	100	306	115	
Billings	172	125	353	112	265	120	237	140	
Bottineau	189	66	328	53	276	69	251	79	
Bowman	125	78	325	54	135	82	93	85	
Burke	167	73	179	70	143	59	132	82	
Burleigh	182	53	520	67	513	55	238	65	
Cass	237	64	695	77	1,051	98	317	70	
Cavaller	111	80	487	47	172	86	121	81	
Dickey	143	33	338	46	310	30	155	28	
Divide	270	128	243	121	163	124	257	141	
Dunn	79	16	124	16	86	15	116	10	
Eddy	92	31	209	23	116	33	113	27	
Emmons	200	48	339	43	237	60	193	47	
Foster	58	18	150	18	166	25	77	16	
Grand Forks	230	95	478	87	489	110	312	95	
Griggs	68	22	122	18	92	9	103	21	
Hettinger	100	37	195	42	103	47	162	50	
Kidder	99	28	176	29	153	38	115	29	
LaMoure	106	41	354	46	357	42	142	44	
Logan	96	19	169	22	155	23	117	12	
McHenry	236	72	349	83	375	84	234	71	
McIntosh	152	163	444	60	124	119	240	119	
McKenzie	77	60	188	39	135	61	117	47	
McLean	181	99	341	101	257	97	254	103	
Mercer	87	33	292	43	104	60	102	58	
Morton	351	126	1,329	93	674	160	540	149	
Mountrail	186	47	190	40	203	48	189	56	
Nelson	202	29	335	23	297	26	248	43	
Oliver	59	16	139	24	52	13	80	21	
Pembina	81	19	221	11	177	27	114	14	
Pierce	140	33	206	29	144	24	156	25	
Ramsey	161	29	431	45	370	43	214	39	
Ransom.....	209	42	302	21	385	40	228	51	
Renville	129	53	158	54	162	58	124	58	
Richland	241	157	270	145	552	120	557	130	
Rolette	76	23	153	35	108	35	116	35	
Sargent	160	85	269	100	360	96	211	100	
Sheridan	184	115	356	107	228	125	.....	.....
Stark	131	18	344	13	280	20	173	16	
Steele	106	27	212	23	185	22	143	19	
Stutsman	205	110	771	99	643	103	327	111	
Towner	85	25	222	27	188	24	136	27	
Traill	239	38	407	22	362	35	332	39	
Walsh	195	39	241	30	250	38	294	52	
Ward	445	161	364	165	465	166	350	175	
Wells	246	55	337	61	269	82	297	62	
Williams	227	98	307	120	352	102	251	135	
Total	8,107	2,985	16,082	2,750	13,607	3,141	9,990	3,073	

Republican Primary Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued

Counties	Commissioners of Railroads	
	W. H. Mann	
Choice	First	Sec.
Adams	175	38
Barnes	475	44
Benson	564	61
Billings	499	95
Bottineau	363	69
Bowman	367	60
Burke	162	74
Burleigh	733	50
Cass	800	129
Cavaller	540	55
Dickey	356	43
Divide	266	128
Dunn	157	17
Eddy	169	24
Emmons	313	35
Foster	156	20
Grand Forks	489	114
Griggs	127	18
Hettinger	226	45
Kidder	241	32
LaMoure	336	44
Logan	413	17
McHenry	510	96
McIntosh	735	46
McKenzie	260	47
McLean	516	115
Mercer	505	29
Morton	1,523	103
Mountrail	244	44
Nelson	409	30
Oliver	261	14
Pembina	238	18
Pierce	258	28
Ramsey	688	27
Ransom	344	40
Renville	146	74
Richland	416	114
Rolette	183	35
Sargent	355	102
Sheridan	505	77
Stark	610	19
Steele	233	18
Stutsman	786	125
Towner	335	31
Traill	453	26
Walsh	313	44
Ward	493	188
Wells	423	60
Williams	370	106
Total	20,039	2,967

NON-PARTISAN JUDICIARY PRIMARY VOTE, 1912**Official Abstract of Votes Cast at the Primary Election Held June 26, 1912.**

Counties	Judges of the Supreme Court	
	A. A. Bruce	J. E. Robinson
Adams	381	388
Barnes	1,113	866
Benson	975	848
Billings	809	920
Bottineau	772	680
Bowman	450	480
Burke	379	319
Burleigh	1,156	697
Cass	1,492	1,591
Cavalier	959	963
Dickey	756	529
Divide	555	565
Dunn	366	382
Eddy	405	286
Emmons	816	387
Foster	404	282
Grand Forks	1,656	1,228
Griggs	379	232
Hettinger	517	585
Kidder	349	486
LaMoure	631	568
Logan	427	389
McHenry	1,185	751
McIntosh	654	447
McKenzie	370	481
McLean	663	846
Mercer	335	369
Morton	1,399	1,081
Mountrail	549	497
Nelson	671	649
Oliver	224	270
Pembina	656	350
Pierce	578	446
Ramsey	1,020	763
Ransom	731	754
Renville	389	358
Richland	1,203	1,041
Rolette	436	354
Sargent	809	510
Sheridan	575	472
Stark	736	684
Steele	375	295
Stutsman	1,344	876
Towner	504	534
Trall	831	637
Walsh	1,082	577
Ward	1,123	980
Wells	820	760
Williams	1,119	1,038
Total	36,128	30,441

Non-Partisan Judiciary Primary Vote, 1912—Continued

FIRST DISTRICT

Counties	Chas. F. Templeton	John W. Ogren
Grand Forks	1,759	1,139
Nelson	1,038	325
Total	2,797	1,464

SECOND DISTRICT

Counties	C. W. Buttz	John F. Cowan
Benson	1,217	880
Ramsey	968	1,143
Rolette	571	374
Towner	625	581
Total	3,381	2,978

THIRD DISTRICT

Counties	Chas. A. Pollock
Cass	2,864
*Steele	577
†Traill	1,494
Total	4,935

Scattering, * 1; † 9.

FOURTH DISTRICT

Counties	Frank P. Allen	Chas. E. Wolfe
Dickey	1,031	259
McIntosh	652	496
Ransom	1,124	422
Richland	1,129	1,251
Sargent	890	484
Total	4,826	2,912

FIFTH DISTRICT

Counties	J. A. Coffey	Lee Combs
Barnes	1,216	1,065
Eddy	629	124
Foster	547	210
Griggs	397	285
LaMoure	932	365
Logan	697	218
Stutsman	2,082	469
Wells	991	719
Total	7,491	3,455

SIXTH DISTRICT

Non-Partisan Judiciary Primary Vote, 1912—Continued

Counties	W. H. Winchester	W. L. Nuessle
Burleigh	1,143	863
Emmons	564	757
Kidder	491	445
McLean	474	1,193
Sheridan	324	843
Total	2,996	4,101

SEVENTH DISTRICT

Counties	W. F. Kneeshaw	G. M. Price
Cavaller	1,115	880
Pembina	888	229
Walsh	1,237	504
Total	3,240	1,613

EIGHTH DISTRICT

Counties	E. K. Leighton
Burke	683
Divide	1,074
Renville	707
*Ward	2,078
Total	4,542

*Scattering 5.

NINTH DISTRICT

Counties	E. C. Bowen	A. G. Burr
Bottineau	653	916
McHenry	513	1,461
Pierce	415	680
Total	1,581	3,057

TENTH DISTRICT

Counties	W. C. Crawford
Adams	789
Billings	1,747
*Bowman	903
Dunn .....	.....
Hettinger	1,152
Stark	1,502
Total	6,092

*Scattering 5.

Non-Partisan Judiciary Primary Vote, 1912—Continued

ELEVENTH DISTRICT	
Counties	Frank E. Fisk
Mountrail	1,091
McKenzie	863
Williams	1,469
Total	3,423

TWELFTH DISTRICT		
Counties	S. L. Nuchols	J. E. Beum
Mercer	687	.....
Morton	2,516	.....
Oliver	478	10
Total	3,681	10

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY VOTE, JUNE, 1912.

Democratic Primary Vote, 1912—Continued

Counties	Representatives in Congress			State Auditor	State Treas.	Atty. Gen.	Sec. of State
	V. R. Lovell	J. A. Minckler	H. L. Halvorson	Frank Shanley	Frank Lish	John F. Sullivan	E. P. Totten
Adams .....	.....	.....	45	47	53	48	47
Barnes .....	.....	190	.....	194	202	197	198
Benson .....	.....	103	.....	104	103	102	103
Billings .....	.....	.....	127	141	142	139	133
Bottineau .....	.....	262	.....	264	267	265	269
Bowman .....	.....	.....	66	73	62	67	68
Burke .....	.....	.....	71	77	79	78	77
Burleigh .....	.....	185	.....	198	201	195	201
Cass	345	.....	.....	349	346	339	341
Cavaller	356	.....	.....	363	341	371	363
Dickey .....	.....	183	.....	187	190	193	190
Divide .....	.....	.....	95	93	91	92	95
Dunn .....	.....	.....	119	109	124	115	110
Eddy .....	.....	105	.....	101	103	100	101
Emmons .....	.....	315	.....	329	322	321	321
Foster .....	.....	183	.....	187	187	190	189
Grand Forks	339	.....	.....	350	339	354	352
Griggs .....	.....	159	.....	161	157	153	151
Hettinger .....	.....	.....	107	125	127	125	127
Kidder .....	.....	45	.....	49	45	47	48
LaMoure .....	.....	217	.....	213	217	219	218
Logan .....	.....	15	.....	14	15	15	15
McHenry .....	.....	381	.....	399	390	408	391
McIntosh .....	.....	16	.....	15	15	15	17
McKenzie .....	.....	.....	48	58	61	58	60
McLean .....	.....	.....	136	136	144	135	140
Mercer .....	.....	.....	46	60	58	57	59
Morton .....	.....	.....	315	313	317	324	311
Mountrail .....	.....	.....	53	56	56	54	54
Nelson	103	.....	.....	107	105	102	103
Oliver .....	.....	.....	53	58	56	57	53
Pembina	389	.....	.....	410	404	407	412
Pierce .....	.....	256	.....	281	373	277	276
Ramsey	261	.....	.....	272	274	264	269
Ransom	141	.....	.....	145	138	137	137
Renville .....	.....	.....	101	112	111	111	111
Richland	732	.....	.....	757	748	750	748
Rolette .....	.....	138	.....	152	151	154	146
Sargent	204	.....	.....	213	216	217	211
Sheridan .....	.....	85	.....	89	88	86	89
Stark .....	.....	.....	295	318	371	321	309
Steele	42	.....	.....	46	47	41	48
Stutsman .....	.....	310	.....	323	326	317	329
Towner	212	.....	.....	240	231	214	215
Traill	77	.....	.....	79	81	78	82
Walsh	545	.....	.....	526	521	532	529
Ward .....	.....	.....	247	261	254	261	258
Wells .....	.....	135	.....	147	145	138	141
Williams .....	.....	.....	192	195	191	193	191
Total	3,746	3,283	2,116	9,496	9,585	9,433	9,406

OFFICIAL VOTE OF NORTH DAKOTA
(November 5, 1912)
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS

Counties	REPUBLICAN				
	W. M. Anderson	F. W. Cathro	A. P. Paulson	O. J. Seller	Geo. H. Stone
Adams	205	205	204	204	205
Barnes	570	569	574	570	572
Benson	515	515	515	515	515
Billings	671	669	670	669	670
Bottineau	700	700	700	700	703
Bowman	302	300	300	300	300
Burke	264	263	263	263	262
Burleigh	720	719	720	719	719
Cass	1,316	1,316	1,316	1,316	1,316
Cavaller	561	561	562	561	562
Dickey	494	492	492	492	493
Divide	404	401	403	400	406
Dunn	285	285	285	285	285
Eddy	199	199	199	199	199
Emmons	410	409	410	409	402
Foster	285	285	285	285	285
Grand Forks.....	955	951	954	952	952
Griggs	144	142	142	142	142
Hettinger	442	440	440	440	438
Kidder	322	318	318	318	318
LaMoure	436	435	438	438	438
Logan	269	269	269	269	269
Mercer	147	147	147	147	147
Morton	1,011	1,011	1,011	1,011	1,011
Mountrail	407	407	408	408	408
McHenry	589	588	587	588	590
McIntosh	202	202	202	202	202
McKenzie	285	268	270	268	268
McLean	505	500	500	500	503
Nelson	448	447	448	448	447
Oliver	131	131	131	132	131
Pembina	615	615	615	615	615
Pierce	264	264	264	264	264
Ramsey	739	731	730	731	730
Ransom	495	495	495	495	495
Renville	224	224	225	223	223
Richland	1,034	1,034	1,034	1,034	1,034
Rolette	339	339	340	339	338
Sargent	605	605	605	605	605
Stark	387	387	387	388	387
Sheridan	306	306	306	306	306
Steele	237	237	237	237	237
Stutsman	757	755	755	757	756
Traill	365	365	365	365	365
Towner	352	352	352	353	353
Walsh	586	585	585	585	586
Ward	686	682	684	682	683
Wells	256	356	356	356	356
Williams	549	547	551	548	549
Total	23,090	23,023	23,049	23,033	23,047

Official Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS

Counties	DEMOCRATIC					PROHIBITIONIST				
	D. I. Armstrong	E. S. Cameron	Thos. C. Kelly	A. B. Kerlin	M. D. Williams	P. M. Calderwood	Geo. Lippman	John Little	E. E. Saunders	F. B. Stevenson
Adams	249	248	248	249	248	27	27	27	27	27
Barnes	940	939	941	939	939	48	48	48	48	48
Benson	594	594	594	594	594	48	48	48	48	48
Billings	547	547	547	547	547	25	25	25	25	26
Bottineau ...	825	830	828	825	827	47	47	47	47	47
Bowman	361	361	361	361	361	15	15	15	15	15
Burke	308	308	309	308	308	21	21	21	21	21
Burleigh	609	608	608	608	608	16	16	16	16	16
Cass	1,814	1,814	1,814	1,814	1,814	56	56	56	56	56
Cavaller	932	932	932	932	932	23	23	23	23	23
Dickey	723	723	723	723	723	12	12	12	12	12
Divide	375	375	376	374	374	15	15	15	15	15
Dunn	246	246	246	246	246	5	5	5	5	5
Eddy	376	376	376	376	376	11	11	11	11	11
Emmons	524	524	524	524	524	15	15	15	15	15
Foster	403	403	403	403	404	11	11	12	11	11
Grand Forks.	1,492	1,491	1,495	1,491	1,492	45	45	45	45	45
Griggs	434	434	434	434	434	38	38	38	38	38
Hettinger ...	381	379	380	380	379	14	14	14	14	14
Kidder	218	219	219	219	219	19	19	19	19	19
LaMoure	588	588	588	587	589	15	15	15	15	15
Logan	146	146	145	146	145	4	4	4	4	4
Mercer	142	142	142	142	142	6	6	6	6	6
Morton	1,017	1,017	1,017	1,017	1,017	44	44	44	44	44
Mountrail ...	301	307	307	307	307	18	18	18	18	18
McHenry	959	958	958	958	959	29	29	29	29	29
McIntosh	125	125	125	125	125	4	4	4	4	4
McKenzie ...	293	286	286	286	286	10	10	10	10	10
McLean	583	581	581	581	583	31	31	31	31	32
Nelson	526	526	525	525	525	38	38	38	38	38
Oliver	139	139	139	139	139	14	14	14	14	14
Pembina	975	975	975	975	975	53	53	53	53	53
Pierce	453	453	453	453	453	27	27	27	27	27
Ramsey	917	917	918	918	919	18	18	18	18	18
Ransom	490	490	490	490	490	31	31	31	31	31
Renville	420	420	421	421	421	17	16	16	16	16
Richland	1,380	1,380	1,380	1,380	1,380	46	46	46	46	46
Rolette	396	395	398	398	396	27	27	27	27	27
Sargent	641	641	641	641	641	19	19	19	19	19
Stark	678	678	679	679	679	8	8	8	9	8
Sheridan	170	170	170	170	170	7	7	7	7	7
Steele	253	253	253	253	253	16	16	16	16	16
Stutsman ...	1,100	1,099	1,100	1,100	1,104	28	28	28	28	24
Traill	507	507	507	507	507	39	39	39	39	39
Towner	532	532	530	531	530	21	20	20	20	20
Walsh	1,206	1,206	1,206	1,204	1,205	37	37	37	37	37
Ward	1,071	1,070	1,071	1,070	1,071	67	67	67	67	67
Wells	494	494	494	494	494	13	13	13	13	13
Williams	696	696	697	696	696	45	45	45	45	44
Total	29,555	29,542	29,554	29,540	29,550	1,243	1,241	1,232	1,242	1,238

Official Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS

Official Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued
REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS
First District.

Counties	H. T. Helgesen..R	V. R. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	
Cass	2,476	1,687	138	.....
Cavaller	1,311	824	76	.....
Grand Forks.....	2,198	1,094	190	.....
Nelson	1,062	353	173	.....
Pembina.....	1,309	877	36	.....
Ramsey	1,325	672	143	.....
Ransom	1,011	343	28	.....
Richland	1,585	1,334	29	.....
Sargent	978	495	79	.....
Steele	641	162	62	.....
Traill	1,162	306	57	.....
Towner	683	390	111	.....
Walsh	1,415	1,072	188	.....
Total	17,156	9,609	1,310	.....

Official Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued
REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS
Second District.

Counties	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	Scattering
Barnes	1,525	516	98	4
Benson	1,227	458	105	3
Bottineau	1,319	668	416	.....
Burleigh	1,285	395	82	.....
Dickey	870	646	60	.....
Eddy	566	266	35	1
Emmons	786	457	19	.....
Foster	515	326	24	9
Griggs	482	321	71	.....
Kidder	550	110	59	.....
LaMoure	862	424	63	.....
Logan	493	90	30	.....
McHenry	1,311	718	278	.....
McIntosh	845	84	34	.....
Pierce	580	353	226	.....
Rolette	674	305	185	.....
Sheridan	618	120	22	.....
Stutsman	1,425	847	79	43
Wells	979	322	36	.....
Total	16,912	7,426	1,922	60

Official Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued
REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS
Third District.

Counties	P. D. Norton...R	Hal. Halvorsen..D	Arthur LeSeuer..S	Scattering
Adams	448	287	83	5
Billings	1,172	146	455	.....
Bowman	615	273	119	.....
Burke	454	221	431	.....
Divide	905	344	193	1
Dunn	598	232	45	.....
Hettinger	654	466	45	.....
Mercer	482	130	75	.....
Morton	1,930	1,199	325	.....
Mountrail	665	283	522	.....
McKenzie	511	234	239	.....
McLean	878	394	380	.....
Oliver	282	109	177	.....
Renville	475	348	382	.....
Stark	780	805	55	.....
Ward	1,158	1,237	1,027	.....
Williams	928	598	701	.....
Total	12,935	7,306	5,254	6

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY VOTE, JUNE, 1912.

Counties	Governor		Lieut. Gov.	Com'r of Ins.	Com'r Agri & Labor	Com'rs of Railroads		
	F. O. Hellstrom	Geo. P. Jones	F. L. Brandt	C. S. Whittlesey	A. Morrison	Olof O. Bjorke	Chas. D. Perry	Jas. W. McHose
Adams	22	30	48	35	37	23	29	21
Barnes	120	90	198	189	193	101	133	123
Benson	47	69	103	96	94	58	68	71
Billings	98	42	140	121	131	43	76	58
Bottineau	118	166	274	256	261	137	194	150
Bowman	29	40	68	67	65	28	40	30
Burke	27	60	76	72	71	51	53	50
Burlingame	155	64	210	211	192	136	153	129
Cass	193	176	357	339	330	196	239	244
Cavalier	246	145	369	351	344	324	344	306
Dickey	75	123	189	180	177	77	127	87
Divide	26	77	91	89	90	47	78	51
Dunn	61	47	110	108	106	61	78	60
Eddy	64	49	100	98	94	52	74	61
Emmons	229	127	316	294	278	276	292	280
Foster	112	82	189	180	177	97	129	94
Grand Forks	212	172	358	330	340	318	339	321
Griggs	129	48	169	149	147	116	107	88
Hettinger	33	79	119	114	115	43	72	55
Kidder	27	19	47	43	45	18	32	22
LaMoure	40	198	222	204	202	121	150	108
Logan	5	12	16	13	14	10	8	7
McHenry	171	226	391	377	384	183	269	204
McIntosh	7	8	17	15	15	4	11	5
McKenzie	29	31	61	58	52	23	45	30
McLean	92	52	142	126	128	80	89	79
Mercer	32	32	56	53	56	28	35	27
Morton	128	195	320	311	299	259	276	269
Mountrail	29	33	56	50	49	25	32	29
Nelson	51	50	105	100	100	64	84	64
Oliver	22	39	55	53	52	30	37	32
Pembina	327	116	408	394	375	241	317	249
Pierce	121	148	284	274	272	157	193	186
Ramsey	168	103	271	252	256	139	170	141
Ransom	63	82	137	134	138	69	84	73
Renville	51	67	116	108	106	56	72	60
Richland	428	371	772	721	720	659	598	649
Rolette	97	67	151	137	144	72	106	85
Sargent	139	189	218	210	210	191	203	183
Sheridan	49	41	89	83	...	61	72	...
Stark	125	221	309	297	295	170	226	189
Steele	36	15	46	44	42	22	33	19
Stutsman	190	148	326	309	310	275	292	280
Towner	145	98	219	201	204	89	152	102
Traill	52	34	78	73	74	38	59	53
Walsh	283	254	541	501	519	340	376	358
Ward	100	172	257	248	249	133	195	161
Wells	84	59	143	135	133	72	94	83
Williams	72	135	199	191	180	167	174	167
Total	5,159	4,901	9,536	8,994	8,865	5,980	7,109	6,193

Official Vote of North Dakota, General Election 1912--Continued

OFFICIAL VOTE OF NORTH DAKOTA
(November 5, 1912)
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS

Counties	REPUBLICAN				
	W. M. Anderson	F. W. Cathro	A. P. Paulson	O. J. Seller	Geo. H. Stone
Adams	205	205	204	204	205
Barnes	570	569	574	570	572
Benson	515	515	515	515	515
Billings	671	669	670	669	670
Bottineau	700	700	700	700	703
Bowman	302	300	300	300	300
Burke	264	263	263	263	262
Burleigh	720	719	720	719	719
Cass	1,316	1,316	1,316	1,316	1,316
Cavaller	561	561	562	561	562
Dickey	494	492	492	492	493
Divide	404	401	403	400	406
Dunn	285	285	285	285	285
Eddy	199	199	199	199	199
Emmons	410	409	410	409	402
Foster	285	285	285	285	285
Grand Forks.....	955	951	954	952	952
Griggs	144	142	142	142	142
Hettinger	442	440	440	440	438
Kidder	322	318	318	318	318
LaMoure	436	435	438	438	438
Logan	269	269	269	269	269
Mercer	147	147	147	147	147
Morton	1,011	1,011	1,011	1,011	1,011
Mountrail	407	407	408	408	408
McHenry	589	588	587	588	590
McIntosh	202	202	202	202	202
McKenzie	285	268	270	268	268
McLean	505	500	500	500	503
Nelson	448	447	448	448	447
Oliver	131	131	131	132	131
Pembina	615	615	615	615	615
Pierce	264	264	264	264	264
Ramsey	739	731	730	731	730
Ransom	495	495	495	495	495
Renville	224	224	225	223	223
Richland	1,034	1,034	1,034	1,034	1,034
Rolette	339	339	340	339	338
Sargent	605	605	605	605	605
Stark	387	387	387	388	387
Sheridan	306	306	306	306	306
Steele	237	237	237	237	237
Stutsman	757	755	755	757	756
Traill	365	365	365	365	365
Towner	352	352	352	353	353
Walsh	586	585	585	585	586
Ward	686	682	684	682	683
Wells	256	356	356	356	356
Williams	549	547	551	548	549
Total	23,090	23,023	23,049	23,033	23,047

Official Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS

Counties	DEMOCRATIC					PROHIBITIONIST				
	D. I. Armstrong	E. S. Cameron	Thos. C. Kelly	A. B. Kerlin	M. D. Williams	P. M. Calderwood	Geo. Lippman	John Little	E. E. Saunders	F. B. Stevenson
Adams	249	248	248	249	248	27	27	27	27	27
Barnes	940	939	941	939	939	48	48	48	48	48
Benson	594	594	594	594	594	48	48	48	48	48
Billings	547	547	547	547	547	25	25	25	25	26
Bottineau	825	830	828	825	827	47	47	47	47	47
Bowman	361	361	361	361	361	15	15	15	15	15
Burke	308	308	309	308	308	21	21	21	21	21
Burleigh	609	608	608	608	608	16	16	16	16	16
Cass	1,814	1,814	1,814	1,814	1,814	56	56	56	56	56
Cavaller	932	932	932	932	932	23	23	23	23	23
Dickey	723	723	723	723	723	12	12	12	12	12
Divide	375	375	376	374	374	15	15	15	15	15
Dunn	246	246	246	246	246	5	5	5	5	5
Eddy	376	376	376	376	376	11	11	11	11	11
Emmons	524	524	524	524	524	15	15	15	15	15
Foster	403	403	403	403	404	11	11	12	11	11
Grand Forks ..	1,492	1,491	1,495	1,491	1,492	45	45	45	45	45
Griggs	434	434	434	434	434	38	38	38	38	38
Hettinger	381	379	380	380	379	14	14	14	14	14
Kidder	218	219	219	219	219	19	19	19	19	19
LaMoure	588	588	588	587	589	15	15	15	15	15
Logan	146	146	145	146	145	4	4	4	4	4
Mercer	142	142	142	142	142	6	6	6	6	6
Morton	1,017	1,017	1,017	1,017	1,017	44	44	44	44	44
Mountrail	301	307	307	307	307	18	18	18	18	18
McHenry	959	958	958	958	959	29	29	29	29	29
McIntosh	125	125	125	125	125	4	4	4	4	4
McKenzie	293	286	286	286	286	10	10	10	10	10
McLean	583	581	581	581	583	31	31	31	31	32
Nelson	526	526	525	525	525	38	38	38	38	38
Oliver	139	139	139	139	139	14	14	14	14	14
Pembina	975	975	975	975	975	53	53	53	53	53
Pierce	453	453	453	453	453	27	27	27	27	27
Ramsey	917	917	918	918	919	18	18	18	18	18
Ransom	490	490	490	490	490	31	31	31	31	31
Renville	420	420	421	421	421	17	16	16	16	16
Richland	1,380	1,380	1,380	1,380	1,380	46	46	46	46	46
Rolette	396	395	398	398	396	27	27	27	27	27
Sargent	641	641	641	641	641	19	19	19	19	19
Stark	678	678	679	679	679	8	8	8	9	8
Sheridan	170	170	170	170	170	7	7	7	7	7
Steele	253	253	253	253	253	16	16	16	16	16
Stutsman	1,100	1,099	1,100	1,100	1,104	28	28	28	28	24
Traill	507	507	507	507	507	39	39	39	39	39
Towner	532	532	530	531	530	21	20	20	20	20
Walsh	1,206	1,206	1,206	1,204	1,205	37	37	37	37	37
Ward	1,071	1,070	1,071	1,070	1,071	67	67	67	67	67
Wells	494	494	494	494	494	13	13	13	13	13
Williams	696	696	697	696	696	45	45	45	45	44
Total	29,555	29,542	29,554	29,540	29,550	1,243	1,241	1,232	1,242	1,238

Official Vote of North Dakota, General Election 1912—Continued
COMMISSIONER OF RAILROADS

Official Vote of North Dakota, General Election 1912—Continued

Non-Partisan

JUDGE OF SUPREME COURT

Counties	Andrew A. Bruce	J. E. Robinson
Adams	363	350
Barnes	1,074	834
Benson	1,004	713
Billings	786	679
Bottineau	1,291	851
Bowman	559	396
Burke	538	403
Burleigh	1,326	416
Cass	2,200	2,171
Cavaller	1,121	827
Dickey	802	492
Divide	813	584
Dunn	383	338
Eddy	477	275
Emmons	833	380
Foster	404	343
Grand Forks	2,554	952
Griggs	506	269
Hettinger	611	417
Kidder	402	348
LaMoure	647	513
Logan	305	224
Mercer	402	233
Morton	1,802	1,081
Mountrail	694	517
McHenry	1,355	831
McIntosh	584	342
McKenzie	531	367
McLean	929	752
Nelson	762	609
Oliver	227	252
Pembina	1,536	605
Pierce	639	435
Ramsey	1,259	680
Ransom	737	580
Renville	668	431
Richland	1,557	1,202
Rolette	558	472
Sargent	748	640
Stark	742	500
Sheridan	474	376
Steele	483	326
Stutsman	1,398	790
Traill	889	552
Towner	601	497
Walsh	1,434	887
Ward	1,974	987
Wells	902	483
Williams	1,105	699
Total	43,989	28,901

Official Vote of North Dakota, General Election 1912—Continued

CONSTITUTIONAL AMENDMENT

Counties	Section 158		Section 91		Grain Elevators	
	Yes	No	Yes	No	Yes	No
Adams	544	182	376	342	673	122
Barnes	1,317	576	743	1,159	1,595	502
Benson	983	538	569	1,046	1,235	450
Billings	1,044	513	722	806	1,247	407
Bottineau	786	1,447	1,508	668	1,894	447
Bowman	670	285	307	635	830	204
Burke	565	356	284	621	749	225
Burleigh	904	494	595	881	1,146	410
Cass	2,863	1,055	1,645	2,297	3,196	946
Cavaller	1,374	594	772	1,247	1,623	492
Dickey	850	377	545	678	1,054	258
Divide	1,027	273	590	663	1,225	195
Dunn	582	173	338	372	627	125
Eddy	556	155	336	394	643	138
Emmons	684	286	530	579	882	276
Foster	614	194	352	456	694	163
Grand Forks	1,951	1,049	1,303	1,743	2,241	1,034
Griggs	506	200	235	522	683	139
Hettinger	661	301	424	531	780	270
Kidder	485	177	293	348	564	138
LaMoure	874	307	537	623	1,043	230
Logan	409	161	242	308	437	142
Mercer	418	184	205	395	458	160
Morton	1,842	1,217	1,009	1,930	1,960	1,207
Mountrail	939	346	487	823	1,160	256
McHenry	1,434	708	754	1,416	1,733	599
McIntosh	396	543	185	759	279	676
McKenzie	680	252	397	507	833	150
McLean	1,113	473	619	1,027	1,349	371
Nelson	885	380	458	797	999	342
Oliver	390	134	215	310	444	108
Pembina	1,348	543	757	1,211	1,544	524
Pierce	701	296	323	731	842	259
Ramsey	1,299	531	786	1,039	1,544	474
Ransom	843	340	528	659	1,052	276
Renville	745	323	429	648	1,012	182
Richland	1,572	1,078	691	1,707	1,573	983
Rolette	877	201	408	620	728	266
Sargent	901	445	496	817	1,047	378
Stark	1,064	429	595	840	1,148	386
Sheridan	517	229	232	533	569	196
Steele	533	250	264	550	680	188
Stutsman	1,598	795	725	1,498	1,554	826
Traill	874	517	460	988	1,076	415
Towner	791	246	513	504	951	218
Walsh	1,384	964	772	1,564	1,632	809
Ward	1,927	872	1,030	1,700	2,390	639
Wells	990	325	553	774	1,141	295
Williams	1,407	557	755	1,149	1,729	368
Total	47,717	22,871	27,892	42,415	56,488	18,864

VOTE BY PRECINCTS IN EACH COUNTY, 1912

ADAMS

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	P. D. Norton....R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeSueur...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Beisigl	12	2	....	10	3	....	1
South Fork.....	24	9	1	20	11	....	3
North Lemmon.....	9	8	4	11	9	4	....
Spring Butte.....	26	7	1	23	6	1	3
Cedar Butte.....	22	5	3	21	5	2	3
Jordan	10	2	4	9	2	3	....
Orange	18	5	2	16	8	1	....
Dakota	12	4	5	13	2	4	1
Giltraps	19	17	....	22	11	....	2
Clermont	17	10	....	18	5	....	4
Kansas City.....	20	17	....	20	15	....	1
Chandler	10	9	....	9	8	1	2
Cedar	38	20	2	39	9	....	13
Duck Creek.....	12	15	1	17	8	1	4
Scott	12	14	3	20	8	1	1
Hettinger Township.....	13	11	....	19	3	....	2
Village of Hettinger.....	66	55	1	75	28	3	15
Holt	14	6	3	17	2	2	4
Darling Springs.....	5	3	3	5	3	....	3
Wolf Butte.....	11	10	7	21	4	3	1
Bucyrus	17	5	19	19	3	17	10
Holden	1	6	7	3	5	6	4
Lightning Creek.....	7	7	7	3	5	3	7
Reeder Township.....	18	8	2	20	4	1	6
Village of Reeder.....	11	13	2	20	7	1	3
Lemmon	9	9	4	14	6	3	3
Whetstone	7	....	2	5	2	2	....
Village of Haynes.....	8	10	....	11	5	....	3
Total	448	287	83	505	187	99	79

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued
BARNES

Precinct		Representative in Congress			Governor			
		Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
No. 1	.....	18	16	.....	16	22	.....	1
No. 2	.....	16	10	1	6	17	1	2
No. 3	.....	21	5	2	12	10	2	5
No. 4	.....	25	12	.....	8	25	.....	5
No. 5	.....	13	5	1	6	10	1	2
No. 6	.....	10	20	1	9	23	1	3
No. 7	.....	10	7	.....	8	8	.....	2
No. 8	.....	34	15	.....	15	29	.....	2
No. 9	.....	11	4	.....	4	9	.....	2
No. 10	.....	14	3	.....	11	5	.....	2
No. 11	.....	15	.....	.....	11	2	.....	2
No. 12	.....	34	.....	.....	35	1	.....	3
No. 13	.....	17	4	.....	15	9	.....	1
No. 14	.....	15	14	.....	9	26	.....	.....
No. 15	.....	21	6	.....	8	14	.....	5
No. 16	.....	22	5	.....	13	11	.....	4
No. 17	.....	19	6	1	5	18	1	3
No. 18	.....	30	6	.....	15	22	.....	.....
No. 19	.....	33	12	2	21	19	2	3
No. 20	.....	18	6	5	10	10	4	3
No. 21	.....	21	1	.....	15	4	.....	6
No. 22	.....	19	7	1	17	12	1	3
No. 23	.....	17	8	.....	12	15	.....	2
No. 24	.....	46	19	.....	46	20	.....	2
No. 25	.....	10	23	.....	10	26	.....	.....
No. 26	.....	21	5	.....	17	13	.....	1
No. 27	.....	19	3	.....	14	7	.....	1
No. 28	.....	18	14	1	10	18	1	3
No. 29	.....	15	6	2	9	7	2	5
No. 30	.....	16	13	1	12	17	1	.....
No. 31	.....	10	3	.....	8	5	.....	1
No. 32	.....	18	6	1	7	15	.....	3
No. 33	.....	21	4	1	14	6	1	8
No. 34	.....	25	1	5	16	3	5	11
No. 35	.....	24	9	1	16	16	.....	4
No. 36	.....	33	25	4	36	27	5	7
No. 37	.....	24	11	2	20	18	1	2
No. 38	.....	39	11	1	16	29	1	15
No. 39	.....	48	7	20	43	10	19	8
No. 40	.....	24	8	3	10	16	3	12
No. 41	.....	12	5	3	4	12	2	5
No. 42	.....	21	5	.....	13	8	.....	5
No. 43	.....	69	9	13	38	30	13	14
No. 44	.....	81	21	4	49	43	3	14
No. 45	.....	136	16	3	92	59	2	20
No. 46	.....	128	19	2	77	48	1	19
No. 47	.....	33	20	2	17	33	2	5
No. 48	.....	46	27	1	24	44	1	11
No. 49	.....	40	10	.....	10	34	.....	10
No. 50	.....	52	31	8	46	33	7	14
No. 51	.....	28	5	4	17	14	4	6
No. 52	.....	15	8	2	11	14	2	2
Total		1525	516	98	983	946	89	269

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

BENSON

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna...R	F. O. Hellstrom...D	A. E. Bowen...S	W. D. Sweet...P
Aurora	37	6	1	32	10	.....	11
Albert	45	6	2	9	28	1	24
Arne	36	.....	.....	18	11	.....	8
Broe	18	5	9	13	7	8	11
Brinsmade	17	17	1	17	18	.....	5
Butte Alley.....	28	4	1	15	12	.....	8
Beaver	35	2	.....	23	4	.....	8
Eldon	27	1	2	21	4	1	11
East Bay.....	7	3	.....	9	3	.....	.....
Esmond township.....	25	5	4	18	3	6	9
Esmond village.....	46	13	3	36	11	3	18
Grahams Island.....	10	2	3	11	1	3	.....
Hesper	34	5	3	20	10	3	12
Irvine	30	11	1	21	16	.....	9
Isabel	28	5	6	12	19	4	13
Iowa	3	12	1	4	9	2	2
Impark	25	8	7	16	5	6	8
Knox township.....	10	20	4	11	17	3	2
Knox village.....	4	37	2	12	27	2	1
Leeds township.....	35	10	.....	26	13	.....	8
Leeds city.....	62	37	1	62	40	.....	12
Lake Ibsen.....	22	1	1	12	2	2	14
Lallie	20	8	.....	20	6	.....	1
Minco	14	2	1	13	3	1	.....
McClellan	15	4	4	14	9	3	3
Mission	13	35	.....	40	15	.....	.....
Maddock	46	5	3	31	16	3	13
Minnewaukan	64	22	6	72	12	4	13
Normania	46	9	.....	35	14	.....	8
North Viking.....	29	7	.....	14	14	.....	10
North Fork.....	6	11	.....	1	16	.....	4
Oberon	71	17	2	39	25	1	30
Pleasant Lake.....	16	24	2	17	21	1	2
Riggin	21	6	3	20	5	3	3
Rich Valley.....	22	5	2	8	11	2	11
Rock	25	9	2	12	19	2	9
South Viking.....	23	4	.....	7	7	.....	16
South Side.....	14	3	5	13	11	5	1
Fort Totten.....	23	9	.....	23	9	.....	4
Twin Lake.....	12	8	1	12	7	1	5
West Antelope.....	25	5	1	16	7	1	9
West Bay.....	23	4	2	21	4	2	5
Wood Lake.....	18	12	7	26	14	7	.....
Warwick	45	17	5	46	22	5	4
York	52	22	7	50	30	2	13
Total	1227	458	105	968	567	87	358

DEMOCRATIC PRIMARY VOTE, JUNE, 1912.

Counties	Governor		Lieut. Gov.	Com'r of Ins.	Com'r Agri & Labor	Com'rs of Railroads		
	F. O. Hellstrom	Geo. P. Jones	F. L. Brandt	C. S. Whittlesey	A. Morrison	Olof O. Bjorke	Chas. D. Perry	Jas. W. McHose
Adams	22	30	48	35	37	23	29	21
Barnes	120	90	198	189	193	101	133	123
Benson	47	69	103	96	94	58	68	71
Billings	98	42	140	121	131	43	76	58
Bottineau	118	166	274	256	261	137	194	150
Bowman	29	40	68	67	65	28	40	30
Burke	27	60	76	72	71	51	53	50
Burleigh	155	64	210	211	192	136	153	129
Cass	193	176	357	339	330	196	239	244
Cavalier	246	145	369	351	344	324	344	306
Dickey	75	123	189	180	177	77	127	87
Divide	26	77	91	89	90	47	78	51
Dunn	61	47	110	108	106	61	78	60
Eddy	64	49	100	98	94	52	74	61
Emmons	229	127	316	294	278	276	292	280
Foster	112	82	189	180	177	97	129	94
Grand Forks	212	172	358	330	340	318	339	321
Griggs	129	48	169	149	147	116	107	88
Hettinger	33	79	119	114	115	43	72	55
Kidder	27	19	47	43	45	18	32	22
LaMoure	40	198	222	204	202	121	150	108
Logan	5	12	16	13	14	10	8	7
McHenry	171	226	391	377	384	183	269	204
McIntosh	7	8	17	15	15	4	11	5
McKenzie	29	31	61	58	52	23	45	30
McLean	92	52	142	126	128	80	89	79
Mercer	32	32	56	53	56	28	35	27
Morton	128	195	320	311	299	259	276	269
Mountrail	29	33	56	50	49	25	32	29
Nelson	51	50	105	100	100	64	84	64
Oliver	22	39	55	53	52	30	37	32
Pembina	327	116	408	394	375	241	317	249
Pierce	121	148	284	274	272	157	193	186
Ramsey	168	103	271	252	256	139	170	141
Ransom	63	82	137	134	138	69	84	73
Renville	51	67	116	108	106	56	72	60
Richland	428	371	772	721	720	659	598	649
Rolette	97	67	151	137	144	72	106	85
Sargent	139	189	218	210	210	191	203	183
Sheridan	49	41	89	83	...	61	72	...
Stark	125	221	309	297	295	170	226	189
Steele	36	15	46	44	42	22	33	19
Stutsman	190	148	326	309	310	275	292	280
Towner	145	98	219	201	204	89	152	102
Traill	52	34	78	73	74	38	59	53
Walsh	283	254	541	501	519	340	376	358
Ward	100	172	257	248	249	133	195	161
Wells	84	59	143	135	133	72	94	83
Williams	72	135	199	191	180	167	174	167
Total	5,159	4,901	9,536	8,994	8,865	5,980	7,109	6,193

Democratic Primary Vote, 1912—Continued

Counties	Representatives in Congress			State Auditor	State Treas.	Atty. Gen.	Sec. of State
	V. R. Lovell	J. A. Minckler	H. L. Halvorson	Frank Shanley	Frank Lish	John F. Sullivan	E. P. Totten
Adams .....	.....	.....	45	47	53	48	47
Barnes .....	.....	190	.....	194	202	197	198
Benson .....	.....	103	.....	104	103	102	103
Billings .....	.....	.....	127	141	142	139	133
Bottineau .....	.....	262	.....	264	267	265	269
Bowman .....	.....	.....	66	73	62	67	68
Burke .....	.....	.....	71	77	79	78	77
Burleigh .....	.....	185	.....	198	201	195	201
Cass	345	.....	.....	349	346	339	341
Cavaller	356	.....	.....	363	341	371	363
Dickey .....	.....	183	.....	187	190	193	190
Divide .....	.....	.....	95	93	91	92	95
Dunn .....	.....	.....	119	109	124	115	110
Eddy .....	.....	105	.....	101	103	100	101
Emmons .....	.....	315	.....	329	322	321	321
Foster .....	.....	183	.....	187	187	190	189
Grand Forks	339	.....	.....	350	339	354	352
Griggs .....	.....	159	.....	161	157	153	151
Hettinger .....	.....	.....	107	125	127	125	127
Kidder .....	.....	45	.....	49	45	47	48
LaMoure .....	.....	217	.....	213	217	219	218
Logan .....	.....	15	.....	14	15	15	15
McHenry .....	.....	381	.....	399	390	408	391
McIntosh .....	.....	16	.....	15	15	15	17
McKenzie .....	.....	.....	48	58	61	58	60
McLean .....	.....	.....	136	136	144	135	140
Mercer .....	.....	.....	46	60	58	57	59
Morton .....	.....	.....	315	313	317	324	311
Mountrail .....	.....	.....	53	56	56	54	54
Nelson	103	.....	.....	107	105	102	103
Oliver .....	.....	.....	53	58	56	57	53
Pembina	389	.....	.....	410	404	407	412
Pierce .....	.....	256	.....	281	373	277	276
Ramsey	261	.....	.....	272	274	264	269
Ransom	141	.....	.....	145	138	137	137
Renville .....	.....	.....	101	112	111	111	111
Richland	732	.....	.....	757	748	750	748
Rolette .....	.....	138	.....	152	151	154	146
Sargent	204	.....	.....	213	216	217	211
Sheridan .....	.....	85	.....	89	88	86	89
Stark .....	.....	.....	295	318	371	321	309
Steele	42	.....	.....	46	47	41	48
Stutsman .....	.....	310	.....	323	326	317	329
Towner	212	.....	.....	240	231	214	215
Traill	77	.....	.....	79	81	78	82
Walsh	545	.....	.....	526	521	532	529
Ward .....	.....	.....	247	261	254	261	258
Wells .....	.....	135	.....	147	145	138	141
Williams .....	.....	.....	192	195	191	193	191
Total	3,746	3,288	2,116	9,496	9,585	9,433	9,406

**Official Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued
PRESIDENTIAL ELECTORS**

Counties	DEMOCRATIC					PROHIBITIONIST				
	D. I. Armstrong	E. S. Cameron	Thos. C. Kelly	A. B. Kerlin	M. D. Williams	P. M. Calderwood	Geo. Lippman	John Little	E. E. Saunders	F. B. Stevenson
Adams	249	248	248	249	248	27	27	27	27	27
Barnes	940	939	941	939	939	48	48	48	48	48
Benson	594	594	594	594	594	48	48	48	48	48
Billings	547	547	547	547	547	25	25	25	25	26
Bottineau ...	825	830	828	825	827	47	47	47	47	47
Bowman	361	361	361	361	361	15	15	15	15	15
Burke	308	308	309	308	308	21	21	21	21	21
Burleigh	609	608	608	608	608	16	16	16	16	16
Cass	1,814	1,814	1,814	1,814	1,814	56	56	56	56	56
Cavalier	932	932	932	932	932	23	23	23	23	23
Dickey	723	723	723	723	723	12	12	12	12	12
Divide	375	375	376	374	374	15	15	15	15	15
Dunn	246	246	246	246	246	5	5	5	5	5
Eddy	376	376	376	376	376	11	11	11	11	11
Emmons	524	524	524	524	524	15	15	15	15	15
Foster	403	403	403	403	404	11	11	12	11	11
Grand Forks.	1,492	1,491	1,495	1,491	1,492	45	45	45	45	45
Griggs	434	434	434	434	434	38	38	38	38	38
Hettinger ...	381	379	380	380	379	14	14	14	14	14
Kidder	218	219	219	219	219	19	19	19	19	19
LaMoure	588	588	588	587	589	15	15	15	15	15
Logan	146	146	145	146	145	4	4	4	4	4
Mercer	142	142	142	142	142	6	6	6	6	6
Morton	1,017	1,017	1,017	1,017	1,017	44	44	44	44	44
Mountrail ...	301	307	307	307	307	18	18	18	18	18
McHenry	959	958	958	958	959	29	29	29	29	29
McIntosh	125	125	125	125	125	4	4	4	4	4
McKenzie	293	286	286	286	286	10	10	10	10	10
McLean	583	581	581	581	583	31	31	31	31	32
Nelson	526	526	525	525	525	38	38	38	38	38
Oliver	139	139	139	139	139	14	14	14	14	14
Pembina	975	975	975	975	975	53	53	53	53	53
Pierce	453	453	453	453	453	27	27	27	27	27
Ramsey	917	917	918	918	919	18	18	18	18	18
Ransom	490	490	490	490	490	31	31	31	31	31
Renville	420	420	421	421	421	17	16	16	16	16
Richland	1,380	1,380	1,380	1,380	1,380	46	46	46	46	46
Rolette	396	395	398	398	396	27	27	27	27	27
Sargent	641	641	641	641	641	19	19	19	19	19
Stark	678	678	679	679	679	8	8	8	9	8
Sheridan	170	170	170	170	170	7	7	7	7	7
Steele	253	253	253	253	253	16	16	16	16	16
Stutsman ...	1,100	1,099	1,100	1,100	1,104	28	28	28	28	24
Trail	507	507	507	507	507	39	39	39	39	39
Towner	532	532	530	531	530	21	20	20	20	20
Walsh	1,206	1,206	1,206	1,204	1,205	37	37	37	37	37
Ward	1,071	1,070	1,071	1,070	1,071	67	67	67	67	67
Wells	494	494	494	494	494	13	13	13	13	13
Williams	696	696	697	696	696	45	45	45	45	44
Total	29,555	29,542	29,554	29,540	29,550	1,243	1,241	1,232	1,242	1,238

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued
BURLEIGH

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Wild Rose.....	14	3	1	9	5	1	8
Long Lake.....	28	7		22	12		4
Morton	8	7		9	8		1
Telfer	8	4		5	8		2
Missouri	10	3	3	8	8		2
Ft. Rice	10	9		1	21		
Lincoln	10	10		6	22		
Apple Creek	9	6		8	10		
Boyd	5	3		3	5		
Logan	7	5	1	6	8		
Taft	12	7		9	8		
Thelma	9	3		4	7		1
Driscoll	35	12	2	26	25	1	2
Sterling	22	4	1	11	19		3
McKenzie	17	14		18	13		2
Menoken	9	3		16	4		2
Gibbs	10	10	1	1	21	2	
Hay Creek.....	12	11	1	9	21	1	
River View.....	12	3	1	8	6	1	1
Burnt Creek.....	16	10		15	12		2
Naughton	15	2		10	12		1
Frances	13	2		11	5		1
Sibley Butte.....	14	3	2	15	6	2	3
Christiana	21	3		17	7		2
Clear Lake.....	12	5		11	7		1
Lein	22	3	1	19	5	3	
Lyman	20	1		12	3		7
Trygg	10	3	1	6	11		3
Cromwell	14	2		10	7		2
Croft	17	10	1	13	20	1	1
Glenview	27	2	1	18	12	1	2
Painted Woods.....	18	2		4	19		1
Ecklund	25	15	3	26	30	2	15
Ghylin	15	8	1	10	16	1	3
Rock Hill	9	3	3	10	3	2	
Wing	16	4	7	15	8	7	9
Harriett	14	1	4	16	1	4	1
Phoenix	12	3	1	13	14	1	
Richmond	11	8	2	9	13	1	
Andrews	9		12	9		12	1
Estherville	9	5	12	6	6	1	3
Grass Lake.....	16	3	2	14	6	1	6
Eagle	15	3		16	5		5
Pleasant View.....	17	3	1	16	2	1	3
Summit	13	7		7	14		
Florence Lake.....	14	6		12	9		1
Hazel Grove.....	8	3		10	3		1
Bismarck, 1st Ward.....	115	24	3	120	37	2	9
2nd Ward.....	123	26	5	102	64	5	11
3rd Ward.....	113	29	5	98	50	2	10
4th Ward.....	68	23	2	64	44	3	2
5th Ward.....	79	23	5	75	40	4	2
6th Ward.....	116	26	4	111	46	3	4
Total	1285	395	82	1099	768	66	136

Official Vote of North Dakota, 1912—Continued
REPRESENTATIVE IN CONGRESS
First District.

Counties	H. T. Helgesen...R	V. R. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	
Cass	2,476	1,687	138	.....
Cavalier	1,311	824	76	.....
Grand Forks.....	2,198	1,094	190	.....
Nelson	1,062	353	173	.....
Pembina.....	1,309	877	36	.....
Ramsey	1,325	672	143	.....
Ransom	1,011	343	28	.....
Richland	1,585	1,334	29	.....
Sargent	978	495	79	.....
Steele	641	162	62	.....
Traill	1,162	306	57	.....
Towner	683	390	111	.....
Walsh	1,415	1,072	188	.....
Total	17,156	9,609	1,310	.....

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued
CASS—Continued

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. L. Halvorson..D	V. R. Lovell.....R	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
City of Casselton, 1st Ward.....	33	59	2	37	60	2	6
2nd Ward.....	29	49	3	35	43	3	10
3rd Ward.....	30	36	9	29	44	7	3
Davenport village.....	15	6	12	8	13	12	4
Mapleton village.....	30	7	.....	28	7	.....	4
Page village.....	34	29	.....	44	28	.....	5
Tower City village.....	50	20	.....	62	18	.....	11
North Fargo village.....	11	11	3	13	12	1	2
City of Fargo, 1st Ward.....	70	61	2	129	54	6	27
2nd Ward.....	59	34	2	70	35	2	11
3rd Ward.....	142	84	4	136	52	3	66
1st Precinct, 4th Ward.....	149	102	9	199	61	7	41
2nd recinct, 4th Ward.....	135	109	10	177	71	11	43
1st Precinct, 5th Ward.....	134	113	4	180	65	4	34
2nd Precinct, 5th Ward.....	83	84	16	104	77	14	28
6th Ward.....	110	102	22	100	114	20	39
7th Ward.....	146	124	14	166	117	13	42
Total	2476	1687	138	2481	1732	127	745

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

CAVALIER

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. R. Lovell.....R	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Alma	32	9	.....	7	29	.....	5
Banner	23	6	8	13	12	8	3
Billings	27	2	2	16	9	3	5
Bruce	38	15	1	24	26	.....	8
Byron	25	11	.....	24	12	.....	2
Cypress	16	6	1	10	7	1	8
Dresden	35	58	1	36	63	1	2
Eastby	35	5	.....	27	6	.....	4
East Alma.....	48	18	5	31	23	2	14
Elgin	18	29	1	16	31	.....	3
Fremont	32	36	2	15	59	2	9
Glenilla	26	37	.....	14	48	.....	6
Gordon	21	5	5	20	10	3	5
Grey	12	11	1	4	17	2	4
Harvey	23	12	1	26	11	1	2
Hay	23	26	.....	8	36	.....	4
Henderson	9	8	2	8	9	1	2
Hope	37	7	2	17	28	2	3
Huron	24	13	1	18	20	.....	2
Langdon	8	21	1	5	23	1	5
Langdon, 1st Ward.....	65	47	2	54	57	1	9
2nd Ward.....	29	43	2	19	54	1	9
3rd Ward.....	9	13	.....	9	12	1	1
Linden	42	29	1	42	32	.....	6
Loam	30	7	.....	19	14	.....	11
Loma	27	18	.....	23	28	.....	.....
Manilla	22	8	.....	19	9	.....	3
Milton	36	20	13	38	21	10	6
Minto	19	9	.....	16	14	.....	1
Montrose	57	6	4	31	6	4	26
Moscow	16	9	2	5	13	1	9
Mount Carmel.....	7	42	.....	7	42	.....	1
Munich	26	14	1	18	21	.....	4
Nekoma	23	9	.....	13	11	.....	6
Nekoma village.....	24	8	1	16	14	6	.....
Olga	105	36	.....	107	45	.....	5
Osford	22	5	3	16	6	3	1
Osnabrock	26	11	3	23	18	.....	2
Osnabrock village.....	27	20	2	13	17	.....	18
Perry	17	15	1	10	24	.....	3
Sarles village.....	34	7	.....	22	8	1	16
Selvert	20	9	.....	10	12	.....	11
South Dresden	22	20	.....	20	27	.....	4
Storlie	37	12	6	21	26	6	4
Trier	14	33	.....	15	33	.....	1
Waterloo	13	23	1	4	31	.....	2
Westhope	30	17	.....	28	17	.....	.....
Total	1311	824	76	957	1091	56	255

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

DICKEY

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Bear Creek.....	23	12	.....	8	12	.....	17
Clement	37	28	.....	21	38	.....	13
Yorktown	24	6	.....	17	9	.....	7
Porter	51	47	2	38	58	1	7
Keystone	52	39	1	50	41	1	1
Merricourt	33	11	4	32	10	3	2
Whitestone	15	12	.....	16	12	.....	1
Spring Valley.....	12	13	1	12	16	1	.....
Elm	11	4	2	8	7	2	.....
Elden	16	12	.....	15	13	.....	.....
Ellendale twp.....	11	11	2	9	14	2	2
Kentner	17	14	.....	16	15	.....	3
Hudson	24	11	.....	20	11	.....	5
Port Emma.....	25	6	1	20	6	1	5
Lovell	33	12	3	34	12	2	4
Alblon	13	20	1	11	23	2	3
Ada	20	22	.....	20	24	.....	.....
Van Meter.....	14	10	2	9	14	2	1
Kent	13	12	.....	11	15	.....	2
Wright	22	10	4	9	20	4	3
James River Valley.....	44	23	.....	22	34	.....	17
Valley	13	10	.....	11	10	.....	.....
Riverdale	13	11	.....	11	14	.....	.....
Albertha	14	6	.....	13	7	.....	.....
Grand Valley.....	13	12	4	13	13	4	1
Lorraine	39	25	4	25	31	6	7
Potsdam	18	13	.....	12	18	.....	3
Hamburg	9	10	.....	8	22	.....	.....
German	8	11	5	5	15	4	.....
Ellendale city, 1st Ward.....	14	30	3	15	33	2	.....
2nd Ward.....	40	36	7	29	49	9	7
3rd Ward.....	46	39	8	44	44	6	1
Oakes City, 1st Ward.....	51	32	4	37	26	2	15
2nd Ward.....	29	38	1	18	27	1	25
3rd Ward.....	53	38	1	32	41	1	25
Total	870	646	60	671	754	56	177

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

DIVIDE

Precinct		Representative in Congress			Governor			
		P. D. Norton....R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeSueur...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom...D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
No. 1	.....	26	3	1	23	4	2	3
No. 2	.....	31	5	2	27	11	2	3
No. 3	.....	20	8	8	23	10	8	1
No. 4	.....	25	12	9	19	13	5	7
No. 5	.....	25	9	3	27	8	2	3
No. 6	.....	17	13	8	23	11	4	...
No. 7	.....	10	5	2	11	4	2	6
No. 8	.....	11	3	8	16	1	6	1
No. 9	.....	16	1	2	14	1	1	3
No. 10	.....	11	5	...	9	4	...	5
No. 11	.....	19	7	1	25	4	1	1
No. 12	.....	43	12	...	39	14	...	4
No. 13	.....	36	2	4	32	4	5	7
No. 14	.....	45	10	2	36	11	3	8
No. 15	.....	21	9	7	18	14	4	4
No. 16	.....	65	19	14	61	29	9	4
No. 17	.....	13	2	11	13	1	9	5
No. 18	.....	26	4	16	26	12	10	4
No. 19	.....	19	8	10	22	9	8	...
No. 20	.....	33	2	7	35	2	6	3
No. 21	.....	26	9	5	27	9	3	3
No. 22	.....	23	7	4	23	9	3	...
No. 23	.....	12	3	6	14	4	4	...
No. 24	.....	24	4	1	20	9	...	3
No. 25	.....	35	9	2	35	5	2	4
No. 26	.....	27	5	2	26	6	2	4
No. 27	.....	20	10	4	20	9	1	4
No. 28	.....	4	1	8	8	...	7	1
No. 29	.....	17	9	11	19	9	11	1
No. 30	.....	18	5	10	10	10	5	7
No. 31	.....	24	6	...	19	11	...	8
No. 32	.....	18	2	8	18	5	5	2
No. 33	.....	49	63	8	84	32	8	11
No. 34	.....	79	67	9	84	55	9	9
No. 35	.....	17	5	...	15	5	...	1
Total	.....	905	344	193	921	345	147	125

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued
DUNN

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	P. D. Norton.....R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeBueur...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom...D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Oakdale	94	35	11	185	41	.....	.....
Bailey	66	21	19	68	20	.....	.....
Halliday	56	3	6	55	13	.....	.....
Fayette	27	12	1	21	15	.....	.....
Manning	94	30	2	90	33	.....	.....
Fisher	8	15	.....	8	15	.....	.....
New Hradec.....	20	34	.....	21	31	.....	.....
Marshall	44	18	.....	37	21	.....	.....
Paulsen	31	12	.....	28	13	.....	.....
Olson	40	18	3	26	13	.....	.....
Renville	51	7	3	55	8	.....	.....
Hirschville	12	6	.....	13	6	.....	.....
Little Knife.....	21	4	.....	20	4	.....	.....
Emerson	54	16	5	55	11	.....	.....
Total	598	232	45	586	244	.....	.....

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

EDDY

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	John A. Yoder...S	J. A. Minckler...D	Geo. M. Young...R	W. D. Sweet....P	A. E. Bowen....S	F. O. Hellstrom..D	L. B. Hanna.....R
Paradise	6	3	9	4	6	3	5
Fay	1	7	15	1	10	14	14
Columbia	1	12	12	4	1	14	5
Pitt	4	9	22	6	3	14	16
Superior	1	17	23	7	24	9	9
Rosefield	1	17	15	3	21	16	16
Colvin	4	5	15	3	9	12	12
Washington	2	8	8	2	2	12	7
Tiffany	15	19	2	2	18	16	16
Sheldon	5	16	5	5	9	13	13
New Rockford.....	11	82	162	40	7	124	92
Munster	3	22	23	5	2	27	16
Freeborn	10	33	11	11	16	20	20
Dutee	9	11	3	3	14	6	6
Hillsdale	2	10	25	5	2	21	15
Rocky Mountain.....	7	28	3	3	22	10	10
Gates	1	22	91	13	1	72	41
Grandfield	6	39	9	9	23	14	14
Total	35	266	566	123	27	453	327

U. S. of America General Election 1912—Continued

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Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

FOSTER

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom...D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Eastman	11	12	.....	8	14	.....	.....
McKinley	20	7	.....	15	12	.....	.....
Johnson	12	9	.....	12	13	.....	.....
Bordulac	36	22	.....	32	27	.....	4
Melville	31	18	2	35	17	1	3
P. Valley.....	16	9	.....	11	11	.....	2
Wyard	19	19	3	18	24	2	3
Carrington township.....	15	24	1	13	24	.....	6
Carrington City, 1st Ward.....	33	29	3	35	43	1	3
2nd Ward.....	60	26	1	60	30	2	8
3rd Ward.....	36	15	.....	36	19	.....	6
Rose Hill.....	28	9	.....	26	11	.....	3
Haven	18	9	2	18	9	2	1
Roosevelt	9	11	1	10	15	.....	.....
Gelnfield	16	6	.....	4	16	.....	6
McHenry	51	42	.....	41	52	.....	12
Dewey	22	12	3	16	15	4	4
Larrabee	17	16	3	13	21	2	5
Nordmore	23	6	1	17	9	1	5
Barlow	42	25	4	35	35	4	6
Total	515	326	24	455	417	19	77

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

GRAND FORKS

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. B. Lovell....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom...D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Agnes	23	16	6	10	27	6	8
Arvilla	34	16	7	30	21	6	3
Avon	36	12	1	19	25	1	16
Elkmount	16	10	1	...	20	1	13
Elm Grove.....	38	14	...	33	14	...	16
Gilby	49	8	1	26	30	1	12
Grace	44	5	...	30	11	...	7
Hegton	25	11	3	26	14	3	3
Inkster township.....	15	8	1	14	9	1	2
Johnstown	23	10	1	21	10	1	5
Larimore township.....	18	9	1	14	13	1	5
Logan Center.....	17	23	...	13	23	...	6
Loretta	50	4	...	9	26	1	26
Lind	40	2	3	6	18	4	20
Moraine	18	5	...	12	11	...	6
Niagara township.....	21	6	1	13	11	1	5
Northwood township.....	72	5	1	26	32	1	27
Plymouth	12	19	1	4	32	...	4
Strabane	15	7	2	19	6	3	8
Wheatfield	13	8	6	6	17	...	3
Inkster City.....	27	22	10	29	15	10	8
Larimore City, 1st Ward.....	28	11	5	18	17	5	10
2nd Ward.....	34	23	6	30	29	7	15
3rd Ward.....	38	22	...	38	17	...	8
Northwood City, 1st Ward.....	27	6	1	12	19	1	6
2nd Ward.....	9	4	...	4	12	...	3
3rd Ward.....	44	7	...	18	35	...	7
Niagara village.....	16	12	...	11	19	...	3
Blooming	29	6	3	7	27	1	7
Falconer	10	15	...	11	15	...	...
Ferry	36	24	5	32	38	5	5
Lakeville	24	5	...	12	18	...	2
Levant	4	12	...	5	11	...	...
Mekinock	47	7	1	16	36	...	11
Rye	4	8	6	1	11	6	...
Turtle River.....	7	13	1	5	14	1	4
Grand Forks City, 1st Ward.....	169	82	13	143	101	10	35
2nd Ward	99	57	14	72	97	7	16
3rd Ward	50	31	2	42	36	2	6
4th Ward	76	59	12	75	71	11	8
5th Ward, 1st precinct.....	69	74	11	74	81	11	15
5th Ward, 2nd precinct.....	45	33	4	38	48	4	12
6th Ward, 1st precinct.....	55	71	6	54	85	6	14
6th Ward, 2nd precinct.....	30	48	16	31	46	16	11
7th Ward	144	74	19	80	127	18	49
Americus	43	18	3	27	26	3	9
Allendale	16	19	...	13	21	...	7
Bentru	55	5	2	38	16	2	6
Brenna	32	12	...	8	31	1	7
Chester	44	16	...	34	23	...	7
Fairfield	15	7	...	10	9	...	7
Grand Forks township.....	49	18	3	34	35	1	6
Michigan	17	14	4	17	14	4	8

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

GRAND FORKS—Continued

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. B. Lovell....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet....P
Oakville	18	9	2	8	20	2	4
Pleasant View.....	41	2	.....	14	27	.....	6
Union	55	6	.....	32	11	.....	23
Washington	34	3	2	6	13	3	26
Walle	61	56	8	39	77	3	12
Reynolds City, 1st Ward.....	18	7	.....	11	12	.....	5
Total	2198	1094	190	1480	1730	171	578

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

GRIGGS

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	John A. Yoder...S	J. A. Minckler...D	L. B. Hanna....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet....P
Broadview	17	4	3	9	15	3	3
Sundrup	26	2	18	4	49	2	3
Washburn	18	1	11	10	21	...	3
Romness	16	2	25	11	34	2	...
Nenora	14	3	10	5	16	3	10
Greenfield	43	1	10	11	31	1	15
Ball Hill.....	22	3	15	8	30	3	3
Cooperstown	23	1	13	16	26	1	4
Tyrol	22	3	23	10	29	3	4
Pilot Mound.....	17	1	7	13	12	....	3
Bartley	10	....	18	12	17	....	...
Helena	12	1	8	9	11	2	1
Clearfield	6	2	12	4	17	2	1
Addie	10	....	12	5	20	....	...
Willow	13	1	8	7	14	1	3
Dover	17	5	6	8	17	5	3
Mabel	28	1	8	20	12	2	3
Kingsley	3	....	13	1	16	....	...
Bryan	21	4	10	10	18	3	6
Rosendal	9	10	....	9	2	10	....
Village of Hannaford.....	33	2	21	18	40	3	4
Village of Binford.....	32	5	16	14	31	4	8
City of Cooperstown, 1st Ward.....	28	10	17	11	32	8	13
2nd Ward.....	19	7	24	4	35	3	11
3rd Ward.....	23	2	13	10	22	1	12
Total	482	71	321	239	567	62	113

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

HETTINGER

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	P. D. Norton....R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeSueur...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom...D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Odessa	36	10	.....	36	7	.....	.....
Campbell	17	6	.....	22	5	.....	.....
Madison	16	12	.....	22	7	.....	.....
Rifle	20	5	.....	23	3	.....	.....
Clark	21	2	.....	24	2	.....	.....
Kunze	11	8	.....	15	5	.....	.....
New England.....	44	42	.....	62	28	.....	.....
Havelock	10	7	.....	18	2	.....	.....
Teepee Butte.....	16	9	.....	21	3	.....	.....
St. Crolx	17	12	.....	24	3	.....	.....
Acme	16	13	.....	20	11	.....	.....
Walker	16	23	.....	20	19	.....	.....
Solon	26	8	.....	28	5	.....	.....
Beery	28	23	.....	31	16	.....	.....
Mott	92	99	.....	137	59	.....	.....
Farina	20	12	.....	25	7	.....	.....
Indian Creek.....	34	41	.....	57	20	.....	.....
Black Butte.....	16	1	.....	18	2	.....	.....
Strehlow	24	22	.....	28	16	.....	.....
Kennedy	17	3	.....	18	2	.....	.....
Wagendorf	17	3	.....	16	2	.....	.....
Alden	23	18	.....	31	13	.....	.....
Chilton	17	7	.....	20	3	.....	.....
Brittain	18	15	.....	23	8	.....	.....
Cannon Ball.....	30	35	.....	28	35	.....	.....
Decker	32	18	.....	30	14	.....	.....
Hettinger	20	12	.....	25	10	.....	.....
Total	654	466	.....	822	307	.....	.....

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

KIDDER

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna...R	F. O. Hellstrom...D	A. E. Bowen...S	W. D. Sweet...P
Manning	1	18	5	18	7	1	1
Wallace	14	7	1	9	2	13	....
Sibley	1	36	12	35	13	1	15
Crystal Springs.....	2	28	5	16	14	2	6
Horning	2	11	4	5	5	2	5
Valley .....	....	10	2	9	3	....	1
German .....	....	11	1	11	1	....	....
Tappen	2	19	14	16	13	2	5
Malcolm	4	11	3	11	6	3	1
Chestina	1	18	1	16	4	1	1
Rexin	9	9	....	6	....	9	5
Lakeside	2	25	3	24	6	1	4
Northwest	2	25	2	27	4	1	3
Vernon	1	12	5	10	5	1	4
Merkel	2	12	2	11	3	2	5
Clear Lake.....	3	18	2	21	4	2	....
Haynes	1	10	9	9	10	1	1
Excelsior .....	....	19	4	15	9	....	....
Buckeye .....	....	....	....	7	1	....	....
Tanner .....	....	15	3	12	5	....	2
Norway	2	23	4	19	10	2	1
Liberty	1	25	4	25	5	....	4
Woodlawn	4	89	21	65	44	4	7
Pleasant Hill.....	3	20	7	23	6	4	5
Lincoln	1	33	6	41	8	....	1
Baker .....	....	21	1	17	3	....	3
Stewart	1	14	8	12	10	1	1
Allen .....	....	11	1	8	4	....	2
Total	59	550	110	498	205	53	83

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

LaMOURE

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Ovld	16	15	.....	13	20	.....	.....
LaMoure	18	8	.....	7	16	.....	6
Cottonwood	12	11	.....	9	15	.....	1
Badger	19	6	.....	14	7	1	5
Willowbank	15	7	2	8	13	2	2
Golden Glen	24	9	1	29	9	.....	2
Pomona View.....	10	5	.....	7	7	.....	3
Norden	8	8	6	4	13	6	2
Greenville	19	17	.....	15	22	.....	.....
Fearl Lake.....	18	8	.....	13	17	.....	4
Grand Rapids.....	33	11	.....	22	17	.....	4
Henrietta	40	13	.....	30	17	.....	15
Wano	17	7	1	13	12	1	3
Nora	15	7	1	9	12	1	2
Ray	5	7	1	4	15	1	.....
Swede	6	3	13	5	8	13	8
Black Loam.....	17	5	1	12	11	.....	4
Gladstone	24	8	3	11	14	3	11
Grand View.....	19	10	.....	17	15	.....	2
Roscoe	33	32	.....	25	41	.....	4
Russell	12	4	.....	10	6	1	.....
Glenmore	16	7	1	14	10	1	1
Bluebird	23	16	.....	21	17	3	6
Raney	13	2	5	13	5	2	1
Litchville	22	7	2	8	15	1	8
Prairie	28	8	.....	18	17	.....	3
Sheridan	60	13	.....	47	21	.....	12
Saratoga	18	7	.....	11	12	.....	1
Adrian	17	13	.....	13	20	.....	1
Kinnison	22	3	.....	21	5	.....	3
Mikkleson	17	5	.....	8	8	.....	4
Glen	19	14	4	17	16	4	2
Verona village.....	25	16	.....	13	20	1	10
Edgeley city.....	81	32	8	72	37	5	15
Kulm city.....	28	26	12	23	27	12	6
LaMoure, 1st Ward.....	48	18	1	35	20	1	14
2nd Ward.....	20	10	.....	13	18	.....	3
3rd Ward.....	25	25	1	21	25	.....	11
Toal	862	424	63	645	600	59	181

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued
LOGAN

Precinct		Representative in Congress			Governor			
		Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
No. 1	.....	113	12	2	121	14	2	3
No. 2	.....	23	.....	.....	22	1	.....	.....
No. 3	.....	70	4	5	68	11	5	1
No. 4	.....	4	.....	3	9	7	1	.....
No. 5	.....	16	.....	5	17	1	4	.....
No. 6	.....	9	8	3	8	10	2	1
No. 7	.....	68	10	1	60	32	.....	.....
No. 8	.....	16	11	2	12	16	2	.....
No. 9	.....	6	5	2	5	9	1	.....
No. 10	.....	8	21	1	6	25	.....	.....
No. 11	.....	16	2	.....	13	3	.....	2
No. 12	.....	24	6	.....	19	12	.....	5
No. 13	.....	12	7	.....	13	6	.....	.....
No. 14	.....	19	.....	3	17	.....	3	1
No. 15	.....	26	1	3	26	1	3	1
No. 16	.....	61	3	.....	59	9	.....	2
Total	.....	493	90	30	475	157	23	16

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

MERCER

Precinct		Representative in Congress			Governor			
		P. D. Norton...R	Arthur LeSueur..S	H. L. Halvorson..D	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet....P
No. 1	.....	75	10	37	87	40	5	1
No. 2	.....	38	.....	2	14	6	.....	22
No. 3	.....	13	7	10	14	12	4	3
No. 4	.....	26	1	6	13	8	.....	13
No. 5	.....	20	.....	2	14	6	.....	.....
No. 6	.....	22	1	4	6	19	1	22
No. 7	.....	12	3	.....	8	3	3	.....
No. 8	.....	8	11	6	11	8	9	1
No. 9	.....	19	2	6	14	12	2	2
No. 10	.....	18	11	6	16	10	9	.....
No. 11	.....	3	.....	3	1	4	.....	2
No. 12	.....	29	4	8	29	13	1	.....
No. 13	.....	7	11	3	9	3	11	3
No. 14	.....	25	1	1	24	1	1	.....
No. 15	.....	15	.....	7	10	15	.....	1
No. 16	.....	36	2	4	31	6	.....	5
No. 17	.....	43	5	6	46	5	2	5
No. 18	.....	19	.....	2	7	17	.....	.....
No. 19	.....	13	3	11	19	5	4	1
No. 20	.....	24	3	6	25	7	3	4
No. 21	.....	17	.....	.....	17	.....	.....	.....
Total		482	75	130	415	200	55	85

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

MORTON

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	P. D. Norton...R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeSueur...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Mandan, 1st Ward.....	61	29	14	71	23	14	2
2nd Ward.....	124	103	20	171	50	18	14
3rd Ward.....	64	90	35	95	48	32	17
Massingham	57	16	5	40	32	5	2
Marmot	18	8	.....	22	5	.....	1
Custer	27	14	9	16	20	10	8
Little Heart.....	22	47	5	38	33	4	1
Rural	24	11	1	26	10	1	7
Fallon	34	40	.....	48	26	1	2
Fort Rice.....	24	33	5	25	38	3	1
New Salem.....	51	60	12	43	62	4	26
Engelter	50	12	2	40	15	1	25
Albrecht	67	11	6	69	10	7	4
Weekes	19	15	3	28	12	2	2
Flasher	59	71	3	73	55	2	7
Carson	22	21	2	24	17	2	4
Bjorum	13	23	2	17	20	2	3
Feland	46	13	5	33	20	3	12
Sims	12	33	1	27	2	1	17
Blue Grass.....	12	7	14	12	14	11	3
Wehri	35	32	1	17	36	.....	18
Glen Ullin.....	55	60	6	41	66	4	14
Faust	27	22	.....	25	24	.....	.....
Emter	11	4	.....	8	7	.....	.....
Elm	82	8	2	81	10	3	3
Hintz	57	13	.....	53	16	.....	6
Antelope	48	23	1	56	16	1	7
Heilborn	32	6	3	28	9	3	8
Hebron	68	15	2	61	18	3	19
Cannon Ball.....	19	8	.....	24	9	.....	.....
Stevenson	42	10	5	47	6	3	3
Wade	15	4	14	17	4	11	2
Dogtooth	30	32	13	50	16	12	4
O'Rourke	26	8	9	27	12	6	.....
Melville	10	5	1	10	6	1	1
Schultz	18	15	22	23	13	20	1
Pretty Rock.....	19	3	.....	17	3	.....	3
Locke	22	8	4	20	8	3	3
Lorin	14	8	7	14	4	5	5
Wheeler	25	16	3	28	15	2	4
Sweet Briar.....	17	3	2	20	1	2	3
New Hope.....	12	4	9	9	3	.....	4
Harmon	14	9	.....	17	7	.....	1
Valley View.....	49	18	1	48	14	1	2
Judson	9	7	7	11	12	3	.....
Caribou	16	14	2	19	6	2	6
Lawther	25	20	.....	37	6	.....	.....
Elgin	30	6	.....	30	1	.....	2
Lark	40	25	8	52	20	5	6
Fisher	16	5	6	15	5	.....	.....
Shields	38	21	5	51	11	4	.....
Lange	7	4	.....	9	5	.....	.....

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

MORTON—Continued

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	P. D. Norton....R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeSueur..S	L. B. Hanna.,....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Huff	33	32	12	33	38	13	.....
Odense	35	9	...	25	25	...	.....
Wenger	20	14	16	20	17	13	3
St. Joseph.....	21	13	1	17	18	1	3
Leipzig	45	2	...	42	2	1	...
Sunny Slope.....	20	23	8	32	15	6	5
Kreutz	14	5	4	18	5	2	1
Thian	8	8	9	11	6	7	2
Total	1930	1199	325	2081	1027	260	297

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

MOUNTRAIL

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	P. D. Norton...R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeSueur...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet....P
Becker	10	3	13	8	7	9	3
Powers Lake.....	11	1	12	7	11	5	..
Powers	14	3	7	11	9	9	2
Lostwood	9	1	14	14	1	8	1
158-90	8	....	2	4	....	7	....
Crowfoot	5	6	22	24	8	1	8
Lowland	4	21	23	24	19	3	4
Stave	11	3	9	10	4	9	3
157-89	5	1	4	4	1	3	2
Clear Water.....	6	5	6	5	5	5	3
James Hill.....	7	1	5	5	2	6	3
157-92	6	1	9	8	2	5	2
Sorkness	6	....	9	7	....	6	6
White Earth.....	6	3	10	6	5	4	3
Myrtle	11	2	7	5	2	9	2
Manitou	15	6	12	14	5	14	2
Ross	9	14	30	33	15	8	....
Idaho	14	4	17	20	5	12	3
Palermo	10	2	6	8	5	6	2
McGahn	4	3	16	15	5	3	3
Egan	2	1	11	16	1	1	1
Kickapoo	2	4	13	12	5	3	2
McAlmond	16	3	14	10	4	16	3
Burke	14	2	9	11	3	12	1
Purcell	14	11	13	17	7	13	1
Alger	7	10	18	20	8	6	5
155-93	1	3	26	29	4	....	1
155-94	8	2	9	12	1	7	1
153-154-94	5	....	7	9	....	4	1
Rat Lake.....	10	9	8	10	8	9	3
154-92	6	10	18	20	11	4	3
Sikes	29	5	24	21	7	25	11
Austin	9	6	22	20	6	4	7
Oakland	9	4	16	12	3	10	5
Osloe	16	3	8	5	4	20	1
Spring Coulee and 152-88.....	39	8	16	19	8	38	1
Shell and 152-89.....	30	1	15	13	4	28	4
Wayzetta and 152-90.....	16	6	13	14	8	12	1
Crane Creek and 152|91.....	25	5	18	16	5	24	9
152 and 153-92.....	20	6	15	15	3	18	7
152 and 153-93.....	3	5	3	10	8	1	....
Tagus village.....	1	10	17	24	4	1	1
Palermo village.....	6	21	15	26	9	4	5
Stanley city.....	32	40	61	77	27	26	6
White Earth village.....	6	18	16	29	5	4	4
Plaza village.....	25	10	27	31	14	22	....
Total	522	283	665	730	273	444	186

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued
McHENRY

Precinct		Representative in Congress			Governor			
		Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna...R	F. O. Hellstrom...D	A. E. Bowen...S	W. D. Sweet...P
No. 1	.....	17	12	2	15	17	2	.....
No. 2	.....	19	9	2	19	10	2	2
No. 3	.....	29	5	5	16	16	6	3
No. 4	.....	27	5	2	24	7	3	2
No. 5	.....	18	15	5	14	19	7	1
No. 6	.....	18	9	2	13	12	1	7
No. 7	.....	24	12	1	19	15	.....	3
No. 8	.....	31	5	1	24	13	1	4
No. 9	.....	53	46	7	58	47	8	1
No. 10	.....	12	3	1	12	3	1	1
No. 11	.....	17	1	3	12	7	3	3
No. 12	.....	11	8	2	10	9	2	2
No. 13	.....	21	20	14	20	24	14	3
No. 14	.....	17	10	2	12	12	1	6
No. 15	.....	16	26	2	10	30	3	4
No. 16	.....	19	15	.....	15	19	.....	4
No. 17	.....	36	30	.....	24	36	1	8
No. 18	.....	61	38	1	59	38	2	13
No. 19	.....	22	12	.....	16	16	1	4
No. 20	.....	.....	30	.....	2	29	.....	.....
No. 21	.....	8	24	.....	6	24	.....	2
No. 22	.....	8	10	1	3	13	1	1
No. 23	.....	21	10	6	16	14	5	4
No. 24	.....	28	10	4	25	11	2	10
No. 25	.....	20	6	4	10	14	2	1
No. 26	.....	15	15	1	6	20	2	7
No. 27	.....	49	22	3	39	24	2	10
No. 28	.....	17	6	1	16	6	.....	5
No. 29	.....	22	15	5	19	17	5	1
No. 30	.....	14	9	.....	9	14	.....	4
No. 31	.....	18	13	.....	9	21	1	4
No. 32	.....	9	13	.....	3	22	.....	2
No. 33	.....	9	7	19	7	13	16	1
No. 34	.....	34	4	.....	29	5	.....	3
No. 35	.....	43	10	1	29	20	1	8
No. 36	.....	20	5	15	12	12	14	7
No. 37	.....	40	7	3	37	11	3	4
No. 38	.....	10	1	9	3	8	8	1
No. 39	.....	22	7	2	12	17	2	2
No. 40	.....	27	4	14	19	9	12	7
No. 41	.....	20	15	1	18	18	.....	4
No. 42	.....	47	19	3	36	27	2	8
No. 43	.....	26	10	3	26	14	4	5
No. 44	.....	29	12	4	21	17	4	9
No. 45	.....	20	7	8	12	13	7	5
No. 46	.....	16	8	12	14	11	13	6
No. 47	.....	68	40	25	53	58	16	27
No. 48	.....	21	15	21	13	25	21	5
No. 49	.....	15	8	11	8	16	10	4
No. 50	.....	7	3	19	2	6	20	2
No. 51	.....	15	3	6	11	3	6	7

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

McHENRY—Continued

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
No. 52	15	8	.....	7	14	.....	2
No. 53	7	4	.....	4	6	.....	2
No. 54	12	6	15	8	7	15	8
No. 55	30	16	5	30	22	6	2
No. 56	16	18	.....	12	21	.....	.....
No. 57	29	8	4	26	11	4	2
No. 58	16	9	1	9	13	2	5
Total	1311	718	278	1009	990	264	259

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued
McINTOSH

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Coldwater	53	10	.....	19	44	.....	.....
Grosv	20	2	1	11	22	1	.....
Hellwig	47	4	.....	28	6	.....	16
Jewell	73	2	.....	25	50	.....	.....
Ashley	169	19	3	86	71	2	28
Lehr	72	1	1	70	4	1	1
Wishek	74	15	11	61	15	11	20
Moscow	29	2	2	25	9	1	2
Lowell	39	3	.....	18	20	.....	5
Venturia	58	1	16	18	18	15	27
Zeeland	73	27	.....	46	54	.....	.....
Strasburg	44	1	.....	34	6	.....	4
Beaver Creek.....	44	1	.....	43	2	.....	.....
Salem	40	.....	.....	35	2	.....	3
Total	845	88	34	519	323	31	106

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

McKENZIE

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	P. D. Norton....R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeSueur...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Alexander	83	46	28	68	58	22	13
Almira	4	5	2	5	5	2	...
Arnegard	72	15	30	56	27	27	8
Berg	22	5	4	25	4	1	6
Catlin	24	10	3	27	9	2	4
Charlson	20	3	2	16	5	2	...
Earl	15	4	4	18	4	3	1
Elldah	7	3	5	7	3	5	1
Elm Tree.....	22	6	15	26	5	14	2
Hayes	1	2	...	1	1	...	1
Keene township.....	24	2	10	18	5	7	9
Keffler	6	8	4	9	6	4	...
Kenning	19	6	12	19	5	12	2
Nichols	14	4	10	14	6	9	1
Poe	13	14	19	14	14	18	9
Rhoades	13	7	2	12	9	2	4
River View township.....	19	11	12	20	8	11	6
Schafer	49	43	17	67	42	16	3
Shaw	15	7	...	19	4	...	...
Sloux township.....	18	3	23	19	3	24	2
Twin Valley township.....	22	9	31	13	15	31	7
Yellowstone	29	21	6	27	21	4	12
Total	511	234	239	500	259	216	91

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

McLEAN

Precinct		Representative in Congress			Governor			
		P. D. Norton...R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeSueur...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
No. 1	.....	31	7	9	20	19	10	3
No. 2	.....	14	12	13	11	13	14	4
No. 3	.....	18	5	9	21	5	5	6
No. 4	.....	8	10	4	11	11	3	1
No. 5	.....	33	31	6	29	32	3	9
No. 6	.....	16	1	4	12	1	3	.....
No. 7	.....	12	10	3	13	8	4	6
No. 8	.....	5	6	44	5	9	41	2
No. 9	.....	14	8	8	15	14	2	2
No. 10	.....	7	4	17	7	7	14	1
No. 11	.....	3	2	45	2	2	44	1
No. 12	.....	15	6	10	10	8	8	3
No. 13	.....	13	15	5	9	16	5	2
No. 14	.....	12	1	2	17	1	2	.....
No. 15	.....	53	14	27	30	36	16	19
No. 16	.....	15	.....	2	18	5	1	5
No. 17	.....	13	5	3	13	5	3	.....
No. 18	.....	10	1	21	9	3	18	1
No. 19	.....	73	30	38	50	58	28	.....
No. 20	.....	11	24	13	9	25	13	2
No. 21	.....	12	12	15	7	14	13	10
No. 22	.....	13	11	18	7	13	18	4
No. 23	.....	19	11	11	14	17	7	1
No. 24	.....	17	8	7	13	16	2	4
No. 25	.....	19	8	6	8	16	3	3
No. 26	.....	67	13	12	45	35	6	14
No. 27	.....	19	3	1	10	7	1	3
No. 28	.....	25	10	1	23	14	1	4
No. 29	.....	19	6	3	10	19	2	6
No. 30	.....	46	29	13	49	37	4	6
No. 31	.....	13	6	9	10	14	2	6
No. 32	.....	14	7	.....	12	7	.....	5
No. 33	.....	27	3	3	14	15	2	4
No. 34	.....	22	9	4	15	25	.....	2
No. 35	.....	93	58	15	72	78	11	25
No. 36	.....	16	2	.....	15	3	.....	.....
No. 37	.....	8	9	2	7	12	.....	4
No. 38	.....	81	27	11	84	24	9	15
No. 39	.....	25	6	1	23	7	1	2
No. 40	.....	7	8	.....	7	8	.....	2
No. 41	.....	7	3	1	7	3	1	.....
No. 42	.....	23	2	.....	28	2	.....	4
No. 43	.....	12	.....	.....	12	.....	.....	.....
Total		980	443	416	803	664	320	191

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

NELSON

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. B. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom...D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Adler	26	3	4	16	12	4	8
Aneta City.....	60	17	28	47	42	25	5
Bergen	25	11	1	9	19	.....	13
Central	51	7	1	36	12	1	11
Clara	25	5	2	16	12	2	2
Dahlen	44	8	.....	26	16	.....	8
Dayton	26	4	.....	21	10	.....	3
Dodds	10	15	8	8	17	8	.....
Enterprise	16	6	2	11	8	1	7
Field	47	5	4	27	20	4	12
Forde	29	8	3	17	19	3	6
Hamlin	43	1	.....	29	11	.....	8
Illinois	10	16	3	9	15	3	3
Leval	11	3	4	7	10	4	2
Lakota	10	8	4	8	11	3	2
Lakota city.....	97	49	24	97	47	23	13
Lee	49	8	21	32	25	22	7
McVillie village.....	53	13	3	36	27	2	7
Melvin	28	3	1	13	9	1	11
Michigan City.....	25	18	8	26	25	8	2
Michigan City, city.....	36	48	9	53	41	7	1
Nash	27	6	1	16	17	1	4
Nesheim	36	3	.....	18	20	.....	9
Ora	47	5	2	20	28	1	10
Osago	38	10	.....	25	17	1	2
Pekin village.....	24	5	.....	13	10	1	7
Petersburg village.....	40	7	15	16	29	12	3
Petersburg	26	3	4	16	10	5	4
Rubin	17	14	12	12	15	10	5
Rugh	19	18	.....	16	22	.....	2
Sarnia	28	.....	4	21	6	.....	7
Tolna village.....	18	4	3	13	7	4	4
Wamduska	8	9	4	5	11	4	1
Williams	13	9	2	8	8	2	4
Total	1062	353	173	743	608	162	193

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

OLIVER

Precinct		Representative in Congress			Governor			
		P. D. Norton....R	Arthur LeSueur..S	H. L. Halvorson..D	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
No. 1	.....	50	11	6	54	11	4	9
No. 2	.....	30	6	13	27	15	2	10
No. 3	.....	11	13	13	5	28	5	1
No. 4	.....	11	6	4	11	4	5	...
No. 5	.....	50	10	10	54	10	10	6
No. 6	.....	20	26	3	25	9	17	2
No. 7	.....	23	26	21	34	16	19	9
No. 8	.....	26	20	8	24	19	14	1
No. 9	.....	33	10	12	33	13	7	1
No. 10	.....	11	27	9	19	5	25	4
No. 11	.....	17	22	10	13	16	11	10
Total		282	177	109	299	146	119	53

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

PEMBINA

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. B. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet....P
Akra	56	26	.....	54	28	.....	.....
Advance	40	22	.....	34	28	.....	3
Bathgate township.....	25	13	1	20	18	1	5
Beaulieu	32	47	.....	31	48	.....	.....
Carlisle	17	29	6	16	34	1	3
Cavaller township	58	44	.....	49	59	1	5
Crystal township	34	23	.....	32	30	.....	6
Drayton township	16	24	.....	12	31	.....	2
Elora	25	15	.....	27	16	.....	1
Gardar	82	39	.....	71	42	1	12
Hamilton township.....	28	23	2	28	25	1	1
Joliette	31	15	2	33	18	1	3
LaMoure	27	11	1	13	20	1	9
Lincoln	26	27	.....	23	31	.....	7
Lodema	27	8	.....	29	10	.....	.....
Midland	30	19	.....	20	24	.....	8
Neché township	30	31	2	36	30	1	3
Park	27	16	.....	24	23	.....	4
Pembina township.....	24	44	.....	24	45	.....	.....
St. Joseph.....	67	60	1	71	73	1	5
St. Thomas.....	58	36	.....	42	51	.....	12
Thingvalla	75	57	1	60	61	.....	10
Walhalla township.....	26	17	2	16	26	2	6
Bathgate city.....	32	19	.....	31	25	.....	2
Canton village.....	11	9	.....	8	12	.....	1
Cavaller, 1st Ward.....	37	23	2	38	28	.....	3
2nd Ward.....	30	9	.....	31	9	.....	2
3rd Ward.....	27	14	.....	23	16	.....	.....
Crystal City.....	37	23	1	36	27	.....	.....
Drayton City.....	45	22	13	36	49	9	7
Hamilton village.....	22	16	.....	19	18	.....	4
Neché village.....	51	16	.....	49	18	.....	5
Pembina, 1st Ward.....	18	2	.....	20	2	.....	.....
2nd Ward.....	30	14	.....	32	18	.....	.....
3rd Ward.....	20	5	.....	22	5	.....	.....
St. Thomas City.....	38	33	1	33	50	1	8
Walhalla village.....	50	26	1	47	41	.....	5
Total	1309	877	36	1190	1089	21	142

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

PIERCE

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Union	15	5	7	15	9	3	1
Wolford	33	12	36	46	18	12	6
Juniata	23	7	9	16	11	2	15
Spring Lake.....	14	12	8	12	14	8	5
East Barton	20	8	2	9	16	2	9
Barton township.....	26	.....	8	15	10	8	7
Dewey	28	3	5	20	7	5	8
Walsh	31	7	5	20	11	4	11
Torgerson	10	6	12	6	13	9	1
Tofte	10	11	7	17	8	7	.....
Rush Lake.....	13	4	5	11	7	1	4
Hurricane Lake.....	20	4	.....	14	5	.....	6
Meyer	9	10	5	8	9	6	2
Christenson	30	2	4	3	17	4	7
Ness	26	16	4	21	25	3	3
Jefferson	7	34	.....	2	38	.....	1
Tuscarora	12	15	9	6	26	7	4
Reno Valley.....	7	11	11	5	12	12	3
Elverum	11	1	10	4	5	11	5
Sampson	15	18	4	11	22	1	1
Sandale	6	9	.....	3	12	.....	.....
Elling	2	13	6	2	14	5	.....
Girard	10	5	5	8	6	5	3
Rosedale	9	.....	4	4	3	6	1
Alexanter	3	23	.....	3	23	.....	.....
Hillside	2	5	1	.....	7	.....	1
Antelope Lake.....	10	8	2	10	7	1	2
White	7	10	4	5	11	2	6
Keller	12	14	.....	9	13	.....	4
Hagel	7	16	.....	2	16	1	4
Village of Barton.....	22	8	4	13	15	4	4
City of Rugby, 1st Ward.....	31	19	20	24	26	17	5
2nd Ward.....	50	11	19	41	13	19	15
3rd Ward.....	49	26	10	48	25	9	8
Total	580	353	226	433	474	174	152

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

RAMSEY

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. R. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Lillianhoff	21	4	10	9	10	10	7
Lawton	31	8	1	26	13	1	6
Newland	38	1		22	7		12
Highland	24	12	3	16	20	3	2
Bartlett	33	16	4	39	17	5	3
Hope	8	8	2	6	11	2	1
Newbra	23	11		17	18		1
Triumph	10	14		6	18		
Fancher	30	16		18	25		3
Prospect	27	7	2	17	19	2	2
Odessa	11	22	2	16	19	2	1
Stevens	27	18		17	27		6
Ontario	15	15	5	12	20	5	2
Noonan	14	6		8	12		3
Cato, 156-62.....	13	4		11	6		1
Overland	19	10	3	11	25	1	1
Northfield	53	11	2	40	25	2	3
South Minnewaukan.....	24	10	1	23	12		2
Minnewaukan	45	11	1	21	27	1	5
Morris	11	9	3	12	15	3	1
Cleveland	18	13		15	16		2
Sullivan	18	9		16	12		
Royal	12	14	4	11	19	4	
Lake	38	23	1	36	31	1	4
Freshwater	16	14		15	16		
Webster	22	12		27	14		
Bergen	20	7		15	10		3
Pleasant	14	10		11	14		
Grand Harbor.....	50	33	4	46	40	3	5
Dry Lake.....	22	16	1	18	22	1	2
DeGroat	20	3	1	12	13		2
Norway	36	4	1	7	23	1	7
Coulee	28	25	2	23	35	1	5
Irvine, 156-66.....	12	5		9	5	1	1
Churchs Ferry village.....	50	8	1	39	12	2	15
Edmore village.....	49	20	1	49	23	1	5
Starkweather village.....	31	21		15	38		5
Crary village.....	32	28	2	26	38	1	7
Devils Lake, 1st Ward.....	120	43	16	116	67	15	6
2nd Ward.....	84	50	17	90	66	17	3
3rd Ward.....	93	55	20	77	77	19	12
4th Ward.....	13	16	18	10	22	16	
Bartlett village.....	5	4	4	4	8	3	2
Brocket	19	14	8	15	18	8	2
Lawton village.....	26	9	3	29	10	2	1
Total	1325	672	143	1078	995	133	151

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued
RANSOM

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. R. Lovell....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Coburn	16	3	.....	16	3	.....	1
Green	19	3	.....	15	4	.....	8
Liberty	32	4	2	15	8	1	17
Moore	40	3	2	26	17	1	8
Preston	42	5	.....	25	20	.....	7
Northland	28	2	1	11	10	1	13
Ft. Ransom.....	51	13	1	26	42	1	12
Springer	43	7	.....	36	12	.....	7
Tuller	22	12	1	21	16	1	2
Casey	43	8	.....	36	11	.....	17
Shenford	31	19	2	24	22	2	7
Owego	23	5	.....	16	10	.....	6
Sandoun	24	6	.....	16	12	.....	4
Big Bend.....	23	11	1	14	25	1	3
Island Park.....	17	16	.....	15	17	.....	5
Elliott	31	14	.....	30	25	.....	6
Hanson	42	12	.....	33	20	.....	9
Roland	10	11	.....	11	13	.....	2
Alleghany	21	4	.....	21	4	.....	5
Bale	13	9	.....	16	9	.....	3
Alliceton	35	11	.....	22	24	.....	5
S. 14-134-54.....	8	2	1	4	6	.....	3
Lisbon, 1st Ward.....	72	31	.....	61	46	.....	6
2nd Ward.....	86	37	.....	56	58	.....	17
3rd Ward.....	52	24	2	43	32	2	6
Sydna	14	7	2	8	10	2	4
Rosemead	16	6	.....	13	10	.....	.....
Sheldon village.....	33	25	3	32	22	.....	8
Enderlin, 1st Ward.....	44	16	2	35	27	2	6
2nd Ward.....	35	5	6	27	13	3	9
3rd Ward.....	45	12	2	40	16	2	11
Total	1011	383	28	763	564	19	217

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

RENVILLE

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	P. D. Norton....R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeSueur...S	L. B. Haina.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Eden Valley	22	11	21	19	8	20	9
Colquhoun	14	10	12	16	10	10	11
Prosperity	14	9	28	13	10	25	11
Stafford	29	17	10	28	17	8	22
Rockford	12	10	4	17	10	2	22
Grover	6	1	19	3	4	18	...
Hamerly	7	9	17	6	12	15	5
Hurley	19	7	22	14	6	24	6
Brandon	18	6	27	13	10	25	4
Hamlet	17	8	25	11	17	23	8
McKinley	22	11	22	22	17	17	4
Fairbanks	33	12	1	33	12	1	8
Roosevelt	10	18	11	10	19	8	2
Grass Land.....	12	7	19	11	9	18	1
Clay	15	4	13	10	7	11	7
Lockwood	14	7	10	16	5	7	4
Callahan	9	6	9	12	8	6	4
Ivanhoe	4	7	13	4	10	9	...
White Ash.....	6	13	5	7	11	4	4
Plain	13	10	5	5	15	6	2
Muskego	7	9	10	9	10	6	3
Van Buren.....	15	17	8	12	19	4	5
Ensign	19	18	3	19	20	2	7
Prescott	10	10	11	10	9	6	5
Tolley village.....	16	20	6	19	21	3	2
Glenburn village.....	22	21	6	24	23	4	3
Sherwood village	27	34	10	50	12	6	7
Grano village.....	8	5	3	10	2	3	...
Mohall city.....	55	31	32	48	31	27	11
Total	475	348	382	471	355	318	119

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

RICHLAND

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. R. Lovell....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	W. D. Sweet.....P	A. E. Bowen.....S
Eagle	81	38	2	48	62	22	.....
Walcott	113	33	1	70	56	32	1
Colfax	73	16	.....	51	27	13	.....
Barrie	37	2	.....	32	5	9	.....
Helendale	27	7	.....	27	7	2	.....
Sheyenne	17	11	.....	12	12	5	.....
Viking	23	7	1	12	12	2	1
Abercrombie	86	18	2	49	40	21	1
Abercrombie village.....	32	20	.....	23	26	11	.....
Nansen	21	12	.....	25	9	5	.....
Garborg	39	1	.....	15	8	19	.....
Freeman	30	3	.....	22	8	3	.....
West End.....	13	9	.....	10	9	1	.....
Homestead	22	4	.....	18	6	2	.....
Antelope	21	19	.....	13	23	9	1
Ibsen	28	14	.....	19	14	10	.....
Dwight	53	34	1	46	39	6	1
Center	24	31	.....	21	27	15	.....
Mooreton	16	15	2	11	17	9	1
Mooreton village.....	14	12	.....	5	13	11	.....
Barney	33	37	.....	33	39	6	.....
Danton	26	10	1	24	12	2	1
Wyndmere	28	10	.....	22	12	5	.....
Wyndinere village.....	54	20	.....	35	30	19	.....
Dexter	16	20	.....	11	21	4	.....
Liberty Grove.....	21	37	.....	14	44	1	.....
Belford	23	23	.....	25	37	1	.....
Brandenburg	26	35	.....	27	38	2	.....
Great Bend village.....	20	17	.....	22	16	2	.....
Summit	29	73	.....	22	88	12	.....
Fairmount	21	32	1	20	33	5	1
Fairmount village.....	35	41	2	38	34	17	2
DeVillo	14	23	.....	13	26	1	.....
Waldo	14	14	.....	17	13	.....	.....
Brightwood	21	23	.....	21	28	.....	.....
Hankinson	84	136	3	89	139	14	5
Moran	9	20	.....	9	21	.....	.....
Grant	8	23	.....	7	23	2	.....
Lidgerwood	62	74	4	51	68	38	3
Duerr	19	59	.....	12	66	3	.....
Elma	21	27	1	26	25	2	1
Greendale	21	23	.....	20	25	5	.....
LaMars	22	16	.....	16	20	6	.....
Wahpeton, 1st Ward.....	24	66	1	22	71	5	1
2nd Ward.....	58	60	2	60	55	14	2
3rd Ward.....	47	44	3	44	46	12	2
4th Ward.....	59	55	2	56	47	21	2
Total	1585	1334	29	1285	1497	406	26

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

KIDDER

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Manning	1	18	5	18	7	1	1
Wallace	14	7	1	9	2	13	..
Sibley	1	36	12	35	13	1	15
Crystal Springs.....	2	28	5	16	14	2	6
Horning	2	11	4	5	5	2	5
Valley .....	.....	10	2	9	3	.....	1
German .....	.....	11	1	11	1	.....	.....
Tappen	2	19	14	16	13	2	5
Malcolm	4	11	3	11	6	3	1
Chestina	1	18	1	16	4	1	1
Rexin	9	9	.....	6	.....	9	5
Lakeside	2	25	3	24	6	1	4
Northwest	2	25	2	27	4	1	3
Vernon	1	12	5	10	5	1	4
Merkel	2	12	2	11	3	2	5
Clear Lake.....	3	18	2	21	4	2	.....
Haynes	1	10	9	9	10	1	1
Excelsior .....	.....	19	4	15	9	.....	.....
Buckeye .....	.....	.....	.....	7	1	.....	.....
Tanner .....	.....	15	3	12	5	.....	2
Norway	2	23	4	19	10	2	1
Liberty	1	25	4	25	5	.....	4
Woodlawn	4	89	21	65	44	4	7
Pleasant Hill.....	3	20	7	23	6	4	5
Lincoln	1	33	6	41	8	.....	1
Baker .....	.....	21	1	17	3	.....	3
Stewart	1	14	8	12	10	1	1
Allen .....	.....	11	1	8	4	.....	2
Total	59	550	110	498	205	53	83

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

SARGENT

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. R. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Bowen	35	17	1	25	28	1	....
Brampton	52	18	1	54	13	1	4
Denver	18	17	8	14	22	9	1
Dunbar	31	19	3	30	26	1	1
Forman	82	35	....	81	42	....	2
Hall	54	18	1	45	34	1	2
Harlem	37	18	2	24	23	2	2
Herman	15	8	12	16	10	12	1
Jackson	18	14	....	12	21	....	1
Kingston	34	30	1	33	35	1	....
Marboe	28	6	1	15	17	1	4
Milnor	108	40	6	70	77	3	17
Ransom	57	22	2	36	47	....	5
Rutland	25	25	3	16	37	2	....
Sargent	28	20	....	26	23	....	....
Shuman	41	12	3	27	20	3	5
South West.....	11	7	....	13	7	1	....
Taylor	13	15	....	14	19	....	....
Tewaukon	28	12	12	29	17	11	2
Verner	22	14	1	10	25	1	3
Vivian	31	23	10	34	23	10	2
Weber	56	45	1	38	57	1	11
W. S. Hill.....	47	20	9	40	27	8	2
Wiley	34	10	2	27	15	2	4
Cogswell	54	25	....	46	37	....	6
Cayuga	29	5	....	23	11	....	6
Total	988	495	79	798	713	71	81

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued
STARK

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	P. D. Norton.....R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeSueur...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Dickinson, 1st Ward.....	41	41	10	48	28	10	11
2nd Ward.....	35	52	6	46	35	7	16
3rd Ward.....	30	54	4	44	37	4	9
4th Ward.....	22	51	3	31	36	3	7
5th Ward.....	34	29	6	33	24	6	8
6th Ward.....	50	53	7	59	42	7	5
No. 2	63	36	.....	76	25	1	8
No. 3	14	39	1	29	21	2	4
No. 4	41	47	.....	54	38	.....	4
No. 5	34	12	.....	30	15	.....	1
No. 6	23	19	2	28	18	.....	2
No. 7	31	19	.....	41	12	.....	2
No. 8	19	28	.....	26	19	.....	3
No. 9	4	28	.....	5	29	.....	1
No. 10	30	8	.....	29	9	.....	2
No. 11	16	7	8	18	6	8	1
No. 12	32	20	.....	30	27	.....	1
No. 13	9	24	1	13	19	2	1
No. 14	35	16	.....	29	21	.....	4
No. 15	14	21	.....	34	10	.....	.....
No. 16	33	1	.....	35	.....	.....	.....
No. 17	15	35	1	41	9	1	2
No. 18	47	19	1	57	13	1	.....
No. 19	7	24	.....	6	25	.....	2
No. 20	19	3	.....	22	2	.....	.....
No. 21	9	36	1	17	25	1	2
No. 22	2	16	.....	4	15	.....	.....
No. 23	38	38	4	53	17	5	8
No. 24	33	29	.....	36	30	.....	2
Total	780	805	55	974	607	58	106

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued
SHERIDAN

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
No. 1	50	13	1	34	15	1	28
No. 2	24	4	2	19	4	...	6
No. 3	6	2	...	8	2	...	4
No. 4	7	3	2	9	3	...	1
No. 5	21	3	1	19	2	4	4
No. 6	20	8	...	16	3	2	7
No. 7	10	...	...	8	3	...	10
No. 8	21	1	...	24	2	...	...
No. 9	34	2	1	35	2	1	1
No. 10	17	...	...	27	2	...	...
No. 11	12	3	...	9	10	...	5
No. 12	15	2	3	14	6	3	...
No. 13	16	6	4	9	8	4	6
No. 14	17	4	...	13	5	...	7
No. 15	18	4	...	15	8	...	1
No. 16	25	6	...	24	6	...	...
No. 17	24	2	1	23	9	...	1
No. 18	82	11	1	80	9	2	13
No. 19	31	12	1	34	11	...	6
No. 20	25	1	...	28	2	...	1
No. 21	11	7	...	12	9	...	3
No. 22	52	11	1	33	21	1	34
No. 23	7	2	...	7	3	...	2
No. 24	17	6	3	11	13	3	3
No. 25	9	10	...	6	10	...	10
No. 26	13	...	...	13	1	...	6
No. 27	18	2	1	18	2	1	4
No. 28	16	...	...	17	...	...	...
Total	618	120	22	565	170	22	163

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

STEELE

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. R. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Newburgh	57	3	1	19	22	...	26
Beaver Creek.....	27	3	10	10	10	11	12
Westfield	11	2	18	4	9	19	9
Sharon	17	4	4	6	10	4	6
Enger	53	2	...	21	8	...	27
Golden Lake.....	12	6	10	6	12	10	10
Finley	19	7	...	4	22	1	6
Franklin	19	2	...	4	15	...	19
Primrose	46	...	...	23	9	...	20
Sherbrooke	33	2	...	19	4	...	20
Easton	13	3	...	3	5	...	13
Greenview	24	1	...	6	15	...	3
Edendale	18	7	2	10	9	1	9
Hugo	10	10	...	10	14	...	...
Melrose	17	6	1	7	20	1	3
Riverside	13	6	...	8	11	...	7
Broadlawn	18	6	...	11	6	...	13
Colgate	18	17	...	10	20	...	13
Carpenter	21	9	...	21	12	...	1
Willow Lake.....	20	13	...	5	29	...	4
Village of Sharon.....	40	9	9	11	20	8	32
Village of Finley.....	58	10	3	19	33	3	25
City of Hope.....	77	34	4	53	58	3	14
Total .....0..	641	162	62	290	373	61	292

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

MORTON—Continued

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	P. D. Norton....R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeSueur...S	L. B. Hanna.,...R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Huff	33	32	12	33	38	13	.....
Odense	35	9	.....	25	25	.....	.....
Wenger	20	14	16	20	17	13	3
St. Joseph.....	21	13	1	17	18	1	3
Leipzig	45	2	.....	42	2	1	.....
Sunny Slope.....	20	23	8	32	15	6	5
Kreutz	14	5	4	18	5	2	1
Thian	8	8	9	11	6	7	2
Total	1930	1199	325	2081	1027	260	297

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

STUTSMAN—Continued

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet....P
Sharlow	12	11	3	9	16	3	2
Sinclair	7	8	.....	6	8	.....	2
Spiritwood	23	24	.....	23	31	.....	.....
Spiritwood Lake.....	6	13	6	7	17	5	1
St. Paul.....	23	2	.....	11	13	.....	2
Stirton	31	16	.....	21	24	.....	2
Streeter	49	8	.....	49	10	.....	3
Strong	32	9	1	36	14	1	1
Valley Spring.....	9	7	.....	7	6	1	2
Walters	32	5	.....	24	4	.....	.....
Washington	5	5	.....	4	6	.....	.....
Wadsworth	17	3	.....	12	4	.....	3
Weld	21	14	1	18	18	1	3
Windsor	11	5	.....	5	11	.....	4
Winfield	13	6	.....	8	8	.....	8
Woodbury	21	5	.....	19	11	.....	2
Ypsilanti	20	16	.....	22	10	.....	.....
Total	1425	847	79	1256	1052	80	284

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

TRAILL

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. R. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet....P
Belmont	37	.....	4	19	7	4	13
Bingham	25	4	3	13	8	3	13
Blanchard	22	16	.....	16	18	.....	8
Bloomfield	33	6	.....	17	13	.....	13
Bohnsack	16	18	.....	14	20	1	8
Buxton	64	18	1	33	36	1	31
Caledonia	32	14	4	10	17	3	31
Eldorado	35	15	1	26	20	1	11
Elm River	11	8	.....	8	90	.....	3
Ervin	36	14	.....	28	18	.....	10
Galesburg	40	9	1	18	18	1	19
Garfield	43	7	1	25	18	1	7
Herberg	24	8	.....	10	14	.....	9
Hillsboro	21	7	.....	10	14	.....	7
Kelso	13	9	1	12	11	.....	7
Mayville	38	21	.....	10	38	1	17
Morgan	37	6	.....	15	9	.....	21
Norman	36	9	1	14	22	1	16
Norway	48	7	.....	15	36	.....	8
Roseville	78	3	4	30	10	4	46
Stavanger	55	5	.....	26	13	.....	25
Wold	31	8	8	7	29	7	12
Hillsboro City.....	127	41	15	76	93	16	19
Mayville City.....	98	23	1	52	40	1	47
Hatton City.....	82	14	6	29	47	6	34
Portland City.....	54	4	6	31	9	6	30
Reynolds City.....	26	12	.....	21	17	.....	2
Total	1162	306	57	585	604	57	467

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued
TOWNER

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. R. Lovell....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Coolin	11	3	1	14	3	1	....
Maza	19	13	1	14	21	....	1
Metcalf	9	13	3	7	16	2	....
Dewey	31	7	....	13	12	....	16
Bethel	15	8	....	12	14	....	2
Badger	17	11	1	9	13	1	2
Olson	13	11	3	10	16	4	3
Zion	19	15	2	19	16	2	1
Victor	25	15	6	21	21	6	2
Lewis	10	8	1	8	12	2	....
Considine	12	5	2	12	8	1	....
New City.....	9	15	5	7	16	4	4
Twin Hill.....	16	13	....	11	15	1	2
Crocus	23	13	....	20	20	....	3
Nelson	25	7	1	17	14	....	3
Greenfield	14	11	1	16	15	....	3
Iowa	20	2	3	9	12	2	5
Virginia	12	6	4	9	8	4	8
Howell	14	7	....	9	17	....	1
Monroe	16	6	1	13	9	1	2
Mt. Pleasant.....	12	11	4	6	16	3	1
Rock Lake.....	7	2	14	5	4	13	1
Armourdale	14	14	1	17	19	1	2
Lakeview	25	5	2	27	6	2	3
Dash	15	5	3	11	8	2	5
Bryan	10	14	5	7	15	5	8
Sidney	37	25	9	27	34	7	6
Ficton	14	6	1	11	10	1	4
Cando City.....	103	66	13	87	95	12	12
Bisbee village.....	45	16	9	34	28	8	6
Perth village.....	26	9	....	25	12	....	3
Rock Lake village.....	17	14	3	14	17	3	4
Egeland village.....	28	14	12	23	26	11	1
Total	683	390	111	544	568	99	114

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued
McINTOSH

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Coldwater	53	10	.....	19	44	.....	.....
Grosz	20	2	1	11	22	1	.....
Hellwig	47	4	.....	28	6	.....	16
Jewell	73	2	.....	25	50	.....	.....
Ashley	169	19	3	86	71	2	28
Lehr	72	1	1	70	4	1	1
Wishek	74	15	11	61	15	11	20
Moscow	29	2	2	25	9	1	2
Lowell	39	3	.....	18	20	.....	5
Venturia	58	1	16	18	18	15	27
Zeeland	73	27	.....	46	54	.....	.....
Strusburg	44	1	.....	34	6	.....	4
Beaver Creek.....	44	1	.....	43	2	.....	.....
Salem	40	.....	.....	35	2	.....	3
Total	845	88	34	519	323	31	106

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

WALSH—Continued

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson..R	V. B. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet....P
Edinburg village.....	25	8	2	16	19	...	5
Fordville village.....	30	2	8	19	10	6	7
Lankin village.....	20	32	20	9	49	14	3
Adams village.....	36	4	14	20	13	11	13
Fairdale village.....	26	3	.....	11	17	.....	2
Total	1415	1072	188	987	1394	142	325

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

WARD

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor		
	P. D. Norton....R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeSueur...R	L. B. Hanna.....R	W. D. Sweet.....P	
Afton	17	7	14	17	10	3
Anna	5	7	10	3	10	1
Burlington	20	32	17	41	12	10
Brillan	8	9	18	12	12	5
Berthold	21	26	4	20	28	2
Burt	16	15	17	30	14	3
Baden	6	8	12	7	11	1
Carbondale	8	5	21	21	4	1
Carpio	32	14	13	30	15	6
Cameron and Douglas villages.....	22	17	19	30	12	8
Denmark	18	7	9	12	3	12
Des Lacs.....	16	24	8	23	16	3
Eureka	13	9	8	13	8	7
Elmdale	15	15	7	15	18	2
Evergreen	12	3	1	11	4	1
Foxholm	19	24	5	21	20	7
Freedom	9	8	12	11	6	4
Greeley	7	4	7	9	4	8
Greenbush	16	11	8	15	11	8
Harrison	18	11	13	15	9	9
Hilton	4	3	8	4	3	4
Iota Flat.....	11	4	2	10	5	1
Kenmare	8	8	11	15	5	4
Kirkelle	15	13	13	17	14	1
Lund	22	10	2	27	6	1
Mandan	11	20	2	13	17	1
McKinley	16	6	16	13	8	8
Mayland	9	14	7	8	19	4
Margaret	10	12	15	6	13	7
Maryland	22	14	10	23	14	2
Nedrose	7	13	10	7	18	5
Newman	17	2	7	18	5	2
Orlien	15	9	13	25	5	2
Passport	9	19	7	10	17	2
Rushville	6	4	14	7	5	12
Rice Lake.....	2	4	12	5	3	9
Ryder	10	9	11	11	10	7
Rolling Green.....	9	5	12	6	6	11
Ree	10	5	19	11	5	18
Shealey	3	9	12	4	8	10
St. Marys.....	18	9	2	21	8	1
Sauk Prairie.....	11	14	2	10	14	2
Surrey	42	22	9	32	21	5
Spencer	18	16	17	12	13	17
Spring Lake.....	10	5	11	13	5	10
Tolgen	8	4	7	11	1	6
Totman	15	6	22	13	14	16
Torning	7	2	25	10	...	24
Vang	11	8	9	15	7	9
Waterford	12	8	20	17	8	12
Willis	18	14	9	21	12	9

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued
STARK

Precinct		Representative in Congress			Governor			
		P. D. Norton...R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeSueur...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet....P
Dickinson, 1st Ward.....		41	41	10	48	28	10	11
2nd Ward.....		35	52	6	46	35	7	16
3rd Ward.....		30	54	4	44	37	4	9
4th Ward.....		22	51	3	31	36	3	7
5th Ward.....		34	29	6	33	24	6	8
6th Ward.....		50	53	7	59	42	7	5
No. 2		63	36	.....	76	25	1	8
No. 3		14	39	1	29	21	2	4
No. 4		41	47	.....	54	38	.....	4
No. 5		34	12	.....	30	15	.....	1
No. 6		23	19	2	28	18	.....	2
No. 7		31	19	.....	41	12	.....	2
No. 8		19	28	.....	26	19	.....	3
No. 9		4	28	.....	5	29	.....	1
No. 10		30	8	.....	29	9	.....	2
No. 11		16	7	8	18	6	8	1
No. 12		32	20	.....	30	27	.....	1
No. 13		9	24	1	13	19	2	1
No. 14		35	16	.....	29	21	.....	4
No. 15		14	21	.....	34	10	.....	.....
No. 16		33	1	.....	35	.....	.....	.....
No. 17		15	35	1	41	9	1	2
No. 18		47	19	1	57	13	1	.....
No. 19		7	24	.....	6	25	.....	2
No. 20		19	3	.....	22	2	.....	.....
No. 21		9	36	1	17	25	1	2
No. 22		2	16	.....	4	15	.....	.....
No. 23		38	38	4	53	17	5	8
No. 24		33	29	.....	36	30	.....	2
Total		780	805	55	974	607	58	106

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued
SHERIDAN

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
No. 1	50	13	1	34	15	1	28
No. 2	24	4	2	19	4		6
No. 3	6	2		8	2		4
No. 4	7	3	2	9	3	4	1
No. 5	21	3	1	19	2	2	4
No. 6	20	3		16	3		7
No. 7	10			8	3		10
No. 8	21	1		24	2		
No. 9	34	2	1	35	2	1	1
No. 10	17			27	2		
No. 11	12	3		9	10		5
No. 12	15	2	3	14	5	3	
No. 13	16	6	4	9	8	4	6
No. 14	17	4		13	5		7
No. 15	18	4		15	8		1
No. 16	25	6		24	6		
No. 17	24	2	1	23	9		1
No. 18	82	11	1	80	9	2	13
No. 19	31	12	1	34	11		6
No. 20	25	1		28	2		1
No. 21	11	7		12	9		3
No. 22	52	11	1	33	21	1	34
No. 23	7	2		7	3		2
No. 24	17	6	3	11	13	3	3
No. 25	9	10		6	10		10
No. 26	13			13	1		6
No. 27	18	2	1	18	2	1	4
No. 28	16			17			
Total	618	120	22	565	170	22	163

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

PEMBINA

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. B. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Akra	56	26	.....	54	28	.....	.....
Advance	40	22	.....	34	28	.....	8
Bathgate township.....	25	13	1	20	18	1	5
Beaulieu	32	47	.....	31	48	.....	.....
Carlisle	17	29	6	16	34	1	3
Cavaller township	58	44	.....	49	59	1	5
Crystal township	34	23	.....	32	30	.....	6
Drayton township	16	24	.....	12	31	.....	2
Elora	25	15	.....	27	16	.....	1
Gardar	82	39	.....	71	42	1	12
Hamilton township.....	28	23	2	28	25	1	1
Joliette	31	15	2	33	18	1	3
LaMoure	27	11	1	13	20	1	9
Lincoln	26	27	.....	23	31	.....	7
Lodema	27	8	.....	29	10	.....	.....
Midland	30	19	.....	20	24	.....	8
Neché township	30	31	2	36	30	1	3
Park	27	16	.....	24	23	.....	4
Pembina township.....	24	44	.....	24	45	.....	.....
St. Joseph.....	67	60	1	71	73	1	5
St. Thomas.....	58	36	.....	42	51	.....	12
Thingvalla	75	57	1	60	61	.....	10
Walhalla township.....	26	17	2	16	26	2	6
Bathgate city.....	32	19	.....	31	25	.....	2
Canton village.....	11	9	.....	8	12	.....	1
Cavaller, 1st Ward.....	37	23	2	38	28	.....	3
2nd Ward.....	30	9	.....	31	9	.....	2
3rd Ward.....	27	14	.....	23	16	.....	.....
Crystal City.....	37	23	1	36	27	.....	.....
Drayton City.....	45	22	13	36	49	9	7
Hamilton village.....	22	16	.....	19	18	.....	4
Neché village.....	51	16	.....	49	18	.....	5
Pembina, 1st Ward.....	18	2	.....	20	2	.....	.....
2nd Ward.....	30	14	.....	32	18	.....	.....
3rd Ward.....	20	5	.....	22	5	.....	.....
St. Thomas City.....	38	33	1	33	50	1	8
Walhalla village.....	50	26	1	47	41	.....	5
Total	1309	877	36	1190	1089	21	142

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

PIERCE

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Union	15	5	7	15	9	3	1
Wolford	33	12	36	46	18	12	6
Junlata	23	7	9	16	11	2	15
Spring Lake.....	14	12	8	12	14	8	5
East Barton	20	8	2	9	16	2	9
Barton township.....	26	.....	8	15	10	8	7
Dewey	28	3	5	20	7	5	8
Walsh	31	7	5	20	11	4	11
Torgerson	10	6	12	6	13	9	1
Tofte	10	11	7	17	8	7	.....
Rush Lake.....	13	4	5	11	7	1	4
Hurricane Lake.....	20	4	.....	14	5	.....	6
Meyer	9	10	5	8	9	6	2
Christenson	30	2	4	3	17	4	7
Ness	26	16	4	21	25	3	3
Jefferson	7	34	.....	2	38	.....	1
Tuscarora	12	15	9	6	26	7	4
Reno Valley.....	7	11	11	5	12	12	3
Elverum	11	1	10	4	5	11	5
Sampson	15	18	4	11	22	1	1
Sandale	6	9	.....	3	12	.....	.....
Elling	2	13	6	2	14	5	.....
Girard	10	5	5	8	6	5	3
Rosedale	9	.....	4	4	3	6	1
Alexanter	3	23	.....	3	23	.....	.....
Hillside	2	5	1	.....	7	.....	1
Antelope Lake.....	10	8	2	10	7	1	2
White	7	10	4	5	11	2	6
Keller	12	14	.....	9	13	.....	4
Hagel	7	16	.....	2	16	1	4
Village of Barton.....	22	8	4	13	15	4	4
City of Rugby, 1st Ward.....	31	19	20	24	26	17	5
2nd Ward.....	50	11	19	41	13	19	15
3rd Ward.....	49	26	10	48	25	9	8
Total	580	353	226	433	474	174	152

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

RAMSEY

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. R. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet....P
Lillehoff	21	4	10	9	10	10	7
Lawton	31	8	1	26	13	1	6
Newland	38	1	.....	22	7	.....	12
Highland	24	12	3	16	20	3	2
Bartlett	33	16	4	39	17	5	3
Hope	8	8	2	6	11	2	1
Newbre	23	11	.....	17	18	.....	1
Triumph	10	14	.....	6	18	.....	.....
Fancher	30	16	.....	18	25	.....	3
Prospect	27	7	2	17	19	2	2
Odessa	11	22	2	16	19	2	1
Stevens	27	18	.....	17	27	.....	6
Ontario	15	15	5	12	20	5	2
Noonan	14	6	.....	8	12	.....	3
Cato, 156-62.....	13	4	.....	11	6	.....	1
Overland	19	10	3	11	25	1	1
Northfield	53	11	2	40	25	2	3
South Minnewaukan.....	24	10	1	23	12	.....	2
Minnewaukan	45	11	1	21	27	1	5
Morris	11	9	3	12	15	3	1
Cleveland	18	13	.....	15	16	.....	2
Sullivan	18	9	.....	16	12	.....	.....
Royal	12	14	4	11	19	4	.....
Lake	38	23	1	36	31	1	4
Freshwater	16	14	.....	15	16	.....	.....
Webster	22	12	.....	27	14	.....	.....
Bergen	20	7	.....	15	10	.....	3
Pleasant	14	10	.....	11	14	.....	.....
Grand Harbor.....	50	33	4	46	40	3	5
Dry Lake.....	22	16	1	18	22	1	2
DeGroat	20	3	1	12	13	.....	2
Norway	36	4	1	7	23	1	7
Coulee	28	25	2	23	35	1	5
Irvine, 156-66.....	12	5	.....	9	5	1	1
Churchs Ferry village.....	50	8	1	39	12	2	15
Edmore village.....	49	20	1	49	23	1	5
Starkweather village.....	31	21	.....	15	38	.....	5
Crary village.....	32	28	2	26	38	1	7
Devils Lake, 1st Ward.....	120	43	16	116	67	15	6
2nd Ward.....	84	50	17	90	66	17	3
3rd Ward.....	93	55	20	77	77	19	12
4th Ward.....	13	16	18	10	22	16	.....
Bartlett village.....	5	4	4	4	8	3	2
Brocket	19	14	8	15	18	8	2
Lawton village.....	26	9	3	29	10	2	1
Total	1325	672	143	1078	995	133	151

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

TRAILL

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. R. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Belmont	37	.....	4	19	7	4	13
Bingham	25	4	3	13	8	3	13
Blanchard	22	16	.....	16	18	.....	8
Bloomfield	33	6	.....	17	13	.....	13
Bohnsack	16	18	.....	14	20	1	8
Buxton	64	18	1	33	36	1	31
Caledonia	32	14	4	10	17	3	31
Eldorado	35	15	1	26	20	1	11
Elm River	11	8	.....	8	90	.....	3
Ervin	36	14	.....	28	18	.....	10
Galesburg	40	9	1	18	18	1	19
Garfield	43	7	1	25	18	1	7
Herberg	24	8	.....	10	14	.....	9
Hillsboro	21	7	.....	10	14	.....	7
Kelso	13	9	1	12	11	.....	7
Mayville	38	21	.....	10	38	1	17
Morgan	37	6	.....	15	9	.....	21
Norman	36	9	1	14	22	1	16
Norway	48	7	.....	15	36	.....	8
Roseville	78	3	4	30	10	4	46
Stavanger	55	5	.....	26	13	.....	25
Wold	31	8	8	7	29	7	12
Hillsboro City.....	127	41	15	76	93	16	19
Mayville City.....	98	23	1	52	40	1	47
Hatton City.....	82	14	6	29	47	6	34
Portland City.....	54	4	6	31	9	6	30
Reynolds City.....	26	12	.....	21	17	.....	2
Total	1162	306	57	585	604	57	467

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

TOWNER

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson..R	V. R. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Coolin	11	3	1	14	3	1	.....
Maza	19	13	1	14	21	.....	1
Metcalf	9	13	3	7	16	2	.....
Dewey	31	7	.....	13	12	.....	16
Bethel	15	8	.....	12	14	.....	2
Badger	17	11	1	9	13	1	2
Olson	13	11	3	10	16	4	3
Zion	19	15	2	19	16	2	1
Victor	25	15	6	21	21	6	2
Lewis	10	8	1	8	12	2	.....
Considine	12	5	2	12	8	1	.....
New City.....	9	15	5	7	16	4	4
Twin Hill.....	16	13	.....	11	15	1	2
Crocus	23	13	.....	20	20	.....	3
Nelson	25	7	1	17	14	.....	3
Greenfield	14	11	1	16	15	.....	3
Iowa	20	2	3	9	12	2	5
Virginia	12	6	4	9	8	4	8
Howell	14	7	.....	9	17	.....	1
Monroe	16	6	1	13	9	1	2
Mt. Pleasant.....	12	11	4	6	16	3	1
Rock Lake.....	7	2	14	5	4	13	1
Armourdale	14	14	1	17	19	1	2
Lakeview	25	5	2	27	6	2	3
Dash	15	5	3	11	8	2	5
Bryan	10	14	5	7	15	5	8
Sidney	37	25	9	27	34	7	6
Ficton	14	6	1	11	10	1	4
Cando City.....	103	66	13	87	95	12	12
Bisbee village.....	45	16	9	34	28	8	6
Perth village.....	26	9	.....	25	12	.....	3
Rock Lake village.....	17	14	3	14	17	3	4
Egeland village.....	28	14	12	23	26	11	1
Total	683	390	111	544	568	99	114

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

RICHLAND

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. R. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	W. D. Sweet.....P	A. E. Bowen.....S
Eagle	81	38	2	48	62	22	.....
Walcott	113	33	1	70	56	32	1
Colfax	73	16	.....	51	27	13	.....
Barrie	37	2	.....	32	5	9	.....
Helendale	27	7	.....	27	7	2	.....
Sheyenne	17	11	.....	12	12	5	.....
Viking	23	7	1	12	12	2	1
Abercrombie	86	18	2	49	40	21	1
Abercrombie village.....	32	20	.....	23	26	11	.....
Nansen	21	12	.....	25	9	5	.....
Garborg	39	1	.....	15	8	19	.....
Freeman	30	3	.....	22	8	3	.....
West End.....	13	9	.....	10	9	1	.....
Homestead	22	4	.....	18	6	2	.....
Antelope	21	19	.....	13	23	9	1
Ibsen	28	14	.....	19	14	10	.....
Dwight	53	34	1	46	39	6	1
Center	24	31	.....	21	27	15	.....
Mooreton	16	15	2	11	17	9	1
Mooreton village.....	14	12	.....	5	13	11	.....
Barney	33	37	.....	33	39	6	.....
Danton	26	10	1	24	12	2	1
Wyndmere	28	10	.....	22	12	5	.....
Wyndinere village.....	54	20	.....	35	30	19	.....
Dexter	16	20	.....	11	21	4	.....
Liberty Grove.....	21	37	.....	14	44	1	.....
Belford	23	23	.....	25	37	1	.....
Brandenburg	26	35	.....	27	38	2	.....
Great Bend village.....	20	17	.....	22	16	2	.....
Summit	29	73	.....	22	88	12	.....
Fairmount	21	32	1	20	33	5	1
Fairmount village.....	35	41	2	38	34	17	2
DeVillo	14	23	.....	13	26	1	.....
Waldo	14	14	.....	17	13	.....	.....
Brightwood	21	23	.....	21	28	.....	.....
Hankinson	84	136	3	89	139	14	5
Moran	9	20	.....	9	21	.....	.....
Grant	8	23	.....	7	23	2	.....
Lidgerwood	62	74	4	51	68	38	3
Duerr	19	59	.....	12	66	3	.....
Elma	21	27	1	26	25	2	1
Greendale	21	23	.....	20	25	5	.....
LaMars	22	16	.....	16	20	6	.....
Wahpeton, 1st Ward.....	24	66	1	22	71	5	1
2nd Ward.....	58	60	2	60	55	14	2
3rd Ward.....	47	44	3	44	46	12	2
4th Ward.....	59	55	2	56	47	21	2
Total	1585	1334	29	1285	1497	406	26

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

WALSH—Continued

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. B. Lovell....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet....P
Edinburg village.....	25	8	2	16	19	.....	5
Fordville village.....	30	2	8	19	10	6	7
Lankin village.....	20	32	20	9	49	14	3
Adams village.....	36	4	14	20	13	11	13
Fairdale village.....	26	3	.....	11	17	.....	2
Total	1415	1072	188	987	1394	142	325

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

SARGENT

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. R. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Bowen	35	17	1	25	28	1	.....
Brampton	52	18	1	54	13	1	4
Denver	18	17	8	14	22	9	1
Dunbar	31	19	3	30	26	1	1
Forman	82	35	.....	81	42	.....	2
Hall	54	18	1	45	34	1	2
Harlem	37	18	2	24	23	2	2
Herman	15	8	12	16	10	12	1
Jackson	18	14	.....	12	21	.....	1
Kingston	34	30	1	33	35	1	.....
Marboe	28	6	1	15	17	1	4
Milnor	108	40	6	70	77	3	17
Ransom	57	22	2	36	47	.....	5
Rutland	25	25	3	16	37	2	.....
Sargent	28	20	.....	26	23	.....	.....
Shuman	41	12	3	27	20	3	5
South West.....	11	7	.....	13	7	1	.....
Taylor	13	15	.....	14	19	.....	.....
Tewaukon	28	12	12	29	17	11	2
Verner	22	14	1	10	25	1	3
Vivian	31	23	10	34	23	10	2
Weber	56	45	1	38	57	1	11
W. S. Hill.....	47	20	9	40	27	8	2
Wiley	34	10	2	27	15	2	4
Cogswell	54	25	.....	46	37	.....	6
Cayuga	29	5	.....	23	11	.....	6
Total	988	495	79	798	713	71	81

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued
STARK

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	P. D. Norton.....R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeSueur...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Dickinson, 1st Ward.....	41	41	10	48	28	10	11
2nd Ward.....	35	52	6	46	35	7	16
3rd Ward.....	30	54	4	44	37	4	9
4th Ward.....	22	51	8	31	36	3	7
5th Ward.....	34	29	6	33	24	6	8
6th Ward.....	50	53	7	59	42	7	5
No. 2	63	36	.....	76	25	1	8
No. 3	14	39	1	29	21	2	4
No. 4	41	47	.....	54	38	.....	4
No. 5	34	12	.....	30	15	.....	1
No. 6	23	19	2	28	18	.....	2
No. 7	31	19	.....	41	12	.....	2
No. 8	19	28	.....	26	19	.....	3
No. 9	4	28	.....	5	29	.....	1
No. 10	30	8	.....	29	9	.....	2
No. 11	16	7	8	18	6	8	1
No. 12	32	20	.....	30	27	.....	1
No. 13	9	24	1	13	19	2	1
No. 14	35	16	.....	29	21	.....	4
No. 15	14	21	.....	34	10	.....	.....
No. 16	33	1	.....	35	.....	.....	.....
No. 17	15	35	1	41	9	1	2
No. 18	47	19	1	57	13	1	.....
No. 19	7	24	.....	6	25	.....	2
No. 20	19	3	.....	22	2	.....	.....
No. 21	9	36	1	17	25	1	2
No. 22	2	16	.....	4	15	.....	.....
No. 23	38	38	4	53	17	5	8
No. 24	33	29	.....	36	30	.....	2
Total	780	805	55	974	607	58	106

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued
SHERIDAN

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
No. 1	50	13	1	34	15	1	28
No. 2	24	4	2	19	4	...	6
No. 3	6	2	...	8	2	...	4
No. 4	7	3	2	9	3	4	1
No. 5	21	3	1	19	2	2	4
No. 6	20	3	...	16	3	...	7
No. 7	10	...	...	8	3	...	10
No. 8	21	1	...	24	2	...	...
No. 9	34	2	1	35	3	1	1
No. 10	17	...	...	27	2	...	...
No. 11	12	3	...	9	10	...	5
No. 12	15	2	3	14	5	3	...
No. 13	16	6	4	9	8	4	6
No. 14	17	4	...	13	5	...	7
No. 15	18	4	...	15	8	...	1
No. 16	25	6	...	24	6	...	...
No. 17	24	2	1	23	9	...	1
No. 18	82	11	1	80	9	2	13
No. 19	31	12	1	34	11	...	6
No. 20	25	1	...	28	2	...	1
No. 21	11	7	...	12	9	...	3
No. 22	52	11	1	33	21	1	34
No. 23	7	2	...	7	3	...	2
No. 24	17	6	3	11	13	3	3
No. 25	9	10	...	6	10	...	10
No. 26	13	...	...	13	1	...	6
No. 27	18	2	1	18	2	1	4
No. 28	16	...	...	17	...	...	...
Total	618	120	22	565	170	22	163

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

STEELE

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. R. Lovell....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Newburgh	57	3	1	19	22	...	26
Beaver Creek.....	27	3	10	10	10	11	12
Westfield	11	2	18	4	9	19	9
Sharon	17	4	4	6	10	4	6
Enger	53	2	...	21	8	...	27
Golden Lake.....	12	6	10	6	12	10	10
Finley	19	7	...	4	22	1	6
Franklin	19	2	...	4	15	...	19
Primrose	46	...	...	23	9	...	20
Sherbrooke	33	2	...	19	4	...	20
Easton	13	3	...	3	5	...	13
Greenvlew	24	1	...	6	15	...	3
Edendale	18	7	2	10	9	1	9
Hugo	10	10	...	10	14	...	...
Melrose	17	6	1	7	20	1	3
Riverside	13	6	...	8	11	...	7
Broadlawn	18	6	...	11	6	...	13
Colgate	18	17	...	10	20	...	13
Carpenter	21	9	...	21	12	...	1
Willow Lake.....	20	13	...	5	29	...	4
Village of Sharon.....	40	9	9	11	20	8	32
Village of Finley.....	58	10	3	19	33	3	25
City of Hope.....	77	34	4	53	58	3	14
Total	641	162	62	290	373	61	292

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

STUTSMAN

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor		
	Geo. M. Young...R.	J. A. Minckler...D.	John A. Yoder...S.	L. B. Hanna...R.	W. D. Sweet...F.	
Ashland	20	6		13	12	6
Bloom	15	17	2	9	21	6
Bloomenfield	4	7		3	7	
Buchanan	17	17		13	17	10
Chaseley	16	1	1	12	3	6
Chicago	7	3		8	5	1
Corinne	8	12		7	13	1
Courtenay	49	44	1	30	55	19
Corwin	16	5		13	7	3
Cusator	10	3		10	3	
Deer Lake.....	12	7	1	6	10	3
Durham	10	22	1	7	23	2
Edmunds	18	12		11	15	
Eldridge	13	6		14	8	1
Flint	38	29	1	39	29	8
Ford	12	4	3	13	4	1
Germania	22	1		22	1	
Gerber	17	2	1	9	9	1
Glacier	11	3		7	7	3
Griffin	16	4		13	5	2
Homer	21	19		30	18	
Iosco	17	6		16	6	2
Jamestown, 1st Ward.....	109	52	9	99	63	31
2nd Ward.....	112	85	14	102	100	30
3rd Ward.....	47	43	5	52	49	21
4th Ward.....	98	58	7	85	67	25
Kensal	44	47	1	41	48	5
Lenton	7	3		7	5	2
Lees	10	13	1	7	13	1
Lippert	9	9		11	10	
Lowery	13	1	3	13	2	1
Lyon	15	8	1	13	10	4
Manns	20	7		16	9	2
Marston Moor.....	12	7	1	14	7	
Melvin	8	12		5	13	4
Midway	6	6		5	9	2
Montpelier	26	11	2	22	13	10
Mt. Pleasant.....	4	2		4	1	3
Mutz	15	19		10	25	1
Nelson	13	6		11	9	
New Home.....	15	7	2	18	7	
Newbury	8	2	1	10	4	4
Nogosek	6	3		6	12	
Paris	16	4	1	13	7	
Peterson	17	2		12	6	
Pingree	33	11	4	23	20	9
Pipestem Valley.....	12	9		12	9	5
Plainview	11	4		13	3	5
Round Top.....	9	3		9	12	
Rosey	20	12		19	16	
Roosevelt	13	3		18	4	1

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

STUTSMAN—Continued

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet....P
Sharlow	12	11	3	9	16	3	2
Sinclair	7	8	.....	6	8	.....	2
Spiritwood	23	24	.....	23	31	.....	.....
Spiritwood Lake.....	6	13	6	7	17	5	1
St. Paul.....	23	2	.....	11	13	.....	2
Sturton	31	16	.....	21	24	.....	2
Streeter	49	8	.....	49	10	.....	3
Strong	32	9	1	36	14	1	1
Valley Spring.....	9	7	.....	7	6	1	2
Walters	32	5	.....	24	4	.....	.....
Washington	5	5	.....	4	6	.....	.....
Wadsworth	17	3	.....	12	4	.....	3
Weld	21	14	1	18	18	1	3
Windsor	11	5	.....	5	11	.....	4
Winfield	13	6	.....	8	8	.....	8
Woodbury	21	5	.....	19	11	.....	2
Ypsilanti	20	16	.....	22	10	.....	.....
Total	1425	847	79	1256	1052	80	284

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

TRAILL

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. R. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Belmont	37	.....	4	19	7	4	13
Bingham	25	4	3	13	8	3	13
Blanchard	22	16	.....	16	18	.....	8
Bloomfield	33	6	.....	17	13	.....	13
Bohnsack	16	18	.....	14	20	1	8
Buxton	64	18	1	33	36	1	31
Caledonia	32	14	4	10	17	3	31
Eldorado	35	15	1	26	20	1	11
Elm River	11	8	.....	8	90	.....	3
Ervin	36	14	.....	28	18	.....	10
Galesburg	40	9	1	18	18	1	19
Garfield	43	7	1	25	18	1	7
Herberg	24	8	.....	10	14	.....	9
Hillsboro	21	7	.....	10	14	.....	7
Kelso	13	9	1	12	11	.....	7
Mayville	38	21	.....	10	38	1	17
Morgan	37	6	.....	15	9	.....	21
Norman	36	9	1	14	22	1	16
Norway	48	7	.....	15	36	.....	8
Roseville	78	3	4	30	10	4	46
Stavanger	55	5	.....	26	13	.....	25
Wold	31	8	8	7	29	7	12
Hillsboro City.....	127	41	15	76	93	16	19
Mayville City.....	98	23	1	52	40	1	47
Hatton City.....	82	14	6	29	47	6	34
Portland City.....	54	4	6	31	9	6	30
Reynolds City.....	26	12	.....	21	17	.....	2
Total	1162	306	57	585	604	57	467

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

TOWNER

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. R. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Coolin	11	3	1	14	3	1	.....
Maza	19	13	1	14	21	.....	1
Metcalf	9	13	3	7	16	2	.....
Dewey	31	7	.....	13	12	.....	16
Bethel	15	8	.....	12	14	.....	2
Badger	17	11	1	9	13	1	2
Olson	13	11	3	10	16	4	3
Zion	19	15	2	19	16	2	1
Victor	25	15	6	21	21	6	2
Lewis	10	8	1	8	12	2	.....
Considine	12	5	2	12	8	1	.....
New City.....	9	15	5	7	16	4	4
Twin Hill.....	16	13	.....	11	15	1	2
Crocus	23	13	.....	20	20	.....	3
Nelson	25	7	1	17	14	.....	3
Greenfield	14	11	1	16	15	.....	3
Iowa	20	2	3	9	12	2	5
Virginia	12	6	4	9	8	4	8
Howell	14	7	.....	9	17	.....	1
Monroe	16	6	1	13	9	1	2
Mt. Pleasant.....	12	11	4	6	16	3	1
Rock Lake.....	7	2	14	5	4	13	1
Armourdale	14	14	1	17	19	1	2
Lakeview	25	5	2	27	6	2	3
Dash	15	5	3	11	8	2	5
Bryan	10	14	5	7	15	5	8
Sidney	37	25	9	27	34	7	6
Ficton	14	6	1	11	10	1	4
Cando City.....	103	66	13	87	95	12	12
Bisbee village.....	45	16	9	34	28	8	6
Perth village.....	26	9	.....	25	12	.....	3
Rock Lake village.....	17	14	3	14	17	3	4
Egeland village.....	28	14	12	23	26	11	1
Total	683	390	111	544	568	99	114

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

WALSH

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor		
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. R. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	W. D. Sweet....P	
Walshville	14	24	2	17	2	3
Pulaski	6	57		10	53	
Acton	18	20	1	17	31	11
St. Andrews.....	26	18	3	23	21	4
Ardoch township.....	16	35	1	16	37	3
Harrison	3	41		2	46	
Oakwood	37	39	10	22	45	12
Martin	25	15	7	10	21	7
Forest River township.....	18	23		15	22	3
Walsh Center.....	28	36	2	27	33	5
Grafton township	53	11	3	31	26	15
Farmington	38	12	13	32	19	7
Ops	2	42		6	39	3
Prairie Center.....	24	45		20	43	4
Fertile	46	7		37	10	13
Glenwood	45	8	2	16	27	11
Eden	9	20	1	3	24	4
Rushford	10	33		9	36	3
Kensington	26	19	2	17	30	5
Dundee	41	9	6	17	15	16
Medford	20	10	3	18	13	2
Vernon	28	20		10	32	3
Golden	34	11	3	18	19	11
Lampton	33	3	2	24	13	6
Cleveland	34	24	1	34	25	1
Norton	14	14	12	10	23	1
Vesta	33	3	10	25	9	6
Tiber	10	4		10	12	8
Perth	8	30		8	34	
Latona	16	27	3	11	35	1
Adams	30	7	5	18	11	6
Silvesta	39	5	1	11	13	18
Sauter	3	1	1	4	23	1
Shepherd	19	21	5	10	27	14
Dewey	22	5	1	12	11	5
Kinloss	25	5	2	13	18	3
Grafton, 1st Ward.....	50	32	11	44	42	9
2nd Ward.....	38	10	2	23	21	14
3rd Ward.....	52	30	6	46	40	4
4th Ward.....	52	16	7	41	28	13
Minto, 1st Ward.....	13	16		10	18	2
2nd Ward.....	8	25		4	26	4
3rd Ward.....	30	20		22	24	7
Park River, 1st Ward.....	22	13	1	20	17	
2nd Ward.....	11	11	5	10	16	5
3rd Ward.....	47	24		34	32	13
Ardoch village.....	11	10	4	14	10	3
Forest River village.....	18	12		17	12	11
Hoopie village.....	22	9	2	13	15	4
Conway village.....	4	17	5	6	17	3
Pisek village.....	7	42		5	41	5

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

WALSH—Continued

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	H. T. Helgeson...R	V. B. Lovell.....D	Leon Durocher...S	L. B. Hanna....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet....P
Edinburg village.....	25	8	2	16	19	.....	5
Fordville village.....	30	2	8	19	10	6	7
Lankin village.....	20	32	20	9	49	14	3
Adams village.....	36	4	14	20	13	11	13
Fairdale village.....	26	3	.....	11	17	.....	2
Total	1415	1072	188	987	1394	142	325

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

WARD

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor	
	P. D. Norton.....R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeGueur...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	W. D. Sweet.....P
Afton	17	7	14	17	10
Anna	5	7	10	8	10
Burlington	20	33	17	41	12
Brillian	8	9	18	12	15
Berthold	21	26	4	20	3
Burt	18	15	17	30	9
Baden	6	8	12	7	11
Carbondale	8	5	21	21	4
Carpio	32	14	13	30	15
Cameron and Douglas villages.....	23	17	19	30	12
Denmark	18	7	9	12	3
Des Lacs.....	16	24	8	22	16
Eureka	13	9	8	13	8
Elmdale	15	18	7	15	18
Evergreen	12	3	1	11	4
Foxholm	19	24	5	21	20
Freedom	9	8	12	11	6
Greeley	7	4	7	9	4
Greenbush	16	11	8	15	11
Harrison	18	11	13	15	9
Hilton	4	3	8	4	3
Iota Flat	11	4	8	10	5
Kenmare	8	8	11	15	5
Kirkelle	15	13	13	17	14
Lund	22	10	2	27	6
Mandan	11	20	2	13	17
McKinley	16	6	15	13	8
Mayland	9	14	7	8	19
Margaret	10	12	15	6	13
Maryland	22	14	10	23	14
Nedrose	7	13	10	7	18
Newman	17	2	7	18	6
Orlén	15	9	18	25	5
Passport	9	19	7	10	17
Rushville	6	4	14	7	5
Rice Lake.....	2	4	12	5	2
Ryder	10	9	11	11	10
Rolling Green.....	9	5	12	6	6
Ree	10	5	19	11	5
Shealey	3	9	12	4	8
St. Marys.....	18	9	2	21	8
Sauk Prairie.....	11	14	2	10	14
Surrey	42	22	9	32	21
Spencer	18	16	17	12	13
Spring Lake.....	10	5	11	13	5
Tolgen	8	4	7	11	1
Totman	15	6	22	13	14
Torning	7	2	25	10	24
Vang	11	8	9	15	7
Waterford	12	8	10	17	9
Willis	18	14	9	21	12

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

WARD—Continued

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	P. D. Norton....R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeSueur..S	L. B. Hanna.....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
154-81	23	5	7	20	5	7	3
153-81	20	12	2	21	12	2	2
154-82	10	17	16	12	17	11	5
152-83	12	1	18	12	1	17	1
153-86	9	.....	2	4	1	3	4
151-87	7	5	5	6	5	6	2
Berthold village.....	29	39	8	33	38	6	2
Carplo village.....	10	24	6	19	20	.....	5
Donnybrook village.....	13	29	12	31	14	5	5
Des Lacs village.....	6	12	6	10	9	5	1
Ryder village.....	17	30	10	29	26	7	6
Sawyer village.....	27	9	8	27	6	3	12
Kenmare City, 1st Ward.....	16	18	4	18	12	3	4
2nd Ward.....	23	28	8	30	18	6	6
3rd Ward.....	27	34	9	32	25	7	11
Minot, 1st Ward.....	25	48	34	42	30	22	17
2nd Ward.....	50	65	92	72	56	43	39
3rd Ward.....	30	60	126	56	47	81	32
4th Ward.....	14	18	19	18	11	9	11
5th Ward.....	42	98	25	80	51	8	34
6th Ward.....	62	135	47	108	92	45	26
Total	1158	1237	1027	1441	1004	707	428

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

WELLS

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	Geo. M. Young...R	J. A. Minckler...D	John A. Yoder...S	L. B. Hanna....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D. Sweet.....P
Hawks Nest.....	4	5	3	4	5	2	1
Bilodeau	11	10	2	10	11	2	...
Woodward	14	4	...	11	7	...	3
Fairville	19	11	...	6	22	...	2
Bremen	10	15	...	5	22	...	...
Eden	15	2	...	7	9	...	3
Norway Lake.....	35	1	...	18	7	...	12
Hamburg	25	8	...	27	11	...	2
Germantown	24	3	...	14	6	...	9
Cathay township.....	24	5	...	14	12	...	6
Sykeston township.....	17	4	...	13	6	1	...
Johnson	13	3	...	13	3	...	1
Grant	14	2	...	16	3	1	...
Speedwell	36	15	...	25	19	...	7
Cottonwood	11	6	...	11	8	1	3
Oshkosh	24	15	1	16	22	...	5
Norway	19	5	...	18	14	...	6
Heimdal	33	7	1	23	15	1	5
Fram	21	7	1	12	19	1	4
Manfred	49	5	3	15	25	...	30
Highland	23	2	1	17	5	...	1
Ontario	16	4	1	7	8	...	6
Haaland	16	6	...	10	9	...	3
Lincoln	8	4	1	8	5	1	1
Antelope	43	13	3	33	23	2	7
Delger	13	1	...	7	6	...	5
Rusland	26	...	1	24	...	...	3
Forward	10	12	...	3	14	...	8
Wells	14	15	1	14	18	...	5
Hillsdale	16	4	5	7	12	2	7
Pioneer	24	7	...	17	12	...	5
Pony Gulch.....	25	1	1	19	...	1	9
Crysta! Lake.....	11	...	...	11	1	...	...
Buffalo	52	19	3	50	32	2	4
Fessenden city	80	26	1	44	57	1	22
Harvey city	93	53	3	90	64	3	23
Cathay village	31	3	1	26	7	...	7
Sykeston village	30	12	...	17	20	...	13
Bowden village	30	7	3	17	20	2	9
Total	979	322	36	694	559	23	237

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

WILLIAMS

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor	
	P. D. Norton....R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeBueur...S	L. B. Hanna.....R	W. D. Sweet....P
No. 1	14	10	11	11	11
No. 2	11	5	6	8	5
No. 3	23	23	11	23	12
No. 4	4	4	13	3	12
No. 5	20	4	7	19	8
No. 6	11		6	10	4
No. 7	12	6	8	10	3
No. 8	6	6	6	6	3
No. 9	8		3	6	1
No. 10	3	1	3	4	2
No. 11	10	6	9	6	9
No. 12	9	7	18	8	17
No. 13	9	5	11	4	10
No. 14	11	1	10	11	6
No. 15	22	10	6	17	12
No. 16	15	6	12	7	12
No. 17	2	5		3	6
No. 18	9	2	9	9	7
No. 19	16	3	11	12	8
No. 20	14	13	9	15	8
No. 21	15	10	12	11	12
No. 22	5	2	14	5	13
No. 23	9	2	10	6	10
No. 24	2		15	2	13
No. 25	20	2	10	21	9
No. 26	12	7	7	14	6
No. 27	15		3	11	7
No. 28	14	2	4	13	3
No. 29	7	3	21	7	22
No. 30	7	7	14	7	14
No. 31	6	7	41	6	35
No. 32	8	3	32	5	28
No. 33	17	7	18	11	14
No. 34	18	8	11	17	8
No. 35	11	8	2	10	2
No. 36	8	3	2	6	1
No. 37	7	5	3	8	2
No. 38	10	3	3	9	7
No. 39	7	7	22	4	21
No. 40	11	6	17	6	11
No. 41	29	9	27	23	35
No. 42	14	12	10	16	11
No. 43	12	13	3	13	4
No. 44	18	4	3	15	8
No. 45	23	3	18	22	19
No. 46	13	4	13	12	11
No. 47	20	10	5	19	8
No. 48	16	11	10	15	7
No. 49	16	8	14	17	14
No. 50	9	5	15	9	12
No. 51	19	7	6	15	6

Vote by Precincts, General Election 1912—Continued

WILLIAMS—Continued

Precinct	Representative in Congress			Governor			
	P. D. Norton...R	H. L. Halvorson..D	Arthur LeSueur...S	L. B. Hanna....R	F. O. Hellstrom..D	A. E. Bowen.....S	W. D Sweet....P
No. 52	6	3	3	6	7	.....	.....
No. 53	10	2	6	9	5	6	1
No. 54	2	1	13	1	1	14	.....
No. 55	15	17	3	17	16	2	1
No. 56	10	...	19	7	...	19	4
No. 57	30	30	8	29	29	8	1
No. 58	37	32	13	42	31	12	6
No. 59	62	68	19	71	64	12	15
No. 60	51	39	25	57	33	16	11
No. 61	14	31	2	11	34	1	1
No. 62	37	59	10	42	48	8	14
No. 63	24	17	17	26	18	13	3
Total	928	598	701	880	661	609	167

VOTE BY SENATORIAL DISTRICTS

For Members of the
Thirteenth Legislative Assembly, 1913

FIRST DISTRICT

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Pembina.

Senate	House
(Holdover)	Henry Gelger (R).....1,326
	J. W. Hart (R).....1,205
	Wm. N. Husband (R).....1,296
	Paul Johnson (D).....1,030
	Chas. Edwards (D)..... 912
	J. J. O'Connor (D).....1,105

SECOND DISTRICT

(One senator; one representative.)

County—Part of Ward, consisting of townships 154, 155 and 156, of ranges 85, 86 and 87; township 157 of ranges 84, 85, 86 and 87; township 158 of range 87; townships 159 and 160 of ranges 87, 88 and 89; and township 161 of range 88.

Senate	House
Carl Westergren (D)..... 294	J. W. Calnan (R)..... 649
J. A. Englund (R)..... 630	Geo. Ankenbault (D)..... 263
Scattering 10	M. M. Samuelson..... 9

THIRD DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Part of Walsh, consisting of the townships of Perth, Latona, Adams, Silvesta, Cleveland, Norton, Vesta, Tiber, Medford, Vernon, Golden, Lampton, Eden, Rushford, Kensington, Dundee, Opps, Prairie Centre, Fertile, City of Park River, Village of Edinburg, Village of Conway, Village of Hoople, Village of Pisek, Village of Adams, Fairdale, Glenwood, Kinloss, Shepherd, Sauter and Dewey.

Senate	House
O. T. Loftsgaard (R)..... 835	Nels T. Hedalen (R).....
E. K. Hassel (D)..... 736	Peder L. Hjelmstad (R)..... 789
	C. I. Christenson (D)..... 737
	J. S. McNish (D)..... 631

FOURTH DISTRICT

(One senator; one representative.)

County—Part of Walsh, consisting of the townships of Forest River, Village of Forest River, Walsh Centre, Grafton, City of Grafton, Farmington, Ardock, Village of Ardock, Harriston, Oakwood, Martin, Walshville, Pulaski, Acton, City of Minto and St. Andrews.

Senate	House
(Holdover)	John H. Fraine (R)..... 707
	V. Koehmstedt (D)..... 521

FIFTH DISTRICT

(One senator; one representative.)

County—Part of Grand Forks, consisting of the townships of Gilby, Johnstown, Strabane, Wheatfield, Hegton, Arvilla, Avon, Northwood, City of Northwood, Lind, Grace, Larimore, City of Larimore, Elm Grove, Agnes, Inkster, City of Inkster, Elkmount, Plymouth, Niagara, Moraine, Logan Centre and Loretta.

Senate	House
O. O. Trageton (R)..... 880	John S. Kylo (R)..... 878

SIXTH DISTRICT

(One senator; one representative.)

County—Part of Grand Forks, consisting of the third, fourth, fifth and sixth wards of the City of Grand Forks, as now constituted, and the townships of Faulkner, Harvey, Turtle River, Ferry, Rye, Blooming, Meckinock, Lakeville and Levant.

Senate	House
(Holdover)	John T. Freeman (R)..... 423
	W. V. O'Connor (D)..... 625

SEVENTH DISTRICT

(One senator; one representative.)

County—Part of Grand Forks, consisting of the first, second and seventh wards of the City of Grand Forks as now constituted, and the townships of Grand Forks, Brenna, Oakville, Chester, Pleasant View, Fairfield, Ellendale, Walle, Bentru, Americus, Michigan, Union, Washington, and the first and second wards of the City of Reynolds.

Senate	House
H. A. Bronson (R)..... 953	Wm. S. Dean (R)..... 833
	B. F. Lavalley (D)..... 588
	John Brown..... 1

EIGHTH DISTRICT

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Traill.

Senate	House
(Holdover)	W. J. Burnett (R).....1,244
	Ed. Coltom (R).....1,180
	O. J. Sorlie (R).....1,001
	Albert O. Bjertness..... 570
	Scattering 12

NINTH DISTRICT

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Part of Cass, consisting of the township of Fargo and the City of Fargo, and the fractional township number one hundred and thirty-nine, range forty-eight.

Senate	House
Robt. M. Pollock (R)..... 913	L. L. Twichell (R).....1,199
Wm. P. Porterfield (D).....1,262	Sam McDonald (R).....1,050
	Daniel S. Lewis (R).....1,308
	Robt. B. Blakemore (D).....1,157
	E. M. Van Arnham (D)..... 684

TENTH DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Part of Cass, consisting of the townships of Noble, Wiser, Harwood, Reed, Barnes, Stanley, Pleasant, Kenyon, Gardner, Berlin, Raymond, Mapleton, Village of Mapleton, Warren, Normanla, Bell, Harmony, Durbin, Addison, Davenport, Village of Davenport, Casselton and the City of Casselton.

	Senate	House	
(Holdover)		Bernt N. Sandbeck (R).....	742
		John Dynes (R).....	714
		C. M. Conant (D).....	391
		Max H. Strehlow (D).....	472

ELEVENTH DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Part of Cass, consisting of the townships of Gunkle, Rush River, Hunter, Arthur, Amenia, Everest, Maple River, Leonard, Dows, Empire, Wheatland, Gill, Walburg, Watson, Page, Rich, Ayr, Buffalo, Village of Buffalo, Howes, Eldred, Highland, Rochester, Lake, Cornell, Tower, Hill, Clifton and Pontiac.

	Senate	House	
Frank S. Talcott (R).....	757	James E. Hill (R).....	813
William F. Stremel (D).....	532	William Watt (R).....	797
		John C. Moug (D).....	499
		Fred Schroeder (D).....	448

TWELFTH DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Part of Richland, consisting of the townships of Eagle, Abercrombie, village of Abercrombie, Dwight, Ibsen, Centre, Mooreton, Brandenburg, Village of Great Bend, Summit, Fairmount, Village of Fairmount, DeVillo, LaMars, Waldo, Greendale and the City of Wahpeton.

	Senate	House	
(Holdover)		A. G. Divet (R).....	929
		Albert Weis (R).....	678
		Thomas Egan (D).....	641
		J. G. Hagen (D).....	646

THIRTEENTH DISTRICT

(One senator; one representative.)

County—Sargent.

	Senate	House	
F. W. Vall (R).....	980	Nels Petterson (R).....	991
Frank Riba (D).....	621	D. L. Warriner (R).....	950
		E. M. Fjelstad (D).....	613
		Jas. Mulrooney (D).....	506

FOURTEENTH DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Ransom.

	Senate	House	
C. O. Heckle.....	921	P. H. Butler (R).....	989
Chas. E. Mullivex.....	353	James Walsh (R).....	982
Charles D. Berry.....	1	W. Frank Grange (D).....	486
W. F. Grange.....	1	Scattering	6

FIFTEENTH DISTRICT

(One senator; one representative.)

County—Part of Barnes, consisting of the townships of Baldwin, Dazey, Laketown, Pierce, Uxbridge, Edna, Rogers, Grand Prairie, Minnie Lake, Anderson, Hobart, Potter, Village of Dazey, Village of Wimbledon, Village of Sanborn, City of Valey City, township 143, range 56; township 143, range 58; township 142, range 58; township 141, range 58; township 141, range 59; township 141, range 61; and township 140, range 58.

Senate		House
C. F. Mudgett (R).....	968	Frank E. Ployhar (R)..... 942

SIXTEENTH DISTRICT

(One senator; three representatives.)

Counties—Steele and Griggs.

Senate	House
(Holdover)	E. W. Everson (R).....1,024
	Adolph J. Huso (R)..... 966
	W. H. Northrup (R).....1,049
	Iver I. Seim (D)..... 572
	Oscar Greenland (D)..... 775
	Wm. Howden (D)..... 638
	M. Brumwell..... 8
	G. E. Anderson..... 10
	Iver Udegard..... 14
	O. Udeland..... 1
	Hans Dronen..... 1

SEVENTEENTH DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Nelson.

Senate	House
L. S. Helgeland (R).....1,005	R. J. Gardiner (R)..... 943
Geo. L. Barrett (D)..... 549	C. I. Morkrid (R).....1,036
Robert Grant (S)..... 27	O. M. Greenland..... 496
	Samuel Pearson (D)..... 418
	Henry Haraldson..... 26
	R. E. Swendseld (S)..... 24

EIGHTEENTH DISTRICT

(One senator; one representative.)

County—Part of Cavalier, consisting of the townships of Cypress, Byron, Linden, Dresden, Langdon, City of Langdon, South Dresden, Grey, Glenila, Huron, Moscow, Waterloo, Elgin, Perry, Billings, Nekoma, Storlie, Banner, Trier, Gordon, Henderson, Nekoma village, Slevert, Sarles village, Bruce and Minto.

Senate	House
(Holdover)	S. J. A. Boyd (R)..... 672
	Fred Borusky (D)..... 685

NINETEENTH DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Rolette.

Senate		House	
A. L. Nelson (R).....	585	W. A. Small (R).....	539
Frank Peltier (D).....	553	H. L. Ingalls (R).....	510
M. W. Leonard.....	11	Arthur Dixon (D).....	512
		Wm. H. Stokes (D).....	483
		Wm. Steffen.....	4
		Harry M. Gilbert.....	15

TWENTIETH DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Benson.

Senate		House	
(Holdover)		Paul J. Moen (R).....	1,162
		Victor Wardrobe (R).....	1,474
		J. R. Shiveley (D).....	364
		A. J. Styles.....	212

TWENTY-FIRST DISTRICT

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Ramsey.

Senate		House	
F. H. Hyland (R).....	1,480	Norman Morrison (R).....	1,352
F. N. Maurer (D).....	707	M. D. Butler (R).....	1,266
		Bernt Anderson (R).....	1,263
		S. J. Dean (D).....	788
		H. G. McMurray (D).....	835
		W. W. Flynn (D).....	683

TWENTY-SECOND DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Towner.

Senate		House	
(Holdover)		N. W. Hawkinson (R).....	735
		N. O. Johnson (R).....	667
		Frank J. Martz (D).....	554

TWENTY-THIRD DISTRICT

(One senator; four representatives.)

County—Stutsman.

Senate		House	
Alfred Steel (R).....	1,332	Adam Bollinger (R).....	1,301
John B. Fried (D).....	1,263	C. S. Buck (R).....	1,436
		Thomas Pendray (R).....	1,450
		Geo. A. Tucker (R).....	1,369
		Frank M. Brown (D).....	983
		Lee Hoffman (D).....	875
		Wm. F. Stege (D).....	938
		Halvor Sundahl (D).....	946

TWENTY-FOURTH DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—LaMoure.

Senate	House
(Holdover)	R. A. Kinzer (R)..... 642
	Chester H. Shells (R)..... 678
	J. A. T. Bjornson (D)..... 728
	E. A. Raney (D)..... 708

TWENTY-FIFTH DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Dickey.

Senate	House
H. C. Peek (R)..... 788	N. E. Davis (R)..... 797
Ira A. Barnes (D)..... 809	C. E. Knox (R)..... 819
Sam Lane..... 52	H. F. Eaton (D)..... 675
	M. M. Cook (D)..... 721
	C. C. Talbott..... 52
	Thomas Werner..... 49

TWENTY-SIXTH DISTRICT

(One senator; four representatives.)

Counties—Emmons and Kidder.

Senate	House
(Holdover)	Geo. G. Bope (R).....1,275
	R. K. Batzer (R).....1,337
	Sidney F. Smith (R).....1,318
	D. R. Streeter (R).....1,256
	M. Baumgartner (D)..... 652
	A. K. Fischer (D)..... 649
	M. Scherr (D)..... 632
	T. Pryse..... 1
	L. S. Langedahl..... 1

TWENTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Burleigh.

Senate	House
E. A. Hughes (R).....1,063	Frank Fox (R).....1,231
Chas. Glitschka (D)..... 583	John Homan (R).....1,212
T. R. Mockler (Pro)..... 286	E. A. Williams (R).....1,132
C. B. Little (R)..... 1	S. S. Clifford (D)..... 533
	Christian Bertsch, Jr. (D)..... 571
	Chas. E. Crum (D)..... 499
	W. J. Richard (Pro)..... 246

TWENTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT

(One senator; four representatives.)

County—Bottineau.

Senate	House
(Holdover)	E. O. Haraldson (R).....1,176
	Jas. Hill (R).....1,272
	H. C. Harty (R).....1,251
	C. C. Jacobson (R).....1,213
	J. L. Gorder (D)..... 878
	W. H. Lackey (D)..... 857
	J. L. Page (D)..... 695
	L. J. Buckman..... 402
	H. C. Hayden..... 390
	C. T. Kretschmar..... 397

TWENTY-NINTH DISTRICT

(One senator; four representatives.)

County—Part of Ward, consisting of the City of Minot, and townships 151, 152, 153, 154, 155, 156, 157 and 158, north of ranges 81, 82, 83, 84, 85, 86 and 87, west of the Fifth Principal Meridian.

Senate		House	
Walter R. Bond (R).....	1,284	F. B. Lambert (R).....	1,149
A. D. Hagenstein (D).....	508	Hans C. Miller (R).....	1,176
D. C. Dorman (D).....	553	J. W. Smith (R).....	1,026
		A. M. Thompson (R).....	1,173
		S. W. Fassett (D).....	513
		Chas. J. Holm (D).....	497
		Earl H. Jacobson (D).....	547
		W. C. McHugh (D).....	470
		J. M. Horine (S).....	499
		V. R. Briggs (S).....	498
		Robert Waldref (S).....	500
		George Fisher (S).....	503

THIRTIETH DISTRICT

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—That portion of Morton, consisting of township 130 of ranges 85 and 86; township 131 of ranges 84, 85 and 86; township 132, ranges 83, 84, 85 and 86; township 133 of ranges 82, 83, 84, 85 and 86; township 134, of ranges 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84, 85 and 86; townships 135 and 136 of ranges 79, 80, 81, 82, 83, 84 and 85; township 137 of ranges 79, 80, 81, 82 and 83; township 138 of ranges 80, 81, 82 and 83; townships 139 and 140 of ranges 81, 82 and 83.

Senate		House	
J. M. Hanley (R).....	1,037	E. J. Conrad (R).....	774
E. B. Wooley.....	533	W. E. Martin (R).....	844
H. N. Fisher (S).....	190	L. D. Wiley (R).....	1,013
		E. N. Bosworth (D).....	487
		J. E. Campbell (D).....	795
		A. Damskey (D).....	544
		E. C. Pope (S).....	157
		Chas. Roth (S).....	175
		F. C. Raedke (S).....	152

THIRTY-FIRST DISTRICT

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—Stark.

Senate		House	
M. L. McBride (R).....	859	Henry Klein (R).....	796
William G. Ray (D).....	810	Fred W. Turner (R).....	904
		Claude C. Turner (R).....	1,067
		J. V. Jessen (D).....	682
		E. A. Lillibridge (D).....	554
		Ole Tollefson (D).....	719

THIRTY-SECOND DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

Counties—Eddy and Foster.

Senate		House	
(Holdover)		W. M. Bartley (R).....	1,027
		T. N. Putnam (R).....	1,188
		A. R. Johns (D).....	764
		John Graafsgard.....	1
		C. C. Manning.....	1

THIRTY-THIRD DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Wells.

Senate		House	
Aloys Wartner (R).....	974	Louis A. Leu (R).....	773
T. H. O'Neill (D).....	378	T. O. Roble (R).....	784
		Maurice H. Avid (D).....	733

THIRTY-FOURTH DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Part of McHenry, consisting of townships 155, 156, 157 and 158 north, range 75 west, and also townships 155, 156, 157, 158 and 159, north, ranges 76, 77, 78, 79 and 80.

Senate		House	
(Holdover)		Hans Rothgorn (R).....	586
		F. F. Fritz (D).....	655

THIRTY-FIFTH DISTRICT

(One senator; one representative.)

County—Sheridan.

Senate		House	
J. E. Davis (R).....	682	J. P. Schroeder (R).....	690
Phillip Cartner (D).....	180	E. R. Adelmann (D).....	169

THIRTY-SIXTH DISTRICT

(One senator; three representatives.)

Counties—McIntosh and Logan.

Senate		House	
(Holdover)	.	H. H. France (R).....	1,047
		M. W. Kelley (R).....	877
		John J. Doyle (R).....	1,277
		Theo. Arutz (D).....	243
		Franz Shubeck (D).....	857

THIRTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Part of Richland, consisting of the townships of Walcott, Colfax, Barrie, Helendale, Sheyenne, Viking, Garburg, Freeman, West End, Homestead, Grafton, Antelope, Danton, Garfield, Dexter, Wyndmere, Village of Wyndmere, Belford, Liberty, Brightwood, Town of Hankinson, Elma, Duerr, City of Lidgerwood, Moran and Grant.

Senate		House	
Vivian Morgan (R).....	727	C. W. Carey (R).....	816
A. F. Bonzer (D).....	865	Nels Olsgard (R).....	802
		August Hoefs (D).....	758
		Anton Lipovsky (D).....	734

THIRTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT

(One senator; one representative.)

County—Part of Barnes, consisting of the townships of Welmer, Noltmeir, Alta, Oriska, Springvale, Cuba, Green, Herman, Mansfield, Meadowlake, Svea, Scandia, Norman, Binghampton, Raritan, Thor-denskjold, Oakville, Spring Creek, Rosebud, Greenland, Village of Litchville, Village of Nome, township 140, range 61, township 139, range 58, township 138, range 58.

Senate	House
(Holdover)	A. P. Hanson (R)..... 593

THIRTY-NINTH DISTRICT

(One senator; three representatives.)

Counties—Billings and Bowman.

Senate	House
Ed. Hoverson (R).....2,152	Theo. K. Curry (R).....2,010
	Robert J. List (R).....4,046
	John G. Odland (R).....1,969
	M. H. Jefferson (D)..... 626

FORTIETH DISTRICT

(One senator; three representatives.)

Counties—Burke and Divide.

Senate	House
C. E. Davidson (R).....1,328	Oscar Lindstrom (R).....1,412
R. A. Crows (D)..... 489	Staale Hendrickson (R).....1,320
W. D. Owings (S)..... 633	Herman Endreson (R).....1,235
	James A. Moore (D)..... 439
	Richard D. Schultz (D)..... 464
	E. E. Hartman (S)..... 588
	L. L. Griffith (S)..... 615
	Berger Larson (S)..... 577

FORTY-FIRST DISTRICT

(One senator; five representatives.)

Counties—Williams and McKenzie.

Senate	House
W. B. Overson (R).....1,614	E. L. Gunderson (R).....1,481
C. M. Hanson (D)..... 772	A. A. Stenehjem (R).....1,376
Jud L. Knight..... 451	Robert Norheim (R).....1,650
	N. F. Snyder (R).....1,507
	Wm. G. Owens (R).....1,676
	Axel Strom..... 489
	W. N. Dickinson (D)..... 858
	Nels W. Simon (D).....1,035
	Carl J. Rustad (D)..... 735
	J. F. Martin..... 475
	Roy L. Cooper..... 473
	Silas Morton..... 448
	George O'Connor..... 458

FORTY-SECOND DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Pierce.

	Senate		House	
(Holdover)		L. H. Bratton (R).....	548	
		Ole Nyhus (R).....	508	
		J. E. Cramond (D).....	388	
		M. E. LeMay (D).....	423	
		C. E. Hale (S).....	207	
		C. W. Miller (S).....	185	

FORTY-THIRD DISTRICT

(One senator; one representative.)

County—Renville.

	Senate		House	
Owen L. Clark (R).....	667	J. E. Bass (R).....	627	
Martin Haugen (D).....	211	E. G. McIlroy (S).....	343	
G. A. Esval (S).....	370			

FORTY-FOURTH DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Mountrail.

	Senate		House	
(Holdover)		Ole C. Dosseth (R).....	743	
		B. W. Taylor (R).....	729	
		Magnus Sherven (S).....	595	
		P. R. LaBrandt (S).....	525	

FORTY-FIFTH DISTRICT

(One senator; one representative.)

County—Part of McHenry, consisting of townships 151, 152, 153 and 154, north of ranges 75, 76, 77, 78, 79 and 80.

	Senate		House	
A. E. Severied (D).....	398	S. H. Pitkin (R).....	453	
Carl J. Knutson (S).....	196	John Mantz (D).....	394	
L. C. Albrecht (R).....	509	A. W. Ditmer (S).....	242	

FORTY-SIXTH DISTRICT

(One senator; three representatives.)

County—McLean.

	Senate		House	
(Holdover)		O. B. Wing (R).....	999	
		H. R. Freitag (R).....	959	
		J. T. Hoge (R).....	880	
		Nels Oleson.....	168	
		F. C. Malloy (D).....	446	
		J. D. Meyers (S).....	297	
		C. H. Yeager (S).....	322	
		James A. Shea (S).....	318	

FORTY-SEVENTH DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

County—Being that portion of Morton, consisting of townships 130, 131 and 132 of ranges 87, 88, 89 and 90; townships 133 and 134 of ranges 87, 88, 89 and 90; townships 135 and 136 of ranges 86, 87, 88, 89 and 90; townships 137, 138, 139 and 140, of ranges 84, 85, 86, 87, 88, 89 and 90.

Senate		House	
F. Leutz (R).....	916	Chas. F. Kellogg (R).....	1,225
J. T. Nelson (D).....	796	John J. Ryan (R).....	1,200
		Gustav A. Falk (D).....	410

FORTY-EIGHTH DISTRICT

(One senator; three representatives.)

Counties—Mercer, Oliver and Dunn.

Senate		House	
(Holdover)		C. C. Lawbaugh (R).....	1,314
		Sherman Hickie (R).....	1,297
		Aug. Isaak (R).....	1,259
		Elmer Vall (D).....	566
		R. J. Woods (D).....	507
		John Peterson.....	1
		E. M. Walker.....	2
		J. E. Beum.....	2
		J. B. Field.....	3
		J. A. Bowdish.....	1
		H. C. Werner.....	1
		O. H. Olson.....	1

FORTY-NINTH DISTRICT

(One senator; two representatives.)

Counties—Hettinger and Adams.

Senate		House	
H. P. Jacobsen (R).....	1,447	Jacob L. Hjort (R).....	1,321
A. A. Bentley (D).....	466	H. J. Stringer (R).....	1,365
John G. Johns.....	2	James Bannon (D).....	433
A. J. Simonson.....	2	Oscar Strehlow (D).....	445
		Scattering	2

FIFTIETH DISTRICT

(One senator; one representative.)

County—That portion of Cavalier, consisting of the townships of Hope, Freemont, Olga, Loam, Hay, Harvey, Manila, Easby, Alma, East Alma, Montrose, Oxford, Mount Carmel, Village of Milton and Osnabrock village.

Senate		House	
(Holdover)		John Balsdon (R).....	535
		D. F. McDonald (D).....	410

DISTRICT JUDGES

**Abstract of Votes Cast for District Judges in the Various Judicial
Districts, November 5, 1912.**

FIRST DISTRICT

Counties	Chas. F. Templeton	John W. Ogren
Grand Forks	2,481	1,497
Nelson	1,022	584
Total	3,503	2,081

SECOND DISTRICT

Counties	C. W. Buttz	John F. Cowan
Benson	1,226	922
Ramsey	1,201	1,296
Rolette	872	492
Towner	773	653
Total	4,072	3,363

THIRD DISTRICT

Counties	Chas. A. Pollock
Cass	3,754
*Steele	826
§Traill	1,431
Total	6,011

Scattering, * 2; § 1.

FOURTH DISTRICT

Counties	Frank P. Allen	Chas. E. Wolfe
Dickey	1,029	529
McIntosh	652	347
Ransom	1,080	441
Richland	1,296	1,838
Sargent	904	691
Total	4,961	3,846

FIFTH DISTRICT

Counties	J. A. Coffey
*Barnes	2,025
Eddy	858
Foster	880
§Griggs	797
LaMoure	1,263
‡Logan	646
Stutsman	2,489
†Wells	1,331
Total	10,289

Scattering, * 12; § 2; ‡ 2; † 2.

SIXTH DISTRICT

Counties	W. L. Nuessle	W. H. Winchester
Burleigh	1,353	573
Emmons	1,169	190
Kidder	614	202
McLean	1,563	298
Sheridan	830	150
Total	5,529	1,413

SEVENTH DISTRICT

Counties	J. W. Kneeshaw	G. M. Price
Cavaller	1,313	1,044
Pembina	1,956	488
Walsh	1,796	896
Total	5,065	2,428

EIGHTH DISTRICT

Counties	K. E. Leighton
Burke	1,895
Divide	1,274
Renville	981
Ward	2,739
Total	6,889

NINTH DISTRICT

Counties	A. G. Burr	E. C. Bowen
Bottineau	1,543	1,033
McHenry	1,749	665
Pierce	767	492
Total	4,059	2,190

TENTH DISTRICT

W. C.
Crawford

Counties	
*Adams	752
Billings	1,487
Bowman	807
Dunn	809
Hettinger	1,053
Stark	1,563
Total	6,471

*Scattering, 2.

ELEVENTH DISTRICT

Frank E.
Fisk

Counties	
Mountrail	1,227
McKenzie	828
Williams	1,957
Total	4,012

*Scattering, 8

TWELFTH DISTRICT

S. L.
Nuchols

Counties	
Mercer	630
Morton	2,904
*Oliver	502
Total	4,036

*Scattering, 2.

LIST OF COUNTY OFFICERS IN NORTH DAKOTA

Counties	Jud. Dist.	County Seat	Auditor
Adams	10	Hettinger	Walter F. Kelley
Barnes	5	Valley City.....	C. W. Nelson
Benson	2	Minnewaukan	W. E. Paulson
Billings	10	Medora	Ira J. Wilson
Bottineau	9	Bottineau	Geo. H. Hebert
Bowman	10	Bowman	E. R. Fairbanks
Burke	8	Bowbells	John Romine
Burleigh	6	Bismarck	T. E. Flaherty
Cass	3	Fargo	Addison Leech
Cavalier	7	Langdon	J. K. Hamilton
Dickey	4	Ellendale	C. C. Misfeldt
Divide	8	Crosby	W. E. Vadnais
Dunn	10	Manning	T. Leroy Evans
Eddy	2	New Rockford.....	James MacLachlan
Emmons	6	Linton	John R. Snyder
Foster	5	Carrington	C. W. Burnham
Golden Valley....	10	Beach	M. C. McCarthy
Grand Forks.....	1	Grand Forks.....	Hans Anderson
Griggs	5	Cooperstown	H. S. Rearick
Hettinger	10	Mott	W. F. Griswold
Kidder	6	Steele	J. C. McWhinney
LaMoure	5	LaMoure	O. C. Temple
Logan	6	Napoleon	Carl Kaz
Mercer	12	Stanton	Carl Semmler
Morton	12	Mandan	H. H. Harmon
Mountrail	11	Stanley	W. C. Gibb
McHenry	9	Towner	Chas. E. Fouts
McIntosh	4	Ashley	John Hildenbrand
McKenzie	11	Schafer	O. P. Benson
McLean	6	Washburn	E. C. Stocker
Nelson	1	Lakota	Peter Sjurseth
Oliver	12	Center	F. J. V. Klebert
Pembina	7	Cavalier	W. W. Felson
Pierce	9	Rugby	Henry Albertson
Ramsey	2	Devils Lake.....	J. A. Kramer
Ransom	4	Lisbon	I. E. Arntson
Renville	8	Mohall	Peter Carlson
Richland	4	Wahpeton	F. A. Burton
Rolette	2	Rolla	Jas. A. Brown
Sargent	4	Forman	D. K. McPherson
Stark	10	Dickinson	J. L. Hughes
Sheridan	6	McClusky	Adolph Schlenker
Steele	3	Sherbrooke	G. J. Mustad
Stutsman	5	Jamestown	Andrew Blewett
Traill	3	Hillsboro	Nels O. Lindaas
Towner	2	Cando	F. F. Vaughan
Walsh	7	Grafton	O. M. Fraser
Ward	8	Minot	L. J. Thompson
Wells	5	Fessenden	Fred B. Paul
Williams	11	Williston	M. H. Aaen

County Officers in North Dakota—Continued

Counties	Jud. Dist.	Treasurer	Register of Deeds
Adams	10	G. Norman Burnson.....	Otto A. Jacobson
Barnes	5	Thos. A. Collins.....	O. M. Roe
Benson	2	Nils Dokken	James L. Mahany
Billings	10	John Tester	Geo. E. Burgess
Bottineau	9	H. D. Convis	Jos. Quamme
Bowman	10	C. E. Joyce.....	Frank T. Irons
Burke	8	Matt C. Hagen	Geo. Hansen
Burlingame	6	W. J. Prater	G. J. Keenan
Cass	3	Egbert Gilbertson	Angus Fraser
Cavaller	7	Robt. Work	J. L. Schwartz
Dickey	4	Lee W. Sullivan.....	Oscar D. Beggs
Divide	8	Peter Rudser	J. G. Odden
Dunn	10	M. L. Larson.....	J. A. Palmer
Eddy	2	S. W. Rich.....	J. V. N. Sundberg
Emmons	6	W. O. Irwin.....	F. B. Irvine
Foster	5	J. Hamel, Jr.....	Richard Tenborg
Golden Valley.....	10	A. E. Swan.....	J. W. Page
Grand Forks.....	1	H. A. Shaw.....	A. M. Lodmell
Griggs	5	Oscar F. Hoff.....	Martin Garlid
Hettinger	10	John R. Batty.....	O. H. Opland
Kidder	6	Ole B. Lund.....	G. B. Coon
LaMoure	5	C. M. Washburn.....	C. M. Holbert
Logan	6	John Goehring	Joseph J. Rott
Mercer	12	C. G. Fuerst.....	John Bohrer
Morton	12	W. C. Badger.....	J. I. Rovig
Mountrail	11	N. G. Anderson.....	P. L. Hovde
McHenry	9	J. B. Vail.....	H. H. Bergh
McIntosh	4	G. A. Bietz.....	Adolph Moench
McKenzie	11	W. J. Robinson.....	H. L. Moe
McLean	6	Emil Anderson	A. S. Reitan
Nelson	1	P. O. Enstad.....	N. H. Mark
Oliver	12	Frank Schmeling	Ray E. Watson
Pembina	7	John R. Gibson.....	George Roadhouse
Pierce	9	John Steen	Harvey Hoff
Ramsey	2	Earl L. Duell.....	M. A. Hoghaug
Ransom	4	A. E. Hauge.....	R. S. Campbell
Renville	8	W. H. Belideau.....	W. N. Martine
Richland	4	Walter G. Worner.....	Oscar J. Olson
Rolette	2	J. E. Westereng.....	Robert Hamilton
Sargent	4	W. E. Dada.....	J. E. Hudson
Stark	10	Geo. W. Kilmer.....	John Leask
Sheridan	6	Christ Essig	Wm. Jurczewsky
Steele	3	E. A. Erickson.....	G. H. Gilbertson
Stutsman	5	W. W. Ford.....	M. O. Ruud
Traill	3	Julius Bakkum	H. L. Anderson
Towner	2	John Dungan	Burt Moylan
Walsh	7	Chas. Carpenter	Allen Hoople
Ward	8	Carl Lindberg	G. S. Reishus
Wells	5	A. F. Belcher.....	J. L. Hart
Williams	11	Carl Livdahl	L. O. Higley

County Officers in North Dakota—Continued

Counties	Jud. Dist.	Clerk of Court	County Judge
Adams	10	Alfred O. Brown.....	Jacob Sonderall
Barnes	5	C. H. Olsby.....	O. H. deS. Irgens
Benson	2	George Duncan	M. A. Liles
Billings	10	Paul W. Lebo.....	J. A. Paxton
Bottineau	9	Matt. Johnson	Irving R. Barkway
Bowman	10	J. E. Guldemann.....	F. E. Diehl
Burke	8	W. C. Martin.....	Fred F. Carter
Burleigh	6	Chas. Fisher	W. P. Costello
Cass	3	E. C. Gearey, Jr.....	A. G. Hanson
Cavaller	7	C. S. Robertson.....	H. E. Dorval
Dickey	4	Ed. A. Smith.....	W. S. Wickersham
Divide	8	Olaf Braatellen	E. M. Pierce
Dunn	10	W. P. Brooks.....	Chas. Bugbee
Eddy	2	C. J. Stickney.....	D. F. Ellsworth
Emmons	6	E. D. Fogle.....	Charles B. Carley
Foster	5	E. L. Beaty.....	C. S. Campbell
Golden Valley....	10	Geo. Christensen	M. H. Jefferson
Grand Forks.....	1	M. W. Spaulding.....	L. K. Hassell
Griggs	5	Gunder Frigaard	Will H. Carleton
Hettinger	10	L. F. Hoffman	Fred S. Dewey
Kidder	6	M. F. Woessner.....	C. O. Seagren
LaMoure	5	Arthur A. Stone.....	W. D. Lynch
Logan	6	Jacob J. Rott.....	Geo. A. Bryant
Mercer	12	Ed. Schafer	Geo. I. Reimstad
Morton	12	Ed. Morck	J. C. Johnson
Mountrail	11	O. M. Killen.....	F. W. Medbery
McHenry	9	Frank J. Roble.....	Horace Bagley
McIntosh	4	Theo. Buchholz	Jacob Dorr
McKenzie	11	J. E. Strand.....	Wm. Mason
McLean	6	H. C. Hanson	Geo. P. Gibson
Nelson	1	R. J. Roberts.....	B. A. Hall
Oliver	12	Wm. T. Hammel.....	C. N. Brockington
Pembina	7	J. D. Winlaw.....	H. G. Vick
Pierce	9	Geo. Watson	J. T. Berdahl
Ramsey	2	Herman Stenseth	E. H. Griffin
Ransom	4	J. V. Backlund.....	F. S. Thomas
Renville	8	J. D. Taylor.....	P. S. Crewe
Richland	4	August Bergman	George Van Arnam
Rolette	2	C. M. Cupp.....	W. M. Hunt
Sargent	4	O. B. Johnson.....	S. A. Sweetman
Stark	10	Valentine Koch	Fred Maser
Sheridan	6	E. J. Kludt.....	Wm. G. Paul
Steele	3	D. W. Vadnle.....	A. S. Moote
Stutsman	5	Jesse M. Cran.....	John U. Hemmi
Traill	3	Carl S. Anderson.....	J. E. Bagstad
Towner	2	Henry Hammerly	Chas. Carmichael
Walsh	7	N. H. Rinde.....	George Shepherd
Ward	8	Knute T. Hagen.....	Wm. Murray
Wells	5	A. M. Greenfield.....	Fred Jansonius
Williams	11	J. O. Seibert.....	A. L. Butler

County Officers in North Dakota—Continued

Counties	Jud. Dist.	States Attorney	Sheriff
Adams	10	Henry Moen	H. J. Sticken
Barnes	5	M. J. Englert.....	H. C. Stenshoel
Benson	2	T. H. Burke.....	John F. Randall
Billings	10	J. K. Swihart.....	Thos. V. Porter
Bottineau	9	W. H. Adams.....	L. P. Sandstrom
Bowman	10	Theo. B. Torkelson.....	J. W. Barrett
Burke	8	H. A. Hanson.....	Dickson Stainhofer
Burleigh	6	H. R. Berndt.....	Frank Barnes
Cass	3	A. W. Fowler.....	John Ross
Cavaller	7	G. Grimson	Jerry Kelland
Dickey	4	D. T. Youker.....	W. R. Bishop
Divide	8	Geo. P. Homnes.....	Orlando Henderson
Dunn	10	Wm. Alva Carns.....	H. A. Kaspar
Eddy	2	R. F. Rinker.....	Geo. H. Fahrer
Emmons	6	Geo. W. Lynn.....	Wallace Kyes
Foster	5	C. B. Craven.....	A. E. Morgan
Golden Valley....	10	H. L. Halliday.....	John Madison
Grand Forks....	1	O. B. Burtness.....	Jos. Z. Benson
Griggs	5	Benjamin Tufte	Gilbert C. Lee
Hettinger	10	J. K. Murray.....	Emanuel Barth
Kidder	6	F. C. Eastwold.....	James Filbin
LaMoure	5	Walter H. Murfin.....	E. W. Crist
Logan	6	George M. McKenna.....	Christian Baltzer
Mercer	12	John L. Cass.....	Chas. A. Heinmeyer
Morton	12	H. R. Blitzing.....	Charles McDonald
Mountrail	11	F. F. Wyckoff.....	James Dolan
McHenry	9	J. H. Ulsrud.....	S. O. Sampson
McIntosh	4	G. M. Gannon.....	John Hoffman
McKenzie	11	C. C. Converse.....	John Ellickson
McLean	6	C. F. Maennel.....	H. O. Simon
Nelson	1	S. G. Skulason.....	A. H. Smart
Oliver	12	J. E. Beum.....	Chas. Herman
Pembina	7	Wm. McMurchie	I. J. Foster
Pierce	9	L. N. Torson.....	Peter Telgen
Ramsey	2	F. T. Cuthbert.....	John McLean
Ransom	4	Clarence G. Mead.....	T. J. Dwire
Renville	8	Thos. F. Clifford.....	S. A. Wilcox
Richland	4	Charles J. Kachelhoffer..	Frank Budack
Rolette	2	Charles A. Verret.....	H. E. Hendrickson
Sargent	4	E. W. Bowen.....	W. T. Jackman
Stark	10	T. F. Murtha.....	George Brown
Sheridan	6	Peter A. Winter.....	Daniel Schaffer
Steele	3	P. O. Sathre.....	C. J. Long
Stutsman	5	Russel D. Chase.....	Dana Wright
Traill	3	Chas. A. Lyche.....	H. B. Wulff
Towner	2	J. J. Kehoe.....	Geo. W. Shively
Walsh	7	H. C. DePuy.....	N. O. Nelson
Ward	8	R. A. Nestos.....	E. D. Kelley
Wells	5	B. F. Whipple.....	J. N. Kunkel
Williams	11	U. L. Burdick.....	Carl Erickson

County Officers in North Dakota—Continued

Counties	Jud. Dist.	Supt. of Schools	Public Administrator
Adams	10	Rose C. Wagner.....	.....
Barnes	5	Minnie J. Nielson.....	John Holmes
Benson	2	Effie D. Hoadley.....	E. F. Pierson
Billings	10	Marie Ackerman .....	.....
Bottineau	9	H. E. Layne.....	John McKenzie
Bowman	10	H. O. Saxvik.....	Dugal Stervert
Burke	8	C. H. Hecht.....	F. A. Keup
Burleigh	6	C. L. Vigness.....	.....
Cass	3	J. W. Riley.....	L. C. Johnson
Cavaller	7	Helen J. Sullivan.....	Adam Ried
Dickey	4	Mary B. Flemington.....	C. C. Williams
Divide	8	John H. Phelps.....	.....
Dunn	10	C. L. Melby.....	.....
Eddy	2	H. H. Maxwell.....	Wm. Jackson
Emmons	6	Henry H. Hanson.....	.....
Foster	5	Mary J. Cain.....	L. L. Wallan
Golden Valley....	10	Jos. A. Kitchen.....	.....
Grand Forks....	1	M. Beatrice Johnston....	James Twamley
Griggs	5	I. A. Kampen.....	.....
Hettinger	10	Josephine K. Steake....	.....
Kidder	6	Lydia Hinman	O. A. Engemoen
LaMoure	5	Laura B. Sanderson.....	.....
Logan	6	Herbert Brown	W. M. Noddinge
Mercer	12	E. R. Thomas.....	.....
Morton	12	W. F. Lorin.....	A. J. Cole
Mountrail	11	Rosanna Duffy	Albert Peterson
McHenry	9	A. C. Berg.....	W. E. Spreigel
McIntosh	4	F. N. Fullerton.....	Jacob Wiedman
McKenzie	11	Fred J. Steffek.....	J. C. Zeller
McLean	6	J. L. Brekken.....	S. A. Falconer
Nelson	1	Peter J. Iverson.....	Geo. A. Kellogg
Oliver	12	Frank E. Karges.....	.....
Pembina	7	Charlotte A. Jones.....	.....
Pierce	9	Thea Picard	Seldon Crockett
Ramsey	2	John A. Haig.....	Chas. E. Taylor
Ransom	4	C. E. Cavett.....	H. S. Grover
Renville	8	Margaret Sheridan.....	Ole Person
Richland	4	John W. Thornton.....	O. C. Farnsworth
Rolette	2	Mary K. Packard.....	Guido Widmeyer
Sargent	4	H. Ulve .....	.....
Stark	10	C. E. Ward.....	C. S. Langdon
Sheridan	6	E. O. Kleve.....	Henry A. Templeton
Steele	3	Geo. F. Newton.....	.....
Stutsman	5	Mary E. McGinnis.....	S. W. B. Still
Traill	3	Guri Wambheim	Berger M. Johnson
Towner	2	Mamie Sorenson	C. H. Houska
Walsh	7	Edw. Erickson	A. E. Cohn
Ward	8	E. G. Warren.....	C. B. Bach
Wells	5	Maude T. Regan.....	A. V. Zuber
Williams	11	Martha P. Tatem.....	.....

County Officers in North Dakota—Continued

Counties	Jud. Dist.	Coroner	County Surveyor
Adams	10	J. C. Bussanmus.....	.....
Barnes	5	M. S. Mallough.....	Thomas Smith
Benson	2	J. W. Warren.....	Ed. Schmid
Billings	10	F. A. Bordwell.....	.....
Bottineau	9	J. H. Weaver.....	E. White
Bowman	10	John H. Kvalness.....	A. H. Sever
Burke	8	A. J. Paulson.....	J. H. Clarke
Burleigh	6	Dr. F. R. Symth.....	T. R. Atkinson
Cass	3	Samuel Mithcell	Samuel F. Crabbe
Cavaller	7	S. G. Gibson.....	.....
Dickey	4	M. Boardman	P. A. Cooley
Divide	8	.....	.....
Dunn	10	Oscar Smith	W. R. Veigle
Eddy	2	J. R. MacKenzie.....	W. E. Hart
Emmons	6	A. H. Irvine .....	.....
Foster	5	O. W. McClusky.....	G. W. Heinmiller
Golden Valley....	10	R. E. Walker.....	Thor. G. Plomason
Grand Forks....	1	Dr. F. E. Murphy.....	Joseph A. Ingram
Griggs	5	C. L. Brimi, M. D.....	M. A. Ueland
Hettinger	10	Dr. F. T. Rucker.....	.....
Kidder	6	F. B. Lodge.....	Theodore Stramblad
LaMoure	5	George B. Ribble.....	Richard Hutchinson
Logan	6	T. K. Mork.....	.....
Mercer	12	L. G. Eastman.....	Henry Klundt
Morton	12	T. G. C. Kennelly.....	Robt. P. Stevens
Mountrail	11	Frank O. Brigham.....	H. B. Schmidt
McHenry	9	E. C. Stone.....	.....
McIntosh	4	W. M. Quin.....	Fred Herbold
McKenzie	11	Robert Hinman	Chas. R. Martin
McLean	6	P. E. Schulstad.....	Samuel Fairman
Nelson	1	J. G. Jennings.....	K. A. Gedestad
Oliver	12	Dr. D. E. Rogers.....	Frank J. V. Klebert
Pembina	7	.....	.....
Pierce	9	H. N. Bjornestad.....	H. J. Bardell
Ramsey	2	E. W. Gilbertson.....	August Raff
Ransom	4	E. E. Wands.....	Harry S. More
Renville	8	H. Van DeErve.....	.....
Richland	4	J. M. Ness.....	J. Q. Burbank
Rolette	2	Percival Dixon	E. J. Wright
Sargent	4	H. L. Saylor.....	E. E. Soule
Stark	10	A. D. Davis.....	W. R. Veigel
Sheridan	6	.....	.....
Steele	3	C. J. Goodheart.....	Chas. Mills
Stutsman	5	A. W. Guest.....	.....
Trall	3	Dr. A. G. Anderson.....	.....
Towner	2	J. M. Gores.....	E. T. Judd
Walsh	7	David Johnson	Valley Mott
Ward	8	Orson Doe	H. C. Frahm
Wells	5	Charles M. Niles.....	.....
Williams	11	O. E. Distad.....	J. C. Field

**INCORPORATED CITIES AND VILLAGES IN NORTH DAKOTA
—NAME OF MAYOR OF EACH CITY AND PRESIDENT
OF VILLAGE COUNCIL.**

(As returned by the County Auditors.)

ADAMS

Village of Hettinger—President, F. M. Jackson.
Village of Reeder—President, F. A. Ulwelling.
Village of Haynes—President, Chas. Bigham.

BARNES

City of Valley City—Mayor, L. S. Platou.
Village of Sanborn—President, Chas. Winterer.
Village of Litchville—President, H. O. Hanson.
Village of Wimbledon—President, J. R. Clauson.
Village of Rogers—President, Frank Smith.
Village of Nome—President, L. L. Knudson.
Village of Dazey—President, Ole Oppegard.
Village of Oriska—President, Nick Gauche.

BENSON

City of Leeds—Mayor, John O. Schultz.
Village of Minnewaukan—President, L. Schultz.
Village of Esmond—President, Mark Taverner.
Village of Knox—President, A. F. Ohs.
Village of Brinsmede—President, Ed. Nelson.
Village of Maddock—President, N. O. Halvorson.

BILLINGS

Village of Marmath—President, J. F. Divine.

BOTTINEAU

Village of Omemee—President, O. S. Lien.
Village of Overly—President, C. H. Shumway.
Village of Gardena—President, E. G. Howe.
Village of Kramer—President, H. Boehnke.
Village of Russell—President, Olof Eckren.
Village of Eckman—President, W. H. Lackey.
Village of Newburg—President, H. E. Martin.
Village of Maxbass—President, Anton Bodal.
City of Willow City—Mayor, J. H. Cook.
City of Bottineau—Mayor, H. A. Batie.
City of Souris—Mayor, M. B. Haldorson.
City of Westhope—Mayor, J. L. Page.
City of Antler—Mayor, J. P. Brennen.
City of Lansford—Mayor, E. O. Haraldson.

BOWMAN

Village of Bowman—President, C. E. Norton.
Village of Scranton—President, T. Finsness.
Village of Gascoyne—President, J. E. Farley.

BURKE

City of Bowbells—Mayor, Geo. Cary.
 Village of Flaxton—President, W. E. Burgett.
 Village of Portal—President, A. N. Olsen.
 Village of Columbus—President, Wm. Johnson.
 Village of Powers Lake—President, A. P. Anderson.

BURLEIGH

City of Bismarck—President of Commission, A. W. Lucas.

CASS

City of Fargo—President, H. F. Emery.
 City of Casselton—Mayor, W. S. Port.
 Village of Buffalo—President, S. G. More.
 Village of Davenport—President, H. M. Myhra.
 Village of Hunter—President, H. H. Carr.
 Village of Mapleton—President, Samuel Mitchell.
 Village of Page—President, John Murphy.
 Village of Tower City—President, S. J. Yegar.
 Village of North Fargo—President, A. W. Beals.

CAVALIER

City of Langdon—Mayor, W. A. McIntyre.
 Village of Milton—President, H. G. Halverson.
 Village of Munish—President, J. H. Goertz.
 Village of Nekoma—President, E. McDermond.
 Village of Osnabrock—President, J. C. B. Smith.
 Village of Sarles—President, F. L. Christian.

DICKEY

Village of Forbes—President, F. D. McCartney.
 Village of Fullerton—President, A. Alexanderson.
 Village of Ludden—President, L. A. Samson.
 Village of Monango—President, L. B. Green.
 Village of Merricourt—President, Frank Northrop.
 City of Ellendale—Mayor, H. E. Miller.
 City of Oakes—Mayor, C. A. Malander.

DIVIDE

City of Ambrose—Mayor, Harry Miller.
 City of Crosby—Mayor, D. W. Madden.
 Village of Kermit, President, _____
 Village of Noonan—President, _____

DUNN

(No incorporated cities or villages.)

EDDY

City of New Rockford—Mayor, Geo. M. Pike.

EMMONS

Village of Linton—President, M. T. Barger.
 Village of Strasburg—President, M. Baumgartner.
 Village of Hague—President, Jacob Schall.

FOSTER

City of Carrington—Mayor, J. O. Robertson.
 Village of McHenry—President, P. McNeil.

GOLDEN VALLEY

City of Beach—Mayor, N. P. Reed.
 Village of Sentinel Butte—President, _____

GRAND FORKS

City of Grand Forks—Mayor, M. F. Murphy.
City of Larimore—Mayor, M. Gass.
City of Inkster—Mayor, Hugh Casement.
City of Northwood—Mayor, P. P. Glasrud.
City of Reynolds—Mayor, D. J. Hennessy.
Village of Niagara—President, W. L. Pickard.

GRIGGS

City of Cooperstown—Mayor, A. M. Baldwin.
Village of Binford—President, A. Evers.
Village of Hannaford—President, N. K. Markuson.

HETTINGER

Village of Mott—President, W. F. Griswold.
Village of Regent—President, Jacob A. Graeber.
Village of New England—President, W. C. McKenzie.

KIDDER

City of Steele—Mayor, George Mumm.

LaMOURE

City of LaMoure—Mayor, Ernest Engle.
City of Edgeley—Mayor, Ralph Hall.
City of Kulm—Mayor, John A. Erickson.
Village of Verona—President, R. M. Crichton.
Village of Dickey—President, H. D. Mack.
Village of Berlin—President, R. G. Dripps.
Village of Jud—President, O. R. Bennett.
Village of Marion—President, C. H. Deyoe.

LOGAN

(No incorporated cities or villages.)

MERCER

Village of Stanton—President, C. C. Smith.

MORTON

City of Mandan—President of Commission, John Foran.
City of Glen Ullin—Mayor, Mike Tschida.
City of New Salem—Mayor, Jacob Rohs.

MOUNTRAIL

City of Stanley—Mayor, Gabe Thompson.
Village of White Earth—President, Fred Hermanson.
Village of Palermo—President, F. H. Morrow.
Village of Tagus—President, C. H. Goebel.
Village of Plaza—President, Chas. Richardson.

McHENRY

City of Towner—Mayor, H. H. Bergh.
City of Velva—Mayor, Albert Dickinson.
City of Granville—Mayor, E. C. Lecy.
Village of Upham—President, H. M. Erickson.
Village of Deering—President, O. S. Haug.
Village of Balfour—President, C. J. Diebold.
Village of Anamoose—President, J. H. Heltman.
Village of Drake—President, T. E. Sleight.

McINTOSH

City of Lehr—Mayor, John J. Gledt.
Village of Ashley—President, R. S. Johnstone.
Village of Wishek—President, John Keuper.
Village of Zeeland—President, L. Feinstein.

McKENZIE

(No incorporated cities or villages.)

McLEAN

City of Washburn—Mayor, T. J. Haugeberg.
City of Wilton—Mayor, Robert Cotton.
Village of Dogden—President, Fred Rigge.
Village of Ruso—President, E. J. Burgess.
Village of Max—President, Arthur Steinhaus.
Village of Garrison—President, C. R. Calkins.
Village of Underwood—President, David J. Lane.

NELSON

City of Aneta—Mayor, Anton P. Knudson.
City of Lakota—Mayor, Jacob Thal.
City of Michigan City—Mayor, J. A. Lamb.
Village of McVile—President, M. J. Klemesrud.
Village of Petersburg—President, A. R. Swendseld.
Village of Pekin—President, T. J. Alstad.
Village of Tolna—President, Geo. C. Magoris.

OLIVER

(No incorporated cities or villages.)

PEMBINA

City of Bathgate—Mayor, J. A. Bennett.
City of Cavalier—Mayor, D. J. Laxdal.
City of Crystal—Mayor, J. A. Minder.
City of Drayton—Mayor, Chas. Edwards.
City of Pembina—Mayor, M. H. Miller.
City of St. Thomas—Mayor, Christ Gannssle.
Village of Canton, (P. O. Hensel, N. D.)—G. A. Ault.
Village of Hamilton—H. L. Sveinson.
Village of Neche—President, F. P. Holmes.
Village of Walhalla—President, James T. Blacklock.

PIERCE

City of Rugby—Mayor, E. S. Dale.
Village of Barton—President, C. H. Simonson.

RAMSEY

City of Devils Lake—President, A. L. Johnson.
Village of Bartlett—President, F. B. Freeberg.
Village of Bocket—President, P. E. Johnson.
Village of Edmore—President, J. L. Hosholt.
Village of Crary—President, H. A. Nicholson.
Village of Starkweather—President, Fred Magnus.
Village of Churchs Ferry—President, W. A. Hausman.
Village of Lawton—President, E. G. Nicholson.

RANSOM

City of Lisbon—Mayor, Chas. S. Ego.
City of Enderlin—Mayor, G. A. Nelson.
Village of Sheldon—President, Frank E. Shaw.

RENVILLE

City of Mohall—Mayor, John J. Gilseth.
Village of Tolley—President, Rasmus Miller.
Village of Sherwood—President, O. J. Clark.
Village of Glenburn—President, Ed. S. Healy.
Village of Grano—President, T. W. McDonough.

RICHLAND

City of Wahpeton—Mayor, F. Eberly.
City of Lidgerwood—Mayor, John Nuding.
City of Hankinson—Mayor, Chas. Hein.
Village of Abercrombie—President, G. H. Korsvik.
Village of Fairmount—President, Geo. M. Buscher.
Village of Wyndmere—President, J. L. Olson.
Village of Great Bend—President, A. F. Slevert.
Village of Mooreton—President, Peter McDougall.

ROLETTE

City of Rolla—Mayor, James P. Widmeyer.
City of Dunseith—Mayor, H. C. Ingalls.
Village of Rolette—President, Ben A. Haugland.
Village of St. John—President, Eugene Couture.
Village of Mylo—President, T. G. Simpson.
Village of Thorne—President, W. V. Fisher.

SARGENT

Town of Milnor—Chairman, H. Christopher.
Town of Forman—Chairman, C. A. Walloch.
Village of Cogswell—Chairman, H. A. Soule.
Village of Havana—Chairman, G. A. Steele.
Village of Cayuga—Chairman, J. F. Devlin.
Village of Rutland—Chairman, A. Miller.

SHERIDAN

City of McClusky—Mayor, Peter R. Thelen.
Village of Goodrich—President, Gottlieb Buechler.
Village of Martin—President, Geo. Finneman.

STARK

City of Dickinson—Mayor, R. H. Johnson.
Village of Richardton—President, Adam Forster.
Village of Belfield—President, J. S. Sorenson.
Village of Taylor—President, Julius Williams.

STEELE

City of Hope—Mayor, Thos. Major.
Village of Finley—President, B. J. Long.
Village of Sharon—President, P. T. Duncan.

STUTSMAN

City of Jamestown—Mayor, Pierce Blewett.
Village of Courtenay—President, H. S. Strandness.
Village of Kensal—President—J. C. Ashley.
Village of Medina—President, Daniel Preszler.
Village of Cleveland—President, D. J. Langenes.

TOWNER

City of Cando—Mayor, S. J. Atkins.
Village of Perth—President, A. C. Currie.
Village of Bisbee—President, Julius Elmquist.
Village of Rock Lake—President, Ed. Hoff.
Village of Egeland—President, E. R. Lindner.

TRAILL

City of Hillsboro—Mayor, L. J. Anderson.
City of Mayville—Mayor, Geo. O. Stomner.
City of Hatton—Mayor, M. F. Hegge.
City of Portland—Mayor, P. M. Paulson.
City of Reynolds—Mayor, D. J. Hennessy.

WALSH

City of Grafton—Mayor, A. McConville.
City of Minto—Mayor, Dr. R. M. Evans.
City of Park River—Mayor, J. W. Metz.
Village of Ardoch—President, J. O. Stevenson.
Village of Forest River—President, R. W. Poole.
Village of Hoople—President, Nels Folsom.
Village of Conway—President, F. E. Vorachek.
Village of Pisek—President, Dr. E. A. Rumreich.
Village of Lankin—President—Thos. Machart.
Village of Adams—President, C. E. Lofthus.
Village of Fairdale—President, W. G. Robertson.
Village of Fordville—President, Wm. J. Henry.
Village of Edinburg—President, Ben Tronslin.

WARD

City of Minot—President of Commission, N. Davis.
City of Kenmare—President of Commission, P. M. Cole.
Village of Donnybrook—President, J. M. Thornton.
Village of Carpio—President, T. J. Kavanaugh.
Village of Berthold—President, A. D. Anderson.
Village of Des Lacs—President, J. C. Cogdill.
Village of Sawyer—President, J. J. Johnson.
Village of Ryder—President, Fred Olson.
Village of Douglas—President, L. H. Odegard.

WELLS

City of Fessenden—Mayor, C. M. Brinton.
City of Harvey—Mayor, L. B. Molander.
Village of Cathay—President, W. A. Denison.
Village of Sykeston—President, W. H. Moore.
Village of Bowdon—President, Albert Hanson.

WILLIAMS

City of Williston—President of Commission, Thos. F. Craven.
Village of Ray—President, W. W. Wirtz.
Village of Toga—President, J. N. Neset.
Village of Wildrose—President, W. B. Mathews.

LIST OF ATTORNEYS IN NORTH DAKOTA.

AS RETURNED BY CLERKS OF COURT.

ADAMS.

O. H. Aygarn.....	Hettinger	Henry Moen.....	Hettinger
P. D. Norton.....	Hettinger	J. O. Wiggan.....	Bucyrus
F. M. Jackson.....	Hettinger	J. W. Lee.....	Reeder
Paul W. Boehm.....	Hettinger	P. B. Garberg.....	Reeder
E. C. Wilson.....	Hettinger	Chas. E. Stowers.....	Stowers

BARNES.

Herman Winterer.....	Valley City	E. K. Mason.....	Valley City
D. S. Ritchie.....	Valley City	Theo. S. Lindland.....	Valley City
Lee Combs.....	Valley City	H. A. Olsberg.....	Valley City
L. S. B. Ritchie.....	Valley City	M. J. Englert.....	Valley City
A. P. Paulson.....	Valley City	G. J. Clausen.....	Wimbledon

BENSON.

Torger Sinness.....	Minnewaukan	J. E. Skulstad.....	Maddock
O. D. Comstock.....	Minnewaukan	G. O. Haugen.....	Maddock
R. A. Stuart.....	Minnewaukan	Asa J. Styles.....	Esmond
T. H. Burke.....	Minnewaukan	R. P. Allison.....	Esmond
A. E. Buttz.....	Leeds	J. E. McCarthy.....	York
Victor Wardope.....	Leeds		

BILLINGS.

J. K. Swihart.....	Medora	C. O. Ulness.....	Marmarth
C. P. Brownlee.....	Marmarth		

BOWMAN.

Otto H. Bouesen.....	Bowman	C. C. Mills.....	Scranton
C. H. Branson.....	Rahme	Emil Scow.....	Bowman
F. E. Diehl.....	Bowman	Theo. B. Torkelson.....	Bowman
W. A. Fleming.....	Scranton	E. P. Totten.....	Bowman

BOTTINEAU.

E. C. Bowen.....	Bottineau	Wm. E. Mohr.....	Lansford
W. H. Adams.....	Bottineau	Lewis T. Hamilton.....	Maxbass
J. C. Lamson.....	Bottineau	A. Woodward.....	Maxbass
J. J. Weeks.....	Bottineau	John E. Martin.....	Maxbass
Erick Moum.....	Bottineau	W. A. Goldschmidt.....	Omenee
John H. Kirk.....	Bottineau	V. Ormsby Soule.....	Westhope
J. Walseth.....	Bottineau	John D. Scherer.....	Willow City
R. C. Morton.....	Lansford		

BURLEIGH.

W. L. Smith.....	Bismarck	John F. Fort.....	Bismarck
G. F. Dullan.....	Bismarck	I. C. Fenniger.....	Bismarck
Geo. H. Niles.....	Bismarck	Theodore Koffel.....	Bismarck
F. H. Register.....	Bismarck	F. E. McCurdy.....	Bismarck
W. P. Costello.....	Bismarck	J. W. Bull.....	Bismarck
J. F. Philbrick.....	Bismarck	R. N. Stevens.....	Bismarck
H. C. Bradley.....	Bismarck	Andrew Miller.....	Bismarck
I. C. Davies.....	Bismarck	G. W. Newton.....	Bismarck
Geo. M. Register.....	Bismarck	H. R. Berndt.....	Bismarck
T. R. Mokler.....	Bismarck	C. L. Young.....	Bismarck
Alfred Zuger.....	Bismarck	E. C. Ruble.....	Driscoll
C. B. Little.....	Bismarck		

Attorneys in North Dakota—Continued.

BURKE.

C. A. Sherman.....	Portal	G. H. Gjertsen.....	Bowbells
C. H. Marshall.....	Portal	F. E. Heckel.....	Bowbells
Bertle Nelson.....	Flaxton	Geo. Phelps.....	Bowbells
B. A. Wilson.....	Flaxton	H. A. Hanson.....	Bowbells
F. B. Andrews.....	Bowbells	Leo Linderman.....	Powers Lake
C. E. Pierson.....	Bowbells		

CASS.

Verner R. Lovell.....	Fargo	Clarence F. Merrell.....	Fargo
Barnett & Richardson.....	Fargo	M. A. Hildreth.....	Fargo
H. R. Turner.....	Fargo	A. T. Cole.....	Fargo
H. F. Miller.....	Fargo	E. C. Gearey.....	Fargo
Pollock & Pollock.....	Fargo	Robinson & Lemke.....	Fargo
W. C. Resser.....	Fargo	Pierce, Tenneson & Cupler..	Fargo
W. F. Clapp.....	Fargo	A. C. Lacy.....	Fargo
Taylor Crum.....	Fargo	John G. Pfeffer.....	Fargo
McEnroe & Wood.....	Fargo	Chas. W. Pfeffer.....	Fargo
Walter W. Smith.....	Fargo	E. T. Conmy.....	Fargo
Jacob Lowell.....	Fargo	Augustus Roberts.....	Fargo
Thos. Baker, Jr.....	Fargo	J. A. Montgomery.....	Fargo
W. H. Shure.....	Fargo	J. S. Watson.....	Fargo
A. B. Guptill.....	Fargo	N. C. Young.....	Fargo
Stambaugh & Fowler.....	Fargo	Aubrey Lawrence.....	Fargo
John H. Fleming.....	Fargo	M. W. Murphy.....	Fargo
E. H. Smith.....	Fargo	Levi Carl.....	Fargo
W. A. Scott.....	Fargo	Engerud, Holt & Frame.....	Fargo
L. L. Twitchell.....	Fargo	H. J. Bott.....	Fargo
A. G. Hanson.....	Fargo	S. B. Bartlett.....	Casselton
Wm. J. Douglas.....	Fargo	Smith Stimmel.....	Casselton
John D. Farrand.....	Fargo	J. F. Callahan.....	Casselton
L. C. Johnson.....	Fargo	S. G. More.....	Buffalo
Tim A. Francis.....	Fargo	Chas. F. Stowers.....	Wheatland
W. H. King.....	Fargo	T. J. Hampton.....	Wheatland
E. S. Johnson.....	Fargo	A. A. Twitchell.....	Tower City
J. E. Hendrickson.....	Fargo	W. J. Courtney.....	Page
Harry Lashkowitz.....	Fargo	F. P. Goodman.....	

CAVALIER.

Joseph Cleary.....	Langdon	G. Grimson.....	Langdon
W. A. McIntyre.....	Langdon	E. E. Fletcher.....	Langdon
W. B. Dickson.....	Langdon	P. G. Johnson.....	Langdon
Thomas Devaney.....	Langdon	Norris Nelson.....	Munich
Geo. M. Price.....	Langdon		

DICKEY.

W. S. Wickersham.....	Ellendale	F. F. Bergendahl.....	Ellendale
James M. Austin.....	Ellendale	Geo. T. Webb.....	Ellendale
E. E. Cassels.....	Ellendale	T. L. Brouillard.....	Ellendale
D. T. Youker.....	Ellendale	Fred Graham.....	Ellendale
H. H. Perry.....	Ellendale	A. P. Guy.....	Oakes
Benj. Porter.....	Ellendale	J. A. McKee.....	Oakes

DUNN.

Alf. O. Nelson.....	Manning	William Alvin Carns.....	Manning
O. J. Jolly.....	Manning	George H. Purchase.....	Halliday

DIVIDE.

T. G. Austinson.....	Ambrose	Geo. P. Homnes.....	Crosby
C. E. Brace.....	Crosby	F. A. Leonard.....	Crosby
G. W. Baker.....	Ambrose	R. H. Points.....	Crosby
Geo. Cudhrie.....	Crosby	T. S. Stuart.....	Ambrose
O. S. Gunderson.....	Noonan	E. A. Tannas.....	Ambrose

Attorneys in North Dakota—Continued.

EDDY.

C. J. Maddux.....New Rockford	J. S. Cameron.....New Rockford
R. F. Rinker.....New Rockford	Wm. Jackson.....New Rockford
Jas. A. Manley.....New Rockford	

EMMONS.

H. A. Armstrong.....Hazelton	Harry C. Lynn.....Linton
Scott Cameron.....Linton	Charles S. Lane.....Linton
Geo. W. Lynn.....Linton	Charles Coventry.....Linton

FOSTER.

C. B. Craven.....Carrington	T. F. McCue.....Carrington
E. P. Kelly.....Carrington	Wendell Huston.....Carrington
W. E. Hoopes.....Carrington	J. F. Faytle.....McHenry
Geo. H. Stillman.....Carrington	C. E. Scott.....McHenry

GRAND FORKS.

Tracy R. Bangs.....Grand Forks	N. H. Dimond.....Grand Forks
Geo. A. Bangs.....Grand Forks	Martin O. Hougen.....Grand Forks
F. B. Feetham.....Grand Forks	H. A. Bronson.....Grand Forks
J. G. Hamilton.....Grand Forks	L. A. Chance.....Grand Forks
C. J. Murphy.....Grand Forks	W. A. Joy.....Grand Forks
Fred Duggan.....Grand Forks	Henry J. O'Keefe, Jr..Grand Forks
W. J. Mayer.....Grand Forks	Theo. B. Elton.....Grand Forks
John W. Ogren.....Grand Forks	J. F. T. O'Connor....Grand Forks
Scott Rex.....Grand Forks	W. E. Quigley.....Grand Forks
Geo. R. Robbins.....Grand Forks	Perry Johnson.....Grand Forks
O. B. Burtness.....Grand Forks	Thomas G. Johnson...Grand Forks
J. B. Wineman.....Grand Forks	H. R. King.....Grand Forks
A. G. Wineman.....Grand Forks	O. A. Wilcox.....Larimore
Leah H. Bennett.....Grand Forks	S. J. Rauchliffe.....Larimore
F. H. Sibell.....Grand Forks	W. L. T. Goodison.....Larimore
N. C. Wegner.....Grand Forks	D. P. Bates.....Larimore
Geo. O. Colburn.....Grand Forks	J. A. Walsh.....Larimore
H. L. Whithead.....Grand Forks	M. V. Linwell.....Northwood
W. L. Wilder.....Grand Forks	O. O. Trageton.....Northwood
Helen Hamilton.....Grand Forks	J. R. Barry.....Inkster
A. L. Netcher.....Grand Forks	Chas. Harshman.....Gilby

GRIGGS.

Will H. Carleton.....Cooperstown	C. W. Almklov.....Cooperstown
Benjamin Tufte.....Cooperstown	A. M. Baldwin.....Cooperstown

GOLDEN VALLEY.

John Keohane.....Beach	Joseph Denoyer.....Beach
R. F. Gallagher.....Beach	J. A. Miller.....Beach
M. H. Jefferson.....Beach	H. L. Halliday.....Beach
Mark F. Jones.....Beach	C. L. Waldron.....Beach
R. M. Andrews.....Beach	D. L. Morrison.....Sentinel Butte

HETTINGER.

George H. Stone.....Mott	Hans P. Jacobson.....Mott
V. H. Crane.....Mott	Charles Simon.....New England
J. K. Murray.....Mott	Harvey J. Miller.....New England
A. S. Boe.....Regent	Otto Tress.....New England

KIDDER.

J. W. Walker.....Steele	F. C. Eastwold.....Steele
R. L. Phelps.....Steele	J. F. Smith.....Steele

Attorneys in North Dakota—Continued.

LA MOURE.

Davis & Warren.....	La Moure	W. D. Lynch.....	La Moure
Jones & Hutchinson.....	La Moure	W. J. Hughes.....	La Moure
Knopp & Coyne.....	La Moure	P. J. Burfening.....	Kulm
Murfin & Doane.....	Edgeley	Thos. F. Robinson.....	Kulm

LOGAN.

George M. McEenna.....	Napoleon	Arthur B. Atkins.....	Napoleon
Wm. A. O'Donnell.....	Napoleon	D. L. Anderson.....	Burnstad
Wm. L. Jackmon.....	Burnstad		

McINTOSH.

G. M. Gannon.....	Ashley	John H. Wishek.....	Ashley
Hugo P. Remington.....	Ashley	R. R. Hedtke.....	Ashley
Franz Shubeck.....	Ashley	H. W. Platt.....	Wishek

McHENRY.

J. H. Ulsrud.....	Towner	C. W. Hookway.....	Granville
Horace Bagley.....	Towner	J. L. Lee.....	Velva
J. C. Thorpe.....	Towner	M. O. Dolve.....	Velva
Albert Weber.....	Towner	J. R. Meagher.....	Velva
A. M. Christianson.....	Towner	H. Van Fredenberg.....	Drake
D. J. O'Connell.....	Towner	F. J. Funke.....	Anamoose
K. L. Kylo.....	Towner	A. E. Sevaried.....	Velva
E. C. Rudolph.....	Balfour	Geo. K. Shaw.....	Anamoose
Tillman Smith.....	Upham		

McKENZIE.

C. C. Converse.....	Schafer	Robert Norhelm.....	Alexander
N. F. Snyder.....	Schafer	George F. Shafer.....	Shafer
J. H. McGarry.....	Alexander		

McLEAN.

R. L. Fraser.....	Garrison	J. E. Nelson.....	Garrison
Geo. P. Gibson.....	Washburn	H. F. O'Hare.....	Garrison
J. A. Hyland.....	Washburn	J. E. Williams.....	Turtle Lake
J. T. Hoge.....	Underwood	F. E. Wright.....	Max
James T. McCulloch.....	Washburn	T. C. Madden.....	Washburn
C. F. Maennell.....	Washburn		

MERCER.

H. L. Berry.....	Stanton	R. S. Enge.....	Stanton
Thorstein Hyland.....	Stanton	John L. Cass.....	Stanton
Geo. I. Reimestad.....	Stanton		

MORTON.

H. R. Bitzing.....	Mandan	Oliver Levenson.....	New Salem
Hanley & Sullivan.....	Mandan	John J. Garrity.....	Glen Ullin
B. W. Shaw.....	Mandan	A. T. Faber.....	Glenn Ullin
W. H. Stutsman.....	Mandan	G. R. Brainard.....	Hebron
J. E. Campbell.....	Mandan	G. W. Howe.....	Judson
L. H. Connolly.....	Mandan	Robert F. Nash.....	Flasher
L. C. Broderick.....	Mandan	A. T. Nelson.....	Carson
A. M. Packard.....	Mandan	R. H. Neely.....	Flasher
E. A. Ripley.....	Mandan	William Langer.....	Mandan
I. N. Seten.....	Mandan	H. Hallenberg.....	Carson
J. V. McCormick.....	New Salem	H. E. Hagerman.....	Hebron
G. M. Kremer.....	New Salem	P. J. Jungers.....	Hebron

MOUNTRAIL.

K. E. Edwardson.....	White Earth	J. E. Severson.....	Stanley
Earl Walter.....	White Earth	T. M. Cooney.....	Palermo
H. J. Linde.....	Stanley	H. W. Blichfeldt.....	Tagus
Ray O. Miller.....	Stanley	F. F. Wyckoff.....	Stanley
P. D. Jones.....	Stanley	Jno. F. Martin.....	Plaza
E. W. Burke.....	Stanley	Ben Wilkenson.....	Plaza
F. W. Medbery.....	Stanley	G. J. Chistle.....	Plaza
Thomas Kroegan.....	Stanley		

Attorneys in North Dakota—Continued.

NELSON.

Frich & Kelly.....	Lakota	E. D. Fitchette.....	Michigan
Fred A. Kelly.....	Lakota	A. V. A. Peterson.....	Aneta
C. J. Samson.....	Lakota		

OLIVER.

Robert Dunn.....	Center	J. E. Beum.....	Center
------------------	--------	-----------------	--------

PEMBINA.

D. J. Laxdal.....	Cavaller	Geo. Peterson.....	Cavaller
E. W. Conmy.....	Pembina	P. E. Halldorson.....	Cavaller
W. J. Burke.....	Bathgate	J. O. Plante.....	Cavaller
H. G. Vick.....	Cavaller	Myers, Gray, Garvey &	
Wm. McMurchie.....	Cavaller	Spiller.....	Cavaller
T. D. Stack.....	Walhalla	Sveinbjorn Johnson.....	Cavaller
A. L. Miller.....	St. Thomas	I. Steenson.....	Drayton

PIERCE.

Torson & Wenzel.....	Rugby	B. L. Shuman.....	Rugby
H. B. Senn.....	Rugby	Coger & Toner.....	Rugby
L. R. Nostdal.....	Rugby	Paul Campbell.....	Rugby

RANSOM.

Patrick H. Rourke.....	Lisbon	Charles W. Buttz.....	Lisbon
Alfred M. Kvello.....	Lisbon	C. O. Heckle.....	Lisbon
F. S. Thomas.....	Lisbon	Walter G. Curtis.....	Lisbon
Chas. S. Ego.....	Lisbon	Fred A. Oliver.....	Lisbon
C. G. Mead.....	Lisbon	Ed. Pierce.....	Sheldon
Thomas A. Curtis.....	Lisbon	C. G. Bangert.....	Enderlin
S. D. Adams.....	Lisbon	M. O. Thompson.....	Ft. Ransom

RAMSEY.

W. M. Anderson.....	Devils Lake	A. W. Morrissey.....	Edmore
John Burke.....	Devils Lake	H. G. Middaugh.....	Devils Lake
M. H. Brennan.....	Devils Lake	F. H. Prosser.....	Devils Lake
F. T. Cuthbert.....	Devils Lake	Homer Ressler.....	Starweather
John F. Cowan.....	Devils Lake	A. R. Smythe.....	Devils Lake
D. G. Duell.....	Devils Lake	Siver Serumgard.....	Devils Lake
E. F. Flynn.....	Devils Lake	L. J. Wehe.....	Devils Lake
R. Goer.....	Devils Lake	Fred J. Traynor.....	Devils Lake
R. F. Hunt.....	Devils Lake	Edgar Anderson.....	Crary
H. M. Lewis.....	Devils Lake	J. S. McClory.....	Devils Lake
John W. Mahe.....	Devils Lake	E. H. Griffin.....	Devils Lake
Peter J. McClory.....	Devils Lake		

RENVILLE.

Thos. F. Clifford.....	Mohall	H. H. Steele.....	Mohall
John Swenson.....	Mohall	Grace & Bryans.....	Mohall
Geo. I. Rodsater.....	Mohall	C. O. Lee.....	Sherwood

RICHLAND.

W. E. Purcell.....	Wahpeton	C. J. Kachelhoffer.....	Wahpeton
A. G. Divet.....	Wahpeton	Geo. E. Wallace.....	Wahpeton
J. W. Perkins.....	Wahpeton	Folsom Dow.....	Wahpeton
Chas. E. Wolfe.....	Wahpeton	Dan R. Jones.....	Wahpeton
F. B. Schneller.....	Wahpeton	J. A. Dwyer.....	Hankinson
Jos. G. Forbes.....	Wahpeton	W. S. Lowry.....	Hankinson
W. S. Lauder.....	Wahpeton	A. L. Parsons.....	Lidgerwood
Gustav Schuler.....	Wahpeton	W. I. Irvine.....	Lidgerwood
S. H. Snyder.....	Wahpeton	Martin Scramstad.....	Wyndmere
Geo. W. Freerks.....	Wahpeton	G. H. Korsvik.....	Abercromble
P. L. Keating.....	Wahpeton	H. C. N. Myhra.....	Dwight

Attorneys in North Dakota—Continued.

ROLETTE.

Charles A. Verret.....Rolla	D. J. McLennan.....Rolette
Fred E. Harris.....Rolla	A. L. Nelson.....Rolette
H. E. Plymat.....Rolla	L. D. Gooler.....Dunseith
Wm. Bateson.....Rolla	L. L. Martineau.....St. John

SARGEANT.

O. S. Sem.....Milnor	E. W. Bowen.....Forman
S. A. Sweetman.....Forman	A. M. Thompson.....Cogswell
A. Leslie.....Forman	

SHERIDAN.

Morrow & Dickinson.....McClusky	Geo. Thom, Jr.....Denhoff
F. A. Temple.....McClusky	O. P. Jordal.....Goodrich
Peter A. Winter.....McClusky	

STARK.

L. A. Simpson.....Dickinson	Benj. M. Rigler.....Dickinson
Thos. H. Pugh.....Dickinson	T. F. Murtha.....Dickinson
H. C. Berry.....Dickinson	W. F. Burnett.....Dickinson
M. L. McBride.....Dickinson	H. J. Blanchard.....Dickinson
Heffron & Baird.....Dickinson	F. D. Hevener.....Dickinson
Casey & Burgeson.....Dickinson	C. H. Starke.....Dickinson
J. P. Cain.....Dickinson	R. H. Yaeck.....Richardton
H. E. Haney.....Belfeld	

STEELE.

William Barclay.....Sherbrooke	P. O. Sathre.....Finley
C. S. Shippy.....Hope	

STUTSMAN.

Alfred Steel.....Jamestown	Oscar J. Seller.....Jamestown
Carr & Kneeland.....Jamestown	Thor. Chase.....Jamestown
S. E. Bosworth.....Jamestown	S. A. Wilder.....Jamestown
Knauf & Knauf.....Jamestown	R. G. McFarland.....Jamestown
James A. Murphy.....Jamestown	A. W. Aylmer.....Jamestown
J. S. Carr.....Kensal	C. S. Buck.....Jamestown
Judge Marion Conklin.....Jamestown	W. H. Padden.....Courtney

TOWNER.

H. D. Skinner.....Cando	W. T. Moseley.....Cando
J. V. Brooke.....Cando	Charles Forrest.....Cando
J. J. Kenoe.....Cando	C. H. Houska.....Bisbee
John S. Moothart.....Cando	E. A. McFarlane.....Bisbee

TRAILL.

John Carmody.....Hillsboro	F. W. Ames.....Mayville
P. G. Swenson.....Hillsboro	Carl Hjort.....Mayville
Theo. Kaldor.....Hillsboro	Chas. A. Lyche.....Hatton

WALSH.

H. C. DePuy.....Grafton	F. Smith-Peterson.....Park River
J. E. Gray.....Grafton	A. A. Libby.....Park River
Jeff M. Myers.....Grafton	G. W. Young.....Park River
E. N. Swiggum.....Grafton	Joel Myers.....Park River
H. W. Phelps.....Grafton	Jesse D. Phelps.....Minto
J. L. Cashel, Jr.....Grafton	A. C. Thompson.....Edinburgh
J. A. Fraine.....Grafton	

Attorneys in North Dakota—Continued.

WARD.

James Johnson.....	Minot	Palda, Aaker & Green.....	Minot
C. A. Johnson.....	Minot	Blaisdell, Murphy & Blaisdell	
R. A. Nestos.....	Minot	.....	Minot
Davis & Gillespie.....	Minot	Greenleaf, Bradford & Nash..	Minot
G. S. Woledge.....	Minot	Arthur LeSueur.....	Minot
Clark Hovey.....	Minot	Chatfield & Fahey.....	Minot
F. B. Lambert.....	Minot	L. F. Clausen.....	Kenmare
R. H. Bosar.....	Minot	George A. McGee.....	Minot
G. W. Twiford.....	Minot	Coyle & Herigstad.....	Minot
Lee & Dickinson.....	Ryder	P. M. Clark.....	Kenmare
Lewis & Bach.....	Minot	C. Aurland.....	Minot
Johnson & Fraser.....	Ryder	A. W. Gray.....	Kenmare
A. M. Thompson.....	Minot	William Murphy.....	Minot
Ben E. Combs.....	Donnybrook	E. R. Sinkler.....	Minot
C. E. Pierson.....	Kenmare	Halvorson & W. Y. Song....	Minot
Dorr H. Carroll.....	Minot	W. F. Doherty.....	Minot
Paige & McQueen.....	Berthold	M. R. Keith.....	Kenmare
J. E. Burke.....	Minot	John J. Bates.....	Minot
Noble Blood & Adamson....	Minot	C. B. Davis.....	Minot
Chas. D. Kelso.....	Minot	Paul Crum.....	Minot

WELLS.

John O. Hanchett.....	Harvey	G. C. Rode.....	Bowdon
Aloys Wartner.....	Harvey	John A. Layne.....	Fessenden
H. J. Bessesen.....	Harvey	Plinn H. Woodward.....	Fessenden
J. J. Youngblood.....	Fessenden	Fred Jansonius.....	Fessenden
B. F. Whipple.....	Fessenden	R. A. Palmeter.....	Fessenden
G. A. Brauer.....	Fessenden	A. G. Covell.....	Fessenden

WILLIAMS.

Van R. Brown.....	Ray	H. B. Doughty.....	Williston
P. P. Campbell.....	Ray	E. K. Ellefson.....	Williston
George H. Moellring.....	Ray	George A. Gilmore.....	Williston
T. F. Burns.....	Toga	William G. Owens.....	Williston
H. B. Wingard.....	Wildrose	Edwin A. Palmer.....	Williston
A. J. Bessie.....	Williston	Albert J. Stafne.....	Williston
H. W. Braatelin.....	Williston	C. A. M. Spencer.....	Williston
U. L. Burdick.....	Williston	William Maloney.....	Williston
E. C. Carney.....	Williston	John J. Murphy.....	Williston
Thomas Craven.....	Williston		

REGISTERED LAW STUDENTS

Name	Postoffice
Anten, M. E.....	Minot
Arntson, I. E.....	Lisbon
Anderson, Fred L.....	Minot
Acker, I. A.....	Bismarck
Acker, Bertha.....	Cando
Butler, Chester A.....	Lisbon
Brennan, D. V.....	Devils Lake
Butler, P. H.....	Lisbon
Bergum, Leslie R.....	Washburn
Baker, William V.....	Devils Lake
Beardsley, Wade A.....	Minot
Bott, Mabel Sonon.....	Fargo
Burke, Wm.....	Grand Forks
Braatellen, Olaf.....	Crosby
Behner, George.....	Balfour
Bruchman, Wm. J.....	Ambrose
Burchard, H. H.....	Grand Forks
Bailey, S. W.....	Dickinson
Broadwater, S. G.....	Devils Lake
Burr, C. W.....	Bisbee
Berget, A. M.....	Towner
Cottingham, C. N.....	Anamoose
Campbell, A. Clyde.....	Ellendale
Curtis, Rollo A.....	Lisbon
Cooper, W. J.....	Westhope
Conant, Clarence A.....	Devils Lake
Craig, Raymond W.....	Lisbon
Canty, Thomas A.....	Williston
Duggan, Ray F.....	Grand Forks
Duggan, Ray F.....	Grand Forks
Dosseth, Ole C.....	Plaza
Dimond, Nicholas.....	Grand Forks
Dougherty, Thomas.....	Napoleon
Dilmer, H. J.....	Bowman
Ellery, Climo D.....	Sheldon
Ericksen, Caroline A.....	Minot
Ensign, Ralph.....	Bismarck
Fauske, Helen.....	Bismarck
Frederickson, Fred J.....	Valley City
Flaten, Gunerious C.....	Hettinger
Greene, Wm. C.....	Fargo
Gray, John A.....	Enderlin
Grefenstur, Albert F.....	Mott
Gammons, John.....	Bismarck
Gray, Clifford A.....	Donnybrook
Greenberg, Jacques.....	Devils Lake
Gearey, Edward C. Jr.....	Fargo
Graff, Fred W.....	New Salem
Garrity, Mrs. Hattie B.....	Crosby
Gillis, John Daniel.....	Fargo
Hinck, Harry J.....	Devils Lake
Henretta, Henry.....	Leeds
Hecker, A. E.....	Carrington
Holmes, Frank.....	Grand Forks
Hanyen, E. E.....	Williston
Hagen, Myrtle A.....	Jamestown
Haugerud, Albert C.....	Stanley
Holton, W. M.....	Courtney
Joseph, Clarence E.....	Zion
Jongewaard, A. R.....	Rugby
Jacobsen, H. P.....	Mott
Johnson, J. C.....	Mandan
Jackson, Thomas J.....	Elbowoods

Name	Postoffice
Lemire, E. J.....	Ray
Layne, H. E.....	Bottineau
Lee, Alameda.....	Mohall
Leonard, Mrs. Hattie B.....	Crosby
McMillan, Caroline E.....	Langdon
McKee, J. W.....	Ross
Meade, Grace L.....	Fargo
Moe, Ingram J.....	Valley City
Miller, Robert A.....	Beach
Merrick, Ivan E.....	Bismarck
Moore, Cuthbert S.....	Lisbon
Mallaugh, George W.....	Devils Lake
McGregor, James.....	Jamestown
McDonald, Walter.....	Minnewaukan
McDonnell, M. H.....	Wahpeton
McGregor, Walter Scott.....	Minot
Maher, Howard.....	Oakes
MacKechnie, Tirzah E.....	Williston
McKee, J. W.....	Rugby
McCurdy, M. E.....	Max
Miller, Harry O.....	Williston
Murphy, Thomas B.....	Williston
Meyer, Lewis.....	New Salem
Nelson, Harold B.....	Rugby
Nelson, Axel.....	Bismarck
Nelson, Elmer.....	Manning
Neal, Clarence B.....	Crosby
Newton, John H.....	Fargo
Noble, B. L.....	Wilton
Nelson, O. T., Jr.....	Stanley
Nelson, Thomas.....	Westhope
Olafson, Sigrum.....	Rolla
O'Rourke, John.....	Mandan
O'Connell, T. P.....	Grand Forks
Olson, Oscar R.....	Max
Oleson, M. Victor.....	Fargo
Olson, George.....	Stanley
Peterson, P. D.....	Minot
Packard, F. E.....	Bismarck
Rittgers, Harry.....	Bismarck
Ryan, Margery.....	Lisbon
Richter, Edgar L.....	Larimore
Reynolds, K. A. L.....	Leeds
Seagren, C. O.....	Hurdsfield
Stricker, E. C.....	Harvey
Salisbury, B. M.....	Minnewaukan
Sturgeon, J. W.....	Dickinson
Smith, Francis C.....	Larimore
Shaw, LaRue L.....	Mandan
Saudager, W. R.....	Lisbon
Shrader, Fred A.....	Devils Lake
Stevens, Fred R.....	Crary
Spaulding, Chas. G.....	Minot
Slutz, Thomas W.....	Devils Lake
Sad, John.....	Grand Forks
Swan, Arthur E.....	Beach
Swenson, Emma M.....	Grafton
Stevens, Lloyd B.....	Devils Lake
Tillotson, Benj. F.....	Bismarck
Thomas, Cyril E.....	Hettinger
Thresa, Otto.....	New England
Thompson, Taylor.....	Minot
Thom, Willa M.....	Mohall

Registered Law Students—Continued

Name	Postoffice	Name	Postoffice
Jungers, Peter S.....	Hebron	Underwood, Fred.....	Enderlin
Johnson, Bert E.....	Ray	Van Sickle, G. R.....	Ryder
Jones, William S.....	Bowman	Vall, Elmer.....	Bismarck
Johnson, Edwin Lewis...	Westhope	Wigger, Wm. F.....	Wahpeton
Kilen, O. M.....	Stanley	Wing, E. P.....	Bismarck
Kittelson, Sam.....	Oakes	Wolf, H. R.....	Enderlin
Keup, F. A.....	Columbus	Whitver, Walter R.....	Oakes
Lounsberry, C. E.....	Wahpeton	Williams, Arthur D.....	Maxbass
Lewis, Vera.....	Devils Lake	Wiper, Chas.....	Ryder
Lina, Victor L.....	Lisbon	Young, Horace C.....	Fargo
Linde, Mrs. Julia M.....	Stanley		

TERMS OF DISTRICT COURT

Adams county, Tenth district, first Tuesday in April and third Tuesday in October.

Barnes county, Fifth district, first Monday in January and first Monday in June.

Benson county, Second district, first Monday in June and second Monday in December.

Billings county, Tenth district, first Tuesday in January and first Tuesday in June.

day in February fourth
Monday in September,
e and September.
ay in June and second

in October, first Mon-
y in January term.
ay in February, second
ond Tuesday in Decem-

er first Monday in Jan-
eptember and first Tues-

ay in December, second
ond Tuesday in Septem-

in March, first Tuesday

in October.

Divide county, Eighth district, fourth Monday in September, second Monday in June, third Monday in January. No jury in January term.

Dunn county, Tenth district, two terms as judge may direct.

Eddy county, Second district, third Monday in May and second Monday in October.

Emmons county, Sixth district, first Tuesday in February and first Tuesday in October.

Foster county, Fifth district, first Monday in May and second Monday in October.

Golden Valley county, Tenth district, third Tuesday in January and second Tuesday in July.

Grand Forks county, First district, first Tuesday in each month, except August and September.

Griggs county, Fifth district, second Monday in May and second Monday in November.

Hettinger county, Tenth district, second Tuesday in February and first Tuesday in October.

Kidder county, Sixth district, third Tuesday in June and second Tuesday in January.

La Moure county, Fifth district, first Monday in February and fourth Monday in September.

Logan county, Sixth district, first Tuesday in April and fourth Tuesday in November.

McHenry county, Ninth district, second Monday in March, second Monday in May, third Monday in July, first Monday in October, and third Monday in December. No jury May, July and October terms.

McIntosh county, Fourth district, first Tuesday in April, first Tuesday in November.

McKenzie county, Eleventh district, second Monday in June, third Monday in October.

McLain county, Sixth district, second Wednesday in June, second Wednesday in November.

Mercer county, Twelfth district, first Tuesday in December, first Tuesday in March, third Tuesday in May and second Tuesday in September. No jury for March and September terms.

Mountrail county, Eleventh district, third Monday in July, third Monday in November and third Monday in January. No jury January term.

Nelson county, First district, first Monday after the fourth day of July, and the first Monday after the first day of January.

Terms of District Court—Continued

Oliver county, Twelfth district, third Monday in October, first Monday in June.

Pembina county, Seventh district, first Tuesday in January, first Tuesday in June, first Tuesday in April, first Tuesday in October. No jury April or October terms.

Pierce county, Ninth district, third Monday in January, first Monday in April, first Monday in June, first Monday in September, third Monday in October. No jury, April, September and October terms.

Ramsey county, Second district, first Monday in March and second Monday in November.

Ransom county, Fourth district, first Tuesday in May, first Tuesday in December.

Renville county, Eighth district, second Monday in October, fourth Monday in June, fourth Monday in January. No jury in January term.

Richland county, Fourth district, first Tuesday in January, first Tuesday in June.

Rolette county, Second district, third Monday in June, and first Monday in January.

Sargeant county, Fourth district, first Tuesday in February and first Tuesday in September.

Sheridan county, Sixth district, second Tuesday in March, third Tuesday in October.

Stark county, Tenth district, third Tuesday in May, first Tuesday in September, first Tuesday in December and first Tuesday in March. No jury in September or March terms.

Steele county, Third district, third Tuesday in June and third Tuesday in October.

Stutsman county, Fifth district, third Monday in June and second Monday in December.

Towner county, Second district, third Monday in March and fourth Monday in November.

Traill county, Third district, second Tuesday in February and first Tuesday in December.

Walsh county, Seventh district, fourth Tuesday in January, fourth Tuesday in June, third Tuesday in November and third Tuesday in March. No jury March or November terms.

Ward county, Eighth district, second Monday in November, third Monday in July, first Monday in February. No jury in February term.

Wells county, Fifth district, third Monday in January and third Monday in July.

Williams county, Eleventh district, fourth Monday in June, first Monday in October and second Monday in December. No jury in October term.

POST OFFICES IN NORTH DAKOTA.

CORRECTED TO JULY 1, 1913.

(c. h. indicates county seats.)

(Figures indicate R. Routes ;

ADAMS.

Bucyrus,
Chandler,
Haynes—1,
Hettinger (ch)—2,
Leigh,
Petrel—1,
Pierson,
Reeder,
Springbutte,
Stowers,
Wolf Butte.

BARNES.

Cuba,
Dazey—2,
Eastedge,
Eckelson—1,
Fingal—2,
Hastings,
Kathryn—1,
Leal,
Litchville—4,
Lucca,
Matteson,
Nome—2,
Oriska—2,
Pillsbury,
Roger,
Sanborn—2,
Urbana,
Valley City (ch)—5,
Wimbledon—2.

BENSON.

Baker,
Brinsmade—3,
Esmond—4,
Fillmore,
Flora,
Fort Totten,
Grahams Island,
Hesper,
Josephine,
Knox,
Leeds—2,
Maddock—5,
Minnewaukan (ch)—1,
Narrows,
Oberon—1,
Pleasant Lake—2,
Tokio,
Warwick—2,
York—2.

BILLINGS.

Amidon,
Badland,
Bessie,
Billings,
Chenoweth,
Desart,
Fairfield,
Fryburg,
Giese,
Gorham,
Hanly,
Hume,
Marmarth,
Medora, (ch),
Midway,
Mikkelson,
Mineral Springs,
Mound,
Pierce,
Pine,
Purcell,
Quinion,
Rainy Butte,
Ranger,
Shollsmade,
Snow,
Stuart,
Sully Springs,
Taft,
Ukraina.

BOTTINEAU.

Antler—1,
Bottineau (ch)—4,
Carbury,
Deep,
Eckman—2,
Gardena—1,
Hurd,
Kramer—1,
Kuroki,
Landa—1,
Lansford—5,
Maxbass—2,
Metigoshe,
Newburg,
Omeme,
Overly—1,
Roth,
Russell—1,
Souris—3,
Tarsus,
Truro,

POST OFFICES IN NORTH DAKOTA

Washegum,
Westhope—2,
Willow City—1.

BOWMAN.

Amor,
Ash,
Austin,
Bowman (ch)—1,
Buffalo Springs,
Concord,
Gascoyne,
Graceville,
Griffin,
Haley,
Ives,
Kirk,
Langberg,
Paoli,
Rhame,
Ring,
Scranton—1,
Spring Valley,
Stillwater,
Swartwood.

BURKE.

Battleview,
Bowbells (ch)—4,
Columbus—2,
Coteau—1,
Flaxton—3,
Larson—1,
Lignite—1,
Newport—1,
Portal—
Powers Lake,
Stampede—1,
Vanville,
Villa,
Woburn.

BURLEGH.

Aetna,
Alta,
Arena,
Baldwin—1,
Barron,
Bismarck (ch),
Brittin,
Driscoll,
Frances,
Grove,
Lein,
McKenzie—1,
Menoken,
Moffit,
Naughton,
Painted Woods,
Pelican,
Regan—1,
Stark,
Sterling,
Stewartsdale,
Wing,
Wogansport.

CASS.

Absaraka,
Addison,
Agricultural College,
Alice—1,
Amenia—1,

Argusville—2,
Arthur—1,
Ayr—1,
Buffalo—2,
Casselton,
Chaffee,
Davenport—2,
Durbin—1,
Embsden,
Erie—1,
Fargo (ch)—3,
Gardner—2,
Grandin—2,
Harwood—1,
Hickson—1,
Horace—1,
Hunter—2,
Kindred—3,
Leonard—2,
Mapleton—1,
Page—3,
Prosper,
Tower City—2,
Warren,
Wheatland—3,
Wild Rice,
Woods.

CAVALIER.

Alsen,
Beaulieu,
Callo—1,
Calvin,
Clyde—2,
Dresden,
Easby,
Elkwood,
Hannah—1,
Homen,
Langdon (ch),
Loma,
Malda,
Milton—2,
Mona,
Mount Carmel,
Mowbray,
Munich,
Nekoma,
Numedahl,
Olga,
Osnabrock,
Sarles,
Stilwell,
Union,
Vang,
Wales—1,
Weaver.

DICKY.

Clement,
Ellendale (ch)—3,
Forbes—1,
Fullerton—2,
Glover,
Guelph—1,
Ludden—1,
Merricourt—1,
Monango—2,
Oakes—4,
Silverleaf,
Wirch.

Post Offices in North Dakota—Continued

DIVIDE.

Ambrose—1,
Colgan,
Crosby (*ch*)—1,
Ella,
Fertile,
Kermit,
Lee,
McCullough,
Noonan—1,
Nora,
Norge,
Plumer,
Rudser,
Skermo,
Stadv.
Tansem.
Upland,
Westby.

DUNN.

Bailey,
Brooks,
Collins,
Dunn,
Edgar.
Elmgrove,
Emerson,
Fayette,
Halliday,
Hirschville,
Knife River,
Libby Butte,
Loring,
Manning (*ch*),
Marshall
Melby.
New Hradec,
Northrop,
Oakdale,
Renville.

EDDY.

Brantford,
Hamar—1,
New Rockford (*ch*)—2,
Sheyenne—3,
Tiffany.

EMMONS.

Braddock—2,
Dale,
Gayton,
Glencoe,
Hague,
Hartford,
Hazelton—2,
Hull,
Kintvre—2,
Linton (*ch*),
Livona,
Marie,
Mastel,
Omio,
Strasburg,
Temvik—1,
Westfield,
Winona.

FOSTER.

Barlow
Bordulac,
Carrington (*ch*)—3,
Glenfield,
Grace City,
Juanita,
McHenry—2,
Melville.

GOLDEN VALLEY

Alpha,
Beach (*ch*)—2,
Beulsdale,
Burkey,
Sentinel Butte,
Trotters,
Williams.

GRAND FORKS.

Arvilla,
Emerado—2,
Fergus,
Gilby,
Grand Forks (*ch*)—2,
Holmes,
Honeyford,
Inkster—1,
Johnstown,
Kelly,
Kempton—1,
Larimore—1,
McCanna,
Manvel—1,
Mekinock—1,
Merrifield,
Niagara—2,
Northwood—4,
Ojata,
Orr,
Pilot,
Reynolds—3,
Shawnee,
Thompson—2,
University.

GRIGGS.

Binford—3,
Cooperstown (*ch*)—3,
Hannaford—2,
Karnak,
Jessie,
Mose,
Sutton,
Walum.

HETTINGER.

Alden,
Bentley,
Burt—1,
Cedar,
Church,
Graber,
Havelock,
Inez,
Kennedy,
Liberty,
Mott (*ch*)—3,
New England—1,
Regent—1,
Watrous,
Willa.

Post Offices in North Dakota—Continued

KIDDER.

Bostonia,
Crystal Springs,
Dawson,
Lamoine,
Langedahl,
Nelson,
Pettibone,
Robinson,
Steele (*ch*),
Tappen,
Tuttle.

LAMOURE.

Adrain,
Alfred,
Berlin,
Delsem,
Dickey,
Edgeley—4,
Grand Rapids,
Independence,
Jud—1,
Kulm—1,
LaMoure (*ch*)—2,
Marion—3,
Medberry,
Nortonville,
Verona—1.

LOGAN.

Burnstad,
Fredonia,
Gackle,
King,
Napoleon (*ch*)—1.

McHENRY.

Anamoose—4,
Balfour—2,
Bantry—2,
Bergen—2,
Berwick,
Deering—2,
Denbigh—2,
Drake—3,
Falsen,
Granville—2,
Guthrie,
Karlsruhe,
Kief,
Milroy,
Norwich—2,
Riga,
Towner (*ch*),
Upham—2,
Velva—3,
Voltaire—2.

McINTOSH.

Ashley (*ch*)—1,
Coldwater,
Danzig,
Hellwig,
Lehr,
Lowell,
Venturia,
Wishek,
Zealand.

McKENZIE.

Alexander—1,
Arnegard,
Banks,
Benniepler,
Berg,
Cartwright,
Catlin,
Charlson,
Cherry,
Dore,
Earl,
Elidah,
Elsworth,
Estes,
Farland,
Goodall,
Keene,
Mary,
Moline,
Nameless,
Schafer (*ch*),
Seneschal,
Stroud,
Tobacco Garden.

McLEAN.

Benedict—1,
Blackwater,
Byers,
Cold Harbor—2,
Dogden—1,
Elbowoods,
Emmet,
Falconer,
Garrison,
Max—2,
Mercer,
Raub,
Roseglen,
Ruso—2,
Turtle Lake—2,
Underwood—2,
Washburn (*ch*)—2,
Wilton—3,
Wipru.

MERCER.

Bowdish,
Broncho,
Cambridge,
Deapolis,
Defiance,
Expansion,
Farrington,
Goldenvally,
Hazen,
Kasmer,
Krem,
Mannhaven,
Ree,
Ronda,
Sofia,
Stanton (*ch*).

MORTON.

Almont,
Bahm,
Barnes,
Bluegrass,
Brisbane,
Cannon Ball,

Post Offices in North Dakota—Continued

Carl,
 Carson,
 De Vaul,
 Elgin—1,
 Fallon,
 Flasher,
 Fleak,
 Fort Rice,
 Fort Yates,
 Freda,
 Gall,
 Glen Ullin,
 Harmon,
 Haymarsh,
 Heart,
 Hebron,
 Hell,
 Howe,
 Huff,
 Janesburg,
 Judson—1,
 Kaiser,
 Lark,
 Leipzig,
 Leith,
 Littleheart,
 Mandan (*ch*),
 Miner,
 New Leipzig,
 New Salem,
 Odense,
 Odessa,
 Paradise,
 Parkin,
 Pretty Rock,
 Raleigh,
 Rosebud,
 Saint Anthony,
 Saint Joseph,
 Saint Vincent,
 Schaller,
 Schmidt,
 Selfridge,
 Selma,
 Shields,
 Sims,
 Solen,
 Stebbins,
 Stevenson,
 Stone,
 Strain,
 Swastika,
 Sweetbriar,
 Timmer,
 Wade,
 Worms,
 Yongtown.

MOUNTRAIL.

Amanda,
 Belden,
 Blaisdell—1,
 Brookbank,
 Coulee—1,
 Epworth,
 Grinnell,
 Lostwood,
 Lundsvally,
 Manitou,
 Palermo—2,
 Plaza—3,

Ross—2,
 Stanley (*ch*)—1,
 Tagus—1,
 White Earth—1.

NELSON.

Aneta—5,
 Kloten—1,
 Lakota (*ch*)—2,
 McVile—1,
 Mapes—1,
 Michigan—2,
 Pekin—3,
 Petersburg—2,
 Tolna—1,
 Whitman.

OLIVER.

Aplin,
 Butte,
 Center (*ch*)
 Evans,
 Fort Clark,
 Hannover,
 Hensler,
 Nisbet,
 Otter Creek,
 Pinto,
 Rheln,
 Sanger,
 Seroco,
 Silo,
 Yucca.

PEMBINA.

Akra,
 Backoo—1,
 Bathgate—1,
 Bowesmont,
 Cavalier (*ch*)—2,
 Concrete,
 Crystal—2,
 Dravton—3,
 Fleece,
 Gardar,
 Glasston,
 Hallson,
 Hamilton—1,
 Hensel—1,
 Jollette,
 Leroy,
 Leyden,
 McArthur,
 Mountain,
 Mugford,
 Neche—3,
 Nowesta,
 Pembina—2,
 Saint Thomas—2,
 Svold,
 Walhalla—5.

PIFRCE.

Balta,
 Barton—2,
 Brazil—2,
 Rugh (*n*)—2,
 Trunbridge—2,
 Wolford—1.

Post Offices in North Dakota—Continued

RAMSEY.

Bartlett,
Brocket—2,
Churchs Ferry—2,
Crary—2,
Derrick,
Devils Lake (*ch*)—5,
Doyon—1,
Edmore—4,
Garske—1,
Grand Harbor,
Hampden—1,
Lawton—2,
North Chautauqua,
Penn,
Starkweather—3,
Webster—1.

RANSOM.

Anselm
Buttzeville,
Elliott—1,
Enderlin—2,
Englevale—1,
Fort Ransom—1,
Lisbon (*ch*)—5,
McLeod
Sheldon—3.

RENVILLE.

Glenburn—3,
Grano—1,
Greene,
Loralne,
McKinney,
Mohall (*ch*)—5,
Norma—1,
Pleasant,
Sherwood—3,
Tolley—2.

RICHLAND

Abercrombie—1,
Barney—1,
Christine—1,
Colfax—1,
Dwight—1,
Filloe,
Fairmont—4,
Galchutt,
Great Bend,
Hankinson—4,
Homestead—1,
Lidgerwood—4,
Mantador,
Mooreton—1,
Murray,
Power,
Tyler—1,
Wahpeton (*ch*)—3,
Walcott—3,
Woodhull,
Wyndmere—1.

ROLETTE.

Ackworth,
Agate,
Bachelor,
Belcourt—1,
Berdella,
Bertha,
Birchwood,

Carpenter,
Dunseith,
Fonda,
Gronna,
Jarves,
Juno,
Kelvin,
Laureat,
Mylo,
Nanson,
Rolette—3,
Rolla (*ch*)—2,
Saint John,
Thorne—1.

SARGENT.

Brampton,
Cayuga,
Cogswell—3,
Crete,
De Lamere—2,
Forman (*ch*)—1,
Geneseo—1,
Gwinner,
Havana—2,
Milnor—4,
Nicholson,
Ransom,
Rutland—1,
Stirum—1,
Straubville.

SHERIDAN.

Denhoff—1,
Goodrich—2,
Lincoln Valley,
McClusky (*ch*)—1,
Martin—2,
Skogmo.

STARK.

Antelope,
Belfield,
Daglum,
Dickinson (*ch*),
Gaylord,
Gladstone,
Lefor,
Lehigh,
Richardton,
Scheffield,
South Heart,
Taylor,
Zenith.

STEELE.

Blabon,
Colgate,
Finley—2,
Hope—4,
Luverne—1,
Pickert,
Sharon—1,
Sherbrooke (*ch*).

STUTSMAN.

Buchanan—1,
Cleveland,
Courtenay—2,
Edmunds—1,
Eldridge,
Fried,

Post Offices in North Dakota—Continued

Gray,
Jamestown (*ch*)—2,
Kensal—2,
Marstonmoor,
Medina—1,
Montpeller—1,
Newhome,
Pingree—1,
Spiritwood,
Streeter—1,
Windsor,
Woodworth,
Ypsilanti.

TOWNER.

Bisbee—2,
Cando (*ch*)—1,
Crocus,
Egeland—2,
Elsberry,
Hansboro,
Maza,
Newville,
Olmstead,
Perth—1,
Rocklake—2,
Zion.

TRAILL.

Blanchard—1,
Buxton—3,
Caledonia,
Clifford—1,
Cumings—1,
Galesburg—2,
Hatton—4,
Hillsboro (*ch*)—4,
Kelso,
Mayville—2,
Portland—3.

WALSH.

Acton,
Adams—1,
Ardoch,
Auburn,
Cashel,
Conway,
Edinburg—3,
Fairdale—2,
Fordville—2,
Forest River,
Grafton (*ch*)—6,
Hoople—2,
Lankin—2,
Linstad,
Minto—1,
Nash,
Norton,
Oakwood,
Park River—3,
Pisek—2,
Poland,
Sarnia,
Veseleyville,
Voss,
Walshville,
Warsaw.

WARD.

Aurelia,
Baden,
Berthold—2,
Burlington—2,
Carplo—4,
Deslacs,
Donnybrook—4,
Douglas—3,
Drady,
Foxholm—1,
Grelland,
Hartland,
Hesnault,
Jerome,
Kenaston,
Kenmare—4,
Logan,
Lonetree,
Makoti,
Minot (*ch*)—5,
Niobe,
Pitts,
Ryder—2,
Sawyer—2,
Surrey—1,
Tasker.

WELLS.

Bowdon—2,
Bremen,
Cathway—1,
Chaseley—1,
Dover,
Emrick,
Fessenden (*ch*)—1,
Harvey—5,
Heaton—1,
Helmdal,
Hurdsfield,
Manfred—2,
Sykeston—1,
Viking,
Wellsburg.

WILLIAMS.

Angle,
Bonetrail—1,
Buford,
Cottonwood Lake,
Epping—2,
Gladys,
Hamlet,
Hofflund,
Howard,
McGregor,
Manger,
Marmon,
Nesson,
Persevere,
Ray—1,
Spring Brook—1,
Squires,
Temple—1,
Thiers,
Tioga—1,
Trenton,
Vandalla,
Wheelock—2,
Wildrose,
Williston (*ch*)—3,
Zahl.

PRESIDENTIAL POST OFFICES

City	Class	Salary	City	Class	Salary
Agricultural College...	3	00	Lakota	3	1,600
Ambrose	3	00	LaMoure	3	1,600
Anamoose	3	00	Langdon	3	1,700
Aneta	3	00	Lansford	3	1,700
Ashley	3	00	Larimore	3	
Balfour	3	00	Litchville	3	
Beach	2	00	Linton	3	
Belfield	3	00	Lidgerwood	3	
Berthold	3	00	Leeds	3	
Bisbee	3	00	Lisbon	2	
Bismarck F.....	1	00	McClusky	3	
Bottineau	3	00	McHenry	3	
Bowbells	3	00	Maddock	3	
Bowman	3	00	Mandan F	2	
Cando	3	00	Marmarth	3	
Carrington	2	00	Max	3	
Cassellton	3	00	Mayville	3	
Cavaller	3	00	Medina	3	
Churchs Ferry.....	3	00	Michigan	3	1,100
Cogswell	3	00	Milnor	3	1,400
Copperstown	3	00	Milton	3	1,800
Courtenay	3	00	Minnewaukan	3	1,400
Crosby	3	00	Minot F	1	3,000
Devils Lake FG.....	2	00	Minto	3	1,000
Dickinson F	2	00	Mohall	3	1,600
Dogden	3	00	Mott	3	1,600
Donnybrook	3	00	Napoleon	3	1,200
Drake	3	00	Neche	3	1,100
Drayton	3	00	New England.....	3	1,300
Edgeley	3	00	New Rockford	3	1,600
Edmore	3	00	New Salem.....	3	1,500
Ellendale	2	00	Northwood	3	1,600
Enderlin	3	00	Oakes	2	2,000
Edmond	3	00	Page	3	1,300
Fairmount	3	00	Park River	3	1,600
Fargo GF	1	1,700	Pembina	3	1,200
Fessenden	3	1,700	Plaza	3	1,200
Finley	3	1,200	Portal	3	1,200
Flaxton	3	1,100	Portland	3	1,200
Forman	3	1,300	Ray	3	1,600
Garrison	3	1,400	Reeder	3	1,400
Glenburn	3	1,000	Richardton	3	1,500
Glen Ullin	3	1,500	Rolette	3	1,100
Grafton	2	2,000	Rolla	3	1,400
Grand Forks FG.....	1	3,200	Rugby	3	1,900
Granville	3	1,400	Ryder	3	1,200
Hankinson	3	1,600	St. Thomas.....	3	1,100
Hannah	3	1,000	Scranton	3	1,100
Harvey	3	1,900	Sentinel Butte	3	1,100
Hatton	3	1,400	Sheldon	3	1,300
Hebron	3	1,400	Sherwood	3	1,300
Hettinger	3	1,800	Sheyenne	3	1,100
Hillsboro	3	1,600	Souris	3	1,200
Hope	3	1,600	Stanley	3	1,600
Hunter	3	1,000	Starkweather	3	1,000
Jamestown F	2	2,600	Steele	3	1,500
Kenmare	3	1,900	Taylor	3	1,100
Kensal	3	1,200	Toga	3	1,100
Kulm	3	1,300	Tower City.....	3	1,200

Presidential Post Offices—Continued

City	Class	Salary	City	Class	Salary
Towner	3	1,700	Westhope	3	1,400
Underwood	3	1,200	White Earth	3	1,100
University	3	1,400	Williston F	2	2,500
Valley City F	2	2,600	Willow City	3	1,200
Velva	3	1,600	Wilton	3	1,500
Wahpeton F	2	2,300	Wimbledon	3	1,500
Walhalla	3	1,400	Wyndmere	3	1,200
Washburn	3	1,600	York	3	1,100

F. City delivery.

G. In government buildings.

NEWSPAPERS IN NORTH DAKOTA

ADAMS.

Record	Hettinger.....	A. Holland, D. C. DeVaney
Journal	Hettinger.....	M. A. Fuller
Western Call.....	Reeder.....	E. J. Lyste
Register-Gazette	Haynes.....	Mary Mack

BARNES.

Times-Record	Valley City.....	L. P. Hyde
Patriot	Valley City.....	G. B. Vallandigham
Courier	Valley City.....	P. R. Trubshaw
News	Wimbledon.....	J. O. Carter
Herald	Fingal.....	C. T. Bolstad
Enterprise	Sanborn.....	Wm. McKean & Son
Tribune	Nome.....	Chas. E. Greenwold
Recorder	Kathryn.....	S. Stout
Bulletin	Litchville.....	Nelson & Jongeward
Commercial	Dazey.....	Leo Ratcliff
Times	Hastings.....	O. T. Olson
Sentinel	Oriska.....	C. T. Bolstad
Citizen	Rogers	Leo Ratcliff

BENSON.

Siftings	Minnewaukan	Wm. Miller
Standard	Maddock.....	G. O. Haugen
Dispatch	York.....	Chas. T. Cable
Sentinel	Warwick.....	F. X. Kirsch
Star	Brinsmade	Jno. Lindellen
Bee	Esmond.....	H. P. Allison
News	Leeds.....	Chas. B. Dean
Advocate	Knox.....	H. E. Delameter

BILLINGS.

Herald	Medora.....	C. W. Clemens
Mail	Marmarth.....	J. H. Chamer
News	Chenoweth.....	Benj. V. Haas
News	Amidon.....	T. M. Agnew

BOTTINEAU.

News	Bottineau.....	F. C. Falkenstein
Courant	Bottineau	Estate of J. P. Haskett
Eagle	Willow City.....	T. C. Michael
Herald	Omeme	Matt Johnson
Messenger.....	Souris.....	Estate of H. B. Halldorson
Standard	Westhope.....	A. J. Drake
American	Antler.....	W. R. Lee
Sentinel	Russell.....	B. T. Wood
Monitor	Maxbass.....	D. L. Kennedy
Journal	Lansford.....	W. E. Holbein

BOWMAN.

Citizen	Bowman.....	Geo. A. Totten
Pioneer	Bowman.....	W. H. Workman
Register	Scranton.....	J. A. Bigham
Review	Rhame.....	H. N. Lynn
Advance	Gascoyne.....	F. W. Pitsor

Newspapers in North Dakota—Continued

BURKE.

Tribune	Bowbells.....	B. A. Stefonowicz
Bulletin	Bowbells.....	A. M. Russell
Bulletin	Lignite.....	A. J. Hettwer
Reporter	Columbus	George Cook
Times	Flaxton.....	C. A. Hoyt
International	Portal.....	F. C. Hoyt
Echo	Powers Lake.....	Geo. B. Gee
Review	Powers Lake.....	Roy D. Rogers

BURLEIGH.

* Tribune	Bismarck.....	Bismarck Tribune Co.
Times	Bismarck.....	Times Pub. Co.
Paladium	Bismarck.....	Paladium Pub. Co.
* Der Staats Anzeiger.....	Bismarck.....	F. L. Brandt
State	Bismarck.....	B. G. Whitehead
News	Driscoll.....	E. A. Hull
Gazette	McKenzie.....	C. W. Malmquist
Statesman	Wing.....	C. C. Overton

CASS.

* Forum & Republican.....	Fargo.....	J. P. Dotson
* Courier News	Fargo.....	A. Y. More
Fram	Fargo.....	G. N. Gunderson
Democrat	Fargo.....	Geo. W. Wilkinson
Advocate	Fargo.....	E. S. Elliott
Searchlight	Fargo.....	A. T. Cole
Reporter	Casselton.....	Potter & Potter
Express	Buffalo.....	W. B. Knight
Herald	Hunter.....	F. O. Eberhart
Record	Page.....	W. L. Brown
Topics	Tower City.....	H. H. Roberts
News	Davenport.....	H. G. Broten
Tribune	Kindred.....	John Van Arnam
Journal	Leonard.....	Stanley W. Leidigh

CAVALIER.

* Courier-Democrat	Langdon.....	A. I. Koehmstadt
* Republican	Langdon.....	Forkner & Groom
Independent	Osnabrock.....	W. J. Storie
Times	Calvin.....	A. M. Russell
Globe	Hannah.....	S. J. A. Boyd
Moon	Milton.....	Ernest L. Peterson
Herald	Munich.....	Morris Nelson
News	Nekoma.....	P. R. Johnson
Advocate	Sarles.....	C. L. George
News	Calio.....	M. O. Long
Examiner.....	Loma.....	J. G. Curtiss

DICKY.

* Record	Ellendale.....	A. M. Beveridge
Leader	Ellendale.....	F. S. Goddard
* Times	Oakes.....	Alex R. Wright
Journal	Oakes	Frank Jarvis
Journal	Monango.....	A. R. Rudow
Republican	Forbes.....	J. H. Nagel

DIVIDE.

* Newsman	Ambrose.....	Lyon & DeWitt
Tribune	Ambrose.....	R. V. Simmons
Eagle	Crosby.....	D. A. Gibbs
Review	Crosby.....	W. H. Ware
Leader	Stady.....	James B. Hedges
* Miner	Noonan.....	Calvin L. Andrist

*Continuation of Noonan Republican.

Newspapers in North Dakota—Continued

DUNN.

News	Manning.....	E. K. Jenkins
Settler	Emerson.....	J. B. Howard
Times	Melby.....	Oscar Helseth

EDDY.

Transcript	New Rockford.....	A. C. Olson
Provost	New Rockford	P. M. Mattson
Star	Sheyenne.....	C. C. Manning

EMMONS.

Record	Linton.....	D. R. Streeter & Son
Republican	Hazleton.....	W. P. Thurston
News	Braddock.....	Mrs. Jas. McCormick

FOSTER.

Independent	Carrington.....	Geo. P. Collins
Record.....	Carrington.....	H. C. Darland
Tribune	McHenry.....	J. B. Howard
Journal	Grace City.....	G. E. Mitchell

GOLDEN VALLEY.

Chronicle	Beach.....	J. W. Brinton
Advance	Beach.....	Pierce Egan
Progress.....	Beach	Egan & Zollinger
Republican	Sentinel Butte.....	W. A. Shear

GRAND FORKS.

Herald	Grand Forks.....	Times-Herald Pub. Co.
Times	Grand Forks.....	Times-Herald Pub. Co.
Observer	Grand Forks.....	Observer Publishing Co.
Normanden	Grand Forks.....	Normanden Pub. Co.
Enterprise	Reynolds.....	K. B. Williams
Gleaner	Northwood.....	D. L. Campbell
Pioneer	Larimore.....	E. L. Richter

GRIGGS

Sentinel-Courier	Cooperstown.....	H. S. Rearick Pub. Co.
Times	Binford.....	Carl E. Peterson
Enterprise	Hannaford.....	Epler, Anderson & Kampen

HETTINGER.

Pioneer Press	Mott.....	Elmer Enge
Spotlight	Mott.....	John Charmley
Herald	New England.....	Connolly Bros.
Times	Regent.....	Geo. D. Skinner
Echo	Burt.....	Thos. D. Potwin
Bulletin	Bentley.....	Jack McCausland

KIDDER.

Ozone	Steele.....	H. S. Wood
Leader	Dawson.....	D. M. Fair
Press	Dawson.....	K. Safford

LAMOURE.

Chronicle	LaMoure.....	H. R. S. Diesem
Echo	LaMoure.....	C. C. Lowe
Mail	Edgeley.....	W. S. Hancock
Messenger	Kulm.....	Oramel A. Hoskins
Leader	Jud.....	A. L. Ravely
Sentinel	Marion.....	Sentinel Pub. Co.
Reporter	Dickey.....	H. D. Mack

Newspapers in North Dakota—Continued

LOGAN.

Homestead	Napoleon.....	O. F. Bryant
Republican	Gackle.....	Thos. N. Pettit
Comet	Burnstad.....	Wm. L. Jackman

McHENRY.

News-Tribune	Towner.....	F. B. Haines
Journal	Velva.....	W. H. Francis
Herald	Granville.....	C. R. Kendall
Enterprise	Deering.....	Fred Roble
Advocate	Bantry.....	C. F. Varty
Star	Upham.....	L. M. Pierson
Progress	Anamoose.....	Schley & Howe
News	Drake.....	E. W. Sperry
Messenger	Balfour.....	J. W. R. H. DeLa

McINTOSH.

Republican	Ashley.....	L. Grunninger
Tribune	Ashley.....	E. T. Clyde
News	Wishek.....	L. Grunninger

McKENZIE.

† Record	Schafer.....	W. S. Graham
Chronicle	Alexander.....	J. H. McGarry
Journal	Charlson.....	S. Th. Westdal
*Inland Call	Berg.....	S. Th. Westdal

*Will soon move to Arnegard.

McLEAN.

† Leader	Washburn.....	John Satterlund
News	Wilton.....	C. W. Stewart
Wave	Turtle Lake.....	E. J. Jones
Enterprise	Max.....	F. E. Wright
Independent	Garrison.....	T. L. Stanley
Times	Garrison.....	John Satterlund
Telegram	Mercer.....	T. D. Monson
News	Dogden.....	E. E. Cowell
Banner	Benedict.....	W. T. Cooper
Journal	Underwood.....	E. J. Carlen

MERCER.

† Republican	Stanton.....	C. F. Schweigert
Star	Krem.....	Thurston & Schleppergrell
German American	Kasmer.....	L. E. Dreveskracht

MORTON.

— Pioneer	Mandan.....	E. A. Tostevin
— News	Mandan.....	Everett J. Conrad
— Republican	Mandan.....	S. A. Young
Die Wacht am Missouri	Hebron.....	Geo. J. Landon
News	Glen Ullin.....	Wallace R. Hall
Hustler	Flasher.....	J. K. McLeod
Deutscher Pioneer	New Salem.....	Bernard Oppenheimer
Journal	New Salem.....	Edward Sullivan
Tribune	Hebron.....	Geo. J. Sullivan
Press	Carson.....	J. C. Bell
Arena	Almont.....	Maxwell McNeil
Sentinel	New Leipzig.....	R. E. Riesland
Advocate	Gwyther.....	Clarence F. Wallin
Herald	Shields.....	C. Christenson
Enterprise	Leith.....	O'Connor & McDonald
Index	Raleigh.....	T. J. O'Connor
Times	Elgin.....	A. R. Knight

Newspapers in North Dakota—Continued

MOUNTRAIL.

* Sun	Stanley.....	Geo. W. Wilson
Promoter	Stanley.....	H. Macaulle
Herald	Palermo.....	T. A. McCann
Pioneer	Plaza.....	Geo. J. Smith
Mirror	Tagus.....	H. B. Winnie
Standard	Palermo.....	J. C. Hoff
Examiner	Epworth.....	J. B. Taylor
News	Ross.....	John Patterson

NELSON.

* Observer	Lakota.....	F. E. Metcalf
American	Lakota.....	J. H. Stewart
Panorama	Aneta.....	Gilbert Telen
Arena	Michigan.....	E. D. Fitchette
Journal	McVillie.....	Harry M. Case
Record	Petersburg.....	B. A. Hall
Tribune	Tolna.....	G. S. Phillips
Budget	Pekin.....	Edwin M. Moore

OLIVER.

Republican	Center.....	Geo. W. Tilton
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PEMBINA.

* Chronicle	Cavaller.....	J. K. Fairchild
Pioneer Express.....	Pembina.....	Wardell & Thompson
Call	Crystal.....	J. A. Minder
Independent	Hamilton.....	H. P. Wood
Pink Paper.....	Bathgate.....	F. A. Willson
Echo	Drayton.....	R. A. Gilroy
Mountaineer	Walhalla.....	Chas. Lee
Chronotype	Neche.....	R. H. Fadden
Times	St. Thomas.....	Grant S. Hager

PIERCE.

* Optimist	Rugby.....	L. H. Bratton
* Tribune	Rugby.....	John N. Page
Mirror	Wolford.....	Breen & Breen

RAMSEY.

* Journal	Devils Lake.....	J. H. Bloom
* Inter Ocean.....	Devils Lake.....	H. B. Reynolds
World	Devils Lake.....	M. Edwards
Public Opinion.....	Crary.....	Edgar Anderson
Herald News.....	Edmore.....	E. M. Crary
Guardian	Hampden.....	J. G. Curtis
Sun	Churchs Ferry.....	Geo. Chambers
Times	Starkweather.....	W. W. Finley
Independent	Brocket.....	J. G. Curtis

RANSOM.

* Free Press.....	Lisbon.....	Boyden & Allen
Gazette	Lisbon.....	Wm. Jones, Jr.
Progress	Sheldon.....	W. M. Shaw
Independent	Enderlin.....	C. H. Potter

RENVILLE.

* News	Mohall.....	L. M. Rockne
Tribune	Mohall.....	Charles Lano
Advance	Glenburn.....	R. Gilbertson
Tribune	Grano.....	T. W. McDonough
Journal	Tolley.....	F. C. Kaatz
Tribune	Sherwood.....	E. L. Penn

Newspapers in North Dakota—Continued

RICHLAND.

Globe-Gazette	Wahpeton.....	Globe-Gazette Ptg. Co.
Times	Wahpeton.....	E. S. Cameron
Broadaxe	Lidgerwood.....	John Andrews
News	Hankinson.....	W. C. Forman, Jr.
Reporter	Walcott.....	R. N. Lee
Monitor	Lidgerwood.....	W. I. Irvine
News	Fairmount.....	B. W. Clabaugh
Pioneer	Wyndmere.....	H. E. Slevert
Messenger	Abercrombie.....	O. A. Olson

ROLETTE.

Star	Rolla.....	W. J. Hoskins
Herald	Rolla.....	W. D. Packard
Magnet	Dunseith.....	C. E. Goodsell
Examiner	Rolette.....	A. L. Nelson
Record	Rolette.....	Chas. W. Sibley

SARGENT.

Independent News.....	Forman.....	J. H. Maltby
Enterprise.....	Cogswell.....	C. A. Jordan
Teller	Milnor.....	R. V. Fyles
Union	Havana.....	Ashley & Spanton
Citizen	Cayuga.....	I. H. Ross
Mistletoe	DeLamere.....	A. P. Layton
Prairie Press.....	Gwinner.....	H. C. Edblom

SHERIDAN.

Gazette	McClusky.....	Ed. X. Moore
Post	McClusky.....	T. D. Monsen
Citizen	Goodrich.....	A. D. McKinnon
Voice	Denhoff.....	A. D. McKinnon
Searchlight	Martin.....	E. B. Nelson

STARK.

Press.....	Dickinson.....	M. L. Ayers
Recorder-Post	Dickinson.....	Wm. A. Carter, Oliver Whaley
North Dakota Herald.....	Dickinson.....	John Nadolski
Der Volksfreund.....	Richardton.....	Rev. Bernard Arnold
Times	Belfield.....	Harry Dence
Reporter	Taylor.....	G. O. Thompson

STEELE.

Tribune	Sherbrooke.....	S. V. Anderson
Pioneer	Hope.....	L. J. Bowen
Beacon	Finley.....	Geo. A. Monteith
Reporter	Sharon.....	Samuel Malmin

STUTSMAN.

Alert	Jamestown.....	W. R. Kellogg
Capital	Jamestown.....	Jesse Burgster
Democrat	Jamestown.....	N. P. Morris
Citizen	Medina.....	W. H. Nye
Herald	Streeter.....	Rieland & Krekou
Patriot	Pingree.....	O. A. Ruud
Journal	Kensal.....	A. R. Rudow
Gazette	Courtenay.....	A. F. Klenk
Rustler	Woodworth.....	W. H. Wright

TOWNER.

Democrat	Cando	Carl Nelson
Herald	Cando.....	Geo. B. Dennison
Gazette	Bisbee.....	Gores & Egeland
Enterprise	Egeland.....	M. O. Long
News	Hansboro.....	K. A. Rygh

Newspapers in North Dakota—Continued

TRAILL.

• Banner	Hillsboro.....	L. E. George
• Tribune	Mayville.....	Tribune Ptg. Co.
Republican	Portland.....	Joe La Bell
Free Press.....	Hatton.....	C. P. Anderson

WALSH.

• Record	Grafton.....	Grant S. Hager
News & Times.....	Grafton.....	R. P. Luchau
Journal	Minto.....	W. G. Mitchell
Gazette-News	Park River.....	F. J. Prochaska
Tribune	Edinburg.....	E. Erlendson
Reporter	Lankin.....	Sam S. Halslet
Budget	Adams.....	Mrs. R. B. Dougherty
Times	Fairdale.....	P. R. Johnson
Chronicle	Fordville.....	W. A. Young
Standard	Adams.....	M. C. Lovestrom

WARD.

• Optic	Minot.....	W. M. Smart
• Reporter	Minot.....	C. A. Johnson
Independent	Minot.....	Colcord & Truax
Democrat	Minot.....	L. D. McGahan
Iconoclast	Minot.....	J. M. Near
Courier	Donnybrook.....	F. A. Parratt
News	Kenmare.....	V. A. Corbett
Journal	Kenmare.....	W. B. McLaughlin
Observer	Les Lacs.....	T. M. Filbert
Herald	Douglas.....	G. E. Crockard
News	Ryder.....	Geo. J. Smith
Tribune	Berthold.....	W. E. Krick
Free Press.....	Carplo.....	M. J. Pavlik
Journal	Ryder.....	David Larin
Telegraph	Sawyer.....	D. R. Green

WELLS.

✓ Free Press.....	Fessenden.....	C. M. Brinton
• Herald	Harvey.....	C. B. Thomas
Tribune	Sykeston.....	V. E. Johnson
Guardian	Bowdon.....	W. J. Burt
Banner	Hurdsfield.....	J. F. McKinney

WILLIAMS.

• Graphic	Williston.....	J. A. Corbett
• Herald	Williston.....	Geo. Farries
Plainsman	Wildrose.....	F. H. Rodgers
Review	Gladys.....	R. W. Sutcliffe
Mixer	Cottonwood Lake.....	F. E. Stefanowicz
Tribune	Buford.....	W. R. Mumby, Sr.
Pioneer	Ray.....	Edwin J. Knudson
Tribune	Wheelock.....	C. F. Maloney
Gazette	Tloga.....	H. H. Wigen

LEGAL NEWSPAPERS.

Under the laws of North Dakota, section 2279, revised codes of 1905, before any newspaper in this state shall be qualified to publish any legal notice, or any matter required by law to be printed or published in some newspaper in the state, or any public notices for any county, city or other municipality within the state, such newspaper must have been established at least one year—at least one page of the same actually printed at the place designated in the date line—and have been in regular and continuous circulation during that time with a bona fide subscription list of at least 150 regular and continuous subscribers, and such newspaper must contain at least four pages of five columns to the page, said columns to be not less than eighteen inches in length and twelve ems pica in width, with not less than four columns of reading or news matter. It is also required of every publisher that two copies of each issue be mailed regularly to the State Historical Society, Bismarck, which are bound and kept on file.

LEGAL PUBLICATION FEES.

Section 2620 of the Revised Codes of North Dakota was amended by the legislature of 1909 to read as follows:

Sec. 2620. In all cases where publication of legal notices of any kind is required or allowed by law, the person or officer desiring such publication shall be required to pay seven cents per counted line of nonpareil type for the first insertion and four cents per line of nonpareil for each subsequent insertion; or five cents per counted line of brevier type for the first insertion and three cents per line of brevier type for each subsequent insertion. All tabulated rule and figure matter shall be computed at double the rates for straight matter. A line shall be construed to mean thirteen ems pica in length. In all cases of publication of notices required by law, the plaintiff, except in divorce cases, may designate the legal newspaper published within the county in which such notice shall be published.

LEGAL RATES FOR COUNTY PRINTING.

CHAPTER 232, 1911 SESSION LAWS.

Section 1. Amendment.] Section 2432 of the Revised Codes of 1905 is amended so as to read as follows:

Sec. 2432. Proceedings of board to be published. Legal rates therefor.] It shall be the duty of the board to cause to be published in three newspapers published in its county, or in case there are not three newspapers published within the county qualified to make such publication, then in as many as there are, a full and complete report of all its official proceedings at each regular and special meeting, such proceedings to be published as soon after each meeting as practicable, and the board shall pay for such publication seven cents per counted line of nonpareil type for the first insertion and four cents per counted line of brevier type for the first insertion and three cents per line of brevier type for each subsequent insertion. All tabulated matter which shall consist of at least three justifications in each line shall be computed at double the rates for straight matter. A line shall be construed to mean thirteen ems pica in length. Said proceedings, however, shall be published only in such newspapers as are designated to publish such proceedings, and which shall file or cause to be filed, with the county auditor an affidavit of publication executed in proper form; provided that not more than two newspapers in any congressional township shall be so designated, and when there are but two newspapers in the county and both are in the same congressional township, the commissioners shall designate but one of such papers. In case there is no newspaper published in such newspaper in the state as has the largest circulation in such county, the county the board shall cause such proceedings to be published in and shall also cause such report to be posted in three public places in the county, one of which places shall be the office of the county auditor.

Sec. 2. Rates and methods of computation applicable to legal notices and publications generally.) The rates of compensation and the methods of calculating the same provided for in Section 2620 of the Revised Codes of 1905, as amended by Section 1 of this Act shall be applicable to and made to apply in all cases where publication of legal notices of any kind, proceedings of board of county commissioners, reports and lists of the state experiment station to inspect and analyze foods and beverages, election returns and other publications and reports is required and allowed by law.

ELECTION PRIVILEGES.

(Section 15 of Chapter 129 of the Session Laws of 1911.)

No publisher of a newspaper or other periodical shall insert either in its advertising or reading columns any paid matter which is designed to tend to aid, injure or defeat any candidate or political party or organization or measure before the people, unless it is stated therein that it is a paid advertisement. No person shall pay the owner, editor, publisher or agent of any newspaper or other periodical to induce him to editorially advocate or oppose any candidate for nomination or election, and no such owner, editor, publisher, or agent shall accept such payment. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be punished as for corrupt practice.

RATES FOR POLITICAL ANNOUNCEMENTS.

(Chapter 210 of the 1911 Session Laws.)

No newspaper in this state shall charge for the publication of political announcements of candidates before any primary or election, any more than the legal rates for the publication of legal notices.

All paid political matter and political announcements shall be labeled "Political Advertisement."

Any person violating any provision of this act shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor.

DESIGNATION OF OFFICIAL NEWSPAPERS.

(Chapter 117 of the 1911 Session Laws.)

The Board of County Commissioners of each county in this state must at its first regular meeting in January of each year designate three newspapers, qualified to make such publication within the county, to publish the proceedings of said board as provided by law; provided, that at least one of the newspapers so designated must be located at the county seat of such county.

PUBLICATION OF CANDIDATES' NAMES BEFORE PRIMARY ELECTION.

(Chapter 209 of the 1911 Session Laws.)

Section 1. At least twenty-five days before any primary preceding a general election, the secretary of state shall transmit to each county auditor a certified list containing the names and post office addresses of each person for whom nomination papers have been filed in his office and entitled to be voted for at such primary, together with a designation of the office for which he is a candidate, and the party or principle he represents.

Sec. 2. The auditor to whom such list is delivered shall forthwith upon the receipt thereof, publish under the proper party designation the title of each office, the names and addresses of all persons for whom nomination papers have been filed, both in his office and the office of the secretary of state, giving the names and addresses of each, the date of the primary, the hours during which the polls will be opened, and that the primary will be held in the regular polling place in each precinct. It shall be the duty of such auditor to publish said notice once each week for at least two consecutive weeks prior to said primary in each official paper in the county.

HOLIDAYS IN NORTH DAKOTA.

January 1—New Year's Day.
February 12—Lincoln's Birthday.
February 22—Washington's Birthday.
May 30—Memorial Day.
July 4—Independence Day.
Election Day—All general election days.
Thanksgiving Day—Last Thursday in November.
December 25—Christmas.
Arbor Day—Day set by governor.
Labor Day—First Monday in September.

ROSTER OF THE COMMISSIONED OFFICERS OF THE NORTH DAKOTA NATIONAL GUARD MAY 27, 1913

Commander-in-Chief, L. B. HANNA, Bismarck, Governor of the State.
inaugurated January 1913.

PERSONAL STAFF.

Aides to the Commander-in-Chief with Rank of Colonel.
W. C. Treumann, Major General, Retired, Grafton, commissioned January 7, 1913.
Chas. F. Mudgett, Major commissioned January 7, 1913
Arthur L. Knauf, Captain, commissioned January 7, 1913.
Gilbert Davis, Fargo, commissioned January 7, 1913.
C. E. Batcheller, Fingal, commissioned January 7, 1913.
Dr. D. Lemieux, Dunseith, commissioned January 7, 1913.
Henry Hale, Devils Lake, commissioned January 7, 1913.
Alex Scarlett, Minot, commissioned January 7, 1913.
Oscar Knudson, Grand Forks, commissioned January 7, 1913.
On detail by the War Department under provisions of Act of Congress,
with National Guard.
Major Richard R. Steedman, U. S. A. Retired, Bismarck, Feb. 7, 1910.

GENERAL STAFF.

The Adjutant General—Brigadier General.....I. A. Berg, Grand Forks
Inspector and Judge Advocate General—Colonel H. R. Bitzing....Mandan
Chief of Supply—Colonel Frank P. Allen.....Lisbon

FIRST REGIMENT OF INFANTRY. STATIONS.

Headquarters, Grafton; Hospital Corps, Lisbon; Band, Lisbon; Company
"A," Bismarck; Company "B," Fargo; Company "C," Grafton; Com-
pany "D," Minot; Company "E," Williston; Company "F," Mandan;
Company "G," Valley City; Company "H," Jamestown; Company "I,"
Wahpeton; Company "K," Dickinson; Company "L," Hillsboro; Com-
pany "M," Devils Lake.

FIRST REGIMENT OF INFANTRY. Organized January 31, 1885.

Served in Spanish-American and Philippine Wars as the North Dakota
Volunteer Infantry.

HEADQUARTERS, GRAFTON.

Colonel Commanding—John H. Fraine.....Grafton
Lieutenant Colonel—T. H. Tharalson.....Bismarck
Majors—
G. C. Grafton, 3rd Battalion.....Fargo
Frank S. Henry, 1st Battalion.....Valley City
Danna Wright, 2nd Battalion.....Jamestown
Medical Corps—
Major Thos. C. Patterson.....Lisbon
Captain Wm. F. Sihler.....Devils Lake
Captain A. W. Macdonald.....Valley City
1st Lieut. A. G. Anderson.....Hillsboro
Adjutant—Captain R. A. Thomson.....Fargo
Quartermaster—Captain G. A. Fraser.....Fargo
Commissary—Captain E. R. Sarles.....Hillsboro
Assistant Inspector Small Arms Practice—Captain E. C. Geary,
Jr.Fargo
Chaplain—Captain C. D. Locklin.....Grand Forks

Battalion Adjutants, First Lieutenants—

D. S. Lewis, 2nd Battalion.....Fargo
 T. S. Henry, 1st Battalion.....Valley City
 Wayne G. Eddy, 3rd Battalion.....Fargo

Battalion Quartermasters and Commissaries, Second Lieutenants—

R. T. Healy, 1st Battalion.....Fargo
 H. H. Hamilton, 3rd Battalion.....Jamestown
 J. W. Murphy, 2nd Battalion.....Fargo

FIRST BATTALION.

Major Commanding—Major Frank S. Henry.....Valley City

Adjutant—First Lieutenant T. S. Henry.....Valley City

Quartermaster and Commissary—Second Lieutenant R. T. Healy...Fargo

Company "B"—

Captain Harold Sorenson.....Fargo
 First Lieutenant R. M. Still.....Fargo
 Second Lieutenant A. F. Collar.....Fargo

Company "G"—

Captain D. S. Ritchie.....Valley City
 First Lieutenant H. F. Halverson.....Valley City
 Second Lieutenant E. K. Mason.....Valley City

Company "I"—

Captain Thos. J. Thomsen.....Wahpeton
 First Lieutenant E. A. Anderson.....Wahpeton
 Second Lieutenant Carl Ulsaker.....Wahpeton

Company "L"—

Captain B. C. Boyd.....Hillsboro
 First Lieutenant Berto A. Olson.....Hillsboro
 Second Lieutenant Gunder M. Larson.....Hillsboro

SECOND BATTALION.

Major Commanding—Major Dana Wright.....Jamestown

Adjutant—First Lieutenant D. S. Lewis.....Fargo

Quartermaster and Commissary—Second Lieutenant J. W. Murphy..Fargo

Company "A"—

Captain Henry T. Murphy.....Bismarck
 First Lieutenant H. C. Hines.....Bismarck
 Second Lieutenant Fred Graham.....Bismarck

Company "F"—

Captain Jas. M. Hanley.....Mandan
 First Lieutenant G. I. Solum.....Mandan
 Second Lieutenant T. G. C. Kennelly.....Mandan

Company "H"—

Captain Jas. D. Gray.....Jamestown
 First Lieutenant C. H. Smith.....Jamestown
 Second Lieutenant Alex Steinbach.....Jamestown

Company "K"—

Captain T. A. Tollefson.....Dickinson
 First Lieutenant L. R. Baird.....Dickinson
 Second Lieutenant C. N. Barker.....Dickinson

THIRD BATTALION.

Major Commanding—G. C. Grafton.....Fargo

Adjutant—First Lieutenant Wayne G. Eddy.....Fargo

Quartermaster and Commissary—Second Lieutenant H. H. Hamilton
Jamestown

Company "C"—

Captain M. H. Sprague.....Grafton
 First Lieutenant F. A. Moore.....Grafton
 Second Lieutenant J. G. Ofstedahl.....Grafton

Company "D"—

Captain E. S. Person.....Minot
 First Lieutenant F. E. Wheelon.....Minot
 Second Lieutenant F. Otto Gross.....Minot

Company "E"—

Captain H. R. Evans.....Williston
 First Lieutenant E. W. Jeffrey.....Williston
 Second Lieutenant Geo. W. Harvey.....Williston

Company "M"—

Captain Jas. D. Stenson.....Devils Lake
 First Lieutenant A. M. Holt.....Devils Lake
 Second Lieutenant Arthur McLean.....Devils Lake

RELATIVE RANK OF OFFICERS ON THE SUPERNUMERARY LIST

Mudgett, Chas. F., Major, July 1, 1911.....Valley City
 Ross, Frank, Captain, February 6, 1901.....Calvin
 Wells, M. P., Captain, September 7, 1901.....Tower City
 Knauf, Arthur L., Captain, January 29, 1906.....Jamestown
 McCormick, Thos., First Lieutenant, December 8, 1906.....Bismarck
 Hyland, Frank H., First Lieutenant, May 7, 1906.....Devils Lake
 Agnew, John E., First Lieutenant, June 18, 1906.....Dickinson
 Mulick, Daniel C., First Lieutenant, February 19, 1909.....Bismarck

RELATIVE RANK OF OFFICERS ON RETIRED LIST.

Creel, H. M., Major General, January 7, 1907.....Devils Lake
 Poole, Thos. H. Major General, January 7, 1907.....Bismarck
 Peake, Amasa P., Major General, January 7, 1911.....Valley City
 Treumann, W. C., Major General, January 7, 1913.....Grafton
 Hildreth, M. A., Brig. Gen. January 6, 1908.....Fargo
 Nuchols, S. L., Brig. Gen., January 7, 1910.....Mandan
 Baldwin, Dorman, Jr., Major, January 26, 1905.....Jamestown
 Osborn, A. J., Major, June 16, 1910.....Dickinson
 Manderud, Ole, Captain, January 5, 1907.....Jamestown

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS.

Capitol	Bismarck
University	Grand Forks
School of Mines (attached to University).....	Grand Forks
Agricultural College	Fargo
Normal School	Mayville
Normal School	Valley City
Normal School	Minot
Scientific School	Whapeton
School of Forestry	Bottineau
Industrial School	Ellendale
Penitentiary	Bismarck
Insane Asylum	Jamestown
Reform School	Mandan
School for the Deaf	Devils Lake
Blind Asylum	Bathgate
Institution for Feeble Minded	Grafton
Soldiers' Home	Lisbon

SALARIES OF STATE OFFICERS.

State officers hereafter elected shall receive the following salaries:

Governor	\$ 5,000
Secretary of State	3,000
Auditor	3,000
Treasurer	3,000
Attorney General	3,600
Superintendent of Public Instruction	3,000
Commissioner of Insurance	3,000
Commissioner of Railroads (three) each	2,000
Commissioner of Agriculture and Labor	3,000

APPOINTIVE OFFICERS.

State Examiner	\$ 3,000
Chief Deputy State Examiner	1,800
Assistant Deputy State Examiners.....	1,800
Adjutant General	1,800
Commissioner of University and School Lands	2,000
Oil Inspector	2,500
Deputies in State Treasurer's and State Auditor's departments..	2,400
All other department deputies	1,800

Trustees of Public Institutions receive \$3 per day for each day employed and traveling expenses—not more than twelve sessions (twenty-four days in the aggregate) to be held in any one year unless authorized by the governor.

INSURANCE COMPANIES DOING BUSINESS IN NORTH DAKOTA

FIRE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Aetna Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.
American Central Insurance Co., St. Louis, Mo.
American Druggists Fire Insurance Co., Cincinnati, O.
American Insurance Co., Newark, N. J.
Anchor Fire Insurance Co., Des Moines, Ia.
Boston Insurance Co., Boston, Mass.
Calumet Insurance Co., Chicago, Ills.
Camden Fire Insurance Co., Camden, N. J.
Central National Fire Insurance Co., Chicago, Ills.
Citizens Insurance Co., St. Louis, Mo.
Columbia Insurance Co., Jersey City, N. J.
Commercial Union Fire Insurance Co., New York, N. Y.
Connecticut Fire Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.
Continental Insurance Co., Chicago, Ills.
Federal Insurance Co., Jersey City, N. J.
Fidelity-Phoenix Insurance Co., New York, N. Y.
Fire Association of Philadelphia, Pa.
Fireman's Fund Insurance Co., San Francisco, Cal.
Firemen's Insurance Co., Newark, N. J.
Franklin Fire Insurance Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
German Alliance Insurance Co., New York, N. Y.
German American Insurance Co., New York, N. Y.
Germania Fire Insurance Co., New York, N. Y.
Glens Falls Insurance Co., Glens Falls, N. Y.
Globe Fire Insurance Co., Huron, S. D.
Hanover Fire Insurance Co., New York, N. Y.
Hartford Fire Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.
Home Insurance Co., New York, N. Y.
Insurance Company of North America, Philadelphia, Pa.
Liverpool & London & Globe Insurance Co., New York, N. Y.
Michigan Commercial Insurance Co., Lansing, Mich.
Millers National Insurance Co., Chicago, Ills.
Milwaukee Mechanics Insurance Co., Milwaukee, Wis.
Minneapolis Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Minneapolis, Minn.
Minnesota Fire Insurance Co., Chatfield, Minn.
National Fire Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.
National Union Fire Insurance Co., Pittsburg, Pa.
New Hampshire Fire Insurance Co., Manchester, N. H.
Niagara Fire Insurance Co., New York, N. Y.
Northern Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Grand Forks, N. D.
North River Insurance Co., New York, N. Y.
Northwestern Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Minneapolis, Minn.
Northwestern National Insurance Co., Milwaukee, Wis.
Old Colony Insurance Co., Boston, Mass.
Orient Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.
Pelican Assurance Co., New York, N. Y.
Pennsylvania Fire Insurance Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
Peoples National Fire Insurance Co., Wilmington, Del.
Phoenix Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.
Providence-Washington Insurance Co., Providence, R. I.
Queen City Fire Insurance Co., Sioux Falls, S. D.
Queen Insurance Co., of America, New York, N. Y.
Rellance Insurance Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
St. Paul Fire & Marine Insurance Co., St. Paul, Minn.
Security Insurance Co., New Haven, Conn.
Springfield Fire & Marine Insurance Co., Springfield, Mass.
Standard Fire Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.
Twin City Fire Insurance Co., Minneapolis, Minn.
United States Fire Insurance Co., New York, N. Y.
Westchester Fire Insurance Co., New York, N. Y.
Williamsburgh City Fire Insurance Co., New York, N. Y.

Insurance Companies Doing Business in North Dakota—Continued

FOREIGN FIRE COMPANIES.

d.
 Germany.
 Pool, England.
 ol, England.
 n & Edinburg, Eng-
 .
 England.

NORTH DAKOTA STATE MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Alliance Hail Association, Jamestown.
 Commercial Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Grand Forks.
 Grand Forks Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Grand Forks.
 Implement Dealers' Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Grand Forks.
 Merchants National Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Fargo.
 North Dakota Farmers Mutual Tornado & Cyclone Insurance Co., La
 Moure.
 North Dakota Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Valley City.
 Northwestern Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Fargo.
 Retail Merchants Association Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Fargo.
 Valley City Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Valley City.

MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANIES OF OTHER STATES.

Evangelical Mutual Insurance Co., Milbank, S. D.
 Michigan Millers' Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Lansing, Mich.
 Northwest German Farmers Mutual Insurance Co., Eureka, S. D.
 Ohio Millers Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Canton, Ohio.
 Security Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Chatfield, Minn.
 State Farmers Mutual Hail Insurance Co., Waseca, Minn.

NORTH DAKOTA COUNTY MUTUAL INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Barnes County Farmers' Mutual Insurance Co., Valley City.
 Cavalier County Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Osnabrock.
 Dickey County Farmers Mutual Insurance Co., Fullerton.
 Dundee-Walsh County Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Hoople.
 Farmers Mutual Fire, Lightning & Cyclone Insurance Co., Brinsmade.
 Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Bottineau.
 Farmers Mutual Storm, Cyclone & Tornado Insurance Co., Bottineau.
 Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Rainy Butte.
 Farmers Mutual Fire & Lightning Insurance Co., Driscoll.
 Farmers County Mutual Fire & Lightning Insurance Co., Casselton.
 Farmers Mutual Fire & Lightning Insurance Co., McVillie.
 Farmers Mutual Fire & Lightning Insurance Co., Gwinner.
 Farmers Mutual Fire & Lightning Insurance Co., Sherbrooke.
 Farmers Mutual Fire, Lightning & Cyclone Insurance Co., Cando.
 Farmers Mutual Fire & Lightning Insurance Co., Portland.
 Flaxton Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Flaxton.
 Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Harvey.
 Grant Farmers Mutual Fire & Lightning Insurance Co., Donnybrook.
 Greenfield Mutual Fire & Lightning Insurance Co., Sheyenne.
 Home Mutual Insurance Co., Wahpeton.
 James River Valley Mutual Fire & Lightning Insurance Co., James-
 town.
 Kenmare Farmers Mutual Fire & Lightning Insurance Co., Kenmare.
 La Moure County Farmers Mutual Fire & Lightning Insurance Co.,
 La Moure.
 McHenry County Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Velva.
 McLean County Farmers Mutual Fire, Lightning & Cyclone Insurance
 Co., Washburn.

Insurance Companies Doing Business in North Dakota—Continued

Morton & Oliver Counties Mutual Fire & Lightning Insurance Co., New Salem.
 Pembina County Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Hamilton.
 Ransom County Farmers Mutual Insurance Co., Lisbon.
 Scandinavian Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Bottineau.
 Viking Mutual Fire & Lightning Insurance Co., Viking.
 Walle Farmers Mutual Fire Insurance Co., Grand Forks.
 Walsh County Farmers Mutual Fire & Lightning Insurance Co., Minto.
 West McLean County Farmers Mutual Fire & Lightning Insurance Co., Garrison.

MISCELLANEOUS—ACCIDENT, PLATE GLASS, FIDELITY, SURETY, EMPLOYERS' LIABILITY, LIVE STOCK, ETC.

Aetna Accident & Liability, Hartford, Conn.
 American Bonding Co., Baltimore, Md.
 American Fidelity Co., Montpelier, Vt.
 American Surety Co., New York, N. Y.
 Casualty Co. of America, New York, N. Y.
 Continental Casualty Co., Hammond, Ind.
 Dakota Live Stock Casualty Insurance Co., Bismarck, N. D.
 Dakota Trust Co., Fargo, N. D.
 Employers' Liability Assurance, Boston, Mass.
 Equitable Surety Co., St. Louis, Mo.
 Fidelity & Casualty Co., New York, N. Y.
 Fidelity & Deposit Co., Baltimore, Md.
 Frankfort General Insurance Co., New York, N. Y.
 Great Eastern Casualty Co., New York, N. Y.
 Hartford Steam Boiler, Hartford, Conn.
 Illinois Surety Co., Chicago, Ill.
 Indiana & Ohio Live Stock, Crawfordsville, Ind.
 Lloyds Plate Glass Insurance Co., New York, N. Y.
 Loyal Protective Insurance Co., Boston, Mass.
 Massachusetts Bonding & Insurance Co., Boston, Mass.
 Metropolitan Casualty Co., New York, N. Y.
 Maryland Casualty Co., Baltimore, Md.
 National Casualty Co., Detroit, Mich.
 National Surety Co., New York, N. Y.
 New York Plate Glass Insurance Co., New York, N. Y.
 North American Accident Insurance Co., Chicago, Ill.
 Northern Trust Co., Fargo, N. D.
 Northwestern Trust Co., Grand Forks, N. D.
 New England Casualty Co., Boston, Mass.
 Ocean Accident & Guaranty Corp, New York, N. Y.
 Prudential Casualty Co., Indianapolis, Ind.
 Ridgely Protective Association, Worcester, Mass.
 Standard Accident Insurance Co., Detroit, Mich.
 Standard Live Stock Insurance Co., Indianapolis, Ind.
 Title Guaranty & Surety Co., Scranton, Pa.
 U. S. Fidelity & Guaranty Co., Baltimore, Md.
 U. S. Health & Accident Insurance Co., Saginaw, Mich.
 U. S. Casualty Co., New York, N. Y.

LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Aetna Life Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.
 American Bankers' Insurance Co., Chicago, Ill.
 American Life Insurance Co., Des Moines, Iowa.
 Bankers' Life Insurance Co., Des Moines, Iowa.
 Bankers' Reserve Life Co. (The), Omaha, Neb.
 Central Life Assurance Society of U. S., Des Moines, Iowa.
 Continental Assurance Co., Chicago, Ill.
 Dakota Mutual Life Insurance Co., Watertown, S. D.
 Dakota Western Assurance Co., Watertown S. D.
 Equitable Life Assurance Society of the U. S., New York.
 Fidelity Mutual Life Insurance Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
 First National Life & Accident Insurance Co., Pleere, S. D.
 Germania Life Insurance Co., New York.
 Great Northern Life Insurance Co., Grand Forks, N. D.
 Great West Life Assurance Co., Winnipeg, Canada.
 Home Life Insurance Co., New York.
 Indemnity Life & Accident Co., Minneapolis, Minn.
 Manhattan Life Insurance Co., New York.

Insurance Companies Doing Business in North Dakota—Continued

Meridian Life Insurance Co., Indianapolis, Ind.
 Midland Insurance Co., St. Paul, Minn.
 Minnesota Mutual Life Insurance Co., St. Paul, Minn.
 Missouri State Life Insurance Co., St. Louis, Mo.
 Mutual Benefit Life Insurance Co., Newark, N. J.
 Mutual Life Insurance Co., New York.
 Montana Life Insurance Co., Helena, Mont.
 National Life Insurance Co. of the U. S. of Am., Chicago, Ill.
 National Life Insurance Co., Montpelier, Vt.
 New York Life Insurance Co., New York.
 North American Life Insurance Co., Chicago, Ill.
 Northwestern National Life Insurance Co., Minneapolis, Minn.
 Northwestern Mutual Life Insurance Co., Milwaukee, Wis.
 Pacific Mutual Life Insurance Co., Los Angeles, Cal.
 Penn. Mutual Life Insurance Co., Philadelphia, Pa.
 Phoenix Mutual Life Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.
 Pioneer Life Insurance Co., Fargo, N. D.
 Scandia Life Insurance Co., Chicago, Ill.
 Scranton Life Insurance Co., Scranton, Pa.
 Security Mutual Life Insurance Co., Binghamton, N. Y.
 Travelers Insurance Co., Hartford, Conn.
 Twin City Life Insurance Co., Minneapolis, Minn.
 Union Central Life Insurance Co., Cincinnati, Ohio.
 United States Annuity & Life Insurance Co., Chicago, Ill.

ASSESSMENT LIFE INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Guarantee Fund Life, Omaha, Neb.
 Illinois Bankers' Life Association, Monmouth, Ill.
 Merchants' Life Association, Burlington, Iowa.
 Surety Fund Life Insurance Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

ASSESSMENT ACCIDENT INSURANCE COMPANIES.

Bankers' Mutual Casualty Co., Minneapolis, Minn.
 Inter-State Business Men's Accident, Des Moines, Iowa.
 Merchants' Life & Casualty Co., Minneapolis, Minn.

FRATERNAL BENEFICIARY ASSOCIATIONS.

Ancient Order of United Workmen, Fargo, N. D.
 Brotherhood of American Yeoman, Des Moines, Iowa.
 Catholic Order of Foresters, Chicago, Ill.
 Catholic Mutual Benefit Association, Hornell, N. Y.
 Court of Honor, Springfield, Ill.
 Daughters of Norway, Minneapolis, Minn.
 Degree of Honor, Jamestown, N. D.
 Fraternal Union of America, Denver, Col.
 Homesteaders, Des Moines, Iowa.
 Improved Order of Heptasophs, Baltimore, Md.
 Independent Order of Foresters, Toronto, Canada.
 Independent Scandinavian Workingmen's Association, Eau Claire, Wis.
 Knights of the Maccabees of the World, Detroit, Mich.
 Knights of Pythias, Indianapolis, Ind.
 Knights of Columbus, New Haven, Conn.
 Locomotive Engineers' Mutual Life & Accident Insurance Association, Cleveland, Ohio.
 Ladies of the Maccabees of the World, Port Huron, Mich.
 Loyal Americans, Chicago, Ill.
 Modern Brotherhood of America, Mason City, Iowa.
 Modern Samaritans, Duluth, Minn.
 Modern Woodmen of America, Rock Island, Ill.
 National Union, Toledo, Ohio.
 Royal Arcanum, Boston, Mass.
 Royal Neighbors of America, Rock Island, Ill.
 Sons of Norway, Minneapolis, Minn.
 Supreme Tribe of Ben Hur, Crawfordsville, Ind.
 Supreme Forest Woodmen, Circle, Omaha, Neb.
 The Praetorians, Dallas, Texas.
 United Commercial Travelers, Columbus, Ohio.
 United Order of Foresters, Milwaukee, Wis.
 Western Bohemian Catholic Union, New Prague, Minn.
 Western Masons Mutual Life Association, Los Angeles, Cal.
 Woodmen of the World, Omaha, Neb.

NORTH DAKOTA LEGAL WEIGHTS.

Apples	50 pounds	Lime	80 pounds
Barley	48 pounds	Millet	50 pounds
Beans	60 pounds	Oats	32 pounds
Bran	20 pounds	Onions	52 pounds
Bromus inermis	14 pounds	Potatoes, Irish	60 pounds
Buckwheat	42 pounds	Potatoes, sweet	46 pounds
Beets	60 pounds	Peas	60 pounds
Broom corn	30 pounds	Rye	56 pounds
Corn, shelled	56 pounds	Salt	80 pounds
Corn in the ear	70 pounds	Speltz	40 pounds
Clover seed	60 pounds	Turnips	60 pounds
Coal, stone	80 pounds	Timothy seed	45 pounds
Flax seed	56 pounds	Wheat	60 pounds

NORTH DAKOTA PUBLIC LIBRARIES.

	Librarian.
Carrington.....	Mrs. B. L. Russell
Casselton.....	Emir D. Morton
Devils Lake.....	Anna Sprung
Dickinson	Josephine Hargrave
Enderlin.....	Mrs. E. Bangert
Fargo	Winnie Bucklin
Grafton	Mary Morris
Grand Forks.....	Adah Durand
Jamestown.....	Alice M. Paddock
Kenmare.....	Mrs. William Putnam
Langdon.....	Mary H. Harlan
Leeds	Theo. Gronbeck
Ledgerwood	Zdenka Trinka
Mandan.....	Olivia M. Draper
Minot	Margaret Greene
Park River.....	Charlotte Currie
Rugby.....	Hattie S. Sikes
Tower City.....	
Valley City.....	Lillian Cook
Wahpeton.....	Mrs. J. G. Forbes
Williston.....	Bessie R. Baldwin

COLLGE, LODGE AND INSTITUTIONAL LIBRARIES.

Agricultural College.....	Mrs. Ethel McVeety
Fargo College.....	Alice Sargent
Educational Reference, Bismarck.....	M. C. Budlong
Feeble-Minded Institute, Grafton.....	Teachers
Historical Society, Bismarck.....	H. C. Fish
Hospital for Insane, Jamestown.....	
Masonic Grand Lodge, Fargo.....	W. L. Stockwell
Normal School, Mayville.....	Nellie A. Olsen
Normal School Valley City.....	Phebe Parker
Normal-Industrial School, Ellendale.....	Carrie Tuttle
School for Forestry, Bottineau.....	Teachers
School of Science, Wahpeton.....	Lillian Mirick
State Law, Bismarck.....	E. P. Wing
State Penitentiary, Grove.....	
University of North Dakota.....	C. W. Sumner

CO-OPERATIVE WEATHER OBSERVERS AND STATION

O. W. ROBERTS, Director, Bismarck

Co-operative Observers

Station	County	Observer
Amenia	Cass	C. E. Wood
Aplin	Oliver	J. B. Hagelbarger
Ashley	McIntosh	R. C. Miles
Beach	Billings	D. J. Steiner
Belfield	Stark	E. W. Russell
Berthold Agency	McLean	C. L. Hall
Bottineau	Bottineau	H. F. Steinmeier
Bowbells	Burke	G. H. Phelps
Buford	Williams	C. H. McCune
Cando	Towner	E. T. Judd
Carson	Morton	D. J. Basquin
Crosby	Divide	H. C. Kaschu
Dickinson	Stark	L. R. Waldron
Donnybrook	Ward	C. J. De Vore
Dunseith	Rolette	C. E. Goodsell
Edgeley	LaMoure	O. A. Thompson
Epping	Williams	M. E. Uggan
Fessenden	Wells	G. T. Seymour
Forman	Sargent	A. Maltby
Fullerton	Dickey	F. O. Alin.
Garrison	McLean	G. L. Robinson
Grafton	Walsh	A. R. T. Wylie
Granville	McHenry	W. A. Christiansen
Haley	Bowman	A. O. Lawrence
Hannah	Cavaller	J. Moffatt
Hansboro	Towner	Geo. Dale
Hettinger	Adams	W. R. Lanxon
Hillsboro	Traill	F. E. Mayall
Howard	Divide	C. P. Amsbaugh
Jamestown	Stutsman	Thos. Pettigrew
Lakota	Nelson	C. R. Pettes
Lamoiné	Kidder	E. V. Virgin
Langdon	Cavaller	J. Woolner
Larimore	Grand Forks	J. M. Freeman
Lisbon	Ransom	W. S. Adams
McHenry	Foster	P. E. Truden
McKinney	Renville	N. P. Swenson
McLeod	Ransom	M. Reinholt
Manfred	Wells	P. D. Anderson
Marmarth	Bowman	S. P. Grane
Marstonmoor	Stutsman	H. H. McCumber
Mayville	Traill	W. C. Gould
Medora	Billings	F. Gotschall
Melville	Foster	J. P. Kidder
Milnor	Sargent	H. Edman
Minot	Ward	Louise Bates
Minto	Walsh	S. S. Marsh
Mott	Hettinger	O. H. Opland
Napoleon	Logan	C. J. Hoof
New England	Hettinger	J. M. Connolly
New Rockford	Eddy	J. V. M. Sundberg
New Salem	Morton	J. Christiansen
Orange	Adams	J. E. Goforth
Oriska	Barnes	J. J. Taylor

Co-Operative Weather Observers—Continued

Station	County	Observer
Park River	Walsh	P. J. Prochaska
Pembina	Pembina	C. W. Shumaker
Power	Richland	J. A. Power
Pratt	McHenry	Geo. Yenny
Ranger	Billings	R. Sheriff
Steele	Kidder	B. C. Smith
Towner	McHenry	B. Bagley
Turtle Lake	McLean	E. G. Ranum
University	Grand Forks	H. E. Simpson
Wahpeton	Richland	F. E. Smith
Walhalla	Pembina	I. DeL. Lee
Washburn	McLean	W. R. Peterson
Westhope	Bottineau	W. A. Meddaugh
Willow City	Bottineau	M. A. Ostby

Co-Operative Weather Observers—Continued
FORECAST DISPLAYMEN AND DISTRIBUTORS

Station	County	Distributor
Brazill†§	Pierce	A. B. Fox
Crystal*	Pembina	Postmaster
Eckman*	Bottineau	Postmaster
Edgeley††	LaMoure	Postmaster
Edinburg†	Walsh	Laura Johnson
Englevale*	Ransom	Postmaster
Ellendale††§	Dickey	C. M. Axtell
Fairmount*	Richland	Postmaster
Fargo†	Cass	N. D. Ind. Tel. Co.
Fullerton†	Dickey	F. O. Allin
Grafton*	Walsh	Postmaster
Grand Forks†	Grand Forks	N. D. Ind. Tel. Co.
Hannaford*	Griggs	Postmaster
Hanna†	Cavaller	Postmaster
Harmon*	Morton	C. F. M.
Hatton††§	Traill	E. H. Korfhage
Lankin*	Walsh	Postmaster
Lisbon*§	Ransom	H. K. Adams
Mandan††	Morton	Postmaster
Marion	LaMoure	W. C. McDowell
Max†	McLean	H. R. Freitag
Melville†	Foster	J. P. Kidder
Medina†	Stutsman	Postmaster
Minnewaukan§	Benson	J. M. Cubblison
Minott†	Ward	Postmaster
Neché*	Pembina	Postmaster
Nekomat††	Cavaller	Postmaster
Northwood††§	Grand Forks	G. P. Johnson
Oakes†	Dickey	Postmaster
Page*	Cass	Postmaster
Pingree††	Stutsman	Levi P. Jarvis
Rolette†§	Rolette	A. E. Hurst
Russell*	Bottineau	Postmaster
University††§	Grand Forks	H. E. Simpson
Bismarck††§	Burleigh	U. S. Weather Bureau
Devils Lake††§	Ramsey	U. S. Weather Bureau
Williston††§	Williams	U. S. Weather Bureau

† Card distributing center.

* Rural free delivery.

† By telephone.

§ By flags.

CENSUS STATISTICS

Population of North Dakota by Counties

TABLE 1.—POPULATION OF NORTH DAKOTA, 1860 TO 1910.

Census	Population	Increase	
		No.	Per Cent
1910	577,056	257,910	80.0
1900	319,146	136,427	74.7
1890	182,719	145,810	395.1
1880	*36,909	34,504	1,434.7
1870	*2,405	.....	.....
1860	**4,837	.....	.....

*Approximate population of present area of North Dakota.

**Dakota territory.

The population of the state in 1900 was 319,146, as compared with a population in 1890 of 182,719, showing an increase during the last ten years of 136,427, or 74.7 per cent. A small portion of this increase is due to the fact that there were 7,080 Indians and 284 other persons, or a total of 8,264 persons, on Indian reservations, etc., in North Dakota, who were specially enumerated in 1890 under the provisions of the census act, but were included in the general population of the state at that census. That part of the territory of Dakota which now constitutes the state of North Dakota, had an approximate population in 1870 of 2,405, and in 1880 of 36,909, the increase from 1870 to 1880 having been 34,504, or 1,434.7 per cent, and from 1889 to 1890, 145,810, or 391.1 per cent.

The population of North Dakota in 1910 was nearly sixteen times as large as that given for 1880.

The total land surface of North Dakota is approximately 70,195 square miles, the average number of persons to the square mile at the censuses of 1890 and 1900 being as follows: 1890, 2.6; 1900, 4.5.

Table 2 shows the population of North Dakota by counties at each census from 1870 to 1910 inclusive, while table 3, which immediately follows, shows, for each county, the increase (or decrease) by number and per cent during the years from 1890 to 1910.

TABLE NO. 2—POPULATION OF NORTH DAKOTA BY
COUNTIES FROM 1870 TO 1910.

Counties	1910	1900	1890	1880	1870
The State	56	319,146	190,983	86,983	2,406
Adams	37	.....	.....	.....	.....
Barnes	56	13,159	7,045	1,585	.....
Benson	31	8,320	2,460	.....	.....
Billings	36	975	170	.....	.....
Bottineau	16	7,532	2,893	1,323	.....
Bowman	13	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burke	14	.....	.....	.....	.....
Burleigh	37	6,081	4,247	3,246	.....
Cass	16	28,625	19,613	8,998	.....
Cavalier	19	12,580	6,471	.....	.....
Dickey	19	6,.....	5,573	.....	.....
Divide	15	.....	.....	.....	.....
Dunn	12	.....	159	.....	.....
Eddy	10	3,330	1,377	.....	.....
Emmons	14	4,349	1,971	38	.....
Foster	13	3,770	1,210	37	.....
Grand Forks	33	24,459	18,357	6,248	.....
Griggs	14	4,744	2,817	.....	.....
Hettinger	17	.....	.....	.....	.....
Kidder	12	1,754	1,211	89	.....
LaMoure	14	6,048	3,187	20	.....
Logan	13	1,625	597	.....	.....
McHenry	17	5,203	1,584	.....	.....
McIntosh	7,251	4,818	3,248	.....	.....
McKenzie	5,720	.....	3	.....	.....
McLean	14,496	4,791	860	.....	.....
Mercer	4,747	1,778	428	.....	.....
Morton	25,289	8,069	4,728	200	.....
Mountrail	8,491	.....	.....	.....	.....
Nelson	10,140	7,316	4,293	13	.....
Oliver	3,577	990	464	.....	.....
Pembina	14,749	17,889	14,324	4,862	1,213
Pierce	9,740	4,704	905	.....	.....
Ramsey	15,199	9,198	4,413	281	.....
Ransom	10,345	6,919	5,393	537	.....
Renville	7,840	.....	.....	.....	.....
Richland	19,659	17,387	10,751	3,567	.....
Rolette	9,558	7,995	2,427	.....	.....
Sargent	9,202	6,029	5,076	.....	.....
Sheridan	8,103	.....	.....	.....	.....
Stark	12,504	7,621	2,304	.....	.....
Steele	7,616	6,888	3,777	.....	.....
Stutsman	18,189	9,143	5,286	1,007	.....
Towner	8,963	6,491	1,450	.....	.....
Traill	12,545	13,107	10,217	4,123	.....
Walsh	19,491	20,288	16,587	.....	.....
Ward	25,281	7,961	1,681	.....	.....
Wells	11,814	8,310	1,212	.....	.....
Williams	14,234	1,530	.....	14	.....
Unorganized Territory ..	.....	.....	.....	.....	1,192

in 1897;

in 1897;
15.

McLean—Garfield and Sheridan annexed in 1891 and parts of Church and Stevens annexed between 1890 and 1900; part taken to form Sheridan in 1909.

Mercer—Part of old Williams annexed between 1890 and 1900; part taken to form part of Dunn in 1908.

Mountrail—Organized from part of Ward in 1909.

Pierce—Part of Church annexed between 1890 and 1900.

Renville—Organized from part of Ward in 1910.

Sheridan—Organized from part of McLean in 1909.

Stark—Dunn, Hettinger and Wallace annexed in 1897 and part of old Williams annexed between 1890 and 1900; parts taken to form Adams and Hettinger in 1907; part of Dunn in 1908, and part of McKenzie in 1905.

Ward—Mountrail annexed in 1891, part of old Renville annexed in 1897, and part of Stevens annexed between 1890 and 1900; parts taken to form Mountrail in 1909 and Burke and Renville in 1910.

Williams—Organized from Buford, Flannery and part of Alfred between 1890 and 1900; part taken to form Divide in 1910.

State total for 1900 includes population (2,208) of part of Standing Rock Reservation, not returned by counties in 1900.

State total for 1890 includes population (8,264) of Indian reservations, specially enumerated in 1890 and not distributed by counties; also population (511) of Fort Yates and Standing Rock Indian Agency, and population (1,438) of Buford, Flannery, Church, Garfield, Stevens and Wallaec counties, a. old Hettinger, Mountrail, Renville, Sheridan and Williams counties, a. exed to Bottineau, McLean, McHenry, Pierce, Ward, Stark and Mercer counties between 1890 and 1900.

TABLE No. 3—INCREASE IN POPULATION OF NORTH DAKOTA BY COUNTIES—1900 TO 1910.

Counties	Increase	
	Number	Per cent.
The State.....	257,910	80.0
Adams		
Barnes	4,907	37.3
Benson	4,361	52.4
Billings	9,211	944.7
Bottineau	9,763	129.6
Bowman		
Burke		
Burleigh	7,006	115.2
Cass	5,310	18.6
Caavller	3,079	24.5
Dickey	2,778	62.3
Divide		
Dunn		
Eddy	1,470	44.1
Emmons	5,447	125.2
Foster	1,543	40.9
Grand Forks	3,429	14.0
Griggs	1,530	32.3
Hettinger		
Kidder	4,208	239.9
LaMoure	4,676	77.3
Logan	4,568	279.6
McHenry	12,374	235.6
McIntosh	2,443	50.5
McKenzie		
McLean	9,705	202.6
Mercer	2,969	167.0
Morton	7,220	213.4
Mountrail		
Nelson	2,824	38.6
Oliver	2,587	261.3
Pembina	*3,120	-17.5
Pierce	4,975	104.4
Ramsey	6,001	65.2
Ransom	3,426	49.5

TABLE No. 3—Continued.

Counties	Increase	
	Number	Per cent
Kennewick		
Richland	1,903	13.1
Rolette	1,563	19.5
Sargent	3,163	52.4
Sheridan		
Stark	4,383	64.1
Steele	1,728	29.3
Stutsman	9,046	98.9
Towner	2,472	38.1
Trall	*562	-4.3
Walsh	*797	-3.9
Ward	17,320	217.6
Wells	3,504	42.2
Williams	12,704	830.3

*Decrease in population.

The following territorial changes in the counties of North Dakota have been made since 1890: Present county of Williams organized from Buford, Flannery and part of Alred; part of Alred annexed to Billings and part taken to form part of Williams; Bowman and McKenzie annexed to Billings; Bulford and Flannery taken to form part of Williams; Church annexed to McHenry, McLean and Pierce; Dunn, Hettinger and Wallace annexed to ; trail
annexed to ; an-
nexed to ; d to
Mercer at ;

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*State supreme court decisions in 1902 decided act of 1897, changing boundaries of Stark county, unconstitutional, and original boundaries were restored.

STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA
 COMMISSIONERS OF LANDS AND MINES
 REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1910

CONTENTS

1910

12

RECEIVED
 JAN 11 1911
 STATE OF NORTH DAKOTA

BARNES COUNTY—Continued.

Townships	1910	1900
Oriska township.....	464	322
Pierce township.....	244	205
Potter township.....	217	198
Raritan township.....	446	433
Rogers township.....	338	157
Rosebud township.....	282	143
Sanborn village.....	390	259
Sibley township.....	208	167
Skandia township.....	263	256
Spring Creek township.....	332	255
Springvale township.....	303	245
Stewart township.....	197	200
Svea township.....	235	128
Thordenskjold township.....	471	534
Uxbridge township.....	236	200
Valley City.....	4,606	2,446
Ward 1.....	875	
Ward 2.....	1,325	
Ward 3.....	1,310	
Ward 4.....	1,096	
Weimer township.....	188	110
Wimbledon village.....	571	226
Township 139, range 58.....	183	187
Township 140, range 58.....	172	232
Township 140, range 61.....	327	231
Township 141, range 58.....	207	264
Township 142, range 58.....	205	169
Total	18,066	13,159

BENSON COUNTY.

Albert township.....	267	240
Arne township.....	256	
Aurora township.....	287	
Beaver township.....	211	171
Brinsmade village.....	203	
Broe township.....	236	
Butte Valley township.....	242	126
Eldon township.....	284	
Esmond township.....	249	82
Esmond village.....	353	
Fort Totten township.....	794	
Free Peoples township.....	62	
Grahams Island township.....	95	58
Hesper township.....	316	
Impark township.....	239	
Iowa township.....	158	50
Irvine township.....	220	234
Isabel township.....	309	155
Knox township.....	323	421
Knox village.....	330	
Lake Ibsen township.....	214	210
Lallie township.....	152	
Leeds city.....	682	349
Leeds township.....	334	344
Lone Tree township.....	157	
Maddock village.....	374	
McClellan township.....	216	150
Minco township.....	128	50
Minnewaukan village.....	510	432
Normania township.....	303	314
North Fork township.....	300	235
North Viking township.....	309	
Oberon township.....	470	433
Pleasant Lake township.....	350	132
Rich Valley township.....	220	133

BENSON COUNTY—Continued.

Townships	1910	1900
Riggin township.....	232	315
Rock township.....	200	
South Viking township.....	316	
Twin Lake township.....	259	198
Warwick township.....	261	
West Antelope township.....	239	
West Bay township.....	189	
Wood Lake township.....	202	
Wood Lake township (school).....	72	
York township.....	558	305
Total	12,681	8,320

BILLINGS COUNTY.

Beach township.....	777
Beach village.....	1,003
Carroll township.....	311
Conner township.....	123
Dovre township.....	112
Fryburg township.....	288
Lone Tree township.....	658
Marmath village.....	790
Moord township.....	271
Peaceful Valley township.....	122
Sand Creek township.....	262
White Lake township.....	132
Township 133, range 99.....	189
Township 133, range 100.....	86
Township 133, range 101.....	198
Township 133, range 102.....	50
Township 133, range 103.....	57
Township 133, range 104.....	39
Township 133, range 105.....	13
Township 134, range 103.....	81
Township 134, range 104.....	103
Township 134, range 105.....	10
Township 134, range 106.....	29
Township 135, range 98.....	141
Township 135, range 103.....	37
Township 135, range 104.....	24
Township 135, range 105; township 135, range 106; township 136, range 104; township 136, range 105; township 136, range 106.....	254
Township 136, range 98.....	196
Township 136, range 101.....	14
Township 136, range 102.....	32
Township 136, range 103.....	58
Township 137, range 100.....	82
Township 137, range 100.....	1
Township 137, range 102.....	30
Township 137, range 103.....	25
Township 137, range 104.....	150
Township 138, range 100.....	97
Township 138, range 101.....	9
Township 138, range 102.....	56
Township 138, range 103.....	38
Township 138, range 104.....	134
Township 139, range 102.....	25
Township 139, range 104.....	112
Township 140, range 102.....	136
Township 140, range 103.....	8
Township 140, range 104.....	335
Township 141, range 98.....	198
Township 141, range 99.....	265
Township 141, range 100.....	23
Township 141, range 101.....	35
Township 141, range 102.....	7
Township 141, range 103.....	114

BILLINGS COUNTY—Continued.

Townships	1910	1900
Township 141, range 104.....	186	
Township 141, range 105.....	245	
Township 142, range 98.....	242	
Township 142, range 99.....	141	
Township 142, range 100.....	87	
Township 142, range 102.....	21	
Township 142, range 103.....	38	
Township 142, range 104.....	143	
Township 142, range 105.....	103	
Township 143, range 98.....	78	
Township 143, range 99.....	121	
Township 143, range 100.....	37	
Township 143, range 101.....	27	
Township 143, range 102.....	11	
Township 143, range 103.....	7	
Township 143, range 104.....	17	
Township 143, range 105.....	37	
Township 144, range 98.....	41	
Township 144, range 99.....	81	
Township 144, range 100.....	24	
Township 144, range 101.....	14	
Township 144, range 103.....	14	
Township 144, range 104.....	81	
Township 144, range 105.....	50	
Total	10,186	975

BOTTINEAU COUNTY.

Amity township.....	219	240
Antler city.....	342	
Antler township.....	280	14
Bentlnck township	197	113
Blaine township.....	245	
Bottineau city.....	1,331	888
Ward 1.....	323	
Ward 2.....	393	
ward 3.....	615	
Bottineau township.....	583	608
Brander township.....	318	111
Chatfield township.....	220	
Cut Bank township.....	282	
Eckman village.....	84	
Eidsvold township.....	527	306
Eidsvold township (school).....	377	324
Elms township.....	242	
Fidelity township.....	475	436
Gardena village.....	119	
Hastings township.....	257	50
Hoffman township.....	194	9
Kane township.....	220	
Kramer village.....	181	
Lansford city.....	456	
Lansford township.....	269	
Lewis township.....	232	14
Lincoln township.....	321	253
Loon Lake township.....	295	248
Maxbass village.....	240	
Mountain View township.....	424	254
Mount Rose township.....	269	
Mouse River township.....	284	378
Newborg township.....	264	65
Newborg village.....	102	
New Oak townshin.....	188	260
Oak Creek township.....	282	138
Omeme village.....	332	
Overly village.....	182	
Peabody townshin.....	218	377
Richburg township.....	325	

BOTTINEAU COUNTY—Continued.

Townships	1910	1900
Renville township.....	265	76
Roland township.....	347	401
Russell village.....	161	
Scandia township.....	381	90
Scotia township.....	365	
Sergius township.....	311	100
Sherman township.....	266	9
Souris city.....	267	
Starbuck township.....	368	
Stone Creek township.....	266	
Tacoma township.....	356	40
Wayne township.....	257	117
Wellington township.....	255	43
Westhope city.....	592	
Ward 1.....	212	
Ward 2.....	189	
Ward 3.....	191	
Wheaton township.....	188	
Whitby township.....	180	
Willow City.....	623	476
Ward 1.....	169	
Ward 2.....	206	
Ward 3.....	248	
Willow township.....	255	196
Willow Vale township.....	218	393
Township 160, range 77.....	284	
Total	17,296	7,532

BOWMAN COUNTY.

village.....	481	
n township.....	183	
s township.....	292	
t township.....	184	
village.....	214	
p 129, range 99.....	251	
p 129, range 100.....	213	
p 129, range 101.....	169	
p 129, range 102.....	66	
p 129, range 103.....	77	
p 129, range 104.....	128	
p 129, range 105.....	10	
p 129, range 106.....	38	
p 130, range 100.....	279	
p 130, range 101.....	179	
p 130, range 102.....	124	
p 130, range 103.....	51	
p 130, range 104.....	122	
p 130, range 105.....	73	
p 130, range 106.....	93	
p 131, range 101.....	100	
p 131, range 102.....	53	
p 131, range 103.....	95	
p 131, range 104.....	141	
p 131, range 105.....	86	
p 131, range 106.....	89	
al township 131, range 107.....	11	
p 132, range 99.....	96	
Township 132, range 100.....	118	
Township 132, range 101.....	92	
Township 132, range 102.....	113	
Township 132, range 103.....	113	
Township 132, range 104.....	262	
Township 132, range 105.....	37	
Township 132, range 106.....	1	
Fractional township 132, range 107.....	24	
Total	4,668	

BURKE COUNTY.

Townships	1910	1900
Bowbells city.....	651	
Bowbells township.....	298	450
Carter township.....	284	258
Clayton township.....	234	24
Cleary township.....	163	
Columbus village.....	225	
Colville township.....	332	5
Dale township.....	316	94
Dimond township.....	143	
Farthun township.....	312	
Fay township.....	271	
Flaxton village.....	301	
Foothills township.....	228	5
Garness township.....	220	
Harmonious township.....	180	
Kandiyohi township.....	165	1
Keller township.....	235	
Lake View township.....	379	
Leaf Mountain township.....	193	
Minnesota township.....	364	
North Star township.....	216	
Portal township.....	298	154
Portal village.....	491	
Richland township.....	338	181
Roseland township.....	277	92
Short Creek township.....	247	19
Soo township.....	304	86
Vale township.....	325	24
Ward township.....	408	195
Township 159, range 91.....	151	
Township 159, range 94.....	181	2
Township 160, range 92.....	146	
Township 160, range 94.....	188	
Total	9,064	1,590

BURLEIGH COUNTY.

Andrews township.....	164	6
Apple Creek township.....	115	100
Bismarck city.....	5,443	3,319
Ward 1.....	1,031	
Ward 2.....	1,018	
Ward 3.....	760	
Ward 4.....	1,138	
Ward 5.....	765	
Ward 6.....	731	
Boyd township.....	57	64
Burnt Creek township.....	119	83
Christiania township.....	138	5
Clear Lake township.....	126	7
Croft township.....	198	83
Cromwell township.....	121	18
Driscoll township.....	372	39
Ecklund township.....	483	349
Estherville township.....	172	
Florence Lake township.....	129	11
Fort Rice township.....	72	88
Frances township.....	104	60
Ghvin township.....	218	98
Gibbs township.....	110	73
Glenview townshin.....	135	125
Grass Lake township.....	214	140
Harriett township.....	179	5
Hawkeve townshin.....	246	25
Hay Creek township.....	86	103

BURLEIGH COUNTY—Continued.

Townships	1910	1900
Hazel Grove township.....	153	3
Highland township.....	158	4
Lake View township.....	148	
Lien township.....	150	
Lincoln township.....	640	208
Lindon township.....	151	
Logan township.....	92	82
Long Lake township.....	125	62
Lyman township.....	165	
McKenzie township.....	191	87
Menoken township.....	183	128
Missouri township.....	100	103
Morton township.....	102	38
Naughton township.....	117	108
Painted Woods township.....	160	154
Phoenix township.....	157	9
Pleasant View township.....	119	5
Richmond township.....	168	3
Rieverview township.....	72	30
Schrunk township.....	120	10
Sibley Butte township.....	140	50
Sterling township.....	198	41
Taft township.....	109	61
Telfer township.....	72	89
Thelma township.....	151	5
Trygg township.....	145	
Total	13,087	6,081

CASS COUNTY.

Addison township.....	355	359
Amenia township.....	443	381
Arthur township.....	380	269
Ayr township.....	341	281
Barnes township.....	322	410
Bell township.....	216	271
Berlin township.....	237	320
Buffalo township.....	198	180
Buffalo village.....	241	213
Casselton city.....	1,553	1,207
Ward 1.....	939	
Ward 2.....	100	
Ward 3.....	514	
Casselton township.....	241	227
Clifton township.....	261	270
Cornell township.....	254	138
Davenport township.....	376	426
Davenport village.....	226	245
Dows township.....	172	163
Durbin township.....	233	213
Eldred township.....	401	248
Empire township.....	274	249
Erie township.....	365	261
Everest township.....	215	224
Fargo city.....	14,331	9,589
Ward 1.....	1,194	
Ward 2.....	1,010	
Ward 3.....	1,361	
Ward 4.....	3,647	
Ward 5.....	3,271	
Ward 6.....	1,858	
Ward 7.....	1,990	
Fargo township.....	294	226
Gardner township.....	354	425
Gill township.....	202	206

CASS COUNTY—Continued.

Townships	1910	1900
Gunkel township.....	298	293
Harmony township.....	218	161
Harwood township.....	387	482
Highland township.....	267	261
Hill township.....	247	217
Howes township.....	225	190
Hunter township.....	267	231
Hunter village.....	365	407
Kinyon township.....	342	475
Lake township.....	178	188
Leonard township.....	437	354
Maple River township.....	334	370
Mapleton township.....	260	226
Mapleton village.....	207	322
Noble township.....	263	300
Normanna township.....	894	869
Page township.....	194	503
Page village.....	479	
Pleasant township.....	592	657
Pontiac township.....	317	313
Raymond township.....	290	275
Reed township.....	364	391
Rich township.....	206	184
Rochester township.....	237	194
Rush River township.....	239	259
Stanley township.....	745	876
Tower township.....	198	153
Tower City village.....	452	468
Walburg township.....	502	461
Warren township.....	442	467
Watson township.....	298	229
Wheatland township.....	473	518
Wiser township.....	233	300
Total	33,935	28,625

CAVALIER COUNTY.

Alma township.....	266	526
Banner township.....	316	214
Billings township.....	188	318
Bruce township.....	277	111
Byron township.....	275	
Cypress township.....	173	532
Dresden township.....	572	179
Easby township.....	351	292
East Alma township.....	329	459
Elgin township.....	331	
Fremont township.....	541	572
Glenila township.....	358	132
Gordon township.....	317	187
Grey township.....	203	178
Harvey township.....	234	463
Hay township.....	299	
Henderson township.....	624	221
Hope township.....	386	703
Huron township.....	248	79
Langdon city.....	1,214	1,188
Ward 1.....	616	
Ward 2.....	433	
Ward 3.....	165	
Langdon township.....	252	478
Linden township.....	629	711
Loam township.....	361	698
Loma township.....	308	
Manilla township.....	240	
Milton village.....	410	384

CAVALIER COUNTY—Continued.

Townships	1910	1900
Minto township.....	209	
Montrose township.....	465	762
Moscow township.....	269	346
Mount Carmel township.....	500	389
Nekoma township.....	234	
Nekoma village.....	120	
Olga township.....	863	927
Osford township.....	245	
Osnabrock township.....	266	304
Osnabrock village.....	253	
Perry township.....	206	817
Sarles village.....	322	
Total for Sarles village in Cavalier and Towner counties	346	
Selvert township.....	309	113
South Dresden township.....	397	297
Storlie township.....	362	98
Trier township.....	361	138
Waterloo township.....	228	214
West Hope township.....	348	
Total	15,659	12,580

DICKEY COUNTY.

Ada township.....	239	232
Albertha township.....	143	
Albion township.....	190	127
Bear Creek township.....	222	150
Clement township.....	351	303
Elden township.....	181	144
Ellendale city.....	1,389	750
Ward 1.....	320	
Ward 2.....	497	
Ward 3.....	572	
Ellendale township.....	152	128
Elm township.....	97	55
Forbes village.....	221	
Fullerton village.....	206	
Grand Valley township.....	143	
Hudson township.....	174	150
James River Valley township.....	443	308
Kent township.....	152	93
Kentner township.....	201	128
Keystone township.....	193	283
Lorraine township.....	145	
Lovell township.....	168	261
Ludden village.....	109	
Merricourt township.....	518	422
Merricourt village.....	78	
Monango village.....	328	
Oakes city	1,499	668
Ward 1.....	620	
Ward 2.....	385	
Ward 3.....	494	
Port Emma township.....	155	115
Porter township.....	378	254
Riverdale township.....	195	90
Spring Valley township.....	273	452
Valley township.....	200	79
Van Meter township.....	152	120
Whitestone township.....	632	436
Wright township.....	202	140
Yorktown township.....	200	178
Total	9,839	6,061

DIVIDE COUNTY.

Townships	1910	1900
Ambrose township.....	56	
Ambrose village.....	320	
Blooming Prairie township.....	170	
Blooming Valley township.....	178	
Border township.....	183	
Burg township.....	197	
Coalfield township.....	208	
Crosby village.....	206	
Danville township.....	104	
Fillmore township.....	190	
Frazier township.....	175	
Goose Neck township.....	212	
Hawkeye township.....	237	
Hayland township.....	212	
Kermit village.....	108	
Long Creek township.....	174	
Mentor township.....	175	
Noonan village.....	153	
Sioux Trail township.....	159	
Stone View township.....	143	
Troy township.....	207	
Twin Butte township.....	205	
Upland township.....	227	
Township 160, range 97.....	200	
Township 160, range 98.....	50	
Township 160, range 99.....	124	
Township 160, range 100.....	94	
Township 160, range 102.....	149	
Township 160, range 103.....	115	
Township 161, range 98.....	155	
Township 161, range 100.....	103	
Township 161, range 101.....	78	
Fractional township 161, range 103.....	31	
Township 162, range 100.....	100	
Township 162, range 101.....	154	
Township 162, range 102.....	100	
Fractional township 162, range 103.....	88	
Township 163, range 101.....	114	
Township 163, range 102.....	69	
Fractional township 163, range 103.....	42	
Fractional township 164, range 101.....	15	
Fractional township 164, range 102.....	15	
Fractional township 164, range 103.....	20	
Total	6,015	

DUNN COUNTY.

Township 141, range 91 (part of).....	123	
Township 141, range 92 (part of).....	138	
Township 141, range 93 (part of).....	181	
Township 141, range 94.....	130	5
Township 141, range 95.....	180	61
Township 141, range 96.....	294	239
Township 141, range 97.....	233	134
Township 142, range 91.....	87	27
Township 142, range 92.....	178	33
Township 142, range 93.....	180	35
Township 142, range 94.....	126	
Township 142, range 95.....	85	32
Township 142, range 96.....	71	25
Township 142, range 97.....	161	91
Township 143, range 91.....	183	18
Township 143, range 92.....	97	10
Township 143, range 93.....	85	21
Township 143, range 94.....	160	10
Township 143, range 95.....	134	55

DUNN COUNTY—Continued

Townships	1910	1900
.....	66	28
.....	52	
.....	123	21
.....	139	14
.....	80	8
.....	128	17
.....	234	
.....	50	
.....	76	33
.....	127	
.....	123	17
.....	90	
.....	62	
.....	154	12
.....	76	8
.....	89	5
of).....	71	10
of).....	68	12
.....	70	3
.....	102	15
.....	83	10
.....	88	36
.....	46	
of).....	.....	1
.....	6	
.....	4	
.....	26	
.....	5	15
.....	5	
ation (part of).....	246	3
ian Reservation in Dunn, er and Mountrail counties	1,135	1,038
Total	5,302	2,102

EDDY COUNTY.

Anderson township.....	270	212
Columbia township	113	84
Colvin township.....	221	
Eddy township.....	157	
Gates township.....	604	874
Grandfield township.....	276	241
Greb township	140	170
Hillsdale township.....	185	
Munster township.....	230	186
New Rockford township.....	1,153	788
Paradise township.....	159	
Pleasant Prairie township.....	194	140
Rocky Mountain township.....	211	196
Rosefield township.....	207	191
Smith township.....	89	127
Superior township	221	228
Tiffany township.....	148	208
Washington township.....	222	180
Total	4,800	3,330

EMMONS COUNTY.

Townships	1910	1900
Bakker township.....	586	421
Buchanan township.....	130	30
Burr Oak township.....	509	156
Cherry Grove township.....	534	214
Dakem township.....	184	254
Danbury township.....	329	
Exeter township.....	287	259
Gayton township.....	450	136
Glenavon township.....	519	173
Hague village.....	183	
Linton village.....	644	
Logan township.....	534	134
Marie township.....	270	
Odessa township.....	268	213
Omio township.....	193	
Selz township.....	716	655
Strasburg township.....	652	400
Strasburg village.....	273	
Union township.....	547	434
Wells Township.....	186	
Williamsport township.....	481	244
Winchester township.....	719	313
Winona township.....	602	313
Total	9,796	4,349

FOSTER COUNTY.

Birdsell township.....	348	205
Bordulac township.....	281	167
Bucephalla township.....	338	229
Campbell township.....	196	142
Carrington city.....	1,217	
Ward 1.....	447	
Ward 2.....	499	
Ward 3.....	271	
Carrington township.....	194	1,088
Eastman township.....	215	203
Estabrook township.....	208	168
Glenfield township.....	232	206
Haven township.....	238	150
Larrabee township.....	225	165
McHenry township.....	134	197
McHenry village.....	398	
Melville township.....	258	238
Nordmore township.....	236	157
Pleasant Valley township.....	156	119
Rose Hill township.....	230	190
Wyard township.....	209	146
Total	5,313	3,770

GRAND FORKS COUNTY.

Agnes township.....	363	385
Allendale township.....	244	381
Americus township.....	387	462
Arvilla township.....	337	294
Avon township.....	313	322
Bentru township.....	257	320
Blooming township.....	366	456
Brenna township.....	270	360
Chester township.....	382	395
Elkmount township.....	301	263

GRAND FORKS COUNTY—Continued

Townships	1910	1900
.....	291	256
.....	141	198
.....	119	126
.....	516	628
.....	570	631
.....	227	284
.....	12,418	7,662
.....	1,686	
.....	1,604	
.....	127	
.....	1,668	
.....	2,233	
.....	2,353	
.....	2,208	
.....	210	372
.....	244	176
.....	353	
.....	233	553
.....	244	343
.....	207	360
.....	1,224	1,235
.....	267	
.....	598	
.....	459	
.....	209	127
.....	126	251
.....	364	447
.....	283	243
.....	359	415
.....	394	471
.....	275	279
.....	218	161
.....	224	392
.....	157	
.....	769	697
.....	290	
.....	163	
.....	226	
.....	494	557
.....	216	252
P.....	322	289
and 2).....	313	261
ity in Grand Forks and Traill	159	173
.....	412	389
.....	62	
.....	97	
.....	253	
Rye township.....	140	204
Strabane township.....	285	498
Turtle River township.....	235	313
Union township.....	399	471
Walle township.....	694	813
Washington township.....	381	435
Wheatfield township.....	210	172
Total.....	27,888	24,459

GRIGGS COUNTY.

Townships	1910	1900
Addie township.....	181	204
Ball Hill township.....	266	244
Bartley township.....	216	214
Binford village.....	275	
Broadview township.....	190	194
Bryan township.....	184	127
Clearfield township.....	128	137
Cooperstown city.....	1,019	648
Ward 1.....	449	
Ward 2.....	355	
Ward 3.....	215	
Cooperstown township.....	283	226
Dover township.....	237	223
Greenfield township.....	290	388
Hannaford village.....	340	
Helena.....	162	160
Kingsley township.....	161	78
Lenora township.....	231	181
Mabel township.....	208	220
Pilot Mound township.....	261	196
Romners township.....	267	266
Rosendal township.....	216	93
Sverdrup township.....	327	331
Tyrol township.....	371	228
Washburn township.....	268	250
Willow township.....	193	136
Total	6,274	4,744

HETTINGER COUNTY.

Alden township.....	218	7
Beery township.....	281	29
Black Butte township.....	192	10
Chilton township.....	154	7
Indian Creek township.....	266	6
Kennedy township.....	170	
Kunze township.....	145	6
Madison township.....	296	26
New England township.....	272	29
Rifle township.....	195	33
St. Croix township.....	166	
Strehlow township.....	190	
Township 132, range 91.....	169	6
Township 132, range 92.....	163	
Township 132, range 93.....	100	
Township 132, range 94.....	126	5
Township 133, range 91.....	232	9
Township 133, range 92.....	189	
Township 133, range 93.....	169	
Township 133, range 96.....	177	
Township 134, range 91.....	174	21
Township 134, range 93.....	541	10
Township 134, range 94.....	151	10
Township 134, range 96.....	139	
Township 135, range 91.....	241	25
Township 135, range 92.....	180	35
Township 135, range 93.....	155	20
Township 135, range 96.....	101	2
Township 136, range 91.....	304	17
Township 136, range 92.....	198	42
Township 136, range 93.....	243	
Township 136, range 96.....	260	5
Total	6,557	360

KIDDER COUNTY.

Townships	1910.	1900
Allen township.....	121	95
Arlington township.....	110	7
Baker township.....	131	18
Belden township.....	129	
Buckeye township.....	84	32
Chestina township.....	144	17
Clear Lake township.....	156	
Crystal Springs township.....	216	120
Excelsior township.....	132	1
Fisher township.....	78	72
Frettem township.....	121	18
German township.....	173	72
Grant township.....	196	
Haynes township.....	141	21
Horning township.....	153	38
Kickapoo township.....	130	5
Lakeside township.....	97	21
Liberty township.....	125	43
Lincoln township.....	141	17
Malcolm township.....	166	10
Manning township.....	241	53
Merkel township.....	281	35
Northwest township.....	147	10
Norway township.....	212	28
Pleasant Hill township.....	177	68
Pleasant Hill township (school).....	39	4
Quincy township.....	62	33
Rexin township.....	195	164
Sibley township.....	279	235
Steele city.....	500	185
Stewart township.....	103	14
Tanner township.....	149	7
Tappen township.....	117	149
Union township.....	134	22
Valley township.....	147	16
Vernon township.....	86	34
Wallace township.....	136	
Williams township.....	113	6
Woodlawn township.....	100	84
Total	5,962	1,754

LAMOURE COUNTY.

Adrian township.....	338	137
Badger township.....	232	91
Berlin village.....	137	
Black Loam township.....	324	301
Bluebird township.....	259	107
Cottonwood township (school).....	175	95
Dickey village.....	187	
Edgeley village.....	749	306
Ward 1.....	225	
Ward 2.....	275	
Ward 3.....	249	
Gladstone township.....	356	202
Glen township.....	238	53
Glenmore township.....	206	103
Golden Glen township.....	256	158
Grand Rapids township.....	230	167
Grandview township.....	192	154
Greenville township.....	153	84
Henrietta township.....	219	124
Kennison township.....	202	86
Kulm city.....	645	463
LaMoure city.....	929	457
Ward 1.....	395	
Ward 2.....	172	
Ward 3.....	362	

LAMOURE COUNTY—Continued.

Townships	1910	1900
LaMoure township.....	179	136
Litchville township.....	317	286
Mikkelson township.....	198	49
Nora township.....	249	129
Norden township.....	207	188
Ovid township.....	150	88
Pomona View township.....	222	136
Prairie township.....	364	338
Raney township.....	239	139
Ray township.....	166	106
Roscoe township.....	208	226
Russell township.....	179	62
Saratoga township.....	183	150
Sheridan township.....	515	257
Swede township.....	288	201
Twin Lake township.....	200	132
Verona township.....	197	126
Verona village.....	235	
Wano townhsip.....	225	120
Willowbank township.....	176	91
Total	10,724	6,048

LOGAN COUNTY.

Kroeber township.....	417	
Foster township.....	651	
Manheim township.....	874	
Johannesdale township.....	221	
Wentz township.....	281	
German township.....	335	
Lehr township.....	702	
Hillsburg township.....	331	
Miller township	237	
Neudorf township.....	287	
Finn township.....	359	
Nordby township.....	482	
Johnstad township.....	217	
Klundt township.....	507	
Arvada township.....	124	
Red Lake township.....	273	
Lautt township.....	217	
Ketterling township.....	133	
Hills township.....	278	
Nathan township.....	242	
Total	6,168	1,625

M'HENRY COUNTY.

Anamoose township.....	403	362
Anamoose village.....	669	
Balfour township.....	211	249
Balfour village.....	399	
Berwick township.....	474	241
Brown townshin.....	279	2
Riornson townshin.....	240	38
Cut Bank townshin.....	131	11
Cottonwood Lake township.....	216	50
Deen River township.....	301	94
Deefing township.....	275	
Deefing village.....	150	
Denhigh township.....	296	33
Drake village.....	348	
Egg Creek township.....	184	33

M'HENRY COUNTY—Continued.

Townships	1910	1900
Elm Grove township.....	328	288
Gorman township.....	100	20
Granville city.....	455	
Granville township.....	379	196
Grilley township.....	278	15
Kottke Valley township.....	254	
Lake George township.....	292	30
Lake Hester township.....	275	66
Land township.....	555	179
Layton township.....	287	72
Lebanon township.....	250	80
Little Deep township.....	285	43
Meadow township.....	326	216
Newport township.....	194	179
Norman township.....	178	149
North Prairie township.....	426	69
Norwich township.....	366	48
Odin township.....	322	100
Olivia township.....	227	10
Poplar Grove township.....	109	50
Pratt township.....	268	26
Red Cross township.....	138	36
Regstad township.....	302	30
Riga township.....	192	37
Roosevelt township.....	323	107
Round Lake township.....	232	6
Saline township.....	278	100
Smoky Lake township.....	159	6
Spring Grove township.....	128	105
Strege township.....	115	177
Towner city.....	691	331
Upham village.....	296	
Velva city.....	837	
Ward 1.....	380	
Ward 2.....	183	
Ward 3.....	274	
Velva township.....	220	199
Voltaire township.....	381	22
Wager township.....	343	213
Walters township.....	364	64
Willow Creek township.....	188	269
Township 153, range 79.....	250	80
Township 154, range 76.....	129	1
Township 154, range 77.....	282	43
Township 154, range 78.....	244	178
Township 155, range 75.....	214	122
Township 155, range 77.....	116	129
Township 155, range 78.....	114	
Township 157, range 76.....	152	101
Township 158, range 77.....	364	38
Total	17,627	5,253

M'INTOSH COUNTY.

Ashley village.....	682	
Lehr village.....	182	
Wishek village.....	432	
Zeeland village.....	193	
School district No. 1.....	170	85
School district No. 2.....	282	279
School district No. 3.....	195	126
School district No. 4.....	231	237
School district No. 5.....	159	156
School district No. 6.....	265	315
School district No. 7.....	196	225
School district No. 8.....	169	165
School district No. 9.....	198	164

M'INTOSH COUNTY—Continued.

Townships		1910	1900
School di	st No. 10.....	135	171
School di	st No. 11.....	240	192
School di	st No. 12.....	312	231
School di	st No. 13.....	221	235
School di	st No. 14.....	239	237
School di	st No. 15.....	135	196
School di	st No. 16.....	178	74
School di	st No. 17.....	184	219
School di	st No. 18.....	311	232
School di	st No. 19.....	99	149
School di	st No. 20.....	242	218
School di	st No. 21.....	148	159
School di	st No. 22.....	478	104
School di	st No. 23.....	334	262
School di	st No. 24.....	115	43
School di	st No. 25.....	179	83
School di	st No. 26.....	215	79
School di	st No. 27.....	141	222
Total		7,351	4,818

M'KENZIE COUNTY.

Alexander precinct.....	1,088	
Almira precinct.....	200	
Blanks precinct.....	443	24
Berg precinct.....	327	
Cartwright precinct.....	342	
Catlin precinct.....	200	
Charlson precinct.....	384	2
Keffeler precinct.....	133	
Kinning precinct.....	300	22
Knipe precinct.....	277	
Morrill precinct.....	341	
Nichols precinct.....	213	
Poe precinct.....	222	
Rhoades precinct.....	173	
Rud precinct.....	566	16
Schafer precinct.....	510	16
Total	5,720	80

M'LEAN COUNTY.

Andrews township.....	346	
Aurena townshin.....	242	
Blue Hill township.....	217	
Buffalo Lake township.....	175	4
Butte township.....	352	15
Byersville township.....	199	5
Dodgen township.....	298	11
Dodgen village.....	390	
Ward 1.....	170	
Ward 2.....	98	
Ward 3.....	64	
Douglas township.....	990	2
Economy township.....	922	
Finnett township.....	242	1
Garrison village.....	402	
Ward 1.....	21	
Ward 2.....	175	
Ward 3.....	150	
Greystone township.....	922	7
Haston townshin.....	122	22
Lake Williams township.....	512	21

M'LEAN COUNTY—Continued.

Townships	1910	1900
Linder township.....	199	20
Longfellow township.....	199	127
McGinnis township.....	181	2
Malcolm township.....	301	12
Max village.....	285	
Mercer township.....	232	
Platte township.....	242	4
Ruso village.....	141	
St. Mary township.....	240	19
Turtle Lake township.....	234	60
Underwood township.....	230	101
Underwood village.....	422	
Victoria township.....	264	34
Washburn city.....	657	
Wilton village.....	437	
Wise township.....	176	7
Township 143, range 80.....	270	240
Township 143, range 81 (part of).....	62	39
Township 144, range 81.....	77	104
Township 144, range 82 (part of).....	71	155
Township 144, range 83 (part of).....	91	66
Township 144, range 84 (part of).....	31	3
Township 145, range 79.....	235	20
Township 145, range 80.....	171	4
Township 145, range 81.....	174	116
Township 145, range 83.....	184	50
Township 145, range 84 (part of).....	71	28
Township 146, range 80.....	164	35
Township 146, range 81.....	182	114
Township 146, range 84 (part of).....	84	87
Township 147, range 84 (part of).....	58	81
Township 147, range 85 (part of).....	35	7
Township 147, range 86 (part of).....	53	15
Township 147, range 87 (part of).....	.....	40
Township 148, range 79.....	277	
Township 148, range 80.....	273	9
Township 148, range 81.....	242	10
Township 148, range 83.....	312	3
Township 148, range 84.....	300	5
Township 148, range 87.....	191	
Township 149, range 80.....	139	54
Township 149, range 82.....	237	11
Township 149, range 83.....	282	7
Township 149, range 86.....	157	
Township 149, range 87 (part of).....	160	
Township 150, range 82.....	318	2
Township 150, range 84.....	156	1
Township 150, range 87 part of).....	105	
Fort Berthold Indian Reservation (part of).....	661	998
Total	14,496	4,791

MERCER COUNTY.

Township 141, range 88.....	42	19
Township 141, range 89.....	104	15
Township 141, range 90.....	115	19
Township 142, range 88.....	153	17
Township 142, range 89.....	10	22
Township 142, range 90.....	10	29
Township 143, range 88.....	185	28
Township 143, range 89.....	72	27
Township 143, range 90.....	49	26
Township 144, range 84 (part of).....	290	49
Township 144, range 85.....	154	29
Township 144, range 86.....	159	43
Township 144, range 87.....	158	7

MERCER COUNTY—Continued.

Townships	1910	1900
Township 144, range 88.....	162	17
Township 144, range 89.....	190	19
Township 144, range 90.....	139	22
Township 145, range 84 (part of).....	75	72
Township 145, range 85.....	259	117
Township 145, range 86.....	293	131
Township 145, range 87.....	214	151
Township 145, range 88.....	206	
Township 145, range 89.....	132	
Township 145, range 90.....	215	
Township 146, range 84 (part of).....	100	50
Township 146, range 85.....	210	192
Township 146, range 87.....	196	141
Township 146, range 87.....	198	122
Township 146, range 88 (part of).....	131	38
Township 146, range 89 (part of).....	80	2
Township 146, range 90 (part of).....	141	3
Township 147, range 84 (part of).....	52	
Township 147, range 85 (part of).....	50	48
Township 147, range 86 (part of).....	64	50
Fort Bethold Indian Reservation (part of).....	139	
Total	4,747	1,778

MORTON COUNTY.

Blue Grass township.....	655	411
Custer township.....	220	141
Forest township.....	423	194
Glen Ullin township.....	582	632
Glen Ullin village.....	921	
Hebron village.....	597	
Mandan city.....	3,873	1,658
Ward 1.....	1,359	
Ward 2.....	1,377	
Ward 3.....	1,137	
New Salem village.....	621	229
Sims township.....	236	231
Sims village.....	86	
Township 130, range 85 (part of).....	49	
Township 130, range 86 (part of).....	11	
Township 130, range 87 (part of).....	100	
Township 130, range 88 (part of).....	104	
Township 130, range 89 (part of).....	103	7
Township 130, range 90 (part of).....	104	9
Township 131, range 84 (part of).....	53	
Township 131, range 85 (part of).....	101	19
Township 131, range 86.....	87	26
Township 131, range 87.....	149	19
Township 131, range 88.....	147	
Township 131, range 89.....	137	
Township 131, range 90.....	168	
Township 132, range 83 (part of).....	39	8
Township 132, range 84 (part of).....	127	15
Township 132, range 85.....	214	2
Township 132, range 86.....	156	12
Township 132, range 87.....	136	
Township 132, range 88.....	117	19
Township 132, range 89.....	154	18
Township 132, range 90.....	159	
Township 133, range 82 (part of).....	89	30
Township 133, range 83.....	162	
Township 133, range 84.....	159	6
Township 133, range 85.....	216	1
Township 133, range 86.....	156	17
Township 133, range 87.....	160	6
Township 133, range 88.....	183	
Township 133, range 89.....	123	

MORTON COUNTY—Continued.

Townships	1910	1900
Township 133, range 90.....	159	15
Township 134, range 79 (part of).....	60	6
Township 134, range 80 (part of).....	43	10
Township 134, range 81 (part of).....	49	19
Township 134, range 82 (part of).....	98	12
Township 134, range 83.....	100	3
Township 134, range 84.....	282	9
Township 134, range 85.....	186	23
Township 134, range 86.....	296	10
Township 134, range 87.....	179	8
Township 134, range 88.....	315	50
Township 134, range 89.....	330	
Township 134, range 90.....	280	
Township 135, range 79 (part of).....	50	25
Township 135, range 80.....	100	28
Township 135, range 81.....	199	40
Township 135, range 82.....	263	56
Township 135, range 83.....	210	
Township 135, range 84.....	253	
Township 135, range 85.....	195	
Township 135, range 86.....	100	5
Township 135, range 87.....	100	14
Township 135, range 88.....	212	28
Township 135, range 89.....	361	159
Township 135, range 90.....	274	100
Township 136, range 79 (part of).....	50	41
Township 136, range 80.....	300	47
Township 136, range 81.....	298	147
Township 136, range 82.....	175	93
Township 136, range 83.....	175	19
Township 136, range 84.....	163	
Township 136, range 85.....	72	20
Township 136, range 86.....	163	60
Township 136, range 87.....	73	35
Township 136, range 88.....	128	20
Township 136, range 89.....	153	6
Township 136, range 90.....	192	36
Township 137, range 79 (part of).....	50	23
Township 137, range 80 (part of).....	149	32
Township 137, range 81.....	245	164
Township 137, range 82.....	230	32
Township 137, range 83.....	107	77
Township 137, range 84.....	134	
Township 137, range 85.....	132	71
Township 137, range 86.....	134	9
Township 137, range 87.....	213	74
Township 137, range 90.....	200	104
Township 138, range 82.....	182	100
Township 138, range 83.....	81	60
Township 138, range 84.....	237	119
Township 138, range 85.....	193	103
Township 138, range 87.....	109	46
Township 138, range 90.....	233	205
Township 139, range 81 (part of).....	92	152
Township 139, range 82.....	184	96
Township 139, range 83.....	224	94
Township 139, range 84.....	265	178
Township 139, range 85.....	140	188
Township 139, range 90.....	168	207
Township 140, range 81 (part of).....	31	24
Township 140, range 82.....	177	123
Township 140, range 83.....	328	127
Township 140, range 84.....	220	122
Township 140, range 85.....	184	205
Township 140, range 88.....	177	89
Township 140, range 89.....	141	115
Township 140, range 90.....	137	276
Standing Rock Indian Reservation (part of).....	1,689	2,208
Total	25,289	8,069

MOUNTRAIL COUNTY.

Townships	1910	1900
Alger township.....	180	
Austin township.....	216	
Bicker township.....	207	10
Burke township.....	211	
Clear Water township.....	150	
Crane Creek township.....	217	
Crowfoot township.....	281	
Egan township.....	139	29
Idaho township.....	186	
James Hill township.....	164	
Kickapoo township.....	198	
Lostwood township.....	112	
Lowland township.....	260	53
McAlmond township.....	184	2
McGahn township.....	162	
Manitou township.....	198	
Myrtle township.....	141	24
Oakland township.....	167	
Osloe township.....	194	
Palermo township.....	143	
Palermo village.....	177	
Plaza village.....	224	
Powers township.....	218	
Powers Lake township.....	169	
Pursell township.....	178	36
Ross township.....	298	
Shell township.....	148	4
Sikes township.....	288	4
Sorkness township.....	141	1
Spring Coulee township.....	208	
Stanley city.....	518	
Ward 1.....	116	
Ward 2.....	177	
Ward 3.....	225	
Stave township.....	188	
Tagus village.....	105	
Wazetta township.....	167	
White Earth township.....	116	43
White Earth village.....	264	
Township 152, range 88 (part of).....	125	
Township 152, range 89 (part of).....	92	
Township 152, range 90 (part of).....	61	2
Township 152, range 91 (part of).....	65	4
Township 153, range 92 (part of).....	25	
Township 152, range 93 (part of).....	19	
Township 153, range 92.....	62	1
Township 153, range 93 (part of).....	33	14
Township 153, range 94 (part of).....	20	9
Township 154, range 92.....	84	9
Township 154, range 93.....	91	
Township 154, range 94 (part of).....	26	18
Township 155, range 93.....	161	
Township 155, range 94.....	121	10
Township 157, range 89.....	101	4
Township 157, range 92.....	109	
Township 158, range 90.....	90	
Fort Berthold Indian Reservation (part of).....	89	
Total	8,491	277

NELSON COUNTY.

Townships	1910	1900
Adler township.....	305	226
Aneta city.....	654	
Bergen township.....	288	188
Central township.....	286	239
Clara township.....	219	195
Dahlen township.....	298	250
Dayton township.....	201	164
Dodds township.....	231	148
Enterprise townsh.p.....	237	254
Field township.....	370	355
Forde township.....	255	203
Hamlin township.....	268	286
Illinois township.....	202	175
Lakota city.....	1,023	576
Ward 1.....	401	
Ward 2.....	363	
Ward 3.....	259	
Lakota township.....	206	241
Lee township.....	442	297
Leval township.....	148	96
McVillie village.....	310	
Melvin township.....	264	209
Michigan City.....	449	309
Michigan City township.....	369	291
Nash township.....	219	200
Nesheim township.....	298	295
Ora township.....	310	633
Osago township.....	375	278
Petersburg township.....	271	243
Petersburg village.....	353	
Rubin township.....	264	215
Rugh township.....	234	217
Sarnia township.....	207	183
Tolna village.....	209	
Wamduska township.....	181	150
Williams township.....	194	138
Total	10,140	7,316

OLIVER COUNTY.

Township 141, range 81 (part of).....	89	47
Township 141, range 82.....	142	48
Township 141, range 83.....	242	73
Township 141, range 84.....	217	93
Township 141, range 85.....	143	62
Township 141, range 86.....	188	133
Township 141, range 87.....	241	17
Township 142, range 81 (part of).....	50	42
Township 142, range 82.....	148	51
Township 142, range 83.....	172	6
Township 142, range 84.....	209	26
Township 142, range 85.....	210	82
Township 142, range 86.....	210	37
Township 142, range 87.....	262	32
Township 143, range 81 (part of).....	20	14
Township 143, range 82.....	111	58
Township 143, range 83.....	159	38
Township 143, range 84.....	133	31
Township 143, range 85.....	167	1
Township 143, range 86.....	229	36
Township 143, range 87.....	142	8
Township 144, range 82 (part of).....	45	35
Township 144, range 83 (part of).....	48	
Total	3,577	990

PEMBINA COUNTY.

Townships	1910	1900
Advance township.....	354	482
Akra townsnip.....	405	584
Batngate city.....	328	641
Batngate township.....	208	300
Beauneu townsnip.....	410	474
Canton village.....	116	98
Carnisle township.....	421	600
Cavalier city.....	662	671
Cavalier township.....	680	922
Crystal city.....	376	385
Crystal township.....	335	461
Drayton city.....	587	688
Ward 1.....	151	
Ward 2.....	212	
Ward 3.....	224	
Drayton township.....	318	364
Elora township.....	237	313
Gardar township.....	566	761
Hamilton townsnip, including Hamilton village.....	558	916
Hamilton village.....	213	224
Joliette township.....	404	522
LaMoure township.....	331	288
Lincoln township.....	369	420
Lodema township.....	298	342
Midland township.....	418	578
Neché township, including Neche village.....	971	1,887
Neché village.....	528	682
Park township.....	308	350
Pembina city.....	717	929
Ward 1.....	196	
Ward 2.....	291	
Ward 3.....	230	
Pembina township.....	503	583
St. Joseph township.....	1,144	1,160
St. Thomas city.....	513	661
St. Thomas township.....	472	814
Thingvalle township.....	722	752
Walhalla township.....	437	452
Walhalla village.....	592	377
Ward 1.....	114	
Ward 2.....	234	
Ward 3.....	244	
Total	14,749	17,869

PIERCE COUNTY.

Alexander township.....	345	347
Antelope Lake township.....	288	32
Barton township.....	300	243
Barton village.....	202	
Elling township.....	262	2
Elvertum township.....	228	32
Jefferson township.....	320	200
Ness township.....	413	280
Reno Valley township.....	325	142
Rosedale township.....	128	42
Rugby city.....	1,630	487
Ward 1.....	515	
Ward 2.....	544	
Ward 3.....	571	
Tuscarora township.....	350	154
White township.....	263	165
Wolford township.....	475	50
Township 151, range 72.....	382	406
Township 151, range 73.....	289	199

PIERCE COUNTY—Continued

Townships	1910	1900
lp 152, range 73.....	133	55
lp 153, range 73.....	178	24
lp 154, range 73.....	187	109
lp 154, range 74.....	192	31
lp 155, range 72.....	294	189
lp 155, range 73.....	297	15
lp 157, range 69.....	229	209
lp 157, range 70.....	150	110
lp 157, range 71.....	205	49
lp 157, range 72.....	246	245
lp 157, range 73.....	233	193
lp 157, range 74.....	311	137
lp 158, range 69.....	201	161
lp 158, range 71.....	219	132
lp 158, range 72.....	198	36
lp 158, range 73.....	269	147
Total	3,740	4,765

RAMSEY COUNTY.

Bartlett township.....	359	266
Bartlett village.....	120	
Bergen township.....	204	187
Brocket village.....	186	
Cato township (school).....	153	62
Churchs Ferry village.....	457	264
Cleveland township.....	185	151
Coulee township.....	419	300
Crary village.....	279	
DeGroat township.....	218	195
Devils Lake city.....	5,157	1,729
Ward 1.....	1,448	
Ward 2.....	1,365	
Ward 3.....	1,200	
Ward 4.....	1,144	
Dry Lake township.....	284	221
Edmore village.....	344	
Fancher township.....	296	225
Freshwater township.....	235	211
Grand Harbor township.....	454	515
Highland township.....	221	174
Hope township.....	160	157
Irvine township.....	119	107
Lake township.....	299	552
Lawton township.....	406	150
Lillehoff township.....	366	258
Minnewaukan township.....	298	512
Morris township.....	179	167
Newbre township.....	197	108
Newland township.....	207	231
Noonan township.....	215	206
Northfield township.....	341	74
Norway township.....	227	225
Odessa township.....	235	219
Ontario township.....	265	233
Overland township.....	222	100
Pleasant township.....	204	180
Prospect township.....	219	142
Royal township.....	249	145
South Minnewaukan township.....	148	
Starkweather village.....	246	
Stevens township.....	282	457
Sullivan township.....	121	168
Triumph township.....	144	72
Webster township.....	334	235
Total	15,199	9,198

RANSOM COUNTY.

Townships	1910	1900
Aliceton township.....	284	185
Alleghany township.....	235	114
Bale township.....	210	117
Big Bend township.....	277	180
Casey township.....	395	311
Coburn township.....	126	107
Elliott township.....	364	138
Enderlin city.....	1,540	636
Ward 1.....	493	
Ward 2.....	385	
Ward 3.....	662	
Fort Ransom township.....	574	402
Greene township.....	221	215
Hanson township.....	360	190
Island Park township.....	276	163
Liberty township.....	279	278
Lisbon city.....	1,758	1,046
Ward 1.....	545	
Ward 2.....	692	
Ward 3.....	521	
Moore township.....	319	287
Northland township.....	347	336
Owego township.....	293	213
Preston township.....	359	304
Roland township.....	187	71
Rosemead township.....	183	175
Sandoun township.....	241	88
Sheldon village.....	358	318
Shenford township.....	413	388
Springer township.....	301	271
Sydna township.....	209	142
Tuller township.....	236	167
Township 134, range 54 (part of).....	.....	77
Total	10,345	6,919

RENVILLE COUNTY.

Brandon township.....	207	
Callahan township.....	312	48
Clay township.....	187	
Colquihoun township.....	228	
Eden Valley township.....	317	
Ensign township.....	243	5
Fairbanks township.....	521	185
Glenburn village.....	268	
Grassland township.....	239	39
Grover township.....	212	22
Hamerly township.....	215	
Hamlet township.....	227	16
Hurley township.....	271	
Ivanhoe township.....	272	35
Lockwood township.....	198	13
McKinley township.....	329	81
Mohall city.....	493	
Muskego township.....	286	70
Plain township.....	292	
Prescott township.....	251	2
Prosperity township.....	280	
Rockford township.....	331	62
Roosevelt township.....	279	90
Sherwood village.....	328	
Stafford township.....	349	82
Tolley village.....	250	
Van Buren township.....	266	11
White Ash township.....	189	13
Total	7,840	774

RICHLAND COUNTY.

Townships	1910	1900
Abercrombie township.....	678	1,002
Abercrombie village.....	299	
Antelope township.....	293	168
Barney township.....	433	287
Barrie township.....	349	374
Belford township.....	315	346
Brandenburg township.....	369	552
Brightwood township.....	363	324
Center township.....	389	383
Colfax township.....	580	653
Danton township.....	263	317
De Villo township.....	340	283
Dexter township.....	329	288
Duerr township.....	694	615
Dwight township.....	584	623
Eagle township.....	723	791
Elma township.....	375	247
Fairmount township.....	320	439
Fairmount village.....	387	284
Freeman township.....	165	171
Garborg township.....	277	293
Grant township.....	270	373
Great Bend village.....	191	
Greendale township.....	355	387
Hankinson village.....	1,503	713
Helendale township.....	208	229
Homestead township.....	159	187
Ibsen township.....	288	268
LaMars township.....	287	231
Liberty Grove township.....	336	327
Lidgerwood city.....	1,019	585
Mooreton township.....	367	344
Moran township.....	386	312
Nansen township.....	259	228
Sheyenne township.....	181	209
Summit township.....	576	612
Viking township.....	185	169
Wahpeton city.....	2,467	2,228
Ward 1.....	572	
Ward 2.....	638	
Ward 3.....	519	
Ward 4.....	738	
Walcott township.....	1,055	1,003
Waldo township.....	221	171
West End Mellem township.....	128	127
Wyndmere township.....	254	244
Wyndmere village.....	439	
Ward 1.....	81	
Ward 2.....	142	
Ward 3.....	216	
Total	19,659	17,387

ROLETTE COUNTY.

Brown township.....	262	289
Carpenter township.....	172	
Currie township.....	151	133
Dewey township.....	253	146
Dunselth city.....	478	
Ellsworth township.....	226	147
Fairview township.....	242	314
Gilbert township.....	214	256
Hillside township.....	198	
Hutchinson township.....	295	67
Island Lake township.....	127	102
Kohlmeler township.....	269	167
Leonard township.....	301	105

ROLETTE COUNTY—Continued

Townships	1910	1900
Maryville township.....	217	270
Mountain township.....	313	
Mount Pleasant township.....	276	292
Mylo village.....	98	
Northern township.....	54	300
Oxford township.....	302	205
Pleasant Valley township.....	291	236
Rices township.....	301	172
Rolette village.....	408	
Rolla city.....	587	400
Russell township.....	224	163
St. John township.....	397	400
St. John village.....	424	
Scotch Block township.....	61	66
South Valley township.....	227	123
Thorne village.....	105	
Union township.....	187	320
Wolf Creek township.....	296	179
Turtle Mountain Indian Reservation.....	1,602	2,393
Total.....	9,558	7,995

SARGENT COUNTY.

Bowen township.....	276	203
Brampton township.....	297	162
Cayuga village.....	175	
Cogswell village.....	418	
Ward 1.....	120	
Ward 2.....	190	
Ward 3.....	108	
Denver township.....	255	139
Dunbar township.....	303	218
Forman town.....	352	257
Forman township.....	212	106
Hall township.....	465	408
Harlem township.....	230	140
Havana village.....	387	
Herman township.....	322	285
Jackson township.....	237	170
Kingston township.....	504	328
Marboe township.....	272	222
Milnor town.....	641	322
Ward 1.....	161	
Ward 2.....	199	
Ward 3.....	281	
Milnor township.....	256	195
Ransom township.....	276	291
Rutland township.....	204	228
Rutland village.....	224	
Sargent township.....	256	318
Shuman township.....	342	338
Southwest township.....	112	74
Taylor township.....	210	167
Tewaukon township.....	376	271
Verner township.....	251	216
Vivian township.....	396	261
Weber township.....	261	402
Whitestone Hill township.....	403	204
Wiley township.....	289	114
Total.....	9,202	6,039

SHERIDAN COUNTY.

Townships	1910	1900
Berlin township.....	292	407
Broone township.....	258	67
Cransville township.....	329	66
Denhoff township.....	332	33
Edgemont township.....	153	
Fairview township.....	273	125
Georgetown township.....	307	162
Goodrich township.....	280	40
Goodrich village.....	410	
Hellman township.....	181	
Herr township.....	296	14
Holmes township.....	185	
Horse Lake township.....	181	7
Johns Lake township.....	134	
Lamont township.....	202	2
Lincoln township.....	392	197
McClusky township.....	176	
McClusky village.....	517	
Ward 1.....	139	
Ward 2.....	187	
Ward 3.....	191	
Martin township.....	566	281
Mauch township.....	215	62
Mountain City township.....	417	11
New Germantown township.....	316	143
Pickard township.....	85	17
Rosenfield township.....	326	124
Saxon township.....	231	19
Schiller township.....	325	121
Strassburg township.....	305	78
White township.....	213	7
Township 140, range 77.....	206	14
Total	8,103	1,997

STARK COUNTY.

Dickinson city.....	3,678	2,076
Ward 1.....	595	
Ward 2.....	474	
Ward 3.....	455	
Ward 4.....	786	
Ward 5.....	619	
Ward 6.....	749	
Rader township.....	147	109
Richardton village.....	647	
Township 137, range 91.....	209	159
Township 137, range 92.....	249	132
Township 137, range 93.....	267	46
Township 137, range 94.....	210	148
Township 137, range 95.....	299	58
Township 137, range 96.....	346	69
Township 137, range 97.....	207	48
Township 137, range 98.....	219	
Township 137, range 99.....	214	41
Township 138, range 91.....	218	234
Township 138, range 92.....	189	209
Township 138, range 93.....	188	82
Township 138, range 94.....	259	63
Township 138, range 96.....	246	60
Township 138, range 97.....	196	20
Township 138, range 98.....	157	12
Township 138, range 99.....	126	
Township 139, range 91.....	249	211
Township 139, range 92.....	199	385
Township 139, range 93.....	251	162
Township 139, range 94.....	288	187

STARK COUNTY—Continued

Townships	1910	1900
Township 139, range 95.....	269	66
Township 139, range 96.....	133	81
Township 139, range 97.....	157	63
Township 139, range 98.....	225	36
Township 139, range 99.....	491	48
Township 140, range 91.....	100	128
Township 140, range 92.....	158	125
Township 140, range 93.....	344	205
Township 140, range 94.....	128	119
Township 140, range 95.....	159	58
Township 140, range 96.....	260	205
Township 140, range 97.....	232	237
Township 140, range 98.....	186	92
Township 140, range 99.....	200	65
Township 141, range 91 (part of).....	100	
Township 141, range 92 (part of).....	60	
Township 141, range 93 (part of).....	54	
Total	12,504	7,621

STEELE COUNTY.

Beaver Creek township.....	352	334
Broadlawn township.....	320	285
Carpenter township.....	200	155
Colgate township.....	329	170
Easton township.....	220	176
Ellendale	259	245
Enger township.....	379	450
Finley township.....	267	359
Finley village.....	516	
Ward 1.....	98	
Ward 2.....	69	
Ward 3.....	83	
Ward 4.....	135	
Ward 5.....	131	
Franklin township.....	252	255
Golden Lake township.....	328	289
Greenvlew township.....	242	180
Hope city.....	909	606
Ward 1.....	343	
Ward 2.....	265	
Ward 3.....	301	
Hugo township.....	179	113
Melrose township.....	317	156
Newburg township.....	522	554
Primrose township.....	350	337
Riverside township.....	221	175
Sharon township.....	277	334
Sharon village.....	304	
Ward 1.....	42	
Ward 2.....	42	
Ward 3.....	83	
Ward 4.....	86	
Ward 5.....	54	
Sherbrooke township.....	303	250
Westfield township.....	320	292
Willow Lake township.....	250	173
Total	7,616	5,888

STUTSMAN COUNTY.

Townships	1910	1900
Ashland township.....	249	
Bloom township.....	192	
Buchanan township.....	190	
Casson township.....	157	
Chicago township.....	162	
Corinne township.....	200	
Corwin township.....	137	
Courtenay township.....	215	
Courtenay village.....	539	
Cusator township.....	81	
Deer Lake townsihp.....	168	
Denny township.....	98	
Durham township.....	259	
Edmunds township.....	223	
Eldridge township.....	161	
Flint township.....	180	
Glacier township.....	147	
Griffin township.....	278	
Homer township.....	935	
Iosco township.....	164	
Jamestown city.....	4,358	2,853
Ward 1.....	1,192	
Ward 2.....	1,437	
Ward 3.....	818	
Ward 4.....	911	
Kensal township.....	197	
Kensal village.....	456	
Ward 1.....	158	
Ward 2.....	185	
Ward 3.....	113	
Lippert township.....	119	
Lyon township.....	198	
Manns township.....	168	
Marston Moor township.....	147	
Medina village.....	343	
Midway township.....	126	
Montpeller township.....	257	
Newbury township.....	173	
Nogosek township.....	231	
Paris township.....	155	
Pingree township.....	334	
Pipestem Valley township.....	154	
Plainview township.....	116	
Rose township.....	170	
Sharlow township.....	166	
St. Paul township.....	187	
Sinclair township.....	208	
Spiritwood township.....	264	
Stirton township.....	190	
Valley Spring township.....	218	
Walters township.....	135	
Weld township.....	315	
Windsor township.....	112	
Ypsilanti township.....	241	
Township 137, range 64.....	172	
Township 137, range 66.....	148	
Township 137, range 68.....	252	
Township 137, range 69.....	437	
Township 138, range 64.....	135	
Township 138, range 65.....	76	
Township 138, range 68.....	158	
Township 139, range 64.....	191	
Township 139, range 66.....	93	
Township 140, range 69.....	155	
Township 141, range 63.....	165	
Township 141, range 65.....	101	
Township 141, range 69.....	120	
Township 142, range 62.....	207	
Township 142, range 64.....	160	
Township 142, range 68.....	205	

STUTSMAN COUNTY—Continued.

Townships	1910	1900
Township 143, range 67.....	143	
Township 143, range 68.....	169	
Township 143, range 69.....	156	
Township 144, range 68.....	224	
Township 144, range 69.....	249	
Total	18,189	9,143

TOWNER COUNTY.

Armourdale township.....	272	205
Atkins township.....	192	170
Bisbee village.....	444	
Bryan township.....	213	182
Cando city.....	1,332	1,061
Coolin township.....	138	199
Crocus township.....	259	237
Egeland village.....	266	
Ward 1.....	98	
Ward 2.....	129	
Ward 3.....	39	
Grainfield township.....	234	170
Howell township.....	258	180
Maza township.....	174	206
Monroe township.....	228	138
Mount Pleasant township.....	187	149
Mount View township.....	278	296
Olson township.....	195	151
Peno township.....	160	191
Perth village.....	221	
Picton township.....	198	161
Rock Lake township.....	190	197
Rock Lake village.....	194	
Rosedale township.....	408	165
Sarles village (part of).....	24	
(For total see Cavalier county.)		
Springfield township.....	265	433
Teddy township.....	244	175
Twin Hill township.....	227	102
Victor township.....	318	150
Virginia township.....	266	161
Zion township.....	310	300
Township 158, range 66.....	133	211
Township 159, range 66.....	169	150
Township 159, range 67.....	217	268
Township 159, range 68.....	241	200
Township 160, range 67.....	260	152
Township 163, range 65.....	194	102
Township 164, range 65 (frac.).....	48	29
Total	8,963	6,491

TRAIL COUNTY.

Belmont township.....	283	506
Bingham township.....	314	
Blanchard township.....	343	393
Bloomfield township.....	251	309
Bohnsack township.....	462	610
Buxton township.....	668	1,110
Caledonia township.....	424	993
Eldorado township.....	380	413
Elm River township.....	238	258

TRAIL COUNTY—Continued

Townships	1910	1900
Ervin township.....	366	430
Galesburg township.....	450	438
Garfield township.....	547	512
Hatton city.....	666	430
Ward 1.....	171	
Ward 2.....	340	
Ward 3.....	155	
Herberg township.....	218	
Hillsboro city.....	1,237	1,172
Ward 1.....	220	
Ward 2.....	484	
Ward 3.....	533	
Hillsboro township.....	225	264
Kelso township.....	320	288
Mayville city.....	1,070	1,106
Ward 1.....	283	
Ward 2.....	313	
Ward 3.....	474	
Mayville township.....	666	703
Norman township.....	375	465
Norway township.....	422	470
Morgan township.....	368	384
Portland town.....	561	524
Reynolds city (ward 3).....	253	216
(For total see Grand Forks county.)		
Roseville township.....	701	740
Stavanger township.....	420	
Wold township.....	317	373
Total	12,545	13,107

WALSH COUNTY.

Acton township.....	378	526
Adams township.....	334	359
Adams village.....	338	
Ardoch township.....	467	552
Ardoch village.....	271	298
Cleveland township.....	343	291
Conway village.....	184	216
Dewey township.....	203	148
Dundee township.....	392	457
Eden township.....	249	307
Edinburg village.....	300	286
Fairdale village.....	140	
Farmington township.....	358	528
Fertile township.....	472	543
Forest River township.....	352	379
Forest River village.....	233	252
Glenwood township.....	420	553
Golden township.....	316	346
Grafton city.....	2,229	2,378
Ward 1.....	674	
Ward 3.....	533	
Ward 3.....	501	
Ward 4.....	521	
Grafton township.....	666	609
Harriston township.....	384	403
Hoople village.....	175	174
Kensington township.....	386	414
Kinloss township.....	315	322
Lampton township.....	302	359
Lankin village.....	341	
Latona township.....	288	198
Martin township.....	329	430
Medford township.....	373	226
Minto city.....	701	860

WALSH COUNTY—Continued

Townships	1910	1900
Ward 1.....	195	
Ward 2.....	230	
Ward 3.....	276	
Norton township.....	385	312
Oakwood townsnip.....	421	564
Ops township.....	303	326
Park River city.....	1,008	1,088
Ward 1.....	268	
Ward 2.....	207	
Ward	533	
Perth township.....	323	245
Pisek village.....	312	132
Prairie Center township.....	516	567
Pulaski township.....	620	663
Rushford townsnip.....	265	430
St. Andrews township.....	296	500
Sauter township.....	248	219
Shepherd township.....	369	353
Silvesta township.....	346	340
Tiber township.....	400	455
Vernon township.....	300	347
Vesta township.....	383	401
Walsh Center township.....	346	425
Walshville township.....	411	507
Total	19,491	20,288

WARD COUNTY.

Afton township.....	207	38
Baden township.....	357	118
Berthold township.....	330	57
Berthold village.....	454	8
Brillian township.....	337	
Burlington township.....	478	224
Burt township.....	257	34
Cameron township.....	148	1
Carbondale township.....	348	82
Carplo township.....	318	66
Carplo village.....	257	
Denmark township.....	446	249
Des Lacs township.....	443	82
Donnybrook village.....	297	
Ward 1.....	110	
Ward 2.....	73	
Ward 3.....	114	
Douglas village.....	171	
Elmdale township.....	380	287
Eureka township.....	325	121
Evergreen township.....	142	20
Foxholm township.....	413	49
Freedom township.....	225	1
Greeley township.....	165	11
Greenbush township.....	262	90
Harrison township.....	289	258
Iota Flat township.....	336	2
Kenmare city.....	1,437	
Ward 1.....	272	
Ward 2.....	500	
Ward 3.....	665	
Kenmare township.....	443	485
Kirklie township.....	360	156
Lund township.....	226	
McKinley township.....	312	78
Mandan township.....	233	
Margaret township.....	190	4
Maryland township.....	334	10

100

WELLS COUNTY—Continued

Townships	1910	1900
Ward 1.....	608	
Ward 2.....	431	
Ward 3.....	404	
Hawks Nest township.....	241	105
Helmdal township.....	306	239
Highland township.....	216	233
Hillsdale township.....	229	200
Johnson township.....	227	136
Lincoln township.....	216	135
Manfred township.....	445	303
Norway township.....	352	283
Ontario township.....	156	148
Oshkosh township.....	241	671
Pioneer township.....	344	300
Pony Gulch township.....	311	250
Rusland township.....	150	398
Speedwell township.....	311	132
Sykeston township.....	123	219
Sykeston village.....	276	
Ward 1.....	148	
Ward 2.....	50	
Ward 3.....	78	
Valhalla township.....	210	167
Viking township.....	316	244
Washington township.....	123	35
Wells township.....	247	898
Woodward township.....	202	237
Total	11,814	8,310

WILLIAMS COUNTY.

Athens township.....	114
Barr Butte township.....	162
Big Meadow township.....	240
Big Stone township.....	51
Black Tail township.....	141
Bonetrail township.....	157
Brooklyn township.....	235
Buford township (part of).....	346
Bull Butte township.....	198
Champion township.....	88
Dry Fork township.....	191
Dublin township.....	144
East Fork township.....	176
Ellisville township.....	178
Equality township.....	245
Farmvale township.....	196
Golden Valley township.....	236
Hardscrable township.....	127
Hebren township.....	284
Judson township.....	245
Lindahl township.....	231
Marshall township.....	191
Missouri Ridge township.....	213
Mont township.....	196
New Home township.....	96
Oliver township.....	86
Orthell township.....	218
Pherrin township.....	222
Pleasant Valley township.....	300
Rainbow township.....	100
Ray village.....	436
Rock Island township.....	174
Round Prairie township.....	175
Sauk Valley township.....	143

WILLIAMS COUNTY—Continued

Townships	1910	1900
anship.....	126	
hip.....	354	
hip.....	239	
.....	238	
.....	203	
.....	173	
ip.....	181	
.....	336	
.....	3,124	763
.....	1,051	
.....	925	
.....	1,148	
.....	220	
e 98 (part of).....	31	
e 99 (part of).....	121	
e 102 (part of).....	249	
e 104 (frac.).....	61	
e 95 (part of).....	113	
e 96 (part of).....	143	
e 97 (part of).....	57	
e 98.....	102	
e 99.....	185	
e 104 (frac.).....	41	
e 97.....	200	
e 102.....	152	
e 103.....	119	
e 100.....	173	
e 102.....	197	
e 103.....	43	
e 97.....	222	
e 100.....	104	
e 101.....	124	
e 103.....	59	
Total	14,234	1,530

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES

City, Town or Village and County	1910	1900
county.....	299	
.....	338	
f.....	320	
inty.....	689	
.....	664	
.....	343	
.....	271	298
ty.....	682	
ty.....	399	
f.....	120	
.....	202	
f.....	328	641
.....	1,003	
f.....	137	
.....	454	
.....	275	
.....	444	
.....	5,443	3,319
ity.....	1,331	888
.....	661	
.....	302	
ity.....	481	
ity.....	203	
f.....	186	
.....	241	213
.....	1,332	1,061
f.....	115	98
.....	257	
.....	1,217	
.....	1,553	1,207
.....	225	
.....	652	671
f.....	175	
ty county.....	457	264
ty.....	413	
f.....	225	
.....	184	216
ty.....	1,019	648
unty.....	539	
.....	279	
.....	206	
.....	376	305
.....	226	243
.....	265	
ty.....	150	
ty.....	5,157	1,723
Dickey village, LaMoure county.....	187	
Dickinson city, Stark county.....	3,678	2,076
Dogden village, McLean county.....	320	
Donnybrook village, Ward county.....	297	
Douglas village, Ward county.....	171	
Drake village, McHenry.....	348	
Drayton city, Pembina county.....	587	693
Dunseith city, Rolette county.....	478	
Eckman village, Bottineau county.....	84	
Edgeley village, LaMoure.....	749	306
Edinburg village, Walsh county.....	300	236
Edmore village, Ramsey county.....	344	
Geeland village, Towner county.....	266	
Ellendale city, Dickey county.....	1,389	750
Enderlin city, Ransom county.....	1,540	636
Emond village, Benson county.....	353	
Fairdale village, Walsh county.....	140	

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES—Continued.

City, Town or Village and County		
Fairmont village, Richland county.....	387	284
Fargo city, Cass county.....	14,331	9,089
Fessenden city, Wells county.....	713	
Finley village, Steele county.....	516	
Flaxton village, Burke county.....	301	
Forbes village, Dickey county.....	221	
Forest River village, Walsh county.....	233	252
Forman town, Sargent county.....	352	257
Fullerton village, Dickey county.....	200	
Gardena village, Bottineau county.....	119	
Garrison village, McLean county.....	406	
Glenburn village, Renville county.....	268	
Glen Ulin village, Morton county.....	921	
Goodrich village, Sheridan county.....	410	
Grafton city, Walsh county.....	2,229	2,378
Grand Forks city, Grand Forks county.....	12,478	7,652
Granville city, McHenry county.....	455	
Great Bend village, Richland county.....	191	
Hague village, Emmons county.....	183	
Hamilton village, Pembina county.....	213	224
Hankinson village, Richland county.....	1,503	713
Hannaford village, Griggs county.....	340	
Harvey city, Wells county.....	443	
Hatton city, Traill county.....	666	430
Havana village, Sargent county.....	387	
Hebron village, Morton county.....	597	
Hettinger village, Adams county.....	766	
Hillsboro city, Traill county.....	1,237	1,172
Hoople village, Walsh county.....	175	174
Hope city, Steele county.....	909	606
Hunter village, Cass county.....	365	407
Inkster city, Grand Forks county.....	353	
Jamestown city, Stutsman county.....	4,358	2,853
Kenmare city, Ward county.....	1,437	
Kensal village, Stutsman county.....	456	
Kermit village, Divide county.....	108	
Knox village, Benson county.....	330	
Kramer village, Bottineau county.....	181	
Kulm city, LaMoure county.....	645	463
Lakota city, Nelson county.....	1,023	576
LaMoure city, LaMoure county.....	929	457
Langdon city, Cavalier county.....	1,214	1,188
Lankin village, Walsh county.....	341	
Lansford city, Bottineau county.....	456	
Larimore city, Grand Forks county.....	1,224	1,235
Leeds city, Benson county.....	682	349
Lehr village, McIntosh county.....	182	
Lidgerwood city, Richland county.....	1,019	585
Linton village, Emmons county.....	644	
Lisbon city, Ransom county.....	1,758	1,046
Litchville village, Barnes county.....	484	
Ludden village, Dickey county.....	109	
McClusky village, Sheridan county.....	517	
McHenry village, Foster county.....	398	
McVile village, Nelson county.....	310	
Maddock village, Benson county.....	374	
Mandan city, Morton county.....	3,873	1,658
Mapleton village, Cass county.....	207	322
Marmath village, Billings county.....	790	
Max village, McLean county.....	285	
Maxbass village, Bottineau county.....	240	
Mayville city, Traill county.....	1,070	1,106
Medina village, Stutsman county.....	343	
Merricourt village, Dickey county.....	78	
Michigan City, Nelson county.....	449	309
Milnor town, Sargent county.....	641	322
Milton village, Cavalier county.....	410	384
Minnewaukan village, Benson county.....	510	432
Minot city, Ward county.....	6,188	1,277

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES—Continued.

City, Town or Village and County	1910	1900
Minto city, Walsh county.....	701	880
Mohall city, Renville county.....	493	
Monango village, Dickey county.....	238	
Mylo village, Rolette county.....	98	
Neché village, Pembina county.....	528	682
Nekoma village, Cavalier county.....	120	
New Salem village, Morton county.....	621	229
Newborg village, Bottineau county.....	102	
Niagara village, Grand Forks county.....	157	
Nome village, Barnes county.....	218	
Noonan village, Divide county.....	153	
North Minto village, Ward county.....	432	
..... county.....	769	697
.....	1,499	668
..... ty.....	332	
..... ty.....	253	
.....	182	
.....	479	
..... ty.....	177	
.....	1,008	1,088
.....	717	929
.....	221	
..... ty.....	353	
.....	312	132
.....	224	
.....	491	
.....	561	524
.....	436	
.....	198	
..... Traill counties.....	412	389
..... ty.....	647	
..... mty.....	194	
.....	408	
.....	587	400
.....	1,530	487
.....	141	
..... ty.....	161	
.....	224	
.....	336	
.....	424	
..... ty.....	513	681
.....	390	259
..... ner counties.....	346	
.....	827	
..... ty.....	214	
.....	304	
.....	358	318
..... ty.....	328	
.....	86	
.....	267	
.....	518	
..... ounty.....	246	
.....	500	185
..... ty.....	278	
.....	278	
.....	105	
.....	105	
Thorne village, Rolette county.....	203	
Tioga village, Williams county.....	250	
Tolley village, Renville county.....	209	
Tolna village, Nelson county.....	452	468
Tower City village, Cass county.....	691	331
Towner city, McHenry county.....	422	
Underwood village, McLean county.....	294	
Tobam village, McHenry county.....	4,508	2,446
Valley City, Barnes county.....	897	
Velva city, McHenry county.....	236	
Verona village, LaMoure county.....	2,467	2,778
Wahpeton city, Richland county.....	592	377
Walhalla village, Pembina county.....		

POPULATION OF INCORPORATED PLACES—Continued.

City, Town or Village and County	1910	1900
Washburn city, McLean county.....	657	
West Hope city, Bottineau county.....	592	
White Earth village, Mountrail county.....	264	
Williston city, Williams county.....	3,124	763
Willow City, Bottineau county.....	623	476
Wilton village, McLean county.....	437	
Wimbledon village, Barnes county.....	571	226
Wishek village, McIntosh county.....	432	
Wyndmere village, Richland county.....	439	
Zeeland village, McIntosh county.....	193	

ALTITUDES IN NORTH DAKOTA

	Feet
Bathgate	821
Belfield	2,577
Bismarck	1,677
Bismarck (Missouri river, low water).....	1,616
Bottineau	1,644
Burlington	1,585
Butte St. Paul, Turtle Mountains.....(about)	2,300
Cando	1,490
Carrington	1,584
Casselton	430
Churchs Ferry	1,461
Cooperstown	1,428
Coteau de Missouri	2,400
Gladstone	2,346
Glenullin	2,070
Devils Lake	1,467
Dickinson	2,403
Driscoll	1,835
Fargo	903
Fessenden	1,607
Ft. Berthold	1,773
Grafton	824
Grand Forks	826
Grand Harbor	1,460
Harvey	1,596
Hillsboro	901
Jamestown	1,408
Kenmare	1,792
Lakota	1,514
LaMoure	1,403
Langdon	1,610
Larimore	1,134
Leeds	1,519
Lisbon	1,091
Little Missouri	2,255
Mandan	1,644
Milton	1,586
Minnewaukan	1,461
Minot	1,558
Park River	998
Pembina	753
Portal	1,952
Richardton	2,464
Rugby	1,567
Sentinel Butte	2,707
Sheyenne river bed, N. P. crossing.....	1,409
Sims	1,960
Steele	1,857
St. Johns	1,950
Summit (Billings county)	2,830
Valley City	1,227
Velva	1,516
Wahpeton	965
Williston	1,950
Willow City	1,478
Winnipeg (Manitoba)	750

Many of these elevations were taken at railroad levels at the respective places.

VARIOUS MONEYS OF CIRCULATION

There are ten different kinds of money in circulation in the United States, namely, gold coin, standard silver dollars, subsidiary silver, gold certificates, silver certificates, treasury notes issued under the Act of July 14, 1890; United States notes (also called greenbacks and legal tenders), national bank notes and nickel and bronze coins. These forms of money are all available as circulation.

Gold coin is legal tender at its nominal or face value for all debts, public and private, when not below the standard weight and limit of tolerance prescribed by law; and when below such standard of tolerance it is legal tender in proportion to its weight.

Standard silver dollars are legal tender at their nominal or face value in payment of all debts, public and private, without regard to the amount, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract.

Subsidiary silver is legal tender for amounts not exceeding \$10 in any one payment. Treasury notes of the Act of July 14, 1890, are legal tender for all debts, public and private, except where otherwise expressly stipulated in the contract.

United States notes are legal tender for all debts, public and private, except duties on imports and interest on the public debt.

Gold certificates, silver certificates and national bank notes are not legal tender, but such classes of certificates are receivable for all public dues, while national bank notes are receivable for all public dues except duties on imports, and may be paid out by the government for all salaries and other debts and demands owing by the United States to individuals, corporations and associations within the United States, except interest on the public debt and in redemption of the national currency. All national banks are required by law to receive the notes of other national banks at par.

The minor coins of nickel and copper are legal tender to the extent of 25 cents.

The coinage of the legal tender gold was authorized by the first coinage act, passed by congress April 2, 1792. The gold unit of value is the dollar, which contains 25.8 grains of standard gold, 900 fine. The amount of fine gold in the dollar is 23.22 grains, and the remainder of the weight is an alloy of copper.

The silver unit is the dollar, which contains 412½ grains of standard silver 900 fine. The amount of fine silver in the dollar is 37¼ grains, and there are 41¼ grains of copper alloy.

THE UNITED STATES GOVERNMENT.

EXECUTIVE DEPARTMENT

THE EXECUTIVE.

President.....Woodrow Wilson, of Virginia
 Vice President.....Thomas R. Marshall, of Indiana
 Secretary to the President.....Joseph P. Tumulty, of New Jersey

THE CABINET.

Secretary of State.....
 Secretary of the Treasury.....Lin
 Secretary of War.....Jan
 Attorney General.....D
 Postmaster General.....
 Secretary of the Navy.....
 Secretary of the Interior.....
 Secretary of Agriculture.....
 Secretary of Commerce.....
 Secretary of Labor.....William
 (The salary of the president is \$50,000 a year, and each of the members of the cabinet receives \$6,000 a year.)

DEPARTMENT OF STATE

Secretary of State.....William Jennings Bryan
 Assistant Secretary.....John E. Osborne
 Second Assistant Secretary.....Alvey A. Adee
 Third Assistant Secretary.....Dudley F. Malone
 Assistant Solicitors—Frederick Van Dyne, Preston D. Richards and Edward Henry Hart.
 Chief Clerk—Wm. McNeir.
 Disbursing Clerk—Thomas Morrison.
 Chiefs of Bureau—
 Appointments—Miles M. Shand.
 Citizenship—Richard W. Flournoy, Jr.
 Consular—Herbert C. Hengstler.
 Diplomatic—Sydney Y. Smith.
 Indexes and Archives—John R. Buck.
 Rolls and Library—John A. Tonner.
 Translators—John S. Martin, Jr., Wilfred Stevens.
 Private Secretary to the Secretary of State—Manton M. Wyvell.
 Law Clerk—Henry L. Bryan.

TREASURY DEPARTMENT

Secretary of the Treasury.....Wm. Gibbs McAdoo
 Assistant Secretary.....John F. Curtis
 Assistant Secretary.....John Skelton Williams
 Assistant Secretary.....Sherman Allen
 Chief Clerk—James L. Wilmeth.
 Private Secretary to the Secretary of the Treasury—Byron R. Newton.
 Chiefs of Divisions—
 Appointments—
 Bookkeeping and Warrants—Charles H. Miller.
 Customs—F. M. Halstead.
 Loans and Currency—A. T. Huntington.
 Mails and Files—S. M. Gaines.

Printing and Stationery—F. F. Weston.
 Public Moneys—E. B. Daskam.
 Disbursing Clerk—Sydney R. Jacobs.
 Supervising Architect—Oscar Wendroth.
 Director of Bureau of Engraving and Printing—Joseph E. Ralph.
 Chief of Secret Service Division—William J. Flynn.
 General Superintendent of Life Saving Service—S. I. Kimball.
 Comptroller of the Treasury—Robert J. Tracewell.
 Register of the Treasury—J. C. Napier.
 Auditor of the Treasury Department—W. E. Andrews.
 Auditor for the War Department—Elton A. Gongwer.
 Auditor for the Interior Department—Howard C. Shober.
 Auditor for the Navy Department—Ralph W. Tyler.
 Auditor for State and other departments—Frank H. Davis.
 Auditor for the Post Office Department—Charles A. Kram.
 Treasurer of the United States—John Burke.
 Superintendent National Bank Redemption Agency—Edwin W. Wilson.
 Comptroller of the Currency—Lawrence O. Murray.
 Deputy Comptrollers of Currency—Thomas P. Kane, Willis Fowler.
 Commissioner of Internal Revenue—Royal E. Cabell.
 Deputy Commissioners of Internal Revenue—Robert Williams, Jr., Geo. E. Fletcher.
 Director of the Mint—George E. Roberts.
 Surgeon General, Bureau of Public Health and Marine Hospital Service.—Rupert Blue.
 Chief of Revenue Cutter Service—Captain Commandant Ellsworth P. Bertholf.
 Collector of the Port Custom House—Whitefield McKinley.

WAR DEPARTMENT

Secretary of War.....Lindley Miller Garrison
 Assistant Secretary.....Robert Shaw Oliver
 Assistant and Chief Clerk.....John C. Scofield
 Private Secretary to Secretary of War—Walter R. Pedigo.
 Clerk to Assistant Secretary—Robert E. Parker.
 Clerk to the Assistant and Chief Clerk—John B. Randolph.
 Disbursing Clerk—Sydney E. Smith.
 Appointment Clerk—William D. Searle.
 Chiefs of Divisions—
 Correspondence—John T. Dillon.
 Record—Frank M. Hoadley.
 Requisition and Accounts—George R. Taylor.
 Supply—Martin R. Thorp.
 Adjutant General—Brig. Gen. George Andrews.
 Inspector General—Brig. Gen. E. A. Garlington.
 Judge Advocate General—Brig. Gen. Enoch H. Crowder.
 Quartermaster General—Maj. Gen. James B. Aleshire.
 Commissary General—Brig. Gen. Henry G. Sharpe.
 Surgeon General—Brig. Gen. George H. Torney.
 Chief of Engineers—Brig. Gen. W. H. Bixby.
 Chief of Ordnance—Brig. Gen. William Crozier.
 Chief Signal Officer—Brig. Gen. George P. Scriven.
 Chief Bureau of Insular Affairs—Brig. Gen. Frank McIntyre.

DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE

Attorney General.....James Clark McReynolds
 Solicitor General.....
 Assistant Attorneys General—William R. Harr, Winfred T. Denison.
 Ernest Knaebel, Jesse C. Adkins.
 Assistant Attorney General, Interior Department—Charles W. Cobb.
 Assistant Attorney General, Post Office Department—Russell P. Goodwin.
 Solicitor of the Treasury—William T. Thompson.
 Solicitor of Internal Revenue—Fletcher Maddox.
 Solicitor of Department Commerce and Labor—Edward T. Quigley.

POST OFFICE DEPARTMENT

Postmaster General.....Albert Sidney Burleson
 First Assistant.....Daniel C. Roper
 Second Assistant.....Joseph Stewart
 Third Assistant.....Alexander M. Dockery
 Fourth Assistant.....James I. Blakslee
 Chief Clerk—Merritt O. Chance.
 Chief Post Office Inspector—Carter B. Keene.
 Superintendent of Railway Mail Service—Theodore Ingalls.
 Superintendent of Rural Delivery—George L. Wood.
 Superintendent of Dead Letter Office—James R. Young.
 Superintendent of Money Order System—Edward F. Kimball.

NAVY DEPARTMENT

Secretary of the Navy.....Josephus Daniels
 Assistant Secretary.....Franklin D. Roosevelt
 Chief Clerk.....F. S. Curtis

BUREAU CHIEFS AND DEPARTMENT OFFICERS.

Navigation—Rear Admiral Victor Blue.
 Ordnance—Rear Admiral N. C. Twining.
 Medicine and Surgery—Surg. Gen. C. F. Stokes.
 Supplies and Accounts—Paymaster Gen. T. J. Cowle.
 Steam Engineering—Rear Admiral Hutch I. Cone.
 Construction and Repair—Chief Constructor Richard Morgan Watt.
 Yards and Docks—Civil Engineer H. R. Stanford.
 Judge Advocate General—Capt. Robert L. Russell.

DEPARTMENT OF INTERIOR

Secretary of the Interior.....Franklin Knight Lane
 First Assistant Secretary.....
 Assistant Secretary.....Lewis C. Laylin
 Chief Clerk.....Clement S. Ucker
 Commissioner of General Land Office—Fred Dennett.
 Assistant Commissioner—Samuel V. Proudfit.
 Chief Law Clerk Land Department—James W. Witten.
 Chief of Field, Land Department—John D. Yelverton.
 Commissioner of Pensions—James L. Davenport.
 First Deputy Commissioner—Leander Stillwell.
 Commissioner of Patents—Edward B. Moore.
 Commissioner of Education—Phllander P. Claxton.
 Commissioner of Indian Affairs—
 Director of Geological Survey—George Otis Smith.
 Director of Reclamation Service—Frederick H. Newell.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE

Secretary of Agriculture.....David Franklin Houston
 Assistant Secretary.....Beverly T. Galloway
 Chief Clerk—C. C. Clark.
 Solicitor—
 Chief of Weather Bureau—
 Chief of Bureau of Animal Industry—A. D. Melvin.
 Chief of Bureau of Plant Industry—William A. Taylor.
 Chief of Bureau of Forestry—Henry S. Graves.
 Chief of Bureau of Chemistry—Carl L. Alsberg.
 Chief of Bureau of Soils—Milton Whitney.
 Chief of Bureau of Entomology—L. O. Howard.
 Chief of Bureau of Biological Survey—H. W. Henshaw.
 Director of Office of Experiment Stations—A. C. True.
 Chief of Division of Publications—Joseph A. Arnold.
 Director of Office of Public Roads—Logan W. Page.
 Chief of Bureau of Statistics—Victor H. Olmsted.

DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE AND LABOR

Secretary of Commerce and Labor.....Wm. Cox Redfield
 Assistant Secretary.....Edwin F. Sweet
 Chief Clerk—Geo. C. Havenner.
 Commissioner of Corporations—Luther Conant, Jr.
 Commissioner of Labor—Charles P. Neill.
 Commissioner General of Immigration—Daniel J. Keefe.
 Superintendent Coast and Geodetic Survey—Otto H. Tittman.
 Chief Division of Naturalization—Richard K. Campbell.
 Chief of Bureau of Information—T. V. Powderly.
 Supervising Inspector General of Steam Vessels—George Uhler.
 Director of the Bureau of Standards—S. W. Stratton.
 Commissioner of Navigation—Eugene Tyler Chamberlain.
 Director of the Census—E. D. Durand.
 Commissioner of Fish and Fisheries—Geo. M. Bowers.

INDEPENDENT COMMISSIONS AND OFFICERS

INTERSTATE COMMERCE COMMISSION.

Commissioners—Judson C. Clements, of Georgia; Charles A. Prouty, of Vermont; James S. Harlan, of Illinois; Charles C. McChord, Kentucky; Balthasar H. Meyer, Wisconsin; John H. Marble, California.

CIVIL SERVICE COMMISSION.

Commissioners—John C. Black, president; John A. McIlhenny, William S. Washburn.
 Chief Examiner—George R. Wales.
 Secretary—John T. Doyle.

GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.

Public Printer—Samuel B. Donnelly.
 Deputy Public Printer—Henry T. Brian.

LIBRARY OF CONGRESS.

Librarian—Herbert Putnam.
 Chief Assistant—Appleton P. C. Griffin.

ISTHMIAN CANAL COMMISSION.

General Purchasing Officer and Chief of Office—Maj. F. C. Boggs, Corps of Engineers, U. S.
 Commissioners on the Isthmus—Col. Geo. W. Goethals, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., Chairman and Chief Engineer, Culebra; Col. H. F. Hodges, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., Assistant Chief Engineer; Culebra; Lieut. Col. D. D. Gallard, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., Division Engineer of Central Division, Empire; Lieut. Col. Wm. L. Sibert, Corps of Engineers, U. S. A., Division Engineer of Atlantic Division; Gatun; Civil Engineer H. H. Rousseau, U. S. N., Assistant to the Chief Engineer, Culebra; Maurice H. Thatcher, Head of Department of Civil Administration, Ancon; Col. Wm. C. Gorgas, Medical Department, U. S. A., Head of the Department of Sanitation, Ancon.
 Secretary—Joseph Bucklin Bishop, Ancon.
 Chief Quartermaster—Maj. C. A. Deval, U. S. A., Culebra.
 Disbursing Officer—Edward J. Williams, Empire.
 Examiner of Accounts—H. A. A. Smith, Empire.

COMMISSION TO THE PHILIPPINE ISLANDS.

President and Governor General of the Islands—W. Cameron Forbes.
 Vice Governor—Newton W. Gilbert.
 Executive Secretary—Frank W. Carpenter.]

PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES

	Name and Birthplace	Year	Inaug'd		Politics	Died	Age
			Year	Age			
1		1732	1789	57	F	1799	67
2		1735	1797	62	F	1826	90
3		1743	1801	58	R	1826	83
4		1751	1809	58	R	1836	85
5		1758	1817	59	R	1831	73
6		1767	1825	58	R	1848	80
7		1787	1829	62	D	1845	78
8		1782	1837	55	D	1862	79
9		1773	1841	68	W	1841	68
10		1790	1841	51	D	1862	72
11		1795	1845	50	D	1849	53
12		1784	1849	65	W	1850	66
13		1800	1850	50	W	1874	74
14		1804	1853	49	D	1869	64
15		1809	1861	52	R	1865	56
16		1808	1865	57	R	1875	66
17		1822	1869	47	Repub	1885	63
18		1822	1877	54	Repub	1893	70
19		1831	1881	49	Repub	1881	49
20		1830	1881	51	Repub	1886	56
21	Chester A. Arthur, Vermont...	1830	1881	51	Repub	1886	56
22	Jas. Buchanan, Pennsylvania...	1791	1857	66	Dem	1868	77
23	Grover Cleveland, New Jersey...	1837	1885	48	Dem	1908	71
24	Benjamin Harrison, Ohio.....	1833	1889	55	Repub	1901	68
25	Grover Cleveland, New Jersey..	1837	1893	56	Dem	1908	71
26	**William McKinley, Ohio...	1843	1897	54	Repub	1901	58
27	Theodore Roosevelt, N York...	1858	1901	43	Repub	....	..
	Wm H. Taft, Ohio.....	1857	1909	52	Repub	....	..

*Died in office, April 4, 1841, when Vice President Tyler succeeded him.

†Died in office, July 9, 1850, when Vice President Fillmore succeeded him.

‡Assassinated, April 14, 1865, when Vice President Johnson succeeded him.

§Assassinated and died September 20, 1881, when Vice President Arthur succeeded him.

¶The democratic party of today claims lineal descent from the first republican party and President Jefferson as its founder.

‡Political parties were disorganized at the time of the election of John Quincy Adams. He claimed to be a republican, but his doctrines were decidedly Federalistic. The opposition to his administration took the name of democrats and elected Jackson president.

**Assassinated and died September 14, 1901, when Vice President Roosevelt succeeded him.

VICE PRESIDENTS OF THE UNITED STATES

	Name and Birthplace	Born	Inaug	Politics	Died	Age
1	John Adams, Massachusetts.....	1735	1789	Federal	1826	90
2	Thomas Jefferson, Virginia.....	1743	1797	R	1826	83
3	Aaron Burr, New Jersey.....	1756	1801	R	1836	80
4	*George Clinton, New York.....	1739	1805	R	1812	73
5	*Elbridge Gerry, Massachusetts.....	1744	1813	R	1814	70
6	Daniel D. Tompkins, New York.....	1774	1817	R	1825	51
7	†John C. Calhoun, South Carolina...	1782	1825	R	1850	68
8	Martin Van Buren, New York.....	1782	1833	D	1862	79
9	Richard M. Johnson, Kentucky.....	1780	1837	D	1850	70
10	†John Tyler, Virginia.....	1790	1841	D	1862	72
11	Geo. M. Dallas, Pennsylvania.....	1792	1845	D	1864	73
12	Millard Fillmore, New York.....	1800	1849	W	1874	74
13	*Wm. R. King, North Carolina.....	1786	1853	Dem	1863	67
14	John C. Breckenridge, Kentucky....	1821	1857	Dem	1875	54
15	Hannibal Hamlin, Maine.....	1809	1861	Repub	1891	81
16	Andrew Johnson, North Carolina...	1808	1865	Repub	1875	66
17	Schuyler Colfax, New York.....	1823	1869	Repub	1885	62
18	*Henry Wilson, New Hampshire....	1812	1873	Repub	1875	63
19	Wm. A. Wheeler, New York.....	1819	1877	Repub	1887	68
20	**Chester A. Arthur, Vermont.....	1830	1881	Repub	1886	56
21	*Thomas A. Hendricks, Ohio.....	1819	1885	Dem	1885	66
22	Levi P. Morton, Vermont.....	1824	1889	Repub	....	..
23	Adlai E. Stevenson, Kentucky.....	1835	1893	Dem	....	..
24	Garret A. Hobart, New Jersey.....	1844	1897	Repub	1899	55
25	***Theodore Roosevelt, New York .	1858	1901	Repub	....	..
26	Charles W. Fairbanks, Ohio.....	1852	1905	Repub	....	..
27	James S. Sherman, New York.....	1855	1909	Repub	....	..

*Died in office.

†Resigned December 28, 1832.

‡Became president by death of Harrison.

§Ex-officio as president pro tem of the senate.

||Became president by death of Taylor.

||Became president by death of Lincoln.

**Became president by death of Garfield.

***Became president by death of McKinley.

THE JUDICIARY

SUPREME COURT OF THE UNITED STATES.

	Born	Appointed
Chief Justice of the United States—Edward Douglass White, of Illinois	1845	1910
Associate Justice—Oliver Wendell Holmes, Massachusetts..	1841	1902
Associate Justice—William R. Day, Ohio	1849	1903
Associate Justice—Joseph McKenna, California.....	1843	1898
Associate Justice—Horace Harmon Lurton.....	1854	1910
Associate Justice—Charles Evans Hughes.....	1862	1910
Associate Justice—Willis Van Devanter.....	1859	1910
Associate Justice—Joseph Rucker La Mar.....	1857	1911
Reporter—Charles Henry Butler.		
Clerk—J. H. McKenney, D. C.		
Marshal—John M. Wright, Kentucky.		

The salary of the chief justice of the United States is \$13,000; associate justices, \$12,500 each; of the reporter, \$4,500; marshal, \$3,500; clerk of the supreme court, \$6,000.

CIRCUIT COURTS OF THE UNITED STATES

1. (Vacancy.)
William L. Putnam, Maine.
(Vacancy.)
2. Henry G. Ward, New York.
E. Henry Lacombe, New York.
Walter C. Noyes, Connecticut.
Alfred C. Coxe, New York.
3. Jos. Buffington, Pennsylvania.
Wm. N. Lanning, New Jersey.
George Gray, Delaware.
4. (Vacancy.)
Peter C. Pritchard, North Carolina.
5. Don A. Pardee, Georgia.
Andrew P. McCormick, Texas.
David D. Shelby, Louisiana.
6. Arthur C. Denison, Michigan.
John W. Warrington, Ohio.
Loyal E. Knappen, Michigan.
7. W. H. Seaman, Wisconsin.
(Vacancy.)
C. C. Kohlsaat, Illinois.
(Vacancy.)
Francis E. Baker, Indiana.
8. Walter I. Smith, Iowa.
Walter H. Sanborn, Minnesota.
Elmer B. Adams, Missouri.
William C. Hook, Kansas.
9. William W. Morrow, California.
William B. Gilbert, Oregon.
Erskine M. Ross, California.

Salaries, \$7,000 each. The judges of each circuit and the justice of the supreme court for the circuit constitute a circuit court of appeals. The first circuit consists of Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, Rhode Island. Second—Connecticut, New York, Vermont. Third—Delaware, New Jersey, Pennsylvania. Fourth—Maryland, North Carolina, South Carolina, Virginia, West Virginia. Fifth—Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Louisiana, Mississippi, Texas. Sixth—Kentucky, Michigan, Ohio, Tennessee. Seventh—Illinois, Indiana, Wisconsin. Eighth—Arkansas, Colorado, Oklahoma, Iowa, Kansas, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, New Mexico, North Dakota, South Dakota, Utah, Wyoming. Ninth—Alaska, Arizona, California, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Washington and Hawaii.

UNITED STATES COURT OF CLAIMS

Acting Chief Justice—Charles Bowen Howry, Mississippi, salary, \$6,500. Associate Judges—F. W. Booth, Illinois; G. W. Atkinson, West Virginia; Samuel S. Barney, Wisconsin. Salaries, \$6,000 each. Chief Clerk—Archibald Hopkins, Massachusetts, salary, \$3,000.

UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGES

(Annual Salary, \$6,000.)

Alabama—(M. D.) T. G. Jones, Montgomery; (S. D.) H. T. Toulmin, Mobile; (N. D.) Wm. F. Grubb, Birmingham.

Alaska—Thos. R. Lyons, Juneau; Cornelious D. Murane, Nome; Edward E. Cushman, Valdez; Peter D. Overfield, Fairbanks.

Arizona—Richard E. Sloan, Phoenix.

Arkansas—(E. D.) Jacob Trieber, Little Rock; (W. D.) Frank A. Youmans, Fort Smith.

California—(N. D.) J. J. DeHaven and W. C. Van Fleet, San Francisco; (S. D.) O. Wellborn, Los Angeles.

Colorado—R. E. Lewis, Denver.

Connecticut—Jas. P. Platt, Hartford.

Delaware—E. G. Bradford, Wilmington.

Florida—Wm. B. Sheppard, Pensacola; (S. D.) John M. Cherrey, Jacksonville.

Georgia—(N. D.) W. T. Newman, Atlanta; (S. D.) Emory Speer, Macon.

Hawaii—Henry E. Cooper, Honolulu.

Idaho—Frank S. Dietrich, Boise City.

Illinois—(N. D.) Geo. A. Carpenter, K. M. Landis, Chicago; (S. D.) J. O. Humphrey, Springfield; (E. D.) F. M. Wright, Urbana.

Indian Territory—(N. D.) J. A. Gill, Vinita; L. F. Parker, Vinita; (C. D.) W. H. H. Clayton, McAllister; T. C. Humphrey, McAllister; (S. D.) H. Townsend, Ardmore; J. T. Dickerson, Chickasha; (W. D.) C. W. Raymond, Muskogee; L. Sulsbacher, Muskogee.

Indiana—A. B. Anderson, Indianapolis.

Iowa—(N. D.) H. T. Reed, Cresco; (S. D.) Smith McPherson, Red Oak.

Kansas—John C. Pollock, Topeka.

Kentucky—(E. D.) A. M. J. Cochran, Maysville; (W. D.) W. Evans, Louisville.

Louisiana—(E. D.) R. E. Foster, New Orleans; (W. D.) A. Boarman, Shreveport.

Maine—Clarence Hall, Portland.

Maryland—John C. Rose, Baltimore.

Massachusetts—James M. Morton, Jr., Boston.

Michigan—(E. D.) A. J. Tuttle, Detroit; (W. D.) Clarence W. Sessions, Grand Rapids.

Minnesota—Charles A. Willard, Minneapolis; Page Morris, Duluth.

Mississippi—(N. and S. D.) Henry C. Niles, Kosciusko.

Missouri—(E. D.) D. P. Dyer, St. Louis; (W. D.) A. S. Van Valkenberg, Kansas City.

Montana—George M. Bourquin, Helena.

Nebraska—William H. Munger, Omaha; Thomas C. Munger, Lincoln.

Nevada—E. S. Farrington, Carson City.

New Hampshire—E. Aldrich, Littleton.

New Jersey—John Rellstab, Trenton; Jos. Cross, Elizabeth.

New Mexico—Wm. H. Pope, Santa Fe.

New York—(N. D.) George W. Ray, Norwich; (E. D.) T. I. Chatfield, Brooklyn; (W. D.) John R. Hazel, Buffalo; G. C. Holt, New York; C. M. Hough, New York City.

North Carolina—(E. D.) E. G. Connor, Wilson; (W. D.) J. E. Boyd, Greensboro.

North Dakota—C. R. Amidon, Fargo.

Ohio—(N. D.) John M. Killets, Toledo; W. L. Day, Cleveland; (S. D.) H. C. Hollister, Cincinnati; J. E. Slater, Cincinnati.

Oklahoma—(E. D.) Ralph E. Campbell, Muskogee; (W. D.) J. H. Cotterall, Guthrie.

Oregon—C. E. Wolverton, Portland.

Pennsylvania—(E. D.) J. W. Thompson, Philadelphia; J. B. Holland, Philadelphia; (M. D.) C. B. Wittmer, Sanbury; (W. D.) J. S. Young, Pittsburg.

Porto Rico

Rhode Island—A. L. Brown, Providence.

South Carolina—H. A. M. Smith, Charleston.

South Dakota—J. D. Elliott, Sioux Falls.
Tennessee—(E. and M. D.) E. T. Sanford, Knoxville; (W. D.) E. T. Sanford, Knoxville.
Texas—(N. D.) E. R. Meek, Dallas, (S. D.) W. T. Burns, Houston; (E. D.) Gordon Russell, Sherman; (W. D.) T. S. Maxey, Austin.
Utah—John A. Marshall, Salt Lake City.
Vermont—J. L. Martin, Brattleboro.
Virginia—(E. D.) E. Waddill, Jr., Richmond; (W. D.) H. C. McDowell, Lynchburg.
Washington—(W. D.) C. W. Howard, Seattle; (E. D.) F. H. Radkin, Spokane.
West Virginia—(N. D.) A. G. Dayton, Philippi; (S. D.) B. F. Keller, Charleston.
Wisconsin—(E. D.) F. A. Geiger, Milwaukee; (W. D.) A. L. Sanborn, Madison.
Wyoming—John A. Riner, Cheyenne.

JUSTICES OF THE SUPREME COURT—Continued.
(*Chief Justices.)

Name	Services		Born	Died
	Term	Yrs.		
*John Jay, N. Y.....	1789-1795	6	1745	1829
John Rutledge, S. C.....	1789-1791	2	1739	1800
William Cushing, Massachusetts.....	1789-1810	21	1733	1810
James Wilson, Pennsylvania.....	1780-1798	9	1742	1798
John Blair, Virginia.....	1789-1796	7	1732	1800
Robert H. Harrison, Maryland.....	1789-1790	1	1745	1790
James Iredell, North Carolina.....	1790-1799	9	1751	1799
Thomas Johnson, Maryland.....	1791-1793	2	1732	1819
William Paterson, New Jersey.....	1793-1806	13	1745	1806
*John Rutledge, South Carolina.....	1795-1795	..	1739	1800
Samuel Chase, Maryland.....	1796-1811	15	1741	1811
Oliver Ellsworth, Connecticut.....	1796-1800	5	1745	1807
Bushrod Washington, Virginia.....	1798-1829	31	1762	1829
Alfred Moore, North Carolina.....	1799-1804	5	1755	1810
*John Marshall, Virginia.....	1801-1835	34	1755	1835
William Johnson, South Carolina.....	1804-1834	30	1771	1834
Brock Livingstone, N. Y.....	1806-1823	17	1757	1823
Thomas Todd, Kentucky.....	1807-1826	19	1765	1826
Joseph Story, Massachusetts.....	1811-1845	34	1779	1845
Gabriel Duval, Maryland.....	1811-1836	25	1752	1844
Smith Thompson, New York.....	1823-1843	20	1767	1843
Robert Trimble, Kentucky.....	1826-1828	2	1777	1828
John McLean, Ohio.....	1829-1861	32	1785	1861
Henry Baldwin, Pennsylvania.....	1830-1844	16	1779	1844
James M. Wayne, Georgia.....	1835-1864	32	1790	1867
*Roger B. Taney, Maryland.....	1836-1864	28	1777	1864
Philip P. Barbour, Virginia.....	1836-1841	5	1783	1841
John Catron, Tennessee.....	1837-1865	28	1786	1865
John McKinley, Alabama.....	1837-1852	15	1780	1852
Peter V. Daniels, Virginia.....	1841-1860	19	1785	1860
Samuel Nelson, New York.....	1845-1872	27	1792	1873
Levi Woodbury, New Hampshire.....	1845-1851	6	1789	1851
Robert C. Grier, Pennsylvania.....	1846-1870	23	1794	1870
Benjamin R. Curtis, Massachusetts.....	1851-1857	6	1809	1874
John A. Campbell, Alabama.....	1853-1861	8	1811	1889
Nathan Clifford, Maine.....	1858-1881	23	1803	1881
Noah H. Swayne, Ohio.....	1861-1881	20	1804	1884
Samuel F. Miller, Iowa.....	1862-1890	28	1816	1890
David Davis, Illinois.....	1862-1877	15	1815	1885
Stephen J. Field, California.....	1863-1897	34	1816	1899
*Salmon P. Chase, Ohio.....	1864-1897	34	1816	1899
William Strong, Pennsylvania.....	1870-1880	10	1808	1895
Joseph P. Bradley, New Jersey.....	1870-1892	22	1813	1892
Ward Hunt, New York.....	1872-1882	10	1811	1886
*Morrison R. Waite, Ohio.....	1874-1888	14	1816	1888
John M. Harlan, Kentucky.....	1877-1911	34	1833	1911
William B. Woods, Georgia.....	1880-1887	7	1824	1887
Stanley Matthews, Ohio.....	1881-1889	8	1824	1889
Horace Gray, Massachusetts.....	1881-1902	21	1828	1902
Samuel Blatchford, New York.....	1882-1893	11	1820	1893
Lucius Q. C. Lamar, Mississippi.....	1888-1893	5	1825	1893
*Melville W. Fuller, Illinois.....	1888-1910	22	1833	1910
David J. Brewer, Kansas.....	1889-1910	21	1837	1910
Henry B. Brown, Michigan.....	1890-1906	6	1836	•
George Shiras, Jr., Pennsylvania.....	1892-1903	5	1832	•
Howell E. Jackson, Tennessee.....	1893-1895	2	1832	1895
Edward D. White, Louisiana.....	1894-....	..	1845	....
Rufus W. Peckham, New York.....	1895-....	..	1838	....
Joseph McKenna, California.....	1898-....	..	1843	....
Oliver Wendell Holmes, Massachusetts.....	1902-....	..	1841	....
W. R. Day, Ohio.....	1903-....	..	1849	....
W. H. Moody, Massachusetts.....	1906-1910	..	1853	....
Horace Harmon Lurton.....	1910-....	..	1844	....
Charles Evans Hughes.....	1910-....	..	1866	....
Willis Van Devanter.....	1910-....	..	1859	....
Joseph Rucker La Mar.....	1911-....	..	1867	....
Mahlon Pitney.....	1912-....	..	1858	....

*Retired.

UNITED STATES CABINET OFFICERS.

(State and date of appointment.)

SECRETARIES OF STATE.

Thomas Jefferson, Virginia.....	1789
Edmund Randolph, Virginia.....	1794
Timothy Pickering, Massachusetts.....	1795
Timothy Pickering, Massachusetts.....	1797
John Marshall, Virginia.....	1800
James Madison, Virginia.....	1801
Robert Smith, Maryland.....	1809
James Monroe, Virginia.....	1811
John Quincy Adams, Massachusetts.....	1817
Henry Clay, Kentucky.....	1825
Martin Van Buren, New York.....	1829
Edward Livingston, Louisiana.....	1831
Louis McLane, Delaware.....	1833
John Forsyth, Georgia.....	1834
John Forsyth, Georgia.....	1837
Daniel Webster, Massachusetts.....	1841
Daniel Webster, Massachusetts.....	1841
Hugh S. Legare, South Carolina.....	1843
Abel P. Upshur, Virginia.....	1843
John C. Calhoun, South Carolina.....	1844
James Buchanan, Pennsylvania.....	1845
John M. Clayton, Delaware.....	1849
Daniel Webster, Massachusetts.....	1850
Edward Everett, Massachusetts.....	1852
William L. Marcy, New York.....	1853
Lewis Cass, Michigan.....	1857
Jeremiah S. Black, Pennsylvania.....	1861
William H. Seward, New York.....	1861
William H. Seward, New York.....	1865
Elihu B. Washburn, Illinois.....	1869
Hamilton Fish, New York.....	1869
William M. Evarts, New York.....	1877
James G. Blaine, Maine.....	1881
F. T. Frelinghuysen, New Jersey.....	1881
Thomas F. Bayard, Delaware.....	1885
James G. Blaine, Maine.....	1889
John W. Foster, Indiana.....	1892
Walter Q. Gresham, Illinois.....	1893
Richard Olney, Massachusetts.....	1895
John Sherman, Ohio.....	1897
William R. Day, Ohio.....	1897
John Hay, Indiana.....	1898
John Hay, Indiana.....	1901
John Hay, Indiana.....	1905
Elihu Root, New York.....	1905
Philander Knox, Pennsylvania.....	1909
William Jennings Bryan, Nebraska.....	1913

SECRETARIES OF THE NAVY.

George Cabot, Massachusetts.....	1798
Benjamin Stoddert, Maryland.....	1798
Benjamin Stoddert, Maryland.....	1801
Robert Smith, Maryland.....	1801
Jacob Crowninshield, Massachusetts.....	1805
Paul Hamilton, South Carolina.....	1809
William Jones, Pennsylvania.....	1813
B. H. Crowninshield, Massachusetts.....	1814
B. W. Crowninshield, Massachusetts.....	1817
Smith Thompson, New York.....	1818

SECRETARIES OF THE NAVY—Continued

Samuel L. Southard, New Jersey.....	1822
Samuel L. Southard, New Jersey.....	1825
John Branch, North Carolina.....	1825
Paul Windbury, New Hampshire.....	1827
Manum Dickerson, New Jersey.....	1824
Manum Dickerson, New Jersey.....	1827
James K. Paulding, New York.....	1831
George K. Badger, North Carolina.....	1841
George K. Badger, North Carolina.....	1841
Amos F. Spaulding, Virginia.....	1841
Isaac Henshaw, Massachusetts.....	1843
Frederick W. Gilmer, Virginia.....	1844
John Y. Mason, Virginia.....	1844
George Henshaw, Massachusetts.....	1845
John Y. Mason, Virginia.....	1846
William B. Preston, Virginia.....	1849
William A. Graham, North Carolina.....	1850
John P. Kennedy, Maryland.....	1852
James C. Ishbell, North Carolina.....	1853
James Tenney, Connecticut.....	1857
Edwin Wells, Connecticut.....	1861
Edwin Wells, Connecticut.....	1865
Adolph B. Horla, Pennsylvania.....	1869
George M. Robinson, New Jersey.....	1869
Richard W. Thompson, Indiana.....	1877
Nathan Goff, Jr., West Virginia.....	1881
William H. Hunt, Louisiana.....	1881
William B. Chandler, New Hampshire.....	1882
William C. Whitney, New York.....	1885
Benjamin F. Tracy, New York.....	1889
Henry A. Herbert, Alabama.....	1893
John D. Long, Massachusetts.....	1897
William H. Moody, Massachusetts.....	1902
Paul Morton, Illinois.....	1904
Paul Morton, Illinois.....	1905
Chas. J. Bonaparte, Maryland.....	1905
Victor H. Metcalf, California.....	1907
G. Von L. Meyer, Massachusetts.....	1909
Josephus Daniels, North Carolina.....	1913

*POSTMASTERS GENERAL.

Samuel Osgood, Massachusetts.....	1789
Timothy Pickering, Massachusetts.....	1791
Joseph Habersham, Georgia.....	1795
Joseph Habersham, Georgia.....	1797
Joseph Habersham, Georgia.....	1801
Gideon Granger, Connecticut.....	1801
Gideon Granger, Connecticut.....	1809
Return J. Meigs, Jr.....	1814
Return J. Meigs, Jr.....	1817
John McLean, Ohio.....	1823
John McLean, Ohio.....	1825
William T. Barry, Kentucky.....	1829
Amos Kendall, Kentucky.....	1835
Amos Kendall, Kentucky.....	1837
John M. Niles, Connecticut.....	1840
Francis Granger, New York.....	1841
Francis Granger, New York.....	1841
Charles A. Wickliffe, Kentucky.....	1841
Cave Johnson, Tennessee.....	1845
Jacob Collamer, Vermont.....	1849
Nathan K. Hall, New York.....	1850
Samuel D. Hubbard, Connecticut.....	1852
James Campbell, Pennsylvania.....	1853
Aaron V. Brown, Tennessee.....	1857
Joseph Holt, Kentucky.....	1859

POSTMASTERS GENERAL—Continued.

Horatio King, Maine.....	1861
Montgomery Blair, Maryland.....	1861
William Dennison, Ohio.....	1864
William Dennison, Ohio.....	1865
Alex. W. Randall, Wisconsin.....	1866
John A. J. Cresswell, Maryland.....	1869
James W. Marshall, Virginia.....	1874
Marshall Jewell, Connecticut.....	1874
James N. Tyner, Indiana.....	1876
David McK. Key, Tennessee.....	1877
Horace Maynard, Tennessee.....	1880
Thomas L. James, New York.....	1881
Timothy O. Howe, Wisconsin.....	1881
Walter Q. Gresham, Indiana.....	1883
Frank Hatton, Iowa.....	1884
William F. Vilas, Wisconsin.....	1885
Don M. Dickinson, Michigan.....	1888
John Wanamaker, Pennsylvania.....	1889
Wilson S. Bissel, New York.....	1893
Williams L. Wilson, West Virginia.....	1895
James A. Gary, Maryland.....	1897
Chas. Emory Smith, Pennsylvania.....	1898
Henry C. Payne, Wisconsin.....	1902
Robert J. Wynne, Pennsylvania.....	1904
George B. Cortelyou, New York.....	1905
Geo. L. Von Meyer, Massachusetts.....	1907
Frank H. Hitchcock, Massachusetts.....	1909
Albert Sidney Burleson, Texas.....	1913

SECRETARIES OF THE TREASURY.

Alexander Hamilton, New York.....	1789
Oliver Wolcott, Connecticut.....	1795
Oliver Wolcott, Connecticut.....	1797
Samuel Dexter, Massachusetts.....	1801
Samuel Dexter, Massachusetts.....	1801
Albert Gallatin, Pennsylvania.....	1801
Albert Gallatin, Pennsylvania.....	1805
Albert Gallatin, Pennsylvania.....	1809
George W. Campbell, Tennessee.....	1814
Alexander J. Dallas, Pennsylvania.....	1814
William H. Crawford, Georgia.....	1816
William H. Crawford, Georgia.....	1817
Richard Rush, Pennsylvania.....	1825
Samuel D. Ingham, Pennsylvania.....	1829
Louis McLane, Delaware.....	1831
William J. Duane, Pennsylvania.....	1833
Roger B. Taney, Maryland.....	1837
Levi Woodbury, New Hampshire.....	1834
Levi Woodbury, New Hampshire.....	1837
Thomas Ewing, Ohio.....	1841
Thomas Ewing, Ohio.....	1841
Walter Forward, Pennsylvania.....	1841
John C. Spencer, New York.....	1843
George M. Bibb, Kentucky.....	1844
Robert J. Walker, Mississippi.....	1845
William M. Meredith, Pennsylvania.....	1849
Thomas Corwin, Ohio.....	1850
James Guthrie, Kentucky.....	1853
Howell Cobb, Georgia.....	1857
Philip F. Thomas, Maryland.....	1860
John A. Dix, New York.....	1861
Salmon P. Chase, Ohio.....	1861
William P. Fessenden, Maine.....	1864
Hugh McCulloch, Indiana.....	1865

*The postmaster general was not considered a cabinet officer until 1829.

SECRETARIES OF THE TREASURY—Continued

Hugh McCulloch, Indiana.....	1865
George S. Boutwell, Massachusetts.....	1860
William A. Richardson, Massachusetts.....	1873
Benjamin H. Bristow, Kentucky.....	1874
Lot M. Morrill, Maine.....	1876
John Sherman, Ohio.....	1877
William Windom, Minnesota.....	1881
Charles J. Folger, New York.....	1881
Walter Q. Gresham, Indiana.....	1884
Hugh McCulloch, Indiana.....	1884
Daniel Manning, New York.....	1885
Charles S. Fairchild, New York.....	1887
William Windom, Minnesota.....	1889
Charles Foster, Ohio.....	1891
John G. Carlisle, Kentucky.....	1893
Lyman J. Gage, Illinois.....	1897
Leslie M. Shaw, Iowa.....	1902
Leslie M. Shaw, Iowa.....	1905
Geo. B. Cortelyou, New York.....	1907
Franklin McVeagh, Illinois.....	1909
Wm. Gibbs McAdoo, New York.....	1913

SECRETARIES OF WAR.

Henry Knox, Massachusetts.....	1789
Timothy Pickering, Massachusetts.....	1795
James McHenry, Maryland.....	1796
James McHenry, Maryland.....	1797
John Marshall, Virginia.....	1800
Samuel Dexter, Massachusetts.....	1800
Roger Griswold, Connecticut.....	1801
Henry Dearborn, Massachusetts.....	1801
William Eustis, Massachusetts.....	1809
John Armstrong, New York.....	1813
James Monroe, Virginia.....	1814
William H. Crawford, Georgia.....	1815
Isaac Shelby, Kentucky.....	1817
Geo. Graham (ad. in.), Virginia.....	1817
John C. Calhoun, South Carolina.....	1817
James Barbour, Virginia.....	1825
Peter B. Porter, New York.....	1828
John H. Eaton, Tennessee.....	1829
Lewis Cass, Ohio.....	1831
Benjamin F. Butler, New York.....	1837
Joel R. Poinsett, South Carolina.....	1837
John Bell, Tennessee.....	1841
John Bell, Tennessee.....	1841
John McLean, Ohio.....	1841
John C. Spencer, New York.....	1841
James M. Porter, Pennsylvania.....	1843
William Wilkins, Pennsylvania.....	1844
William L. Marcy, New York.....	1845
George W. Crawford, Georgia.....	1849
Edward Bates, Missouri.....	1850
Charles M. Conrad, Louisiana.....	1850
Jefferson Davis, Mississippi.....	1853
John B. Floyd, Virginia.....	1857
Joseph Holt, Kentucky.....	1861
Simon Cameron, Pennsylvania.....	1861
Edwin M. Stanton, Ohio.....	1862
Edwin M. Stanton, Ohio.....	1865
U. S. Grant (ad. in.), Illinois.....	1867
Lor. Thomas (ad. in.).....	1868
John M. Schofield, New York.....	1868
John A. Rawlins, Illinois.....	1869
William T. Sherman, Ohio.....	1869
William T. Belknap, Iowa.....	1869

SECRETARIES OF WAR—Continued.

Alphonso Taft, Ohio.....	1876
James Don Cameron, Pennsylvania.....	1876
George W. McCrary, Iowa.....	1877
Alexander Ramsey, Minnesota.....	1879
Robert T. Lincoln, Illinois.....	1881
Robert T. Lincoln, Illinois.....	1881
William C. Endicott, Massachusetts.....	1885
Redfield Proctor, Vermont.....	1889
Stephen B. Elkins, West Virginia.....	1891
Daniel S. Lamont, New York.....	1893
R. A. Alger, Michigan.....	1897
Elihu Root, New York.....	1899
Elihu Root, New York.....	1901
William Taft, Ohio.....	1904
William Taft, Ohio.....	1905
Luke E. Wright, Tennessee.....	1907
J. M. Dickinson, Tennessee.....	1909
Lindley Miller Garrison, New Jersey.....	1913

SECRETARIES OF THE INTERIOR.

Thomas Ewing, Ohio.....	1849
James A. Pearce, Maryland.....	1850
Thos. M. T. Kernon, Pennsylvania.....	1850
Alex. H. H. Stewart, Virginia.....	1850
Robert McClelland, Michigan.....	1853
Jacob Thompson, Mississippi.....	1857
Caleb B. Smith, Indiana.....	1861
John P. Usher, Indiana.....	1863
John P. Usher, Indiana.....	1865
James Harlan, Iowa.....	1865
Orville H. Browning, Illinois.....	1866
Jacob D. Cox, Ohio.....	1869
Columbus Delano, Ohio.....	1870
Zachariah Chandler, Michigan.....	1875
Carl Schurz, Missouri.....	1877
Samuel J. Kirkwood, Iowa.....	1881
Henry M. Teller, Colorado.....	1882
Lucius Q. C. Lamar, Mississippi.....	1885
William F. Vilas, Wisconsin.....	1888
John W. Noble, Missouri.....	1889
Hoke Smith, Georgia.....	1893
David R. Francis, Missouri.....	1896
Cornelius N. Bliss, New York.....	1897
Ethan A. Hitchcock, Missouri.....	1899
Ethan A. Hitchcock, Missouri.....	1901
Ethan A. Hitchcock, Missouri.....	1905
James R. Garfield, Ohio.....	1907
R. A. Ballinger, Washington.....	1909
Walter Lawrie Fisher.....	1911

SECRETARIES OF AGRICULTURE.

Norman J. Coleman, Missouri.....	1889
Jeremiah M. Rusk, Wisconsin.....	1889
J. Sterling Morton, Nebraska.....	1893
James Wilson, Iowa.....	1897
James Wilson, Iowa.....	1901
James Wilson, Iowa.....	1905
James Wilson, Iowa.....	1909
David Franklin Houston, Missouri.....	1913

ATTORNEYS GENERAL.

Edmund Randolph, Virginia.....	1789
Edmund Randolph, Virginia.....	1793
William Bradford, Pennsylvania.....	1794
Charles Lee, Virginia.....	1795
Charles Lee, Virginia.....	1797
Theophilus Parsons, Massachusetts.....	1801
Levi Lincoln, Massachusetts.....	1801
Robert Smith, Maryland.....	1805
John Breckinridge, Kentucky.....	1805
Cæsar A. Rodney, Delaware.....	1807
Cæsar A. Rodney, Delaware.....	1809
William Pinckney, Maryland.....	1811
William Pinckney, Maryland.....	1813
Richard Rush, Pennsylvania.....	1814
Richard Rush, Pennsylvania.....	1817
William Wirt, Virginia.....	1817
William Wirt, Virginia.....	1825
John McP. Berrien, Georgia.....	1829
Roger B. Taney, Maryland.....	1831
Benjamin F. Butler, New York.....	1833
Benjamin F. Butler, New York.....	1837
Felix Grundy, Tennessee.....	1838
Henry D. Gilpin, Pennsylvania.....	1840
John J. Crittenden, Kentucky.....	1841
John J. Crittenden, Kentucky.....	1841
Hugh S. Legare, South Carolina.....	1841
John Nelson, Maryland.....	1843
John Y. Mason, Virginia.....	1845
Nathan Clifford, Maine.....	1846
Isaac Toucey, Connecticut.....	1848
Reverdy Johnson, Maryland.....	1849
John J. Crittenden, Kentucky.....	1850
Caleb Cushing, Massachusetts.....	1853
Jeremiah S. Black, Pennsylvania.....	1857
Edwin M. Stanton, Ohio.....	1860
Edward Bates, Missouri.....	1861
Titian J. Coffey, Pennsylvania (ad. in.).....	1863
James Speed, Kentucky.....	1864
James Speed, Kentucky.....	1865
Henry Stanbery, Ohio.....	1866
William M. Evarts, New York.....	1868
Ebenezer R. Hoar, Massachusetts.....	1869
Amos T. Ackerman, Georgia.....	1870
George H. Williams, Oregon.....	1871
Edwards Pierrepont, New York.....	1875
Alphonso Taft, Ohio.....	1876
Charles Devens, Massachusetts.....	1877
Wayne MacVeagh, Pennsylvania.....	1881
Benjamin H. Brewster, Pennsylvania.....	1881
Augustus H. Garland, Arkansas.....	1885
William H. H. Miller, Indiana.....	1889
Richard Olney, Massachusetts.....	1893
Judson Harmon, Ohio.....	1895
Joseph McKenna, California.....	1897
John Wm. Griggs, New Jersey.....	1898
Phllander C. Knox, Pennsylvania.....	1901
William H. Moody, Massachusetts.....	1904
William H. Moody, Massachusetts.....	1905
Chas. J. Bonaparte, Maryland.....	1907
J. W. Wickersham, New York.....	1909
Wm. Cox Redfield, New York.....	1913

SECRETARIES OF COMMERCE AND LABOR.

George B. Cortelyou, New York.....	1903
Victor H. Metcalf, California.....	1904
Victor H. Metcalf, California.....	1905
Oscar S. Straus, New York.....	1907
Chas. Nagel, Missouri.....	1909

SECRETARY OF LABOR

Wm. Banchop Wilson, Pennsylvania.....	1913
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Note.—Since the foundation of the government, the individual states have been represented the following number of times in cabinet positions: Massachusetts, 32; New York, 31; Pennsylvania, 26; Virginia, 22; Ohio, 20; Kentucky, 15; Indiana, 10; Connecticut, 9; Georgia, 8; Tennessee, 10; Illinois, 8; Maine, 6; South Carolina, 6; Delaware, 5; Missouri, 5; Wisconsin, 6; Iowa, 7; Michigan, 4; Mississippi, 4; New Jersey, 4; North Carolina, 4; Louisiana, 3; Minnesota, 3; New Hampshire, 3; West Virginia, 3; California, 2; Vermont, 2; Alabama, 1; Arkansas, 1; Colorado, 1; Nebraska, 1; Oregon, 1; Washington, 1. The states which have not been represented in the cabinet are: Florida, Idaho, Kansas, Montana, Nevada, North Dakota, Rhode Island, South Dakota, Texas, Wyoming.

POPULATION OF THE UNITED STATES BY STATES.

STATE	1890	1900	1910
Alabama ..	01	1,828,697	2,138,093
Arizona ..	43	122,931	204,354
Arkansas ..	11	1,311,564	1,574,449
California ..	98	1,485,053	2,377,549
Colorado ..	49	539,700	799,024
Connecticut ..	58	908,420	1,114,756
Delaware ..	93	184,735	
District of Columbia.....	92	278,718	
Florida ..	22	— 42	
Georgia ..	53	31	
Idaho ..	48	72	
Illinois ..	52	50	
Indiana ..	04	62	
Iowa ..	97	53	
Kansas ..	08	95	
Kentucky ..	35	74	
Louisiana ..	88	25	
Maine ..	86	66	
Maryland ..	1,042,390	44	
Massachusetts ..	2,238,947	46	
Michigan ..	2,093,890	82	
Minnesota ..	1,310,283	94	
Mississippi ..	1,289,600	70	
Missouri ..	2,679,185	65	
Montana ..	142,924	29	
Nebraska ..	1,062,656	00	
Nevada ..	47,355	35	
New Hampshire ..	376,530	89	
New Jersey ..	1,444,933	69	
New Mexico.....	160,282	10	
New York.....	6,003,174	94	
North Carolina.....	1,617,949	10	
North Dakota.....	190,983	46	
Ohio ..	3,572,329	45	
Oklahoma ..	258,657	01	
Oregon ..	317,704	36	
Pennsylvania ..	6,258,113	15	
Rhode Island ..	345,506	55	
South Carolina.....	1,151,149	16	
South Dakota.....	348,600	70	
Tennessee ..	1,767,518	16	
Texas ..	2,235,527	10	
Utah ..	210,779	49	
Vermont ..	332,422	41	
Virginia ..	1,655,980	84	2,061,612
Washington ..	357,232	03	1,141,990
West Virginia.....	762,794	00	1,221,119
Wisconsin ..	1,693,330	42	2,333,860
Wyoming ..	62,555	31	145,965

GOVERNORS OF STATES AND TERRITORIES

States and Territories	Capitals	Governors	Pol- tics.	Term of Service Years.	Expiration of Term	Salary
Alabama	Montgomery	Emmett O'Neal	D	4	Jan. 1916	\$ 5,000
Arizona	Phoenix	George W. P. Hunt	D	2	Feb. 1914	4,000
Arkansas	Little Rock	J. M. Futrell	D	2	Jan. 1915	4,000
California	Sacramento	Hiram W. Johnson	P	4	Jan. 1915	10,000
Colorado	Denver	Elias M. Ammons	D	2	Jan. 1915	5,000
Connecticut	Hartford	Simeon B. Baldwin	D	2	Jan. 1915	5,000
Delaware	Dover	Charles R. Miller	R	4	Jan. 1917	4,000
Florida	Tallahassee	Park M. Trammell	D	4	Jan. 1917	5,000
Georgia	Atlanta	Joseph M. Brown	D	2	June 1913	5,000
Idaho	Boise	John M. Haines	R	2	Jan. 1915	5,000
Illinois	Springfield	Edward F. Dunne	D	4	Jan. 1917	12,000
Indiana	Indianapolis	Samuel M. Ralston	D	4	Jan. 1917	8,000
Iowa	Des Moines	George W. Clarke	R	2	Jan. 1915	5,000
Kansas	Topeka	George H. Hodges	D	2	Jan. 1915	5,000
Kentucky	Frankfort	James B. McCreary	D	4	Dec. 1915	6,500
Louisiana	Baton Rouge	Luther E. Hall	D	4	May 1916	5,000
Maine	Augusta	William T. Haines	R	2	Jan. 1916	3,000
Maryland	Annapolis	Phillips L. Goldsborough	R	2	Jan. 1916	4,500
Massachusetts	Boston	Eugene N. Foss	D	1	Jan. 1914	8,000
Michigan	Lansing	Woodbridge N. Ferris	D	2	Jan. 1915	5,000
Minnesota	St. Paul		D	2	Jan. 1915	7,000
Mississippi	Jackson		D	2	Jan. 1916	5,000
Missouri	Jefferson City		D	4	Jan. 1917	5,000
Montana	Helena		D	4	Jan. 1917	5,000
Nebraska	Lincoln		D	2	Jan. 1915	2,500
Nevada	Carson City		D	4	Jan. 1915	4,000
New Hampshire	Concord		D	2	Jan. 1915	3,000
New Jersey	Trenton		D	3	Jan. 1914	10,000
New Mexico	Santa Fe		D	3	Jan. 1917	5,000
New York	Albany		D	4	Jan. 1915	10,000
North Carolina	Raleigh		D	2	Jan. 1917	6,000
North Dakota	Bismarck		D	2	Jan. 1915	10,000
Ohio	Columbus		D	2	Jan. 1915	4,500
Oklahoma	Oklahoma City		D	4	Jan. 1915	5,000
Oregon	Salem	Oswald West	D	4	Jan. 1915	5,000

Pennsylvania	Harrisburg	John K. Tener	R	4	Jan. 1915	10,000
Rhode Island	Providence	Aram J. Pothier	R	2	Jan. 1915	3,000
South Carolina	Columbia	Cole L. Blease	D	2	Jan. 1915	3,500
South Dakota	Pierre		R	2	Jan. 1915	3,000
Tennessee	Nashville		R	3	Jan. 1915	4,000
Texas	Austin		D	2	Jan. 1915	4,000
Utah	Salt Lake City		R	4	Jan. 1917	6,000
Vermont	Montpelier		R	3	Oct. 1914	2,500
Virginia	Richmond	William H. Mann	D	4	Feb. 1914	6,000
	Olympia	Ernest Lister	D	4	Jan. 1917	6,000
	Charleston	Henry D. Hatfield	R	4	Mar. 1917	6,000
	Madison	Francis E. McGovern	R	2	Jan. 1915	6,000
	Cheyenne	Joseph M. Carey	R	4	Jan. 1915	4,000
	Juneau	Walter E. Clark		4	Oct. 1913	7,000
	Honolulu	Walter F. Frear**		4		7,000
	San Juan	George R. Colton		4	Dec. 1913	8,000

*Governors nominated by the President and confirmed by the Senate.

**Reappointed, confirmation pending in Senate.

POPULAR VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1912

State	Rep.	Dem.	Prog.	Soc.
Alabama	9,732	82,438	22,680	3,029
Arizona	2,986	10,324	6,951	3,163
Arkansas	24,467	68,838	21,673	8,153
California	3,914	283,436	283,610	79,201
Colorado	58,386	114,232	72,306	16,418
Connecticut	68,324	74,561	34,129	10,056
Delaware	15,997	22,631	8,886	556
Florida	4,279	36,417	4,535	4,806
Georgia	5,181	93,076	21,980	1,028
Idaho	32,810	33,921	25,527	11,960
Illinois	253,593	405,048	386,478	81,278
Indiana	151,267	281,890	162,007	36,931
Iowa	119,805	185,325	161,819	16,967
Kansas	74,845	143,663	120,210	26,779
Kentucky	115,512	219,584	102,766	11,647
Louisiana	3,834	60,971	9,323	5,249
Maine	26,545	51,113	48,495	2,541
Maryland	54,956	112,674	57,789	3,996
Massachusetts	155,948	173,408	142,228	12,616
Michigan	152,244	150,751	214,584	23,211
Minnesota	64,334	106,426	125,856	27,505
Mississippi	1,595	57,227	3,645	2,061
Missouri	207,821	330,746	124,371	28,466
Montana	18,512	27,941	22,456	10,885
Nebraska	54,216	109,008	72,614	10,174
Nevada	3,196	7,986	5,620	3,313
New Hampshire.....	32,927	34,724	17,794	1,980
New Jersey.....	88,835	178,289	145,410	15,901
New Mexico.....	17,733	20,437	8,347	2,859
New York.....	455,428	655,475	390,021	63,381
North Carolina.....	29,139	144,507	69,130	1,025
North Dakota.....	23,090	29,555	25,726	6,965
Ohio	277,066	423,153	229,327	89,930
Oklahoma	90,786	119,156	(1)	42,262
Oregon	34,673	47,064	37,600	13,343
Pennsylvania	273,305	395,619	447,426	80,915
Rhode Island.....	27,703	30,412	16,878	2,049
South Carolina.....	536	48,357	1,293	164
South Dakota	(2)	48,982	58,811	4,622
Tennessee	59,392	130,275	53,710	3,492
Texas	28,530	219,489	26,745	24,896
Utah	42,100	36,579	24,174	9,023
Vermont	23,332	15,354	22,132	928
Virginia	23,288	90,332	21,777	820
Washington	70,445	86,840	113,698	40,134
West Virginia.....	56,667	113,046	78,977	15,236
Wisconsin	130,695	164,228	62,460	33,431
Wyoming	14,560	15,310	9,232	2,760
Total	3,484,529	6,290,818	4,123,206	898,296

1. Roosevelt electors not on ballot.
2. Taft electors not on ballot.

ELECTORIAL VOTE FOR PRESIDENT, 1912.

STATES	Wilson	Roosevelt	Taft
Alabama	12	...	...
Arizona	3	...	...
Arkansas	9	...	...
California	2	11	...
Colorado	6	...	...
Connecticut	7	...	...
Delaware	3	...	...
Florida	6	...	...
Georgia	14	...	...
Idaho	4	...	...
Illinois	29	...	...
Indiana	15	...	...
Iowa	13	...	...
Kansas	10	...	...
Kentucky	13	...	...
Louisiana	10	...	...
Maine	6	...	...
Maryland	8	...	...
Massachusetts	18	...	...
Michigan .....	...	15	...
Minnesota .....	...	12	...
Mississippi	10	...	...
Missouri	18	...	...
Montana	4	...	...
Nebraska	8	...	...
Nevada	3	...	...
New Hampshire	4	...	...
New Jersey	14	...	...
New Mexico	3	...	...
New York	45	...	...
North Carolina	12	...	...
North Dakota	5	...	...
Ohio	24	...	...
Oklahoma	10	...	...
Oregon	5	...	...
Pennsylvania .....	...	38	...
Rhode Island	5	...	...
South Carolina	9	...	...
South Dakota .....	...	5	...
Tennessee	12	...	...
Texas	20	...	...
Utah .....	...	...	4
Vermont .....	...	...	4
Virginia	12	...	...
Washington .....	...	7	...
West Virginia	8	...	...
Wisconsin	13	...	...
Wyoming	3	...	...
Totals	435	88	8

UNITED STATES SENATE

EXPIRATION OF TERMS OF SENATORS.

CLASS I.—SENATORS WHOSE TERMS OF SERVICE EXPIRE MARCH 3, 1915.

Bradley, William O. (R)	Louisville, Ky.
Brady, James H. (R)	Pocatello, Idaho
Brandegge, Frank B. (R)	New London, Conn.
Bristow, Joseph L. (R)	Salina, Kans.
Burton, Theodore E. (R)	Cleveland, Ohio
Chamberlain, George E. (D)	Portland, Ore.
Clarke, James P. (D)	Little Rock, Ark.
Crawford, Coe I. (R)	Huron, S. D.
Cummins, Albert B. (R)	Des Moines, Iowa
Dillingham, William P. (R)	Montpellier, Vt.
Fletcher, Duncan U. (D)	Jacksonville, Fla.
Gallinger, Jacob H. (R)	Concord, N. H.
Gore, Thomas P. (D)	Lawton, Okla.
Gronna, Asle J. (R)	Lakota, N. D.
Johnston, Joseph F. (D)	Birmingham, Ala.
Jones, Wesley L. (R)	North Yakima, Wash.
Newlands, Francis G. (D)	Reno, Nev.
Overman, Lee S. (D)	Salisbury, N. C.
Penrose, Boies (R)	Philadelphia, Pa.
Perkins, George C. (R)	Oakland, Cal.
Root, Elihu (R)	New York City
Sherman, Lawrence Y. (R)	Springfield, Ill.
Shively, Benjamin F. (D)	South Bend, Ind.
Smith, Ellison, D. (D)	Florence, S. C.
Smith, Hoke (D)	Atlanta, Ga.
Smith, John Walter (D)	Snow Hill, Md.
Smith, Marcus A. (D)	Tucson, Ariz.
Smoot, Reed (R)	Provo City, Utah
Stephenson, Isaac (R)	Marinette, Wis.
Stone, William J. (D)	Jefferson City, Mo.
Thomas, Charles S. (D)	Denver, Colo.
Thornton, John R. (D)	Alexandria, La.

CLASS II.—SENATORS WHOSE TERMS OF SERVICE EXPIRE

MARCH 3, 1917.

Ashurst, Henry F. (D)	Prescott, Ariz.
Bryan, Nathan P. (D)	Jacksonville, Fla.
Catron, Thomas B. (R)	Santa Fe, N. Mex.
Chilton, William E. (D)	Charleston, W. Va.
Clapp, Moses E. (R)	St. Paul, Minn.
Clark, Clarence D. (R)	Evanston, Wyo.
Culberson, Charles A. (D)	Dallas, Texas
du Pont, Henry A. (R)	Winterthur, Del.
Hitchcock, Gilbert M. (D)	Omaha, Neb.
Jackson, William P. (R)	Salisbury Md.
Johnson, Charles F. (D)	Waterville, Me.
Korn, John W. (D)	Indianapolis, Ind.
LaFollette, Robert M. (R)	Madison, Wis.
Lea, Luke (D)	Nashville, Tenn.
Lippitt, Henry F. (R)	Providence, R. I.
Lodge, Henry Cabot (R)	Nahant, Mass.
McCumber, Porter J. (R)	Wahpeton, N. D.
McLean, George P. (R)	Simsbury, Conn.
Martine, James E. (D)	Plainfield, N. J.

Meyers, Henry L. (D)	Hamilton, Mont.
O'Gorman, James A. (D)	New York City
Oliver, George T. (R)	Pittsburg, Pa.
Page, Carroll S. (R)	Hyde Park, Vt.
Pittman, Key (D)	Tonopah, Nev.
Polindexter, Miles (P)	Spokane, Wash.
Pomerone, Atlee (D)	Canton, Ohio
Reed, James A. (D)	Kansas City, Mo.
Sutherland, George (R)	Salt Lake City, Utah
Swanson, Claude A. (D)	Chatham, Va.
Townsend, Charles E. (R)	Jackson, Mich.
Williams, John Sharp (D)	Yazoo, Miss.
Works, John D. (R)	Los Angeles, Cal.

CLASS III.—SENATORS WHOSE TERMS OF SERVICE EXPIRE

MARCH 3, 1919.

Bacon, Augustus O. (D)	Macon, Ga.
Bankhead, John H. (D)	Fayette, Ala.
Borah, William E. (R)	Boise, Idaho
Burleigh, Edwin C. (R)	Augusta, Me.
Colt, LeBaron B. (R)	Bristol, R. I.
Fall, Albert, B. (R)	Three Rivers, N. Mex.
Goff, Nathan (R)	Clarksburg, W. Va.
Hollis, Henry F. (D)	Concord, N. H.
Hughes, William (D)	Paterson, N. J.
James, Ollie M. (D)	Marion, Ky.
Kenyon, William S. (R)	Fort Dodge, Iowa
Lane, Harry (D)	Portland, Ore.
Lewis, J. Hamilton (D)	Chicago, Ill.
Martin, Thomas S. (D)	Charlottesville, Va.
Nelson, Knute (R)	Alexandria, Minn.
Norris, George W. (R)	McCook, Neb.
Owen, Robert L. (D)	Muskogee, Okla.
Ransdell, Joseph E. (D)	Lake Providence, La.
Robinson, Joe T. (D)	Little Rock, Ark.
Saulsbury, Willard (D)	Dover, Del.
Shafroth, John F. (D)	Denver, Colo.
Sheppard, Morris (D)	Texarkana, Texas
Shields, John K. (D)	Knoxville, Tenn.
Simmons, F. M. (D)	Raleigh, N. C.
Smith, William Alden (R)	Grand Rapids, Mich.
Sterling, Thomas (R)	Vermillion, S. D.
Thompson, William H. (D)	Garden City, Kans.
Tillman, Benjamin R. (D)	Trenton, S. C.
Vardaman, James K. (D)	Jackson, Miss.
Walsh, Thomas J. (D)	Helena, Mont.
Warren, Francis E. (R)	Cheyenne, Wyo.

NAMES AND ADDRESSES OF FOREIGN COUNSELS

Argentine Republic—	
Abel Pardo, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
Manuel A. Molina, C.....	New York, N. Y.
Austria-Hungary—	
Edgar Prochnik, V. C.....	St. Paul, Minn.
Belgium—	
L. DeWaele, C.....	New Orleans, La.
Bolivia—	
Adolfo Ballivian, C. C.....	New York, N. Y.
Brazil—	
Manuel Jacintho Ferreira da Cunha, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
Francisco Garcia Pereira Leao, V. C.....	New York, N. Y.
Chile—	
Ricardo Sanchez Cruz, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
China—	
Li Yung Yew, C. G.....	San Francisco, Cal.
Colombia—	
Francisco Escobar, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
Costa Rica—	
Manuel Gonzolez Zeledon, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
Cuba—	
Mariano Rocafort y Marcalda, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
Denmark—	
George Bech, C.....	Chicago, Ill.
Marinus Rasmussen, V. C.....	Grand Forks, N. D.
Dominican Republic—	
Francisco Dectjen, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
Equadore—	
Juan Manuel Lasso, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
France—	
Louis Emile Houssin de Saint Laurent, C.....	Chicago, Ill.
German Empire—	
Johannes Grunow, C.....	St. Paul, Minn.
Great Britain—	
Horace Dickinson Nugent, C. G.....	Chicago, Ill.
Henry Taylor, V. C.....	Duluth, Minn.
Charles Edward Hamilton, V. C.....	St. Paul, Minn.
Greece—	
D. N. Botassi, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
Guatamala—	
Dr. Ramon Bengoeches, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
Haiti—	
Geffrard Cesvet, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
Honduras—	
R. Camilo Diaz, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
Italy—	
Checallyer Oreste De Vella, C.....	Denver, Colo.
Attilio Castigliano, C. A.....	Duluth, Minn.
Vincenzo Gialloreti, C. A.....	St. Paul, Minn.
Japan—	
Kahachi Abe, C.....	Chicago, Ill.
Liberia—	
Ernest Lyon, C. G.....	Washington, D. C.

Mexico—	
Jose V. Dosal, C.....	Kansas City, Mo.
Enrique Martinez Sobral, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
Monaco—	
Auguste Jouve, C.....	New York, N. Y.
Netherlands—	
G. Birkhoff, C. G.....	Chicago, Ill.
Nicaragua—	
Willis Wood, C.....	Kansas City, Mo.
Norway—	
Christopher Ravn, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
Halfdan Bendeke, V. C.....	Grand Forks, N. D.
Panama—	
Rodolfo Perez, C. G.....	New Orleans, La.
Paraguay—	
Clifford Stevens Walton, C. G.....	Washington, D. C.
Persia—	
H. H. Topakyan, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
Peru—	
Eduardo Higginson, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
Portugal—	
Oscar George Potler, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
Russia—	
Victor Chichkine, C.....	Chicago, Ill.
Baron Bernhard Uxkull, V. C.....	Chicago, Ill.
Salvador—	
Francisco Martinez, C. G.....	San Francisco, Cal.
Servia—	
Michel Poupine, H. C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
Siam—	
Loring Townsend Hildreth, C.....	New York, N. Y.
Spain—	
Pompeyo Diaz y Cossio, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
Sweden—	
C. A. Smith, C.....	Minneapolis, Minn.
Andrew Isidor Widiund, V. C.....	Grand Forks, N. D.
Switzerland—	
Alfred Karlen, C.....	St. Paul, Minn.
Turkey—	
Charles Henrotin, C. G.....	Chicago, Ill.
Uruguay—	
Mario L. Gill, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.
Venezuela—	
Pedro Rafael Rincones, C. G.....	New York, N. Y.

Notes to abbreviations—C. G., Counsel General; V. C., Vice Counsel;
Hon. V. C., Honorary Vice Counsel; C. Agent, Consular Agent.

QUALIFICATIONS FOR VOTING IN EACH STATE AND TERRITORY IN THE UNION.

In all the States except Colorado, Idaho, Utah and Wyoming the right to vote at general elections is restricted to males of 21 years of age and upward. Women are entitled to vote at school elections in several states. They are entitled by law to full suffrage in the states of Colorado, Idaho, Utah and Wyoming.

Alabama—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States or alien who has declared intention; previous residence required, in state 2 years, in county 1 year, in town 3 months, in precinct 3 months. Disqualifications: Convicted of treason or other felonies.

Arizona—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States or alien who has declared intention; previous residence required, in state 1 year, in county 30 days, in precinct 30 days. Disqualifications: Idiot, insane, felon.

Arkansas—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States or alien who has declared intention; previous residence required, in state 1 year, in county 6 months, in town 30 days, in precinct 30 days. Disqualifications: Idiot, insane, convicted of felony, failure to pay poll tax, United States soldiers or marines.

California—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen by nativity, naturalization 90 days prior to election or treaty of Queretaro; previous residence required, in state 1 year, in county 60 days, in precinct 30 days. Disqualifications: Chinese, idiots, insane, embezzlers of public moneys, convicted of infamous crime.

Colorado—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen, native or naturalized, male or female, who is duly registered; previous residence required, in state 1 year, in county 90 days, in precinct 10 days. Disqualifications: While confined in public prison, under guardianship, non compos mentis, insane.

Connecticut—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States who can read the English language; previous residence required, in state 1 year, in town 6 months. Disqualifications: Convicted of heinous crime, unless pardoned.

Delaware—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen who shall have paid a registration fee of \$1; previous residence, in state 1 year, in county 3 months, in precinct 30 days. Disqualifications: Insane persons and paupers or persons convicted of felony.

Florida—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States; previous residence required, in state 1 year, in county 6 months, in town 6 months, in precinct 30 days. Disqualifications: Idiots, duellists, convicted of felony or any infamous crime.

Georgia—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States who has paid all his taxes since 1817; previous residence required, in state 1 year, in county 6 months. Disqualifications: Convicted of felony, bribery or larceny, unless pardoned, idiots and insane.

Idaho—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of United States, male or female; previous residence required, in state 6 months, in county 30 days. Disqualifications: Idiots, insane, convicted of felony, bigamists, polygamists, under guardianship.

Illinois—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of United States; previous residence required, in state 1 year, in county 90 days, in town 30 days, in precinct 30 days. Disqualifications: Convicted of felony or bribery in elections.

Indiana—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen or alien who has declared intention and resided one year in United States; previous residence required, in state 6 months, in county 60 days, in town 60 days, in precinct 30 days. Disqualifications: United States soldiers, sailors and marines and persons convicted of infamous crime.

- Iowa**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of United States; previous residence required, in state 6 months, in county 60 days. Disqualifications: Idiots, insane, convicted of infamous crime.
- Kansas**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States or alien who has declared intention and resided one year in United States; previous residence required, in state 6 months, in county 30 days, in town 30 days, in precinct 30 days. Disqualifications: Convicted of treason or felony, insane, under guardianship.
- Kentucky**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of United States; previous residence required, in state 1 year, in county 6 months, in town 60 days, in precinct 60 days. Disqualifications: Convicted of treason, felony, or bribery, idiots and insane.
- Louisiana**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of United States; previous residence required; in state 2 years, in county 1 year, in precinct 6 months. Disqualifications: Idiots, insane, felons, under indictment, inmates of prison or charitable institutions except Soldiers' Home.
- Maine**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of United States; previous residence required, in state 3 months, in county 3 months, in town 3 months, in precinct 3 months. Disqualifications: Paupers and persons under guardianship and Indians not taxed.
- Maryland**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of United States; previous residence required, in state 1 year, in county 6 months, in town 6 months, in precinct 1 day. Disqualifications: Felons not pardoned, lunatics, non compos mentis, bribery.
- Massachusetts**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen who can read and write; previous residence required, in state 1 year, in county 6 months, in town 6 months, in precinct 6 months. Disqualifications: Paupers and persons under guardianship.
- Michigan**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States or alien who declared intention six months prior to election; previous residence required, in state 6 months, in county 20 days, in town 20 days, in precinct 20 days. Disqualifications: Indians with tribal relations, duellists and accessories.
- Minnesota**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States who has been such for three months preceding election; previous residence required, in state 6 months, in county 30 days, in town 30 days, in precinct 30 days. Disqualifications: Convicted of treason or felony, unpardoned, under guardianship, insane, Indians lacking customs of civilization.
- Mississippi**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of United States who can read or understand constitution; previous residence required, in state 2 years, in county 1 year, in town 1 year, in precinct 1 year. Disqualifications: Insane, idiots, Indians not taxed, felons, persons who have not paid taxes, bigamists.
- Missouri**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States or alien who has declared intention not less than one year or more than five years before election; previous residence required, in state 1 year, in county 60 days, in town 60 days, in precinct 60 days. Disqualifications: Persons in poorhouses or asylums at public expense, those in prison or convicted of infamous crimes.
- Montana**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States; previous residence required, in state one year, in county 30 days, in town 30 days, in precinct 30 days. Disqualifications: Felons not pardoned, idiots, insane, United States soldiers, seamen and marines, Indians.
- Nebraska**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States or alien who has declared intention thirty days before election; previous residence required, in state six months, in county 40 days, in town 40 days, in precinct 10 days. Disqualifications: Convicted of treason or felony, unless restored to civil rights, persons non compos mentis.
- Nevada**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States; previous residence required, in state three months, in county 40 days, in town 30 days, in precinct 30 days. Disqualifications: Idiots, insane, unpardoned convicts, Indians, Chinese.

New Hampshire—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States; previous residence required, in state six months, in county six months, in town six months, in precinct six months. Disqualifications: Paupers.

New Jersey—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizens of the United States; previous residence required, in state one year, in county five months. Disqualifications: Idiots, paupers, insane, convicted of crime unless pardoned or restored by law.

New Mexico—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States; previous residence required, in state six months, in county three months, in town 30 days, in precinct 30 days. Disqualifications: Convicted of felony, unless pardoned, United States soldiers, sailors, or camp follower Indians.

New York—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen who shall have been a citizen for ninety days prior to election; previous residence required, in state one year, in county four months. Disqualifications: Offenders against elective franchise rights, and persons convicted of bribery or infamous crime and not restored to citizenship by the executive, convicts in house of refuge or reformatory not disqualified.

North Carolina—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States; previous residence required, in state two years, in county six months, in precinct four months. Disqualifications: Convicted of felony or infamous crime, idiots, lunatics.

North Dakota—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States and civilized Indian; previous residence required, in state one year, in county six months, in precinct 90 days. Disqualifications: Under guardianship, persons non compos mentis, or convicted of felony and treason, unless restored to civil rights.

Ohio—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States; previous residence required, in state one year, in county 30 days, in town 20 days, in precinct 20 days. Disqualifications: Idiots, insane and felons, persons in United States military and naval service on duty in Ohio.

Oklahoma—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States; previous residence required, in state one year, in county six months, in town 60 days, in precinct 30 days. Disqualifications: Felons, idiots, insane, paupers.

Oregon—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States or alien who has declared intention more than one year prior to election; previous residence required, in state six months. Disqualifications: Idiots, insane, convicted of felony, Chinese.

Pennsylvania—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States at least one month, and if 22 years old or more must have paid tax within two years; previous residence required, in state one year, in precinct two months. Disqualifications: Convicted of perjury and fraud as election officers, or bribery of voters.

Rhode Island—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States; previous residence required, in state two years, in town six months. Disqualifications: Paupers, lunatics.

South Carolina—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States; previous residence required, in state two years, in county one year, in town four months, in precinct four months. Disqualifications: Felons, bribery unless pardoned, insane, paupers.

South Dakota—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States or alien who has declared intention, Indian who has severed tribal relations; previous residence required, in state six months, in county 30 days, in town 10 days, in precinct 10 days. Disqualifications: Under guardianship, insane, convicted of treason or felony, unless pardoned, United States soldiers, seamen and marines.

Tennessee—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States who has paid poll tax of preceding year; previous residence required, in state one year, in county six months. Disqualifications: Convicted of bribery or other infamous offense.

Texas—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States or alien who has declared his intention six months prior to election; previous residence required, in state one year, in county six months. Disqualifications: Idiots, lunatics, paupers, convicted of felony, United States soldiers, seamen and marines.

- Utah**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States, male or female; previous residence required, in state one year, in county four months, in precinct 60 days. Disqualifications: Idiots, insane, convicted of treason or crimes against elective franchise, unless pardoned.
- Vermont**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States, previous residence required, in state one year, in county three months, in town three months, in precinct three months. Disqualifications: Those who have not obtained the approbation of the local board of civil authority.
- Virginia**—Requirements as to citizenship: All persons who six months before the election have paid their state poll taxes for three preceding years; also any person who served in time of war in the army or navy of the United States or of the Confederate states; previous residence required, in state two years, in county one year, in town one year, in precinct 30 days. Disqualifications: Idiots, lunatics, paupers.
- Washington**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States and all residents of territory prior to statehood; previous residence required, in state one year, in county 90 days, in town 30 days, in precinct 30 days. Disqualifications: Idiots, lunatics, convicted of infamous crimes, Indians not taxed.
- West Virginia**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States; previous residence required, in state one year, in county 60 days, in town 30 days. Disqualifications: Paupers, idiots, lunatics, convicted of treason, felony or bribery at elections.
- Wisconsin**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States or alien who has declared intention and civilized Indians, previous residence required, in state one year, in county 10 days, in town 10 days, in precinct 10 days. Disqualifications: Under guardianship, insane, convicted of crime or treason, betting on elections.
- Wyoming**—Requirements as to citizenship: Citizen of the United States, male or female; previous residence required, in state one year, in county 60 days, in town 10 days, in precinct 10 days. Disqualifications: Idiots, insane, felons, unable to read state constitution in the English language.

NATURALIZATION LAWS OF THE UNITED STATES

The conditions under and the manner in which an alien may be admitted to become a citizen of the United States under the Act of Congress of June 29, 1906.

Courts Having Jurisdiction.

The exclusive jurisdiction to naturalize aliens as citizens of the United States is conferred upon the following courts: United States circuit and district courts, supreme court of the District of Columbia and all courts of record in any state or territory, having a seal, a clerk and jurisdiction in law or equity or law and equity, in which the amount in controversy is unlimited.

Who May Be Naturalized.

The provisions of this title shall apply to aliens being free white persons, and to aliens of African nativity and to persons of African descent. The naturalization of Chinamen is expressly prohibited by Section 14, Chapter 126, Laws of 1882.

Law Uniform.

Naturalization is a federal right and is a gift of the Union, not of any one state. The federal naturalization laws apply to the whole Union alike, and provide that no alien shall be naturalized until after five year's residence. All record books and blank forms are furnished by the bureau of immigration and naturalization at Washington and all reports are made by clerks of courts, doing naturalization business, to this bureau.

Declaration of Intention.

The alien must declare on oath before the clerk of any court authorized to naturalize aliens, in the district in which he resides, at least two years prior to his application for admission and after he has arrived at the age of eighteen years, that it is bona fide his intention to become a citizen of the United States, and to renounce forever all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign prince or state and particularly, by name, to the one which he may be at the time a subject or citizen. If he has filed his declaration of intention before the passage of this act he shall not be required to renew such declaration.

Petition On Application for Naturalization.

Not less than two nor more than seven years after he has made such declaration of intention he shall make and file a petition, signed in his own hand writing and duly verified with the clerk of one of the courts above specified, in the district in which he resides, in which petition he shall state that it is his intention to become a citizen of and reside permanently in the United States, that he is not a disbeliever in or opposed to organized government or a polygamist or a believer in the practice of polygamy, and that he absolutely and forever renounces all allegiance and fidelity to any foreign country of which he may at the time of filing his petition be a subject or citizen. His petition must be verified by the affidavit of at least two credible witnesses who are citizens of the United States, who shall state that they have personally known him to be a resident of the United States for at least five years, continually, and of the state, territory or district, in which the application is made, for at least one year immediately preceding the date of filing his petition. He shall file with his petition his declaration of intention, and if he arrived in the United States after the passage of this act he shall file a certificate of landing from the department of commerce and labor. The clerk shall give notice of filing of the petition by posting in a public and conspicuous place in his office, for at least ninety days, the material facts in the petition with the names and residence of the witnesses and date of hearing.

Conditions of Citizenship.

He shall appear for final hearing upon his petition in open court and the applicant and his witnesses shall be examined under oath before the court and before his final admission to citizenship he shall declare on oath, in open court, that he will support and defend the constitution and laws of the United States and that he absolutely and entirely renounces all foreign allegiance. If it shall appear to the satisfaction of the court that immediately preceding the date of his application he has resided continuously in the United States five years, at least, and in the state or territory, where such court is held, one year and that during that time he has behaved as a man of good moral character attached to the principles of the constitution of the United States and well disposed to the good order and happiness of the same, he may be admitted to citizenship. If the applicant has borne any hereditary title or nobility he must make express renunciation of the same.

No person who believes in or is affiliated with any organization teaching opposition to organized government or who advocates or teaches the duty of unlawfully assaulting or killing any officer of any organized government, because of his official character, shall be naturalized. No alien will be naturalized who cannot speak the English language, if he is physically able to do so. He shall not be required to speak the English language, if prior to the passage of this act, he made his declaration of intention, or shall hereafter declare his intention to become a citizen and who shall make homestead entry upon the public lands of the United States and comply in all respects with the laws providing for homestead entries on such lands. No person shall be naturalized within thirty days preceding the holding of any general election.

Children of Naturalized Citizens.

The children of persons who have been naturalized, being under the age of twenty-one years at the time of the naturalization of their parents, shall, if living in the United States, be considered as citizens thereof, and the children or persons who now are, or have been citizens of the United States, though born out of the limits and jurisdiction of the United States, considered as citizens thereof.

Allen Soldiers and Members of the Navy.

Any alien of the age of twenty-one years or upward, who has been honorably discharged from the armies of the United States, shall be admitted to become a citizen of the United States, upon his petition, without previous declaration of intention and on proof of one year's residence. Any alien of the age of twenty-one years or upward, who has been honorably discharged from the navy or marine corps of the United States, after at least five year's service, shall be admitted to citizenship on his petition without any previous declaration.

Name of Alien May Be Changed.

It shall be lawful, at the time and as a part of the naturalization of any alien, for the court to make a decree changing the name of said alien.

Copy of Record, How Procured.

Copy of declaration of intention and certificate of naturalization can be procured only on proper proof of loss of the original.

Certified copies of declaration of intention and certificates of naturalization may be provided by clerks of courts, out of which the papers originally issued only for use of persons who make entry upon public lands of the United States and are required to submit proof of naturalization.

Inhabitants of the New Insular Possessions.

The inhabitants of Hawaii were declared to be citizens of the United States under the act of 1900 creating Hawaii a territory. Under the United States supreme court decision in the insular cases, in May, 1901, the inhabitants of the Philippines and Porto Rico are entitled to full protection under the constitution, but not to the privileges of United States citizenship until congress so decrees, by admitting the countries as states or organizing them as territories.

POSTAL INFORMATION

Classes of Mail Matter.

Domestic mail matter is divided into four classes:

First Class—Letters, postal cards and matter wholly or partly in writing, whether sealed or unsealed (except manuscript copy accompanying proof sheets or corrected proof sheets of the same) and all matter sealed or otherwise closed against inspection. Rates of postage—Two cents per ounce or fraction thereof. Postal cards, one cent each. On "drop" letters two cents per ounce or fraction thereof when mailed at the letter carrier's office and one cent per ounce or fraction thereof where there is no free delivery.

Second Class—Newspapers and publications issued at stated intervals as often as four times a year, bearing a date of issue and numbered consecutively, issued from a known office of publication, and formed of printed sheets without board, cloth, leather or other substantial binding. Such publication must be originated and published for the dissemination of information of a public character, or devoted to literature, the sciences, art or some special industry. They must have a legitimate list of subscribers and must not be designed primarily for advertising purposes, or for circulation free, or at nominal rates. Rate of Postage—For publishers and news agents, one cent a pound or fraction thereof. For others than publishers and news agents, one cent for each four ounces or fraction thereof.

Third Class—Books, periodicals and matter wholly in print (not included in second class), proof sheets, corrected proof sheets and manuscript copy accompanying the same. Rate of Postage—One cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

Fourth Class—Merchandise—namely, all matter not embraced in the other three classes and which is not in the form or nature liable to destroy, deface or otherwise damage the contents of the mail bag, or harm the person or anyone engaged in the postal service and not above the weight provided by law. Rate of Postage—One cent per ounce or fraction thereof, but on seeds, cuttings, roots, scions and plants one cent for each two ounces or fraction thereof.

Limit of Weight—A package must not exceed four pounds in weight, unless it be a single book. Second class matter is not subject to the four pound limitation.

Payment of Postage—On first-class matter the postage should be fully prepaid, but if two cents in stamps be affixed the matter will be forwarded and remainder due collected of addressee before delivery.

On second class, third and fourth class matter the postage must be fully prepaid.

THE REGISTRY SYSTEM.

All mail matter, including drop letters, may be registered, but not matter addressed to fictitious names, initials or box numbers, or bearing vague or indefinite addresses. The registry fee is ten cents additional to postage. It must be prepaid by stamps affixed.

The rates of postage to all foreign countries and colonies (except Canada and Mexico) are as follows:

Letters, 1 ounce.....	5 cents
Postal cards, each.....	2 cents
Double postal cards, each.....	4 cents
Newspapers and other printed matter, per 2 ounces.....	1 cent

Commercial Papers.

Packets not in excess of 10 ounces.....	5 cents
Packets in excess of 10 ounces, for each 2 ounces or fraction.....	1 cent

Samples in Merchandise.

Packets in excess of four ounces, for each 2 ounces or fraction..... 1 cent
Packets not in excess of four ounces..... 2 cents
Registration fee on letters or other articles..... 8 cents
Ordinary letters for any foreign country (except Canada and Mexico) must be forwarded whether any postage is prepaid on them or not. All other mailable matter must be prepaid, at least partially.

CANADA AND MEXICO.

Matter mailed in the United States addressed to Canada or Mexico is subject to the same postage rates and conditions as it would be if it were addressed for delivery in the United States, except that 1 cent must be prepaid for newspapers for each 2 ounces or fraction of 2 ounces.

COST OF DOMESTIC MONEY ORDERS.

On order not exceeding \$2.50.....	3 cents
Over \$ 2.50 and not exceeding \$ 5.00.....	5 cents
Over \$ 5.00 and not exceeding \$ 10.00.....	8 cents
Over \$10.00 and not exceeding \$ 20.00.....	10 cents
Over \$20.00 and not exceeding \$ 30.00.....	12 cents
Over \$30.00 and not exceeding \$ 40.00.....	15 cents
Over \$40.00 and not exceeding \$ 50.00.....	18 cents
Over \$50.00 and not exceeding \$ 60.00.....	20 cents
Over \$60.00 and not exceeding \$ 75.00.....	25 cents
Over \$75.00 and not exceeding \$100.00.....	30 cents

Rates on specially delivered letters, ten cents on each letter in addition to the regular postage. This entitles the letter to immediate delivery by special messenger. Special delivery stamps may be purchased at post offices, or if stamps of any kind to the amount of 10 cents, in addition to the regular postage, are attached and the words "Special Delivery" are written on the front of the envelope, the letter will be entitled to special delivery the same as though a regular special delivery stamp was attached. The delivery, at carrier offices, extends to the limits of the carrier routes. At non-carrier offices it extends to one mile from the post office. Postmasters are not obliged to deliver beyond these limits, and letters addressed to places beyond must await delivery in the usual way, notwithstanding the special delivery stamp.

All mail matter at large post offices is necessarily handled in great haste and should therefore in all cases be so plainly addressed as to leave no room for doubt and no excuse for error on the part of postal employees. Names of states should be written in full (or their abbreviations very distinctly written) in order to prevent errors which arise from the similarity of such abbreviations as Cal., Col.; Pa., Va., Vt.; Me., Mo., Md.; Ioa., Ind.; N. H., N. M., N. Y., N. J., N. C., D. C.; Miss., Minn., Mass.; Nev., Neb.; Penn., Tenn., etc., when hastily or carelessly written. This is especially necessary in addressing mail matter to places of which the names are borne by several post offices in different states.

Never send money or any other article of value through the mail except either by means of a money order or in a registered letter. Any person who sends money or jewelry in an unregistered letter not only runs a risk of losing his property, but exposes to temptation every one through whose hands his letter passes, and may be the means of ultimately bringing some clerk or letter carrier to ruin.

See that every letter or package bears the full name and post office address of the writer, in order to secure the return of the letter, if the person to whom it is directed cannot be found.

Such articles as poisons, explosives or inflammable articles, live animals, insects, fruits or vegetable matter liable to decomposition, or substances exhaling a bad odor will not be forwarded in any case.

Letters (but no other class of mail matter) will be returned to the sender free, if a request to that effect is printed or written on the envelope. There is no limit of weight for first class matter fully prepaid.

An indemnity—not to exceed \$25 for any one registered piece, or the actual value of the piece, if it is less than \$25—shall be paid for the loss of first class registered matter.

When dropping a letter, newspaper, etc., into a street mailing box, or into the receptacle at a post office, always see that the packet falls into the box and does not stick in its passage. Observe, also, particularly, whether the postage stamps remain securely in their places.

Applications for the establishment of post offices should be addressed to the first assistant postmaster general, accompanied by a statement of the necessity therefor. Instructions will then be given and blanks furnished to enable the petitioners to provide the department with the necessary information.

MISCELLANEOUS TABLE OF THINGS, DISTANCES, BOOKS, ETC.

- A book composed of sheets folded into 2 leaves is a folio.
- A book composed of sheets folded into 4 leaves is a quarto.
- A book composed of sheets folded into 8 leaves is an octavo (8vo.)
- A book composed of sheets folded into 12 leaves is a duodeclmo (12mo.)
- A book composed of sheets folded into 16 leaves is a 16mo.
- 12 units make a dozen.
- 12 dozen make a gross.
- 12 gross (144 doz.) make one great gross.
- 20 units make a score.
- 56 pounds of butter make 1 firkin.
- 100 pounds of fish make 1 quintal.
- 196 pounds of flour make 1 barrel.
- 200 pounds of beef, pork, shad or salmon make 1 barrel.
- 24 sheets of paper make 1 quire.
- 20 quires make 1 ream.
- 2 reams make 1 bundle.
- 5 bundles make 1 bale.
- 3 barleycorns make one inch.
- 18 inches make 1 cubit.
- 22 inches make 1 sacred cubit.
- 9 gallons make 1 English firkin.
- 2 firkins make 1 kilderkin.
- 2 kilderkins make 1 barrel.
- 25 pounds make 1 keg (powder.)
- 100 pounds make 1 cental (grain measure.)
- 100 pounds make 1 cask (raisin measure.)
- 256 pounds make 1 barrel of soap.
- 280 pounds make 1 barrel of salt.
- 31½ gallons make 1 barrel (wine measure.)
- 42 gallons make 1 tierce (wine measure.)
- 63 gallons make 1 hogshead (wine measure.)
- 84 gallons make 1 puncheon (wine measure.)
- 126 gallons make 1 pipe (wine measure.)
- 252 gallons make 1 tun (wine measure.)
- 8 bushels of wheat (of 70 pounds each) make 1 quarter (European measure.)
- 8 bushels of salt make 1 hogshead.
- 36 bushels of coal make 1 chaldron (English.)
- 32 bushels make 1 chaldron (American.)
- 14 pounds make 1 stone.
- 21½ stones make 1 pig (iron.)
- 8 pigs make 1 fother.
- 24¾ cubic feet (masonry) make 1 perch.
- 100 square feet (carpentry) make 1 square.
- 1,760 yards (5,280 feet) make 1 statute mile.
- 2,028.63 yards (6,085.9 feet) make 1 nautical mile.
- 3 miles make 1 league.
- 69½ statute miles make 1 degree (of latitude.)
- 60 geographical miles make 1 degree (of latitude.)
- 360 degrees make 1 circle.
- 60 pairs of shoes make 1 case.
- 9 inches make 1 quarter (of a yard.)
- ¾ inch makes 1 ell (Flemish.)
- 5 quarters make 1 ell (English.)
- 6 quarters make 1 ell (French.)

- 4 inches make 1 hand (measuring horses.)
- 6 feet make 1 fathom (depth of water.)
- 120 fathoms make 1 cable-length.
- 7 1-3 cable-lengths make 1 mile.
- 640 acres make 1 square mile.
- 36 square miles make 1 township.
- 4 farthings make 1 penny (marked d.)
- 12 pence make 1 shilling (marked s.)
- 20 shillings make 1 pound (marked £.)
- 21 shillings make 1 quinea.
- 5 shillings make 1 crown.

USEFUL INFORMATION ABOUT STEAM.

A cubic inch of water evaporated under atmospheric pressure is approximately converted into one cubic foot of steam.

The horsepower of boilers, as per standard adopted by the Am. S. M. E., is 30 pounds water evaporated per hour at a pressure of 70 pounds per square inch and from a temperature of 100 deg. Fahr.

Well designed boilers, under successful operation, will evaporate from 7 to 10 pounds of water per pound of first class coal.

Each square foot of heating surface is considered sufficient to evaporate two pounds of water; therefore, for an engine using 30 pounds water per horse power per hour, each horse power of the engine requires 15 square feet heating surface in the boiler.

On one square foot of fire grate can be burned on an average from 10 to 12 pounds hard coal, or 18 to 20 pounds soft coal, per hour with natural draft.

Two and one-quarter pounds of dry wood is equal to one pound of average quality of soft coal.

Steam engines consume from 12 to 50 pounds of feed water, and from $1\frac{1}{4}$ to 7 pounds of coal, per hour per indicated horse power.

Condensing engines require from 20 to 30 times the amount of feed water for condensing purposes; approximately for most engines, 1 to $1\frac{1}{2}$ gallons condensed water per minute per indicated horse power.

Surface condensers for compound steam engines require two square feet of cooling surface per horse power; ordinary engines will require more surface according to their economy in the use of steam. It is absolutely necessary that the air-pump should be set lower than the condenser for satisfactory results.

The effect of a good air-pump and condenser should be to get 25 inches of vacuum and to make available about 10 pounds more mean effective pressure with the same terminal pressure, or to give the same mean effective pressure with a correspondingly less terminal pressure. Approximately, a good condenser will save one-fourth of the fuel consumed, or, in other words, increase the power of the engine one-fourth, the fuel consumption remaining the same.

Be It Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

SEC. 2. HELD, WHEN. WHAT OFFICES FOR.] On the last Wednesday in June of every year in which occurs a general election, there shall be held, in lieu of party caucuses and conventions, a primary election in the various voting precincts of this state, for the nomination of candidates for the following offices to be voted for at the ensuing general election, viz: Members of congress, state officers, county officers, district assessors and the following officers on the years of their regular election, viz: Judges of the supreme and district court, members of the legislative assembly and county commissioners, and United States senator in the year previous to his election by the legislative assembly; provided, however, that the provisions of this act shall not be construed to include or provide for the nomination of presidential electors or delegates to national conventions. Such delegates to national conventions shall be nominated and elected, and presidential electors nominated as now or hereafter may be provided for by the various state central committees. For special elections for the officers enumerated herein the nominations shall be made as otherwise provided by law.

Upon receipt by the secretary of state of such petition and the payment to him of an amount equal to one per cent of the annual salary of the office to which he aspires, and when accompanied by the following affidavit he shall place the applicant's name upon the primary election ballot in the columns of his party as hereinafter provided; provided, however, that no fee shall be required of candidates for United States senator. Said affidavit may be substantially as follows:

I,, being duly sworn, depose and say that I reside in the county of.....and state of North Dakota; that I am a qualified voter therein and a.....; that I am a candidate for nomination to the office of.....to be chosen at the primary election to be held on the.....19.... and I do hereby request that my name be printed upon the pri-

mary election ballot as provided by law, as a candidate of the.....
.....party for said office.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this.....day
of....., 19.....

.....
Notary Public, North Dakota.

The fees designated in this section to be paid to the secretary of state shall be turned over by him to the state treasurer to be covered into the general fund.

SEC. 4. (As amended, Laws of 1911.) PARTY REGISTRATION REQUIRED, WHEN.] A party registration of the voters in their respective political parties shall be taken in each precinct of this state in the following manner. In the months of April and May of each even numbered year in which a primary election is held, the assessor of each district shall at the time he makes his assessment of the real and personal property take down in an enrollment book the name of each voter in his district, grouping alphabetically and according to the precinct of such voters in substantially the following form:

.....County,
.....City,
.....Ward,
.....Election precinct.

Date	Enrolled Number	Name	P.O.Address	Age	Nativity	Str. No.	Party Affil.
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And also have each voter sign and swear to before the assessor or notary as the case may be a registration blank "A" which shall be in the following form:

State of North Dakota, }
County of..... } ss.

I, the undersigned, elector do solemnly swear or (affirm) that my name and signature as signed below is my true name and signature. If I have not personally signed it, it is because..... and it was signed at my request by the attesting officer. My age is..... years and occupation.....; nativity.....; naturalized or declared my intention in.....court, in.....county,State, on....., 19....., as appears by the naturalization papers exhibited herewith. Present residence is in section....., township....., range.....,county, North Dakota; or (if in city or town) at No.street, in the city of.....post office address..... I belong to the.....party; that I have resided in this state for one year immediately preceding this election. In testimony whereof I sign my name two times.
(1).....(1).....
.....(2).....
Elector.

Note.—"Verification to be in usual form." If unable to sign, let the officer write his name and so state.

REGISTRATION AND ENROLLMENT BOOKS. HOW FURNISHED.] These party enrollment books and blanks shall be prepared and furnished by the secretary of state and by him sent to each county auditor in the state and by each county auditor distributed to each assessor. The assessors shall complete this work of taking the party registration in the months of April and May of each even numbered year and shall return the blanks and enrollment books to the county auditors of the respective counties on or before thirty days before each primary election day and shall receive as compensation the sum of ten cents (10c) for entry of the name of each party voter in addition to the compensation now allowed by law for this work as such assessor. He shall cause the names to be entered in the party enrollment book alphabetically and according to the respective precincts of the voters within that district.

Any voter who is unavoidably absent from the assessor's district during the time of taking the party registration may go before any notary public and sign and verify a registration blank as shown by form "A" and mail the same in to the county auditor of his county.

WHEN PERSON MAY CAUSE NAME TO BE ENROLLED ON PRIMARY DAY.] Any person who was a qualified voter in any election precinct in this state on the day of enrollment and registration provided for in this act, and who failed to have his name enrolled on that day by reason of sickness or unavoidable absence from the election precinct, and who is a qualified voter in said district at the time of the primaries thereafter held therein, or who may have become twenty-one years of age after the day of enrollment, may have his name enrolled by the election board on any primary day upon making oath as provided in the general election law in relation to registration of electors on election day. Any person who was a qualified voter in any election precinct in this state on the day of enrollment provided for in this act, and who was duly enrolled as provided herein, who has had occasion to transfer his place of residence to an election precinct other than that in which he was enrolled, may be entitled to a new enrollment on primary day in such election precinct and be entitled to a vote therein, provided that he has resided in the election precinct to which he has lately removed for a period to comply with general laws governing residence of electors. He may obtain from the assessor of the precinct in which he formerly resided a certificate stating that he was duly enrolled in such precinct, and that he has changed his residence therefrom to such other precinct and that he is entitled to enrollment therein.

The county auditor shall cause duplicates to be made of all the party enrollment books on file in his office and cause a copy of the party enrollment book for each precinct to be delivered to the inspector of elections of such precinct at the same time that the other election supplies and ballot boxes are delivered to such inspector as now provided by law.

The inspector and judges at such primary elections shall require each voter to vote the party ballot under which he has registered.

COUNTY AND LEGISLATIVE CANDIDATES. PETITION, FILING FEE AND PLEDGE.] Every candidate for a county or district office shall not more than forty days nor less than thirty days, and before 4 o'clock p. m. of the thirtieth day prior to any primary election, present to the county auditor a petition giving his name, postoffice address, the title of the office to which he aspires and the party which he represents, containing the names of five per cent of the total vote cast for the candidate of the party which he represents, for the same position at the last general election; such names to be procured from at least one-fifth of the precincts of his district; provided, however, that in no case shall there be more than two hundred names; and, provided, further, that the petitions of all candidates for members of the legislative assembly may, in addition to the requirements hereinbefore provided, contain the following pledge, namely: "I, the undersigned, a candidate for the office of member of the legislative assembly of the state of North Dakota, do obligate myself to the people of the state of North Dakota and to the people of my legislative district that during my term of office I will support and vote for that candidate for United States senator in congress of the party of which I am a member, who has received a majority of such party votes, or who by law received the party nomination for that position at the primary election next preceding the election of United States senator in congress." In case such legislative candidate signs the foregoing pledge, he shall be entitled to have printed below his name upon the primary and general election ballot the following words, to-wit: "Pledged to the people's choice for U. S. senator." In case such legislative candidate does not sign the foregoing pledge there shall be printed below his name upon the primary election and general election ballots the following words, to-wit: "Not pledged to the people's choice for U. S. Senator."

Each name on the petition shall be that of a qualified voter, and be subscribed under a party heading. Each signer of a nomination paper shall sign but one such paper for the same office; he shall add his residence with the street number, if any, and the date of signing. Upon the receipt of such petition by the county auditor and the payment to him of the filing fee of three dollars (\$3.00), excepting candidates for county commissioners, district assessors, surveyor, coroner, county constables and county justices of the peace, who shall pay no filing fee and when accompanied by an affidavit as provided in section 3 of chapter 109 of the 1907 Session Laws relating to petitions required, fees and filing affidavit of candidate, such county auditor shall place the name of such applicant upon the primary election ballot in the columns of his party as hereinbefore provided.

When a legislative district is composed of more than one county, the petition herein provided for shall be filed with the county auditor of the

county where the candidate resides, and such county auditor shall certify to the county auditors of the other counties comprising such legislative districts the names of the candidates filing such petitions. The filing fees received as above by the county auditor shall be turned over by him to the county treasurer to be covered into the general fund.

SECTION 5. (1913 Amendment.) NAMES ON PRIMARY BALLOT. HOW SECURED. VACANCIES. HOW FILLED. Application to have a name placed on the primary election ballots for nomination may be made by five qualified electors for any office designated in this Act, by presenting the petition required in Sections 3 or 4 to the proper official, and paying the amount required, accompanied by the following affidavit:

State of North Dakota, :
County of..... } ss.

"I, A....., B....., C....., D....., and E.....being duly sworn, each for himself, deposes and says that he is a qualified voter in the state of North Dakota, that he hereby makes application to have the name ofprinted on the primary election ballot of the.....party, for the office of.....to be voted for at the primary election to be held on the.....day of19....; that said.....is to the best of his knowledge, information and belief, a.....and a qualified voter and eligible to hold the office of.....under the constitution.

.....
.....
.....
.....
.....

"Subscribed and sworn to before me this.....day of19....

.....
Notary Public, North Dakota.

When such application is received by the proper officer, accompanied by the necessary fee, as required in Sections 3 and 4 of this Act, he shall place the name on the primary election ballot as a candidate of the party named in said petition; provided, that such affidavit and petition shall not be filed without the written consent of such person to be nominated endorsed thereon; and provided, further, that when the time has expired at which a petition may be filed, and a vacancy exists in the primary election ballot of any political party by reason of no petition having been filed for such nomination, then and in that case the same may be filed by affidavit and petition as provided in this Section, on the payment of one-half of the usual fee, and such affidavit and petition must be filed with the proper officers at least twenty-five days before the primary election; and provided, further, that no petition shall be circulated or signed more than ninety days previous to the time when any petition is required to be filed as herein provided for, and any signatures to a petition secured prior to ninety days shall not be counted.

SEC. 6. FORM OF PETITION.] The petitions required in sections 3, 4 and 5 of this act may be one continuous list of names under the proper title or principle, or there may be a number of such petitions using the same title, giving the aggregate of names required.

SEC. 7. NOMINATIONS BY STICKERS.] A candidate may be nominated by having his name written on or by printed stickers placed over the name or in a blank line left for that purpose underneath the group in each official position; but not more than one name shall be written or printed on any such stickers.

SEC. 8. ELIGIBILITY OF CANDIDATES.] All persons nominated in accordance with the provisions of this act shall be eligible as candidates to be voted for at the ensuing general election .

SEC. 9. (1913 Amendment.) BALLOTS, FORM OF. DUTIES OF JUDGES AND INSPECTORS.] The primary election and primary election ballot shall be provided for, arranged and conducted and all expenses paid as now provided by law for general elections, except as otherwise provided for in this Act.

There shall be separate ballots for each party or principle and they shall all be of the same size, texture and color, except sample ballots, which shall be printed on tinted paper.

The ballot shall be entitled "Primary Election Ballot."

The names of all aspirants for nomination of each political party or principle for the different offices shall be arranged in separate groups in their order, on separate ballots under a proper political designation, leaving one or more blank lines or spaces below each group of names on which may be written or placed a name or a printed sticker attached for the nomination of the committee. No squares shall be left at the head of the ballot.

At the head of each ballot shall be placed the title of the political party or principle that it represents.

At the left of each group shall be placed the title of the office, followed by a bracket, indicating the number of names in such group. Above each group there shall be a space in which shall be printed the number of names in that group to be voted for as follows:

"Vote for.....name (or number names) only."

Immediately above the names of the candidates to be voted for shall be printed the following:

"To vote for a person whose name is printed on the ballot mark a cross (X) in the square at the right of the name of the person for whom you desire to vote.

"To vote for a person whose name is not printed on the ballot, write or paste his name in the blank space provided for that purpose."

Each ballot shall contain two columns, and each column is to have as nearly as possible the same number of names of candidates thereon, except that no groups or spaces beneath any group shall be divided, and the candidates for the various offices shall appear upon the ballot in the following order, commencing at the column to the left, viz:

Congressional—

United States Senator.....Vote for one
Representatives in congress.....district.....Vote for.....

State Officers—

Governor.....Vote for one
Lieutenant governor.....Vote for one
Secretary of State.....Vote for one
State Auditor.....Vote for one
State Treasurer.....Vote for one
Superintendent of Public Instruction.....Vote for one
Attorney General.....Vote for one
Commissioner of Insurance.....Vote for one
Commissioner of Agriculture and Labor.....Vote for one
Commissioner of Railroads.....Vote for three

Legislative—

State Senator.....District.....Vote for one
Members of House of Representatives.....Vote for.....

County Officers—

Sheriff.....Vote for one
Auditor.....Vote for one
Treasurer.....Vote for one
Clerk of District Court.....Vote for one
Register of Deeds.....Vote for one
State's Attorney.....Vote for one
County Judge.....Vote for one
Superintendent of Schools.....Vote for one
Public Administrator.....Vote for one
County Surveyor.....Vote for one
County Coroner.....Vote for one
County Commissioner.....district.....Vote for.....
County Constable.....Vote for.....

A square shall be placed following the name to the right of every candidate and the voter shall place a cross (X) in such square following the name of each person he desires to vote for.

The judges and inspectors of election when handing a ballot to a voter shall inform him that he must vote for the candidates of the political party such ballot represents only, and the voter shall call for the ballot representing the party or principle with which he affiliates and he shall receive such ballot and no other.

SEC. 10. MUST VOTE PARTY BALLOT.] Any citizen otherwise eligible by law, affiliated with or representing the principles enumerated in the national platform of the following parties, are eligible to nomination under this act. The republican party, the democratic party, or any party designation that cast 5 per cent of the votes cast for governor at the last general election, and it shall be unlawful for any person to call for or vote a ballot at the primary election herein provided for, except a ballot representing the party or principle with which he affiliates, and any person who has reason to believe that the ballot called for by the voter does not represent the party or principle with which said voter affiliates, may challenge such vote, and he shall not be entitled to cast his ballot unless he makes and files with the inspector of such primary election an affidavit to the effect that such ballot represents the political party with which he affiliates.

SEC. 11. VACANCIES FILED BY PARTY COMMITTEES.] Should a vacancy occur in any of the offices for which nominations are made under this act by reason of resignation or death, where there is only one aspirant for such office, before the printing of the primary election ballot such vacancy may be filled by the regularly constituted committee of the party to which such vacancy belongs, and no petition nor fee shall be required.

SEC. 12. (1913 Amendmnt.) PERCENTAGES OF VOTES REQUIRED FOR NOMINATIONS.] If the total vote cast for any party candidate or candidates for any office for which nominations are herein provided for, shall equal less than 25 per cent of the average total number of votes cast for governor, secretary of state and attorney general of the political party, he or they represented at the last general election, then no nomination shall be made in that party for such office. but it (if) 25 per cent or more of such party vote is cast and there is more than one candidate for any such office, the person receiving the highest number of votes shall be declared the nominee of such party for such office: *provided' further* that where there is more than one person to be elected to the same office the persons to the number to be elected receiving the highest number of votes cast for such office shall be declared the nominee of the party for such offices.

SEC. 13. (As Amended by Chapter 207, Laws 1911.) NOMINATIONS FOR UNITED STATES SENATOR.] Party candidates for the office of United States senator shall be nominated in the manner herein provided for nominations of candidates for state officers.

The candidate receiving the highest number of votes at such primary election shall be the nominee of his party for the office of United States senator, at the succeeding session of the legislative assembly which is to elect a United States senator. The votes for candidates for United States senator shall be canvassed and returned in the same manner as the votes cast for state officers.

It is hereby made the duty of the secretary of state to certify to the next session of the legislative assembly the name of the candidate of each party who receives the highest number of votes for the office of United States senator.

SEC. 14. BALLOTS, HOW PREPARED.] The primary election ballot shall be prepared, unless otherwise provided in this act, as defined in sections 614 and 616 of the revised codes of 1905.

SEC. 15. ARRANGEMENT OF NAMES ON BALLOT.] The names of candidates for each office upon the sample ballot shall be arranged alphabetically, according to surnames. The names of candidates under headings designating each official position shall be alternated on the official ballot in the printing, in the following manner, viz.:

First: The forms shall be set up with the names in the order in which they are placed upon the sample ballots prepared by the secretary of state for the state and district offices, and by the county auditor for the county offices.

In printing each set of official ballots for the various election precincts the position of the names shall be changed in each office division as many times as there are candidates in the office division or group in which there are the most names.

As nearly as possible an equal number of tickets shall be printed after each change.

In making the changes of position the printer shall take the line of type at the head of each office division and place it at the bottom of that division, shoving up the columns so that the name that was second before the change shall be first after the change.

After the ballots are printed, before being cut, they shall be kept in separate piles for each change of position, and shall then be piled by taking one from each pile and placing it upon the other pile to be cut, the

intention being that every other ballot in the pile of printed sheets shall have names in different positions.

After the piles are made in this manner they shall be cut and placed in blocks as provided by the general election laws.

SEC. 16. LIST OF OFFICERS TO BE NOMINATED.] The secretary of state between the first day of April and the first day of May in such year, direct and cause to be delivered to the county auditor of each county, a notice specifying the officers to be nominated under this act, whose term of office will expire between the first Monday in December and the first Monday in March, next succeeding, also specifying the several officers to be nominated in such county at the next primary election. The auditor to whom such notice is delivered shall cause notice of the same to be given as provided in section 637 of the revised codes of 1905.

SEC. 17. PROVISIONS OF ELECTION LAW APPLICABLE.] Excepting as herein otherwise provided, the following sections of chapter 8 of the political code of 1905, entitled "Elections," are hereby made applicable to primary elections and primary election ballots, under this act, to-wit: 605, 606, 607, 608, 609, 610, 611, 613, 614, 615, 616, 619, 620, 621, 622, 623, 624, 630, 635, 638, 639, 640, 641, 642, 643, 644, 645, 646, 647, 648, 649, 650, 654, 655, 656, 657, 658, 659, 660, 669, 671, 672, 673, 674, 681, 682, 683, 684, 685, 686, 687, 688, 689, 690, 691, 692, 693, 694, 695, 696, 697, 698, 699 and 700.

SEC. 18. TALLY BOOKS. ARRANGEMENT OF NAMES.] Two tally books or two sets of tally sheets shall be provided for each political party or principle, having candidates to be voted for, at each voting precinct, the same to be furnished by the county auditor, at the same time and in the same manner that the poll books and ballots are furnished. The names of the candidates shall be placed on the tally sheets in the order in which they appear on the official sample ballot, and in each case shall have the proper party designation at the head thereof.

SEC. 19. POLLS, OPEN WHEN. CANVASS.] The polls shall be opened at 8 o'clock a. m. and remain open continuously until 5 o'clock p. m. When the polls are closed the judges and inspectors of such primary election shall open the ballot boxes, count the votes and compare the same with the clerk's lists, and should any irregularity appear they shall proceed as now provided by law. When the ballots compare with the clerk's lists, they shall proceed to canvass and place those of each political party in separate piles. The tally of the votes shall be separate for each political designation or principle and so returned by the judges and inspectors of election, giving the full vote for every candidate. The men's and women's votes shall be kept separately and so returned by the judges. The county canvassing board shall aggregate these for the candidates voted for.

SEC. 20. RETURNS.] The judges of such primary election in each precinct shall make a statement on blanks to be provided for that purpose, which shall be subscribed by them and filed in the office of the county auditor with the returns as follows: They shall contain the names of all persons voted for at the primary election, with the number of votes cast for each candidate and for what office. A separate statement shall be made for each political party or principle.

SEC. 21. POLL LIST DELIVERED TO BOARDS OF REGISTRATION.] Clerks of primary elections shall keep a list of the names of all persons voting at said election, and shall return one list as now required and one tally sheet shall be a part of the record, and deliver the other list to the board of registration within thirty days following any primary election. No registration of voters shall be required under this act to vote at any primary election. The poll list so kept at a primary election and delivered to the boards of registration shall take the place of the first registration of the voters now required, and notice only shall be given of the date of the second day of registration, which shall be held and conducted as now provided; and no other shall be required to vote at the general election following.

SEC. 22. COUNTY CANVASSING BOARD.] The county canvassing board shall be composed of the clerk of the district court, county auditor, chairman of the board of county commissioners and the chairman of the county committees of the two political parties that cast the highest votes for governor at the preceding general election. The members of said board shall meet in the county auditor's office in the court house at 10 o'clock on the eighth day after any primary election, and shall proceed, after taking the usual oath of office, to open and publicly canvass the primary election returns made to the county auditor. Any three mem-

bers of said board shall constitute a quorum, and are authorized to make the canvass therein provided and to certify to the results thereof.

SEC. 23. STATEMENT OF CANVASSING BOARD. CONTESTS.] The canvassing board shall make and prepare a statement, the same to be signed by said board and filed in the office of the county auditor, as follows:

First. A statement containing the names of all candidates voted for at the primary election, with the number of votes received by each and for what office, said statement to be made as to each political party or principle separately.

Second. A statement of the names of the persons or candidates of each political party who are nominated, to-wit: Those persons or candidates of such political party or principle who received the highest number of votes for the respective office, and where there is more than one person to be elected to a given office at the ensuing general election there shall be included in said statement of nomination the names of so many candidates of such party receiving the next highest number of votes for that office as there are persons to be elected to such office at said ensuing general election. Said statement shall in like manner be made separately as to each political party.

Third. A statement of the whole number of electors registered and the number of ballots cast, men and women separately, at such primary election.

Fourth. A separate statement shall be made of the votes cast for United States senator, member of congress, state officers, judges of the supreme and district court and members of the legislative assembly, which shall be transmitted to the secretary of state as provided in this act.

Fifth. It shall be the duty of the county auditor upon the completion of the canvass to mail or deliver in person to each candidate so nominated for any county or district office a notice of such fact and that his name will be put upon the official ballot, except as otherwise provided. He shall also cause a copy of the findings of said board to be published in the official newspaper of the county.

SEC. 24. ABSTRACT OF VOTES TRANSMITTED TO SECRETARY OF STATE.] It shall be the duty of the county auditor of each county, under his official seal, excepting as provided in section 25 of this act, to return to the secretary of state on or before the first Tuesday of August following any primary election, a certified abstract under separate political designation or principle, of the number of votes cast in his county for every candidate for nomination for United States senator, member of congress, state officers, judges of the supreme and district courts and members of the legislative assembly. He shall seal up such abstracts and without delay transmit them to the secretary of state by registered mail.

SEC. 25. TWO OR MORE COUNTIES IN DISTRICT.] When two or more counties are embraced in one legislative district the respective county auditors shall attend at the office of the county auditor of the senior county of such district, within fifteen days after a primary election, and in conjunction with the auditor of the senior county shall compare the votes cast in the several counties comprising such district and such auditors shall immediately make out certificates of nomination for the persons of each political party or principle having the highest number of votes in such district for members of the legislative assembly, as provided in section 24 of this act, which certificates of nomination shall be forwarded without delay to the secretary of state by registered mail by the county auditor of the senior county, who shall give notice in writing to all the members of the legislative assembly nominated in such district.

SEC. 26. STATE BOARD OF CANVASSERS.] For the purpose of canvassing and ascertaining the result of any primary election the state board of canvassers shall meet at the office of the secretary of state on the first Tuesday in September next following a primary election, and be composed of the following members, viz.: Clerk of the supreme court, secretary of state, superintendent of public instruction and the chairman of the state central committee of the two political parties that cast the highest votes for governor at the last general election. After taking the usual oath of office the said board shall proceed to open and publicly canvass the primary election returns made by the several county auditors. Three members of said board shall constitute a quorum and are authorized to make the canvass herein provided and to certify to the result thereof.

SEC. 27. STATEMENT BY STATE BOARD.] The state board of canvassers shall make and prepare a statement, the same to be signed by said board

and filed in the office of the secretary of state as provided in subdivisions 1, 2 and 3 of section 23 of this act. It shall be the duty of the secretary of state upon the completion of the canvass to mail to each candidate so nominated a notice of such fact, and that his name will be put upon the official ballot to be voted for at the ensuing general election, except as otherwise provided. He shall cause a copy of findings of the said board to be filed in his office and published in a newspaper printed at the seat of government.

SEC. 28. OFFICIAL BALLOT, NAMES PLACED THEREON.] The secretary of state shall place the names of all the candidates of each political party or principle, who are shown to have been nominated for the respective offices in accordance with the certificates of nomination received from the several county auditors of this state on the official ballot to be voted for at the general election following.

SEC. 29. VACANCIES, HOW FILLED.] When there is but one aspirant and a vacancy occurs by death or resignation of such aspirant for nomination before the primary election and ballots are printed in legislative districts containing more than one county, the chairman of the party in which such vacancy occurs, of each county committee of the counties of which such district is composed and the members of the state central committee from that legislative district shall meet and by a majority vote of such shall fill such vacancy and by a certificate of nomination notify the county auditors of the several counties of which such district is composed, and the auditors of such counties shall place the name on the primary election ballot where the vacancy exists. Should a vacancy occur in a legislative office in a county composed of more than one district, or in a commissioner's district, then the county central committee of the party in which such vacancy occurs shall meet and fill such vacancy. On receipt of a certificate of nomination from said committee, the county auditor shall place the name of such nominee upon the primary election ballot where such vacancy exists.

SEC. 30. ERRORS, HOW CORRECTED.] Whenever it shall be made to appear by affidavit to the supreme court or to the district court of the proper county, that an error or omission has occurred, or is about to occur in the placing of any name on an official primary election ballot; that any error has been or is about to be committed in printing such ballot, or that any wrongful act has been or is about to be done by any judge or clerk of a primary election, county auditor, canvassing board, member thereof, or other person charged with any duty concerning the primary election; or that any neglect of duty has occurred or is about to occur, such judge shall order the officer or person charged with such error, wrong or neglect, to forthwith correct the error, desist from the wrongful act, or perform the duty, or show cause at a time and place to be fixed by the court why he should not do so. Failure to obey the order of such judge shall be contempt of court.

SEC. 31. NOMINATIONS, HOW CONTESTED. APPEAL.] Any candidate at a primary election desiring to contest the nomination of another candidate or candidates for the same office, may proceed by affidavit within ten days after the completion of the canvass. In case the contestant set forth in his affidavit, upon information and belief, that the ballots in any precinct have not been correctly counted, and that he has been prejudiced thereby, the judge shall make an order requiring the custodian of such ballots to appear before him at such time and place, and abide the further order of the court. At the time and place stated, the ballot boxes shall be opened and the ballots recounted in the presence of the court. If it should be found that a mistake has been made in counting such ballots, then the contestant shall be permitted, upon application, to amend his affidavit of contest by including such additional facts therein.

All testimony and depositions taken in contests brought under the provisions of this article shall be taken in the same manner as in civil actions and depositions may be taken in more than one place at the same time on leave of the court, and all matters relating to such contests shall be heard and tried as nearly as may be as civil actions are tried, except as otherwise provided herein. The court shall make its findings of fact and conclusions of law. Appeals from final judgment and decisions of such contests may be taken without making a motion for a new trial in the district court in the manner provided for in the code of civil procedure, except that the undertaking on appeal shall be in a sum to be fixed by the judge, not less than five hundred dollars, and shall be approved by the judge and by the clerk of the district court of the proper county or subdivision under the directions of the judge.

Appeals to the supreme court under the provisions of this article must be taken within ten days after notice of entry of final judgment and the party appealing must immediately procure the transmission of the record on such appeal to the clerk of the supreme court and such appeal may be brought on for hearing before the supreme court at any time such court shall be in session, upon five days notice from either party; and the same shall be heard, and determined in a summary manner, except as otherwise provided in this article. The provisions of the code of civil procedure are applicable to and constitute the rules of practice in the proceedings mentioned in this article and the provisions of the civil code of procedure relative to appeals in civil actions, except in so far as they are inconsistent herewith, apply to the proceedings mentioned in this article.

SEC. 32. PRESENT ELECTION STATUTES APPLY.] The provisions of the statute now in force in relation to the holding of elections, the solicitation of votes, the manner of conducting elections, of counting the ballots and making return thereof, and all other kindred subjects shall apply to all primaries in so far as they are consistent with this act; the intent of this act being to place the primary election under the regulation and protection of the laws now in force as to election.

SEC. 33. TIE VOTE, DETERMINED HOW.] In case of a tie vote the same, shall be determined by the canvassing board or boards concerned, at a time and place fixed by them in such manner as they may designate in the presence of the candidates, upon at least five days notice to such candidates.

SEC. 34. NOT REPEALED.] Nothing herein contained shall be construed as repealing or being in conflict with section 501 of the revised codes of 1905. (1899.)

SEC. 35. FEES PAID COUNTY.] All fees paid to the secretary of state by candidates for the legislative assembly shall be paid by the secretary of state forthwith to the various county auditors in the state where such candidates resides and in case any legislative district is composed of more than one county such fee shall be paid to such counties in equal proportions, which fees are to be turned into the general fund of said county by the auditor.

SEC. 36. ACT VALID.] In case any of the provisions of this act should be declared unconstitutional, that shall not affect the validity of any of the other provisions of this act.

SEC. 37. PENAL CODE APPLICABLE.] All of the provisions of chapter 5 of the penal code in so far as the same relates to crimes against the elective franchise, are hereby made applicable to elections held pursuant to the provisions of this act.

SEC. 38. PRESENT COMMITTEES CONTINUE.] Every state, county, district and city committee of each political party now eligible under the provisions of this act shall remain the regularly constituted committee of the respective parties until succeeded as provided for in this act.

SEC. 39. (As Amended by Chapter 211, Laws, 1911.) PRECINCT COMMITTEEMEN. HOW ELECTED.] At the primary each voter may write in the space left on his ticket for that purpose the name of one qualified elector who is a member of his own party and a resident of his precinct, and the one receiving the highest number of votes shall be the precinct committeeman. The official returns made by the election board from each precinct shall show the name and address of such precinct committeeman thus chosen by each party. Upon the canvass of the returns the county auditor shall immediately notify in writing each precinct committeeman so selected, together with those provided for in section 40 of this act, of their selection and the date of the meeting of the county central committee.

SEC. 40. (As Amended by Chapter 211, Laws 1911.) COUNTY AND STATE COMMITTEE. HOW SELECTED. TIME AND PLACE OF MEETING.] The county committee of each party shall be composed of all the precinct committeemen of each party in addition to committeemen chosen at large by the following named county nominees of each party, selected in the following manner, to-wit: The nominees for the following county officers, namely: Clerk of court, county treasurer, county auditor, register of deeds, sheriff, states attorney, superintendent of schools and county judge, and the legislative nominees residing in such county shall be entitled to select and appoint in writing one committeeman at large, which appointment shall be immediately filed with the county auditor. The committeeman thus appointed, together with the precinct committeemen elected

as prescribed in section 39 hereof, shall constitute the county committee of each county, and they shall meet in the court house at the county seat of each county at two o'clock P. M., on the third Wednesday after each primary election and organize by selecting a chairman, a secretary and a treasurer, by adopting rules and modes of procedure, and by selecting an executive committee consisting of from five to nine persons chosen from the county committee, of which executive committee the chairman and secretary shall be members. Such county committee shall at the same time select one person who shall be a legal voter to act upon and be a member of the state central committee of such party in all counties consisting of one legislative district, and in counties having more than one legislative district, the precinct committeemen from each legislative district shall select one person from their respective legislative district; and when two or more counties are embraced in one legislative district; and county committee of each county shall meet at the court house of the county seat of the senior county of such district at two o'clock P. M., on the fourth Wednesday after such primary election, and select one person, who shall be a legal voter, to act upon and be a member of the state central committee of such party. The members so selected as state central committeemen shall meet at the state capitol on the first Wednesday in September and organize by selecting a chairman, a secretary and treasurer, and shall adopt rules and modes of procedure and promulgate and publish a platform or principle upon which its candidates shall stand. Each member of any committee shall retain such position until his successor is chosen. Every member so selected shall be a legal voter. Vacancies shall be filled by a majority of the committee by appointment from the district in which such vacancy exists.

SEC. 41. REPEAL.] All acts and parts of acts in conflict with the provisions of this act are hereby repealed, in so far as they relate to the provisions of this act.

Approved March 19, 1907.

CHANGES IN PRIMARY LAW AS EFFECTED BY SUPREME COURT DECISIONS

(Chapter 109, Laws of 1907.)

The act as a whole is constitutional.

Johnson vs. Grand Forks County, 16 N. D. 363, 113 N. W. 1071.

State ex rel. Montgomery vs. Anderson, 18 N. D. 149, 118 N. W. 22.

State ex rel. James vs. Secretary of State, 18 N. D. 55, 11 N. W. 141.

SEC. 3. All provisions as to fees to be paid by candidates for nomination in this and other sections of this act are void.

Johnson vs. Grand Forks County, 16 N. D. 363.

That part of the affidavit of a candidate beginning with the words "that I am a candidate" to the end of the affidavit is unconstitutional.

State ex rel. James vs. Secretary of State, supra.

SEC. 4. The pledge for candidates for the legislature is void.

State ex rel. James vs. Secretary of State, supra.

SEC. 9. Duties of judges and inspectors of elections with reference to informing electors to vote on party ballot only, held to apply to separate United States senatorial ballots.

State ex rel. James vs. Secretary of State, supra.

SEC. 10. Individual nominations under section 501 R. C. 1899, upheld. Further, held that the provisions for printing of ballots for parties casting 5 per cent of the votes for governor at the next preceding general election is a reasonable regulation of an election to make party nominations.

State ex rel. Hagendorf vs. Secretary of State, 20 N. D. 622, 127 N. W. 720.

SEC. 12. Held unconstitutional the provision that no nomination shall be made unless the vote cast for state, district or county officers is at least 30 per cent of the total number of votes cast for the candidate for secretary of state of each political party at the last general election.

State ex rel. Dorval vs. Hamilton, 20 N. D. 592, 129 N. W. 916, overruling *State ex rel. Montgomery vs. Anderson, supra.*

PRIMARY ELECTION OF NATIONAL DELEGATES

Chapter 208, 1911 Session Laws.

(S. B. No. 353—Committee on Election and Privileges.)

AN ACT to Provide for the Expression by the Qualified Voters of the Several Political Parties of Their Choice for Nomination by Their Party for President and Vice-President of the United States; to Provide for and Regulate Direct Primary Election for the Election of said Political Party's Delegates to Their Respective National Conventions, Fixing a Time for Said Election and Harmonizing Therewith the Time of City Elections Every Presidential Year, and for the Payment of Delegates' Necessary Expenses, Not Exceeding \$200.00 Each, for the Election of Party Candidates for the Office of Presidential Elector, and for the Election of National Committeemen.

Be It Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

SECTION 1. In the presidential election years, the qualified electors of the political parties subject to this law shall have opportunity to vote for their preference, on ballots provided for that purpose, for their choice among those aspiring to be candidates of their respective parties for president and vice president of the United States, shall have their party delegates to their national conventions, their presidential electors, and shall nominate and recommend their choice for national committeemen. The names of the aspirants in each such party for election for the office of president, for office of vice president of the United States, for national committeeman, for delegates to their national conventions, and for presidential electors, shall be printed on the party nominating ballot, provided for that purpose, and the ballot shall be marked and the votes shall be counted, canvassed and returned under the same conditions as to names, petitions and other matters so far as the same are applicable, as the names and petitions of party aspirants for the party nominations for the office of governor and of the United States senator in congress are, or may be by law required to be marked, filed, counted, canvassed and returned; provided, that aspirants for such presidential nominations need not file any personal petition nor signature; that certificates of the number of votes received by each such candidate shall be issued to the delegates who are elected for said party to the party national convention; that petitions to place on the nomination ballot the names and aspirants for such office or delegate to said national convention, presidential elector and national committeemen to be chosen and elected, as provided herein, shall be sufficient if they contain a number equal to one per cent of the party vote in the state at the next preceding election for representatives in congress, or not less than five hundred signatures of party voters. Every qualified voter shall have the right to vote for as many candidates for national delegates for his party and for the election of as many candidates for presidential electors as there are delegates and electors to be elected respectively, and each elector shall have a right to vote for one candidate of his party for national committeeman. A number of such candidates equal to the number of delegates to be elected and the number of presidential electors to be elected and the candidate for national committeeman, receiving, respectively, each for himself, the highest number of votes for such office or nomination, shall be declared elected.

SEC. 2. On the eighth day after the election provided for herein, the county canvassing board shall meet as provided in section 582 of the revised codes of 1905, and shall canvass the returns in the manner now provided by law. The powers and duties of the board shall be the same in so far as applicable, as now are prescribed by law for canvassing the returns of other elections.

SEC. 3. For the purpose of ascertaining the results of the election provided for in this act, the state canvassing board shall meet at the office of the secretary of state on the first Tuesday in May after such election and the secretary of state shall notify the other members of the board of canvassers of such meeting.

SEC. 4. All persons desiring to be candidates for delegates to the national convention of their party and all persons desiring to be candidates for presidential electors and for national committeemen of their party shall, not later than the first day in March of each year, when a presidential election will take place, file with the secretary of state their petitions, as provided herein.

SEC. 5. It shall be the duty of the secretary of state immediately after the first day in March of each year in which a presidential election will take place, to prepare and print ballots, at the expense of the state, with the names of all candidates of each party for the offices named in this act. In printing such ballots the secretary of state shall be guided by the provisions of law now in force relating to the preparation and printing of ballots for general elections. The provisions of the general election law applicable relating to the distribution of ballots, posting of sample ballots and of notices of the election shall apply to the distribution of ballots, posting of sample ballots and of notices of the election herein provided for, except as otherwise required herein. The secretary of state shall distribute the ballots among the county auditors, who in turn must deliver the same to the inspectors of election in the voting precincts of their respective counties. Notices of the election provided for herein shall be given in the manner prescribed by law for giving notices of city, village and township elections in such cities, villages and townships and in any other precincts, notice of the election shall be given as now provided by law for general elections.

SEC. 6. On the third Tuesday of March of every fourth year, when a presidential election is to be held, the members of the respective political parties shall express their choice for the election of the persons and officers named in this act, and whose names appear upon the ballot according to the provisions herein. Each elector shall be handed the ballot of the party with which he declares himself affiliated, or with which he may have registered at the last preceding registration or election, and such elector shall mark and vote the same in the manner provided herein. The polls shall be open during the same hours as at general elections. For the purposes of the election herein provided for, in all cities, villages and civil townships the regular election officers thereof shall also act without further compensation as the election officers, and in unorganized townships and voting precincts outside of cities, villages and civil townships, the inspector and two judges of election, who acted as such at the last general election, or those who have been or may be appointed to fill such vacancies occurring in their offices, pursuant to law, shall act therein as the inspector and judges of election. In all matters not herein expressly otherwise provided for the provisions of any election law of this state, applicable to the case, shall govern. In every fourth year, when a presidential election is held, the time of all city elections shall take place on the third Tuesday in March, so as to conform to the provisions of this act, and in such event the city officers elected to office shall have until the second Tuesday in April in which to qualify for such office.

SEC. 7. Every delegate to a national convention of a political party recognized as such organization by the laws of North Dakota, shall receive from the state treasurer the amount of his actual necessary traveling expenses, as his account may be audited and allowed by the secretary of state or state auditor, for actual attendance upon said convention, but not in any case to exceed \$200.00 for one delegate. The election of such national delegates for political parties are not subject to the direct primary law shall be certified in like manner as nominations of candidates of such parties for election to public office. Every such delegate to a national convention which nominated candidates for president and vice president shall subscribe an oath of office that he will uphold the constitution and the laws of the United States and North Dakota, and that he will, as such officer and delegate, to the best of his judgment and ability, faithfully carry out the wishes of his political party as expressed by the voters at said election.

SEC. 8. REPEAL.] All acts or parts of acts in conflict with any of the provisions of this act are hereby repealed.

PUBLICATION OF CANDIDATES' NAMES BEFORE PRIMARY ELECTION

AN ACT Providing for the Publication of the Names of the Candidates Before the Primary.

Be It Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

Section 1. CERTIFIED LISTS OF NOMINEES.] At least twenty-five days before any primary preceding a general election, the secretary of state

shall transmit to each county auditor a certified list containing the names and post office addresses of each person for whom nomination papers have been filed in his office and entitled to be voted for at such primary, together with a designation of the office for which he is a candidate, and the party or principle he represents.

SEC. 2. PUBLICATION OF NOTICES.] The auditor to whom such list is delivered shall forthwith upon the receipt thereof, publish under the proper party designation the title of each office, the names and addresses of all persons for whom nomination papers have been filed, both in his office and in the office of the secretary of state, giving the names and addresses of each, the date of the primary, the hours during which the polls will be opened, and that the primary will be held in the regular polling place in each precinct. It shall be the duty of such auditor to publish said notice once each week for at least two consecutive weeks prior to said primary in each official newspaper in the county.

SEC. 3. POSTING OF NOTICES.] Such auditor shall also forthwith mail copies of such notices to each township and village clerk and inspector of elections in unorganized townships, and to each city auditor of his county, who shall immediately post copies of the same in at least three public places in each precinct in his town, city or village, designating therein the location of the polling places in each election precinct.

Approved March 6, 1911.

NON-PARTISAN JUDICIARY ACT

(Chapter 82, Laws 1909.)

AN ACT to provide for the nomination and election of judges of the Supreme and District Courts.

Be It Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

SECTION 1. In all petitions and affidavits to be filed by or in behalf of candidates for nomination at the primary election to the office of judge of the supreme or district court, no reference shall be made to a party ballot or to the party affiliation of such candidate.

SEC. 2. All primary elections at which candidates for judge of the supreme or district court are to be nominated, there shall be separate ballots upon which shall be placed the names of the candidates for such offices, which ballot shall be entitled the "judiciary ballot," and the names of such candidates shall be placed thereon without party designation, and there shall be designated thereon the number of judges each elector is entitled to vote for. This ballot shall be delivered to each elector by the proper election officer, and the candidate on such "judiciary ballot" receiving the highest number of votes to the extent of double the number of those to be elected, provided there are that many or more candidates running for such office or offices, shall be duly nominated.

SEC. 3. At the general election there shall be a separate ballot, upon which shall be placed the names of the candidates for judge of the supreme court and judge of the district court, who have been nominated as herein provided, which ballot shall be entitled the "judiciary ballot," and the names of all candidates shall be placed thereon without party designation, and there shall be designated thereon the number of judges each elector is entitled to vote for. This ballot shall be delivered to each elector, and the candidates on such "judiciary ballot" receiving the highest number of votes to the number of those to be elected shall be duly elected.

SEC. 4. All acts and parts of acts in so far as they conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Approved March 6, 1909.

NON-PARTISAN SCHOOL OFFICERS

NON-PARTISAN SCHOOL OFFICERS.

(Chapter 153—1913 Session Laws.)

[H. B. No. 111—Curry.]

AN ACT to Provide for the Non-partisan Nomination and Election of the State Superintendent of Public Instruction and County Superintendent of Schools.

Be It Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

SECTION 1. NO PARTY BALLOTS.] In all petitions and affidavits to be filed by or in behalf of any candidate for nomination at any primary election to the offices of state superintendent of public instruction and county superintendents of schools, no reference shall be made to any party ballot or to the party affiliation of such candidate.

SEC. 2. SEPARATE BALLOTS FOR SCHOOL NOMINATIONS.] At all primary elections at which candidates for the offices herein referred to are to be nominated, there shall be separate ballots, which ballots shall be entitled, "Non-partisan school ballot," and the names of such candidates shall be placed thereon without party designation, and there shall be designated thereon the number of persons to be elected to each office. Except as herein provided, this ballot shall be prepared, printed, distributed, canvassed and returned in the manner now provided by law for primary election ballots, and shall be delivered to each elector by the proper election officers and, where there are three or more candidates for the same office, the two candidates receiving the highest number of votes for such office shall be duly nominated thereto, and where there are only two candidates for the same office, both candidates shall be duly nominated thereto.

SEC. 3. BALLOTS AT GENERAL ELECTION.] At the general election there shall be a separate ballot upon which shall be placed the names of all candidates who have been nominated as herein provided, which ballot shall be entitled "School Ballot" and the names of all such candidates shall be placed thereon without party designation, and there shall be designated thereon the number of candidates for each office for whom each elector is entitled to vote. Except as hereinafter provided, this ballot shall be prepared, printed, distributed, canvassed and returned in the manner now provided by law for general election ballots. This ballot shall be delivered to each elector, and the candidates for each office on such "Non-partisan school ballot" receiving the highest number of votes shall be duly elected to such office.

SEC. 4. REPEAL.] All acts and parts of Acts in so far as they conflict herewith are hereby repealed.

Approved March 11, 1913.

DIGEST OF NORTH DAKOTA GAME LAWS

The enforcement of the game laws is under the supervision of the North Dakota Game and Fish Board of Control of three members, one of whom acts as secretary. The board is named by the governor and appoints chief game wardens for each of the two districts, two deputies, and deputies for five months for each of the twelve judicial districts of the state. Each chief game warden appoints several hundred local deputies. The state fish commissioner is appointed by the governor and his expenditures are under the direction of the board.

A hunting license of \$1 is charged residents and is issued by the county auditors. Non-resident hunters are charged \$25, the licenses being issued by the state board through the chief game warden and auditors.

The open season is as follows: Prairie chicken, grouse, woodcock, upland or golden plover—Sept. 7 to Nov. 1; wild duck, geese, brant, crane—Sept. 7 to Dec. 15; crows, blackbirds, English sparrows, owls and hawks can be killed at all seasons.

There is a perpetual closed season on quail, partridge, pheasants of all kinds, turtle doves, swans, insect-eating birds and song birds. Deer are protected till Nov. 10, 1916, and after that only males can be killed.

Antelope, otter and beaver are protected till Jan. 1, 1920. Mink and muskrat cannot be taken from April 15 to Nov. 15.

Spring shooting of all kinds is entirely eliminated.

The bag limit for prairie chickens, grouse or crane is ten per day; for ducks, geese, brant, woodcock, snipe, plover, twenty-five per day;

Resident hunters can have in their possession not to exceed two days bag limit.

Non-resident hunters can ship out of the state the same.

Persons in the fields with shot guns between July 1 and Sept. 6 are considered as violators of the law.

Dogs are not permitted to run in the fields where there is or may be game between April 1 and Aug. 15.

There is no rod or fishing license. Trout and land-locked salmon may be caught from May 1 to Oct. 1; bass of all kinds from May 15 to Oct. 15; any variety of pike, croppies or perch from May 15 to Oct. 15; number of fish per day fifteen. Only hook and line can be used for the foregoing. Pickerel, suckers, red horse, carp, bullheads, may be speared at any time, but artificial lights are not permitted. Set lines are allowed in the Red, the Mouse and the Missouri rivers. All explosives, drugs, nets of all kinds are prohibited.

Possession of either game or fish in the closed season, except what is held in special license in cold storage, is regarded as prima facie evidence of a violation of the law.

The penalties for the violation of the different provisions of the game law vary in fines from \$10 to \$100, jail sentences from ten to sixty days, or both. Guns, dogs, nets and boats may be confiscated under certain conditions.

Rewards of \$10 are paid all persons furnishing information that will lead to convictions for violations of the game or fish laws.

A state fish hatchery is maintained from which lakes, rivers, creeks and ponds are stocked.

MOTOR VEHICLE REGISTRATION AND ROAD REGULATIONS

AN ACT to license motor and other vehicles and defining the good road regulations of such vehicles, provided that the funds received from such licenses shall be expended on the maintenance of public highways, and making it a misdemeanor to take and remove motor and other vehicles from any warehouse, garage or building without the knowledge and consent of the owner, and repealing section 2169 of the Revised Codes of North Dakota for the year 1905.

Be It Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

SECTION 1. The term "motor vehicle," as used in this act, except where otherwise expressly provided, shall include all vehicles propelled by any other than muscular power, except traction engines, road rollers, fire wagons and engines, police patrol wagons, ambulances and such vehicles as run only upon rails or tracks.

The term "local authorities" shall include all officials of counties, cities, towns or villages.

The term "state," as used in this act, except where otherwise provided, shall include the territories and federal districts of the United States.

The term "owner" shall also include any person, firm, association or corporation owning or renting a motor vehicle or having the exclusive use thereof under lease or otherwise, for a period greater than thirty days.

The term "public highway" shall include any highway, town road, county road, state road, public street, avenue, alley, park, parkway or public place in any county, city, town or village except any speedway which may have been or may be expressly set apart by law for the exclusive use of horses and light carriages.

SEC. 2. Every owner of a motor vehicle which shall be operated or driven upon the public highways of this state, for each motor vehicle owned, except as herein otherwise provided, shall cause to be filed, by mail or otherwise, in the office of the secretary of state a verified application for registration on a blank to be furnished by the secretary of state for that purpose containing:

1. A brief description of the motor vehicle to be registered including the name of the manufacturer, the factory number and model, if such number and model there be.

2. The name, residence and business address of the owner of such vehicle and the name of the county in which he resides.

SEC. 3. Upon the sale of a motor vehicle registered in accordance with this section, the vendee shall, within ten days after the date of such sale, notify the secretary of state of the same upon a blank furnished him for that purpose, stating the name and business address of the previous owner, if known, the number under which such vehicle is registered, and the name, residence and business address of such vendee. Upon filing such statement such vendee shall pay to the secretary of state a fee of one dollar, and upon receipt of such statement and fee the secretary of state shall file such statement in his office and also in the registration book or index such change of ownership.

SEC. 4. Upon receipt of an application for registration of a motor vehicle or vehicles as provided in section 2 of this act, the secretary of state shall file such application in his office and register such motor vehicle or vehicles, with the name and residence and business address of the owner, together with the facts stated in such application in a book or index to be kept for that purpose, under the distinctive number assigned to such motor vehicle by the secretary of state, which book or index shall be open to inspection during reasonable business hours.

SEC. 5. Upon the filing of such application and the payment of the fee provided in section 7, the secretary of state shall assign to such motor vehicle a distinctive number, and without other fee, issue and deliver to the owner a set of two (2) tags of registration, upon each of which shall be displayed the distinctive number in the form and size provided in section ten, which shall be evidence of payment of license fee of such registration.

In the event of the loss, mutilation or destruction of a certificate of registration, the owner of a registered motor vehicle may obtain from the secretary of state an affidavit showing the fact and the payment of a fee of one dollar for each set of duplicates.

SEC. 6. Such registration shall be renewed annually, and upon the payment of the same fee as provided in this act for original registration, such renewal to take effect on the first day of January of each year.

SEC. 7. A fee of three (\$3.00) dollars shall be paid to the secretary of state upon the registration or re-registration of a motor vehicle in accordance with the provisions of this act.

SEC. 8. No person shall operate or drive a motor vehicle on the public highways or within the limits of any city, town or village of this state after thirty days after this act takes effect, unless such vehicle shall have been registered in accordance with this act and shall have the tag of registration assigned to it by the secretary of state conspicuously displayed on the rear of such vehicle, securely fastened. Provided, that this section shall not apply to dealers in demonstrating automobiles offered for sale.

No person shall display on such vehicle at the same time any number assigned to it under any other motor vehicle law or ordinance.

SEC. 9. Such certificate shall be of a distinctly different color or shade each year, there being at all times a marked contrast between the color of the number plate and that of the numerals or letters thereon.

SEC. 10. Such certificate of registration shall be substantially of the following size and form, namely: A plate or placard of metal or enamel with metal letters eight and one-half inches in length and five inches in width for one or two numerals; ten inches in length and five inches in width for three numerals; twelve inches in length and five inches in width for four or more numerals; on the left of this plate with letters running vertically from the top, there shall be the two letters, "N. D.," each letter of which shall be approximately one inch in length, and on the right end, arranged in the same manner and same size, there shall be the four numerals of the year in which the license is issued; and on the body of such plate there shall be the distinctive numbers assigned to the vehicle in numerals four inches long, each stroke of which shall be at least one-half inch in width, provided, that motor cycles shall be assigned tags three inches in width and of a height to permit numerals to be placed vertically. Across the top of this tag with letters running horizontally shall be the two letters "N. D.," and across the bottom arranged in the same manner there shall be the four numerals of the year in which the license is issued, except that the last shall be in proportionate size to the small plate. Provided, further, that the owner, in lieu of such registration tag, may use a tail lamp with the registration number, the letters

"N. D.," and the numerals of the year displayed in the lens, the registration numerals to be of the size displayed above.

SEC. 11. The provisions of the foregoing sections in regard to registration shall not apply to a motor vehicle owned by non-resident of this state, who is temporarily within the state, while passing into or through this state from an adjoining state, provided that such non-resident shall have displayed in a conspicuous way on the motor vehicle he is operating, a number and tag which shall make it and the place from which it comes easily identified.

SEC. 12. No person shall operate a motor vehicle on the public highways of this state at a rate of speed greater than is reasonable and proper, having regard to the width, condition and use of the highway at the time and the general and usual rules of the road, or so as to endanger property or the life or limbs of any person. Provided, that upon approaching a dam, bridge, sharp curve or descent, and also in traversing such dam, bridge, sharp curve or descent, and upon approaching a crossing or intersecting highway, or in passing from a side street into a main thoroughfare, where persons or vehicles are not plainly discernible, a person operating a motor vehicle shall have such vehicle under perfect control and the rate of speed shall not exceed one mile in eight minutes; provided, that within the limits of any incorporated city or village the rate of speed shall not exceed ten miles per hour, and provided, further, that on any street or highway outside of the limits of any incorporated city or village the rate of speed shall not exceed thirty miles per hour.

SEC. 13. No person shall tamper with or drive or operate or use a motor vehicle without the permission of the owner, and no person shall, without authority of the person in charge, climb upon or in any automobile, whether the same is in motion or at rest, or hurl stones or other missiles at the same, or the occupants thereof, or shall, while such motor vehicle is at rest and unattended, sound the horn or other signaling device or attempt to manipulate any of the levers, starting crank, brakes or machinery thereof, or set such vehicle in motion, or otherwise damage or interfere with the same.

Any person who enters any warehouse, garage or building of any kind and takes and removes therefrom for his own use or that of others any automobile or motor vehicle, without the knowledge and consent express or implied, of the owner thereof, shall be deemed guilty of a misdemeanor, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished as provided in section eighteen of this act.

The fact that such automobile or motor vehicle was voluntarily returned to its original place by the party taking the same before or after the owner discovers such removal, or the fact that the party taking the same was then and there in the employ of the owner of such property, shall not be deemed a defense in the prosecution of such offender.

SEC. 14. At the end of every month the secretary of state shall pay into the county treasury to the account of a special road maintenance fund as hereinafter provided all money received by him under this act which has been paid to him by owners of motor vehicles in such county, and shall file with the county auditor a verified statement of the amounts and sources thereof, providing that from the moneys received from such license he shall retain a sufficient amount for the purchase of tags and books of registration.

SEC. 15. All claims for money expended on the highways under the provisions of this act shall be paid by the county treasurer upon the presentation of properly prepared vouchers approved by the county superintendent of highways and the board of county commissioners.

SEC. 16. The moneys received by each county from this source shall be expended for repairs and maintenance on the main-traveled roads of the county, under the direction of the county superintendent of highways, and where no county superintendent of highways has been appointed, then under the direction of the board of county commissioners, provided that all money so expended for repairs and maintenance shall be expended from April first to December first annually. Provided, further, that none of this money shall be expended within the limits of any incorporated city or village, nor shall it be expended on any road within any township that does not levy at least a tax of six mills for road purposes.

SEC. 17. Nothing in this act shall be construed to curtail or abridge the right of any person to prosecute a civil suit for damages by reason of injuries to persons or property resulting from the negligent use of the highways by a motor vehicle or its owner or his employe or agent, and in all actions and proceedings against the registered owner of a motor vehicle for negligence in the operation of such vehicle or for any violation of this act, the fact that such motor vehicle had upon it the registration number assigned to such owner under this act, shall be prima facie evi-

dence that such motor vehicle belonged to such registered owner.

In case of accident to any person or property on the public highway, due to the operation thereon of a motor vehicle, the person operating such motor vehicle shall stop and, upon the request of any person injured, or any person present, give such person his name and address.

SEC. 18. Any person who shall violate any provisions of this act shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten dollars and not more than fifty dollars, and if default is made in the payment of such fine such person or persons shall be committed to the county jail until such fine is paid; conditioned however, that each day's services in jail shall be equal to two dollars of such fine.

SEC. 19. It is the duty of the county superintendent of highways and deputy county superintendent of highways when such are appointed, and otherwise the board of county commissioners, and all police officers of incorporated cities and villages, to enforce the provisions of this act.

SEC. 20. Section 2169 of the Revised Codes of 1905 and all acts in conflict with this act are hereby repealed.

Approved March 17, 1911.

CHAPTER 24, ARTICLE 36, REVISED CODES OF 1905.

SEC. 2170 (R. C. 1905.) **MUST HAVE BELL OR HORN.** Every automobile or motor cycle shall be provided with a bell or horn which when operated outside of the city or village, shall be rung or blown by the driver or operator when approaching from behind a vehicle propelled by animals so as to give timely notice of the approach of said motor vehicle.

SEC. 2171. (R. C. 1905.) **MUST USE MUFFLER. WHEN. MUST HAVE LIGHTS.** Every automobile or motor cycle using gasoline steam or any other substance as a motive power, shall use a muffler so called, when operated, driven or moved upon the streets of any town, village or city within the state, or when meeting or passing animal propelled vehicles on any public road or highway within the state. Every such automobile or motor cycle shall also be provided with lights, the automobile to carry not less than two lights in front of such machine, one of which to be on either side, and the motor cycle to carry at least one light.

SEC. 2172. (R. C. 1905.) **LAW OF THE ROAD.** The driver or operator of any automobile or motor cycle shall be governed by the usual law of the road by turning to the right in meeting vehicles, teams or persons moving or headed in an opposite direction, and by turning to the left when passing vehicles, teams or persons moving or headed in the same direction.

CHAPTER 42, 1909 SESSION LAWS.

SEC. 2173 (As amended by the 1909 S. L.) **STOP WHEN SIGNALLED BY DRIVER OF VEHICLE.** The driver or operator in charge of any automobile or motor cycle on any public road or highway outside the limits of any town, village or city within the state when signalled by the driver of any vehicle propelled by horses or other animal power, which signal shall be given by raising the hand or in such other manner as to attract attention, shall stop said automobile or motor cycle until the vehicle propelled by said animal power has passed; and if approaching said vehicle from behind, the driver or operator in charge of said automobile or motor cycle shall stop for a reasonable time and the driver of said animal propelled vehicle shall, as soon as the condition of the road will permit, turn to the right and allow at least one-half of the road on his left for the passage of said automobile.

SEC. 2174. (As amended by the 1909 S. L.) **PENALTY FOR VIOLATION.** Any person who shall violate any provisions of this article shall be guilty of a misdemeanor, and shall be punished by a fine of not less than ten dollars and not more than fifty dollars, and if default is made in the payment of such fine such person or persons shall be committed to the county jail until such fine is paid; conditioned, however, that each day's service in jail shall be equal to two dollars of such fine, and the person so offending shall be liable for damages in a civil action to any person who shall have been injured in person or property by reason of such violation of this article.

CORRUPT PRACTICES ACT**CHAPTER 129, 1911 SESSION LAWS.**

(S. B. No. 31—Duncan.)

AN ACT to Secure the Purity of Elections, to Limit Candidate's Election Expenses, to Define, Prevent and Punish Corrupt and Illegal Practices in Nominations and Elections, to Provide for Furnishing Information to the Electors; and to Provide a Penalty for the Violation of this Act.

Be It Enacted by the Legislative Assembly of the State of North Dakota:

SECTION 1. PRIMARY CAMPAIGN EXPENSES LIMITED.] No sum of money shall be paid, and no expenses authorized or incurred by or on behalf of any candidate to be paid by him, except such as he may pay to the state for printing, as herein provided, in his campaign for nomination to any public office or position in this state, in excess of fifteen (15) per cent of a year's compensation or salary of the office for which he is a candidate; provided, that no candidate shall be restricted to less than two hundred dollars (\$200.00) in his campaign for such nomination; provided, that the provisions of this act shall not be construed to apply to the candidate's personal traveling expenses. No sum of money shall be paid and no expenses authorized or incurred contrary to the provisions of this act, for or on behalf of any candidate for nomination.

SEC. 2. (1913 Amendment.) PUBLICITY PAMPHLET. CANDIDATE'S STATEMENT.] Any candidate for nomination to any state or district office, when the district is composed of one or more counties, may file with the secretary of state for publication as herein provided, not later than fifty (50) days before the biennial primary nominating election, with his portrait cut if he wishes, a printed or typewritten statement, on the conditions set forth, over his signature, stating the reasons why he should be nominated.

Each candidate shall be allowed one (1) page of printed matter, and those opposing him shall each be allowed one page of space on equal terms with him, as herein provided.

SEC. 3. (1913 Amendment.) RATES.] Candidates for nomination shall pay for one page of space in the publication herein provided for as follows: For the office of United States senator one hundred dollars; for representative in congress one hundred dollars, for justice of the supreme court seventy-five dollars; for governor one hundred dollars; for secretary of state one hundred dollars; for state treasurer, one hundred dollars; for state auditor one hundred dollars; commissioner of insurance, superintendent of public instruction, attorney general and commissioner of labor, each seventy-five dollars; for railroad commissioner and lieutenant governor twenty-five dollars; for senator or representative in the legislative assembly ten dollars; for district judge fifty dollars; for county judge, register of deeds, county auditor, county treasurer, state's attorney, sheriff, clerk of court and county superintendent each twenty-five dollars. All payments required by this section shall be made to the secretary of state when the statement is offered to him for filing, and be by him paid into the general fund of the state treasury. Any candidate for state offices may have additional space, not exceeding three pages, at the rate of one hundred dollars a page and any candidate for county or legislative office may have additional space, not exceeding two pages, at the rate of twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) a page.

SEC. 4. (1913 Amendment.) PRINTING STATEMENTS.] Not later than forty days before the primary nominating election the secretary of state shall properly complete, edit, prepare, and index for printing all of such statements and portrait cuts and cause the same to be printed in pamph-

let form, printing and pictures of candidates with and as a part of their several statements, where such portrait cuts are offered; statements of those who directly oppose any candidate shall follow next after his statement. All of the statements filed for and against all the candidates for nomination to each office shall be printed in the order in which the candidate's names are grouped under the title of their offices on the official ballot at the nominating election. No picture, statement or argument for or against any candidate for nomination shall be included in the copy of the pamphlet going to any county where such candidate is not to be voted for. The said pamphlet shall be printed and delivered to the secretary of state as quickly as possible and the delivery shall be completed not later than twenty (20) days before the nominating election.

SEC. 5. ADDRESS OF VOTERS.] The several county auditors shall obtain the post office addresses of all voters in their respective counties, which shall be taken from the registration lists in case of party registration, and in case of no party registration then such addresses may be procured from the personal property tax books of that year and other authentic source, and on or before the thirtieth (30th) day preceding the nominating election, mail to the secretary of state the name, post office address and party registration of every such person, and at least twenty (20) days before the regular biennial primary nominating election, the secretary of state shall forward by mail to every such person a copy of the pamphlet containing the names and statements herein provided for. The pages of the pamphlet required by this act shall be six by nine inches in size, and the printed matter therein shall be set in eight point type, single leaded, and twenty-five ems pica in width, with proper headings.

SEC. 6. GENERAL ELECTION CAMPAIGN EXPENSES LIMITED.] No sum of money shall be paid and no expenses authorized or incurred by or on behalf of any candidate who has received the nomination to any public office or position in this state, except such as he may contribute toward payment for his political party's or independent statement in the pamphlet herein provided for in excess of fifteen (15) per cent of the annual salary of the office for which he is nominated; provided, that no candidate shall be restricted to less than two hundred dollars.

SEC. 7. ITEMIZED STATEMENTS FILED.] Every candidate for nomination or election to public office, including the offices of senators of the United States, shall within fifteen days after the primary or general election at which he was a candidate, file with the secretary of state, if a candidate for senator of the United States, representative in congress, or for any state or district office, in a district composed of one or more counties, but with the county auditor for legislative districts composed of not more than one county, an itemized statement setting forth in detail all the moneys contributed, expended or promised by him to aid and promote his nomination or election, or both, as the case may be, and for the election of his party candidates, and all existing unfulfilled promises of every character and all liabilities in force at the time of such statement, and if no money or other valuable thing was paid or promised, he shall file a statement to that effect within fifteen days after the election at which he was a candidate. Any candidate who shall fail to file such statement shall be fined twenty-five dollars (\$25.00) for every day on which he was in default, unless excused by the court.

SEC. 8. ACTUAL CONTRIBUTORS' NAMES.] No person shall make a payment of his own money or of another person's money to any other person in connection with a nomination or election in any other name than that of the person who in truth supplies such money; nor shall any person knowingly receive such payment or enter or cause the same to be entered in his accounts or record in any other name than that of the person by whom it was actually furnished.

SEC. 9. PRE-ELECTION PROMISES OF APPOINTMENTS.] No person shall, in order to aid or promote his nomination or election, directly or indirectly promise to appoint another person or to secure or aid in securing the appointment, nomination or election of another person to any public or private position or employment, or to any position of honor, trust or emolument.

SEC. 10. (1913 Amendment.) CHARITABLE CONTRIBUTIONS BY CANDIDATES OR OFFICE-HOLDERS AND SOLICITATION THEREOF.] No person shall demand, solicit, ask or invite any payment or contribution for any religious, charitable, or other such cause from any person who seeks to be, or has been nominated to any office, and no such candidate shall make any such payment or contribution, or promise or agree to make

the same if it shall be demanded or asked during the time he is a candidate for nomination or election. No payment or contribution for any purpose shall be made a condition precedent to the putting of a name on any caucus or convention ballot or nominating paper or petition, or the performance of any duty imposed by law on a political committee.

Provided, however, that this Section shall not be construed as prohibiting any candidate for office from making contributions for a religious or charitable purpose to any organization or purpose to which he has theretofore ordinarily or customarily contributed; and no person shall be deemed prohibited at any time from contributing to any church organization or association of which he is actually a member.

Provided, further, this Section shall not be construed as making it unlawful for a candidate for office to make contribution to the central committees of the political party with which he is affiliated, but any such contribution so made shall be deemed a part of the expenditures limited in Section 6 of this Act.

SEC. 11. CAMPAIGN CONTRIBUTIONS BY CORPORATIONS PROHIBITED.] No corporation, trustee or officer thereof as such, shall pay or contribute in order to aid, promote or prevent the nomination or election of any person, or in order to aid or promote the interest, success or defeat of any person or any political party or organization. And no person shall solicit or receive such payment from any corporation.

SEC. 12. TREATING.] Any person or candidate who shall, either by himself or by any other person, either before or after election, or while such person or candidate is seeking a nomination or election, directly or indirectly, give or provide, or pay, wholly or in part, the expense of giving or providing any drink or intoxicating liquors to or for any person for the purpose or with the intent or hope to influence that person or any other person to give or refrain from giving his vote at such election to or for any candidate or political party ticket or measure before the people, or on account of such person or any other person having voted or refrained from voting for any candidate or the candidates of any political party or organization or measure before the people, or being about to vote or refrain from voting at such election, shall be guilty of treating. Every elector who accepts or takes any such drink or intoxicating liquors shall also be guilty of treating, and such acceptance shall be ground of challenge to his vote and of rejecting his vote on a contest.

SEC. 13. PENALTY.] Any person shall be guilty of corrupt practice within the meaning of this act if he expects any money for election purposes contrary to the provisions of this statute, or if he is guilty of treating, undue influence, personation, or the giving or promising to give any money or valuable thing to an elector with the intent to induce him to vote or to refrain from voting for any candidate for public office.

SEC. 14. EXPENSES OF VOTING. TRANSPORTATION PROHIBITED.] It shall be unlawful for any person to pay another for any loss or damage due to attendance at the polls, or in registering or for the expenses of transportation to or from the polls. No person shall pay for personal services to be performed on the day of a caucus, primary convention or any election for any purpose connected therewith, tending in any way, directly or indirectly, to affect the result thereof, except for the hiring of persons whose sole duty is to act as challengers and watch the count of official ballots. No person shall buy, sell, give or provide any political badge, button or any insignia to be worn at or about the polls on the day of an election, and no such political badge, button or insignia shall be worn at or about the polls on any election day.

SEC. 15. POLITICAL ADVERTISING LABELED PAID.] No publisher of a newspaper or other periodical shall insert either in its advertising or reading columns or any paid matter, which is designed or tends to aid, injure or defeat any candidate or political party or organization or measure before the people, unless it is stated therein that it is a paid advertisement. No person shall pay the owner, editor, publisher or agent of any newspaper or other periodical to induce him to editorially advocate or oppose any candidate for nomination or election, and no such owner, editor, publisher or agent shall accept such payment. Any person who shall violate any of the provisions of this section shall be punished as for a corrupt practice.

SEC. 16. ELECTIONEERING ON ELECTION DAY.] It shall be unlawful for any person at any place on the day of any election to ask, solicit or in any manner try to induce or persuade any voter on such election day to vote or refrain from voting for any candidate, or the candidates or ticket of any political party or organization, or any measure submitted

Approved March 5, 1911.

DIGEST OF GOVERNMENT LAND LAWS AND REGULATIONS.

1. No lands are subject to private cash entry. The timber culture and pre-emption laws have been repealed.

2. Homestead entries can be made for not more than one-quarter section, or 160 acres of land.

3. All applicants must stand upon equal footing, with equal rights and privileges to enter the public lands. "First come, first served."

4. The land office fees and commissions, payable when application is made, are as follows:

On land outside the railroad limits, \$14 for 160 acres; \$13 for 120 acres; \$7 for 80 acres; \$6 for 40 acres.

Lands within the railroad limits, \$18 for 160 acres; \$16 for 120 acres; \$9 for 80 acres; \$7 for 40 acres.

An entry of 81 acres or more will cost \$10 fee besides the regular commission, at either \$1.25 or \$2.50 per acre; on less than 81 acres, a fee of \$5.00, etc.

In the Pacific states and Rocky mountain region the charges are a little more.

5. The applicant must in every case state in his application his place of actual residence, and the post office address to which notices relative to his entry shall be sent, and his full name.

6. Amendments of filings and entries are allowed by the general land office for real errors, where improvements were made by mistake on the wrong tract, but not for blunders which the claimant could have avoided by reasonable care and investigation.

Application for amendment must be sworn to and corroborated under seal by an officer qualified to administer oaths in Homestead cases and in no case need be more than two pages in length; must show how the error was made; that applicant has not sold or incumbered the tract, and that the amendment is not asked for the purpose of letting some one else enter the tract vacated. He must also furnish a non-mineral affidavit covering the new tract described, and also show that he has not denuded the land to be dropped of its timber or in any way impaired its value.

7. When a person desires to enter a tract of land, he may appear personally at the district land office and present his application and make the required affidavit before the register and receiver. A homestead applicant must show that he or she is over 21 years of age or the head of a family. If he states that he is the head of a family and fails to show that he is over 21 years of age, it is necessary to set forth the facts which constitute him the head of a family, also stating his age. A female applicant must show whether she is married or unmarried. If married, she must set forth the facts upon which she relies to qualify her to make entry. If she claims the right to make entry by reason of being a deserted wife, she must state the facts relative to the alleged desertion, and whether her husband since the alleged desertion has in any manner contributed to her support.

He must establish his residence in a house to be built on the land within six months from the date of entry, and must, in order to maintain his entry, reside on and cultivate the tract for five years, unless he desires to commute and pay for the land in cash or equivalent, which can be done after fourteen months actual residence on and cultivation of the tract. Prior to November 1, 1907, six months constructive residence, followed by eight months residence was required, but since that date full fourteen months actual and continuous residence immediately prior to date of making application to make final proof is required.

8. The homestead affidavit can be made before the judge or clerk of a court of record, in the county in which the land lies, or before a commissioner of the United States district court, who is the nearest or most accessible officer to the land, and save the journey to the land office.

9. Entries under the homestead law can be completed after five years actual residence; but the applicant is required to file with the register his notice of intention to make proof and it is the duty of the register to have said notice published, when the applicant will appear with any two witnesses of the four necessary to be named in the notice and make proof on day named, and before officer mentioned. Claimant must pay the publication fees direct to the publisher of the paper, in

which his notice of intention to make proof is advertised and must see that the affidavit of publication is filed in the United States land office, designated (in case proof is taken before that office) on or before date set for proof, or if proof is set to be taken before some outside officer, said affidavit of publication must be filed with such officer on or before the date set for proof.

10. In case of death of entryman, his widow has the right, at the proper time, to make proof of his residence, and her residence or cultivation of the tract for the required time, and in case of the death of the widow, then the heirs or devisees.

A homestead right cannot be devised away from the widow or minor children.

11. Under acts of congress approved March 2, 1889, and April 28, 1904, a party who entered lands, prior to said acts, has the right, where his said entry was canceled for any cause, to enter again, and where his entry is of record, he having failed to comply with the laws as to residence, has the right to relinquish his claim to the United States, and enter the same or other tract, provided no other right has attached; the acts further provide that, when an entry has been made, and an applicant is residing on the land entered, which was for less than 160 acres, he has the right to enter, if adjoining, enough land to make 160 acres; the residence upon the original in this case being applicable to the additional; and if none is adjoining he has the right to make entry elsewhere, after having proved up his first entry, the two entries not to contain over 160 acres, but the full period of residence on the additional non-contiguous tract must be shown before proof can be made on same.

In the act of congress approved June 5, 1900, section 2 provides that any person who has theretofore made a homestead entry and commuted same under section 2301, revised statutes, and the amendments thereto, shall be entitled to the benefits of the homestead laws as though such former entry had not been made but commutation under section 2301, revised statutes, shall not be allowed of an entry made under this section.

The act of February 8, 1908 (Public—No. 18), allows a person otherwise qualified to make a second homestead entry where such person has made and lost, forfeited or abandoned a former homestead entry prior to the passage of said act, and such former entry was not canceled for fraud nor abandoned or relinquished for a consideration.

The person applying to make second homestead entry under this act must file in the local land office an application to enter a specific tract of public land subject to homestead entry, accompanied by his affidavit executed before an officer authorized to administer oaths in homestead cases, stating description of former entry by section, township and range numbers, or number of entry and name of office where made; date of entry; when he lost, forfeited or abandoned the same; that it was not canceled for fraud, and whether he, received anything for abandoning his claim or relinquishing his entry, nor any monetary or other valuable consideration, for the improvements thereon. This affidavit must be corroborated by the affidavit of one or more persons having knowledge of the facts relative to the abandonment of his claim or the relinquishment of the former entry, which corroborated affidavit may be executed before any officer authorized to administer oaths, and having an official seal.

12. Under act of congress approved August 30, 1890, one person can enter only 320 acres of public land. This act is held to be prospective and not retractive. That is, no matter how much land a party entered prior to the date of the above act, he may thereafter, if in other respects qualified, enter 320 acres, but not more. This law does not apply to mineral or coal lands, but to lands which are classed as agricultural lands. The government does not guarantee that its "agricultural" lands will produce crops. Hence the intending settler should carefully examine in person the land he or she intends to enter.

13. A party desiring to relinquish his land to the United States for the purpose of re-entering, or for the purpose of letting others enter, must make the following relinquishment on the back of his duplicate receipt, registers final certificate, or upon a separate relinquishment blank (Govt. form 4-621, acknowledged before some officer with a seal: "I hereby relinquish all my right, title, interest and claim in and to the within described land to the United States." Relinquishment made at the land office can be made without any cost. In the event of the loss of the duplicate receipt, or register's final certificate, an affidavit accounting for the loss, made under seal, and relinquishment thereon, will be sufficient.

14. A single woman does not forfeit her homestead entry by marriage if thereafter she continues to comply with the law as to residence, improvements and cultivation.

The act of congress approved June 6, 1909, provides that. "Where an unmarried woman who has heretofore settled, or may hereafter settle upon a tract of public land, improved, established and maintained a bona fide residence thereon, with the intention of appropriating the same for a home, subject to the homestead law, and has married, or shall hereafter marry, before making entry of said land, or before making application to enter said land, she shall not on account of her marriage forfeit her right to make entry and receive patent for the land; provided, that she does not abandon her residence of said land, and is otherwise qualified to make homestead entry; provided further, that the man whom she marries is not, at the time of their marriage, claiming a separate tract of land under the homestead law. "That this act shall be applicable to all unpatented lands claimed by such entry-woman at the date of passage."

Where a married woman applies to make a homestead entry under this act, she must show by affidavit that prior to her marriage she settled upon the land applied for, improved, established and maintained a bona fide residence thereon, with the intention of appropriating the same for a home; that the man she married was not, at the time of their marriage, claiming a separate tract of land under the homestead law. She should also give the date of her settlement and date of her marriage, and furnish the regular homestead affidavit showing that she is otherwise qualified to make homestead entry.

15. The first actual settler who makes entry within three months after actual settlement is entitled to the land, while the first man who makes entry may have been last to make settlement, and hence have the least claim to the land. A pre-emption filing is no bar to a homestead entry.

16. A settlement does not mean actual residence, but preparation for it, to be followed up in good faith. The claimant should, in person, not by agent, start the erection of a new house, or begin some other improvement on the land he claims. A homestead entry does not require prior settlement, but it is safest to make a settlement, at the earliest date. Unless residence on the land is established within six months from date of entry, the entry is liable to contest for abandonment.

17. Final proof in homestead entries can be made after five years from date of entry or of actual residence on the land, and must be made before the expiration of seven years from date of entry.

The time during the Civil war, if not less than ninety days which the homestead settler served in the army, navy or marine corps, shall be deducted from the time heretofore required to perfect title, or if discharged on account of wounds received or disability incurred in the line of duty, then the term of enlistment shall be deducted from the time heretofore required to perfect title, without reference to the length of time he may have served; but no patent shall issue to any homestead settler who has not resided upon, improved and cultivated his homestead for a period of at least one year after he shall have commenced his improvements. Soldiers and sailors who served in the recent wars are allowed the same privileges under the act of June 16, 1898.

18. The receiver's receipt which the entrymen received on making entry, and the acceptance and record thereof, should be surrendered on making commuted or final homestead proof. In case the receipt has been lost or destroyed, claimant will be required to make an affidavit on the day he submits the proof, setting forth the facts in regard to the loss of said receipt.

Parties are often put to a great loss and inconvenience by the loss of register's final certificates (or receiver's receipts), which should always be carefully preserved.

19. Application to make proof (Govt. blank No. 4-348, homestead), should be signed by the claimant himself. His four witnesses should, if possible, be near neighbors, fully conversant with the facts essential to perfect proof.

20. It is the duty of the applicant who makes proof before county officers to see that each question is filled out with complete answers; must show that he is a native born citizen of the United States, if such is the case; and, if not, then certified copy of naturalization papers will be sufficient; if the entry is by a woman she must state specifically in the proof whether or not she is married or single; applicants should in

every case see that the names of witnesses used in making proof are properly advertised, and that they sign their names as advertised, and in giving the names to be published they should ascertain and give their full Christian names, and, if possible, the four living nearest the land for which proof is to be made. Much trouble and delay has been occasioned by doubtful or different spelling of names. Some persons have actually spelled their names three different ways in making one proof. This makes necessary correspondence and explanatory affidavits, causes delays in receipt of patents and places suspicion on proof.

21. The proof should, if possible, be taken on the day advertised, or for good and sufficient reasons within ten days therefrom: before the officer advertised, with the evidence of at least two of the witnesses advertised; these, together with the duplicate receipt, together with evidence of citizenship where necessary and affidavit of publication of proof notice, and the required fees and commissions should be sealed up and transmitted to the receiver, on the same day proof is taken. If papers are not complete they are subject to rejection.

22. The land office commissions, payable at the time of making final homestead proof, are as follows. On land outside certain railroad limits:

For 160 acres.....	\$4.00
For 120 acres.....	3.00
For 80 acres.....	2.00
For 40 acres.....	1.00

On land within the railroad limits:

For 160 acres.....	\$8.00
For 120 acres.....	6.00
For 80 acres.....	4.00
For 40 acres.....	2.00

The fees for reducing testimony to writing in making final proof are 15 cents for each 100 words, which in each case amount to about \$2.00, sometimes \$2.50, which must be transmitted with the final proof commissions. In the Pacific states and Rocky Mountain regions the charges are one-half higher.

23. All applicants for land should see that their applications are made out for the exact plat record numbers of land desired to be entered, which must lie and form a compact body. If for an adjoining farm, the land owned and resided on must form a compact body with the public land; and the two together must not exceed 160 acres.

In the transmittal of all fees and commissions on entries, proofs, etc., by outside parties to the local land offices, to accompany entry papers, proofs, etc., it is necessary to send other actual currency or post office money orders, as the land office officials are forbidden from accepting drafts, checks or other forms of money. If post office orders are sent a separate order must be sent with each application or proof and must show the applicant or entryman as the remitter—all post office money orders must be made payable to the Receiver of the U. S. Land Office.

24. A married woman has no right to make a homestead entry except under the conditions prescribed in act of June 6, 1900, above mentioned.

25. A single woman over the age of twenty-one years has the right to make a homestead entry.

26. A man has to be twenty-one years of age to make an entry, unless he is married or the head of a family.

27. If a married woman who has been deserted by her husband desires to prove up, she should address the local office of the land office, stating the nature of her case, and ascertain if she has the right to make proof.

28. In case of the death of both father and mother, the guardian of the minor children after obtaining the required order of the probate court within two years of the death of the surviving parent, may sell the land for the exclusive benefit of the minor children, and patent will issue to the purchaser on payment of the office fees.

29. The widow or children of a homesteader are not required to reside on their homestead after his death, except in commutation proofs, but must continue cultivation by agent or otherwise. The widow can enter a homestead in her own right while cultivating that of her deceased husband, in which event she must actually reside on the land entered in her own name.

30. In contests initiated by affidavit, the affidavit should be corroborated by preferably two witnesses. When service is had by publication, the posting of a copy of notice on the land, and mailing (by registered letter), a copy to contestee, to his last known address, are absolutely essential, as is also proof of both, and this is the duty of the parties or their attorneys, not of the land officers.

31. When a party desires to file a protest against an entry on the day of proof, it is the duty of the other taking the proof to take down the protestant's testimony and that of his witnesses, and transmit the same with the proof to the local office. The party protesting must pay the cost of reducing the evidence of himself and witnesses to writing.

32. The government does not issue a general map, showing what are public untaken lands. Land officers are authorized by law to furnish plats or diagrams showing what lands are vacant and what lands are taken. Parties writing for numbers, dates, descriptions, etc., of several tracts can get this information by ordering from the local officers.

The charges to be made by the local officers for the plat or diagram of a particular township are fixed as follows:

For a township diagram showing entered land only.....	\$ 1.00
For a township plat showing form of entries, names of claimants, and character of entries.....	2.00
For a township plat showing form of entries, names of claimants, character of entry and number.....	3.00
For a township plat showing form of entries, names of claimants, character of entry, number and date of filing or entry, together with topography, etc.....	4.00

33. Any person desiring information about public land should always give the section, township and range, for which information is asked, together with the numbers of the land, and such information will always be furnished free of charge by the local officers.

34. When patents are received at the office, the register and receiver at once prepare notices and send to the entryman, when they can return their register's final certificates (formerly receiver's duplicate receipt) given them at date proof was made, and patents will be sent free of charge. Where patent has been lost by claimant a duplicate can be obtained from the general land office at Washington on payment of \$1.60.

35. Papers once filed cannot be returned unless to correct clerical error.

36. It is the duty of the applicant when he makes application to ascertain from county or other records the exact area in the tract, and if over 160 acres, he must, in addition to the \$14 entrance fee, pay for the excess over 160 acres at the rate of \$1.25 or \$2.50 per acre, as the case may be, many parties having lost their lands by such failure.

37. Where an entry is made for land that has been covered by a prior entry, the residence will date from the time when the last entry is placed on record, or from the date of cancellation of the first entry, or from date of settlement, if settlement was after the date of cancellation.

38. No person who is the proprietor of more than 160 acres of land in any state or territory shall acquire any right under the homestead law.

39. A homesteader forfeits his entry if he transfers any portion thereof before final receipt issues, except it be for school, church or cemetery purposes, or for the right of way of railroads, canals or ditches for irrigation purposes.

40. Military bounty land warrants and other scrip can be used at a discount in place of cash in commuted homestead entries, where the entryman having resided on and cultivated the tract embraced by his homestead entry for fourteen months advertises and makes the required proof.

41. The secretary of the interior is authorized, upon proof being made, to his satisfaction, that any tract of land has been erroneously sold by the United States, so that from any cause the sale cannot be confirmed, to repay to the purchaser, or to his legal representatives or assigns, the sum of money which was paid therefor, out of any money in the treasury not otherwise appropriated.

42. Where purchase moneys and commission paid under any public land law have been covered into the treasury of the United States under any application to make any filing, location, selection, entry or proof,

such purchase money and commissions will be repaid to the person who made such application, entry, or proof, or to his legal representatives, in all cases where such application, entry, or proof has been or shall hereafter be rejected, and neither such applicant nor his legal representatives shall have been guilty of any fraud or attempted fraud in connection with such application.

43. In case of application for repayment where patent has not issued, the duplicate receipt must be surrendered. The applicant must also make affidavit that he has not transferred or otherwise encumbered the title to the land, and that said title has not become a matter of record. This affidavit may be made before either the register or receiver of the district land office, or before a notary public or a justice of the peace, or other officer authorized to administer oaths. When made before a notary public or justice of the peace, a certificate of official character is required.

44. Parties who have made entries of less than 160 acres of land are, under some circumstances, allowed to enter enough more land to make up 160 acres; in some cases they are permitted to relinquish their entries and make new entries. A full statement of the facts in each case should be submitted to the local officers for their judgment and advice.

45. Under the rulings of the department prior to April 1, 1909, an entryman who established residence upon his claim and afterwards was elected or appointed to a federal, state or county office, was allowed to absent himself and not maintain actual residence, if absence was required under his official duties, this ruling including deputies and assistants, as well as principals, but this privilege was not a statutory right and all entrymen from and after April 1, 1909, will not be allowed this privilege on account of such election or appointment to office in commutation proofs, but in final five-year proofs all persons elected to office after April 1, 1909, and who have established actual residence on their land prior to their election may have benefits thereof, provided cultivation and improvement of the land is continued.

46. Isolated tracts of land are those places entirely surrounded by lands that have been taken under the homestead and other laws. Any person can cause them to be sold by making application to the local land office on special blank (Gov't. 4-008b), and depositing \$5.75 for advertising fee with the local land office, at such time as notice of the authorization of the sale is given to the applicant by the local office. These tracts are sold for cash to the highest bidder. Any person who has not previously applied for and purchased more than 160 acres under said act may purchase, but only bona fide residents of adjoining land or those making affidavit that the land is not wanted for speculative purposes but for actual use by the applicant if he is a successful purchaser. None but natives or fully naturalized citizens of the United States can purchase any lands under this section.

47. The commissioner of the general land office expressly forbids the local officers to furnish blank entry papers and affidavit to anybody except claimants in person.

Coal lands may be entered under the coal and land laws, for cash — \$10 per acre when situated more than fifteen mile from a completed railroad and \$20 an acre when situated within fifteen miles of railroad.

Leaves of absence for one year or less may be granted after establishment of actual residence for good cause, such as failure of crops, sickness or unavoidable casualty. The special blank for leave of absence is to filled out, sworn to and sent to the register and receiver (Gov't. 4-519). The time of actual residence under such leave cannot be considered as constructive residence or be deducted from the period of actual residence required by law.

Contests—Any person may institute contest against an entryman for abandonment of his entry or for fraud in connection therewith, and if successfully terminated may be awarded a preference right to enter the land, provided he or she be qualified to make entry. In taking testimony in contest cases the department cautions all attorneys against irrelevant, superfluous and ambiguous questions and answers that will burden the record and cause unnecessary expense to litigants.

Agents of the Government.—The government has no agents locating settlers or acting for or in their behalf, and no branch offices where "official" information may be had, but lawyers in good standing and others having power of attorney filed in U. S. land offices are permitted to represent the interests of clients before the land office and other offi-

cers—U. S. Commissioner, county judges and clerks of courts—authorized to take proofs and affidavits and administer oaths and hear contest cases.

In making enquiries regarding pending contests, status of entries, proofs, etc., exact description of the entry, or tract regarding which information is sought, should be given to insure speedy reply.

HOW TO PROVE UP ON HOMESTEADS.

It has heretofore been practiced in the making of five-year proof to permit of a consecutive residence of six months from the date of filing, or in other words the settler was allowed six months in which to establish residence on his claim, and that six months has heretofore been considered as residence in making of five-year proof. On August 18, 1911, the commissioner of the general land office issued directions to registers and receivers in the consideration of proofs offered after December 1, 1911, to discontinue the consideration of the six months constructive residence and to require that all persons making final proof should show a residence for the whole period of five years as required by statute before the same can be approved as a basis for the issuance of patent thereon.

By departmental decision and ruling it has been determined that the lands embraced in that area and in which patents to surface only are issued, that no commutation proof will be allowed. This proclamation of the president, issued in pursuance of the act of congress of June 22, 1910, is dated July 7, 1910, so that in all entries made since July 7, 1910, commutation is not allowed in the coal land area, and this applies only to lands in that area.

Another matter very important to settlers on lands embraced in the coal area, which embraces all lands in the Bismarck district west of Range 76, from the north line of Township 148 down to the township line between townships 140 and 141, at which the line jogs west six miles and runs thence south eighteen miles, when it again jogs west six miles, runs thence south six miles, again jogs west six miles, runs thence south twelve miles, then jogs west eighteen miles, thence south six miles, thence west six miles, thence south six miles, thence west six miles, thence south six miles, thence west six miles, and thence south six miles and west to the state line between the states of North Dakota and Montana, is the question of cultivation and improvement.

By an act of congress it has been provided that the lands on which entry is made under the act of June 22, 1910, shall be subject to the same restrictions as to residence and cultivation as is prescribed by the act of August 18, 1894, known as the Carey act, which requires residences for the full period of five years to entitle the homesteader to patent and proof by two credible witnesses; that at least one-eighth of the area embraced in his entry was continuously cultivated to crops other than native grasses beginning with the second year of the entry, and that at least one-fourth of the area embraced in the entry was so continuously cultivated beginning with the third year of the entry.

BIOGRAPHICAL

Congressional and State Officers, North Dakota, and Members of Legislature, 1913-14

PORTER J. McCUMBER, United States Senator, was born in Crere, Ill., February 3, 1856. He was educated in the common and high schools of Minnesota and graduated from the law department of the University of Michigan. He came to North Dakota and opened a law office at Wahpeton, where he resides. He is married and has two children. He was a member of the territorial house and senate, states attorney of Richland county, and was elected to the senate in 1899 as a republican, being re-elected in 1905 and 1911.

A. J. GRONNA, United States Senator, was born at Elkader, Iowa, December 10, 1858. He was educated in the public schools and in Caledonia, Minn., Academy. He came to Dakota in 1879 and located in Traill county in 1880, removing to Nelson county in 1887, being engaged in the mercantile business at Lakota. He is married and has five children. He has served as member of the territorial legislature, has held various local offices, has been chairman of the Nelson county central committee and served three terms as a member of congress, to which he was elected as a republican.

H. T. HELGESEN, member of congress, first district, was born on a farm near Decorah, Winneshiek county, Iowa, June 26, 1857; was educated in the public schools at Decorah, and at the Normal Institute and Business College. In 1887 he moved to Milton, N. D. He served two terms as commissioner of agriculture and labor, being the state's first official in that office, and he has served three terms as a member of the board of regents of the state university. He is engaged in a general hardware and lumber business. He was married in 1880 and has three sons and four daughters. He was elected congressman in November, 1910, as a republican.

GEORGE M. YOUNG, member of congress, Second District, Valley City, Barnes county, was born at Lakelet, Ontario, on December 11, 1870; is married. He came to North Dakota from Michigan in 1890 and is a lawyer. He was educated in the high schools of Orangeville, Ontario, and the law college of the University of Minnesota. Held the office of representative in 1901 and 1903 and was elected to the state senate as a republican in 1905. Was elected member of congress, 1912.

PATRICK D. NORTON, member of congress, Third District, was born at Ishpenning, Michigan, May 17, 1876. He came to North Dakota in the early eighties with his parents, when the family located on a farm in Ramsey county. He received his education in the common schools of Ramsey county and at the state university at Grand Forks, from which institution he graduated in 1897. For four years he was principal of schools at Michigan City. For two years he was employed as a commercial traveler. From 1905 to 1907 he was superintendent of schools of Ramsey county. He was chief clerk of the house of representatives of the tenth legislative assembly. In 1907 he moved to Adams county, where he has since been prominently engaged in different lines of business and of which county he was state's attorney from 1907 to 1911. He is a member of both the state and international tax associations. He is unmarried. He was elected Secretary of State in 1910, as a republican and was elected member of congress in 1912.

Supreme Court

B. F. SPAULDING, chief justice, was born in Orleans county, Vermont, December 3, 1853. He was educated in the public schools and attended Lyndon Literary institute and Norwich university. He read law at Montpelier and was admitted to the bar in 1880. He came to North Dakota in that year and practiced law at Fargo. He is married and has five children. He has been superintendent of public instruction of the state, member of the territorial capitol commission, member of the constitutional convention, member of congress for two terms and chairman of the republican state committee. He was appointed justice of the supreme court to succeed Edward Engerud, resigned, and was elected for the six-year term in 1908, becoming chief justice on the retirement of Justice Morgan in 1911.

CHARLES J. FISK, associate justice, was born in Whiteside county, Ill., March 11, 1862. He was educated in the public schools and at the Northern Illinois college at Fulton, and studied law at Morrison, Ill. He came to North Dakota in 1886, and settled at Larimore, where he was admitted to the bar in 1886. He moved to Grand Forks in 1889. He is married and has two children. He has served three terms on the district bench and was elected to the supreme bench as a democrat.

EDWARD T. BURKE, associate justice, was born in Minneapolis, Minn., in 1870, and came to this state with his parents in 1871; was educated in the public schools of Fargo and Sheldon, attended the state university at Grand Forks and later graduated from the state university of Minnesota. In 1893 he located at Valley City and in 1900 was elected state's attorney for Barnes county, and re-elected two years later. In 1904 he was elected judge of the Fifth Judicial District. In 1908 he was re-elected without opposition. He was married in 1900 and has two sons. He was elected associate justice in November, 1910.

EVAN BENSON GOSS, associate justice, was born December 8, 1872, near Rockford, Michigan. He is a graduate of the Michigan state university at Ann Arbor and also a postgraduate of that institution. He began the practice of law at Grand Rapids, Michigan, from which place he moved to Bottineau, N. D., in December, 1895. He was elected state's attorney for Bottineau county for two terms. In June, 1905, qualified as district judge of the Eighth Judicial District and was re-elected in 1908. He is married and has one daughter. In November, 1910, he was elected associate justice.

ANDREW A. BRUCE was born at Nunda Drug, Neilgherry Hills in southern India, in 1866, the son of a general in the British army, being a Scotchman by descent. With his parents he returned to Scotland from India, and there, when he arrived at the age of fifteen years, his parents died. He immigrated to the United States and began life as a farm laborer in Minnesota. Entered the University of Wisconsin and worked his way through, by manual labor and corresponding for newspapers. He graduated from the University of Wisconsin in 1890 and from the law school in 1892. He served, for two years following his graduation, as secretary to the Supreme Court of Wisconsin, and then began the practice of his profession in Chicago. In 1898 he accepted a position as a member of the faculty of the law school of the University of Wisconsin. He became dean of the law school of the University of North Dakota in 1901, and in 1911 was appointed by Governor Burke to succeed the late Chief Justice Morgan who resigned on account of ill health. He is married and has two children, one son and one daughter.

State Officers, 1913-14

- L. B. HANNA**, governor, was born at New Brighton, Pa., August 9, 1861, was educated in Ohio, Massachusetts and New York, came to North Dakota in 1881. Was a member of the house in the state legislature in 1895 to 1897 and 1899 to 1901, and from 1905 to 1909 was a member of the state senate. Was chairman of the republican state central committee from 1902 to 1908. Was elected congressman in 1908 and re-elected in 1910. Was elected governor in 1912. Is married and has three children, two daughters and one son.
- ANTON T. KRAABEL**, lieutenant governor, of Clifford, Traill county, was born at Guldbrandedalen, Norway, on October 16, 1862; is married and has seven children. He came to North Dakota from Vernon county, Wis., in 1882, and is a merchant. He was educated in the common schools of Wisconsin. Was a member of the house in 1903 and was elected to the senate in 1907 and was elected to his present position in 1912. He is a republican.
- THOMAS HALL**, secretary of state, was born at Clifton, Mich., June 6, 1869, and came to North Dakota in June, 1883, with his parents who settled near Jamestown. Entered the employ of the Northern Pacific Railway company at Jamestown and was later transferred to Mandan. Went to Fargo in 1892, and resided there sixteen years, being employed as railway clerk and entering the newspaper business. He received his education in the common schools of the state and at Concordia College, Moorehead, Minn., afterwards taking a business course. Was secretary of the Progressive Republican Central Committee in the campaigns of 1906, 1908 and 1910. Was elected secretary of the State Board of Railway Commissioners in 1909 and moved to Bismarck, where he has resided since. Was married to Miss Anna M. Grafenstein, September 1, 1897, and there are four children, one son and three daughters—Richard, Lucille, Ellen and Edna.
- CARL O. JORGENSEN**, state auditor, was born in Willmar, Minn., June 6, 1881, and came to Milnor, N. D., with his parents, May 1, 1884. Secured his education at the Milnor High School and took a course in a business college, Minneapolis, Minn. Has been in the office of the state auditor since January 21, 1901, in various capacities, as clerk, chief clerk and deputy, until his election as a republican to his present position in 1912. He is unmarried.
- GUNDER OLSON**, state treasurer, was born at Telemarken, Norway, September 6, 1852. When but a year old he emigrated with his parents to this country, where he located at Winneshiek county, Iowa. He came to North Dakota in 1881 and engaged in the mercantile business. He was sheriff of Walsh county from 1884 to 1888. He was member of the board of the blind asylum, acting as its president. He is married and has two daughters. He was elected to his present position in November, 1910, and re-elected, 1912, as a republican.
- ANDREW MILLER**, attorney general of the state of North Dakota, is a native of Denmark, and was born in that country on November 16, 1870. He was educated at Garner, Iowa, and was admitted to the bar in Des Moines, Iowa, May 15, 1894. He came to North Dakota from Iowa, June 14, 1905, and engaged in the practice of law, and in 1907 was appointed assistant attorney general of North Dakota. Was elected attorney general in 1908 and re-elected in 1910 and 1912. He is a republican in politics, is married and has three children.
- W. C. GILBREATH**, commissioner of agriculture and labor, was born in McMinn county, Tennessee, September 9, 1851. His parents afterward located in Illinois, where he was educated in the public schools and in Wesleyan university. He is married and has three children. He came to North Dakota and engaged in the newspaper business at Mandan. He has been a member of the state central committee, deputy commissioner of insurance, and is serving his fifth term as commissioner of agriculture and labor, to which he was elected as a republican.

EDWIN J. TAYLOR, superintendent of public instruction, was born at Waddington, N. Y., October 22, 1869. He was educated in the public schools of his native town and at St. Lawrence university, Canton, N. Y., from which he graduated June 11, 1890. In July, 1890, he moved to Grand Forks county, N. D., and engaged in educational work. He was elected county superintendent of schools for that county in 1892, and held the office three successive terms. He was appointed deputy superintendent of public instruction in 1903, which position he held eight years. He is married and has two sons. He was elected to his present position in 1910, and re-elected in 1912, as a republican.

WALTER C. TAYLOR, commissioner of insurance, was born at Alexander, Minn., February 18, 1870. He moved with his parents to Devils Lake, N. D., in 1886. In 1890 he entered the newspaper business, purchasing the Towner News and Stockman. In 1894 he moved to La-Moure where he purchased and edited the Chronicle. He is married and has two daughters. He was elected to his present position in November, 1910 and re-elected in 1912, as a republican.

O. P. N. ANDERSON, commissioner of railroads, was born in April, 1872, at Albert Lea, Minn., and there received his early education, graduating from college in 1890. In the summer of 1890 Mr. Anderson located in Ramsey county and began teaching school, finally turning his attention to mercantile business in Starkweather. Two years ago he was a member of the legislature. He was elected railroad commissioner in 1908, was re-elected in 1910 and 1912 as a republican.

W. H. STUTSMAN, commissioner of railroads, was born March 2, 1866, at Keokuk, Iowa. In 1876 he removed with his parents to Burlington. Here he received his grammar and high school education, afterward completing a course at the state university at Iowa City in 1887, and at the law school of the same institution in 1889. In 1902 he located in North Dakota, resuming the practice of his profession at Mandan, where he has since resided. Mr. Stutsman is married and has three children. He is a republican. He is serving his third term as commissioner of railroads.

WILLIAM HENRY MANN, commissioner of railroads, was born in the village of Koliskau, Germany, November 5, 1857, he received a common school education in a village near his native home. April 6, 1883, found him one of the German Evangelical colony, founding what is now the prosperous village of New Salem, Morton county, N. D., his present home. In the fall of 1880 he was united in marriage with Miss Anna Lang, of Leipzig, Germany. Eight children have blessed this union, seven of whom are living. He was elected in 1908 as a member of the railroad commission, and re-elected in 1910 and in 1912, as a republican.

LEGISLATURE

Senate

L. J. ALBRECHT, (Anamoose), of the 45th legislative district, was born October 13, 1867, at Dransfield, Hannover, Germany, and came to the United States in April, 1890, coming first to Chicago, and on February 5, 1899 came to North Dakota. He secured his education in the common and military schools of Germany. He has been school director of the Anamoose district since June, 1905. He was county commissioner of McHenry county for 1911 and 1912, and was elected to his present position in 1912 as a progressive republican. He is married and has four children, two sons and two daughters. He has been engaged in the mercantile business at Anamoose for the past fourteen years.

H. W. ALLEN, of the twenty-sixth legislative district, was born in Monroe county, Michigan, June 6, 1861. In 1882 he came to North Dakota and settled in Emmons county where he took a homestead, which he has farmed continuously since. He has served two terms as county treasurer. He is married and has one daughter. He was elected to his present position in November, 1910, as a republican.

- IRVING A. BARNES** (Ellendale), of the twenty-fifth legislative district, was born in Sterling, Cayuga county, New York, April 6, 1855, and received his education in the public schools. Came to North Dakota in March, 1881. Served for eight years on the board of supervisors, for nine years president of the school board, and two years on the city council of Ellendale. Was elected to his present position as a democrat in 1912. He is married and has seven children, two sons and five daughters. He has engaged in the occupation of farming for the past thirty years.
- WALTER R. BOND**, of the twenty-ninth legislative district, was born at Mayville, New York, February 14, 1871. With his parents he moved to Grand Forks county, Dakota territory, in April, 1881. He received his education in the common schools of Grand Forks. In 1899 he moved west to Ward county. He is married and has two sons. He is a republican.
- A. F. BONZER** (Lidgerwood), of the thirty-seventh legislative district, was born at Monona, Clayton county, Iowa, in 1862, and received his education in the public schools of his home state. Moved to South Dakota in 1883 and came to North Dakota in 1893 where he has resided since. Served as county commissioner for two terms as member of the board of education of Lidgerwood for seventeen years, and as a member of the city council for sixteen years. Was elected to his present position in 1912 as a democrat. He is married and has five children, three sons and two daughters. He is at present a real estate broker. He has been engaged in the business for the past ten years.
- H. A. BRONSON**, (Grand Forks), of the seventh legislative district, was born in Munica, Mich., November 19, 1873, and came to North Dakota in July, 1890. Graduated from the University of North Dakota in 1895, with the degree of M. A., and of the University of Minnesota, with the degree of L. L. B., in 1901. He held the position of lecturer on real property for ten years at the law school of the state university. Was elected to his present position in 1912 as a republican. He is married and has one daughter. He is an attorney at law, and has been engaged in the practice of his profession for twelve years.
- WALTER L. CARTER**, of the twelfth legislative district, was born at Broadhead, Wis., April 3, 1867. The family moved to Cass county, Iowa, in 1871. His education was acquired in the Western Normal College at Shenandoah, Iowa, from which he graduated in 1888; in that year he came to North Dakota and engaged in the banking business. He has served as trustee of the Red River Valley university. He is married and has three children, two sons and a daughter. He was elected to his present position in November, 1910, as a republican.
- JOHN L. CASHEL**, of the fourth legislative district, Grafton, Walsh county, was born in New York City on June 24, 1848; is married and has two sons. Came to North Dakota from Faribault, Minn., in 1881. Was educated in the common schools, University of Wisconsin at Madison, Galesville university, Galesville, Wis., and Wayland university, Beaver Dam, Wis. Has held the office of state senator for fourteen years and was re-elected without opposition. Was an alderman at Grafton for six years; sixteen years on the board of education at Grafton and president of the board. He was elected to the senate as a democrat. He has engaged in banking and farming since October 1, 1881.
- O. J. CLARK** (Snodgrass), of the forty-third legislative district, was born July 1, 1876, at Lincoln, Minn., and received his education at the Ortonville high school, and the Hamline university. Came to North Dakota in 1902. He has been president of the village board for five years and held other offices, and was elected to his present position as a republican. He is married and has three sons. He has been engaged in the business of banking and real estate for the past sixteen years.
- C. ERNEST DAVIDSON**, of the fortieth district, was born in St. Charles, Minn., October 5, 1872. He came to North Dakota in 1884 and received his education in the high schools of Devils Lake and Minot; is married and has three children, one son and two daughters. After his marriage he moved to Portal, where he at present resides, being engaged in the general merchandise and farm implement business. He was elected to the house in 1908 and 1910, and to the senate in 1912, as a republican.

- J. ELLSWORTH DAVIS**, of the thirty-fifth legislative district, was born in 1875 at Oshkosh, Wis. He was educated in the public schools and at the state university of North Dakota, graduating with the class of 1899. Mr. Davis is a republican and a resident of Goodrich, where he is engaged in the banking, mercantile and stock raising business. He is married. Has held his present position as senator since 1910. . .
- JAMES DUNCAN**, of the twentieth legislative district, Oberon, Benson county, was born at Carnie, Aberdeen, Scotland, and is 54 years of age, is married and has four children. He came to North Dakota from Wabasha county, Minn., in 1881, and is a farmer. Was educated in the common schools. Has held school and township offices for the last fifteen years and was a member of the legislatures of 1905, 1907 and was re-elected to the house of 1909 and to the senate in 1910 as a republican.
- GUBRAND L. ELKEN**, of the eighth legislative district, was born in Norway, June 10, 1863. He received his education in his native land and came to North Dakota, April 29, 1889. He served as alderman and mayor in his home city, Mayville. He is married and has three children, one son and two daughters. He was elected to his present position in November, 1910, as a republican.
- CHARLES ELLINGSON**, of the sixteenth legislative district, was born at Arkdale, Adams county, Wis., August 16, 1869. He came to North Dakota in territorial days; was educated in the public schools of this state and attended the state university. In 1889 he settled in Traill county and engaged in the general merchandise business. He is married and has four children, three sons and one daughter. He was elected to his present position in November, 1910, as a republican.
- JOHN A. ENGLUND**, of the second legislative district, was born in Millesvik, Sweden, May 26, 1868. He came to this country in 1887, and in January, 1898, came to North Dakota and engaged in farming, locating near Kenmare. Was one of the first aldermen of Kenmare; was a member of the house in 1911, and was elected to his present position in 1912, as a republican. He is married. Has engaged in the business of merchant and farmer for 15 years.
- EDWARD LORENZO GARDEN**, of the twenty-eighth legislative district, Souris, Bottineau county, was born at Decorah, Iowa, on November 30, 1873, and is married. He came to North Dakota from Decorah, Iowa, in 1899, and is a hardware and furniture merchant, with stores at Souris, Lansford and Landa. Was educated at Decorah institute, Decorah, Iowa. He was a member of the house in 1907 and in 1909, and was elected to the state senate in 1910, as a republican.
- CHRISTIAN GANSSLE**, of the first legislative district, St. Thomas, Pembina county, was born in Germany on May 20, 1866, and is married. He came to North Dakota from Canada in 1882 and is a farmer. He was educated in the common schools. Was a member of the legislature in 1905 and 1907, was re-elected in 1909 to the house and was elected to the senate in 1910, as a republican.
- E. F. GILBERT**, of the tenth district, was born at Geneva, O., August 10, 1854, and was educated in the common schools of that place. He came to North Dakota in 1883 and settled at Fargo and afterward at Casselton, where he engaged in business for 30 years, retiring this year and removing to California. He was a member of the house in 1903 and 1905; was elected to the senate in 1906 and 1910 as a republican. He is married and has two children.
- ALBERT S. GIBBENS**, of the twenty-second legislative district, Cando, Towner county, was born at Barrie, Pike county, Ill., on September 18, 1858, and is married and has six children. He came to North Dakota from Illinois in 1882 and is a farmer and stock raiser. Was educated in the common schools and Missouri State Normal at Kirksville, Mo. Was elected a member of the house in 1905, 1907 and 1909, and was elected to the senate in 1910, as a republican.
- FINGAR T. GRONVOLD**, senator from the forty-second legislative district, was born at Eggedal, Norway, April 25, 1868, and was educated in the common schools of Norway and at the Grand Forks college in this state. Was treasurer of Pierce county two terms; member of the house two terms; elected to the senate in 1908 and re-elected in 1912 as a republican. He came to North Dakota in 1886; is married and has five children. He is engaged in the hardware and implement business at Rugby.

- JAMES M. HANLEY**, (Mandan), of the thirtieth legislative district, was born at Winona, Minn., January 8, 1877, was educated at the Kasson, Minn., high schools and Carleton college and was admitted to the bar at the age of twenty-one years, and has been in practice at Mandan since coming to North Dakota in 1902. He is married and has three children. Served in the Spanish-American war, 1898; elected to the house, 1908; state's attorney Morton county, 1909-1910; elected to the house, 1911, and chosen speaker; elected to his present position, 1912, as a republican.
- C. O. HECKLE**, (Lisbon), of the fourteenth legislative district, was born in Winnesheck county, Iowa, November 8, 1865, and is a graduate of the Highland Park Law School, Des Moines, Ia. Came to North Dakota, July 9, 1886. He has held no political position previous to his election to his present position in 1912. He is unmarried. Has been engaged in the practice of his profession, attorney at law, for the past fifteen years.
- L. S. HELGELAND**, (Aneta), of the seventeenth legislative district, was born November 28, 1858, at Wlota, LaFayette county, Wis., and moved with his parents at the age of four years to Iowa, coming to North Dakota in June, 1881. Received his education in the public schools of Northwood and attended the Augsburg Seminary for one year. Has held the position of county commissioner for two terms. Was elected to his present position as a republican in 1912. He is married and has six children, five sons and one daughter. He has been engaged in the business of farming for the past thirty years.
- CHANCELLOR WILLIAM HOOKWAY**, of the thirty-fourth district, was born at West Lorne, Ontario, March 21, 1876, and moved with his parents to Pembina county in 1884. He received his education in the common and high schools of St. Thomas, and later attended the law department of the Minnesota university, graduating in 1900. In 1900 he took up the practice of his profession at Granville, N. D. He has held the position of city attorney for his home city since its incorporation. He is married and has one daughter. He was elected to his present position in November, 1910, as a republican.
- ED. HOVERSON**, (Beach), of the thirty-ninth legislative district, was born September 10, 1867, in Nodreland, Norway. Arrived in the United States in the spring of 1889 and came to North Dakota in the spring of 1892. Received his education in the public schools of Polk county, Minn., attended the Willmar, Minn. Seminary and graduated from Caton College, Minneapolis. Has been a member of the Beach city council for four years, and a member of the board of education for four years. Was elected to his present position in 1912 as a progressive republican. He is married and has nine children, six sons and three daughters. He has been engaged in the hardware and furniture business at Beach and Sentinel Butte for the past seven years.
- EDWARD A. HUGHES**, of the twenty-seventh legislative district, was born at Elk Point, S. D., October 15, 1873, and received his education in the common schools of South Dakota, and at Carleton College, Northfield, Minn. Came to North Dakota in 1883 and has been engaged in the electrical light and power business. He has never before held a political office. He is married. He was elected to his present position as a republican.
- FRANK H. HYLAND**, of the twenty-first legislative district, was born at Jefferson, Greene county, Iowa, September 14, 1880, and after completing his school work in the high school and at the Iowa Agricultural college, came to North Dakota in 1900, locating at Devils Lake. He is an auctioneer by profession. He is married. Was elected to the house in 1910 and to the senate in 1912, as a republican.
- H. P. JACOBSEN**, of the forty-ninth legislative district, was born in Rudkjobing, Denmark, May 25, 1875. He came to this country while very young and completed his education at the Iowa State Normal school, Cedar Falls, and at Highland Park Normal school, Des Moines. From 1901 to 1907 he served as county recorder of Grundy county, Iowa, coming to this state in 1907. He is now engaged in the banking business and the practice of law at Mott. He was elected to his present position in November, 1910, as a republican. He is unmarried.

PAUL T. KRETSCHMAR, (Venturia), of the thirty-sixth legislative district, was born in the City of New York, March 10, 1868. When he was two years of age the family moved to Philadelphia, where he received his common school education. With his parents he moved to Dakota territory in 1884, locating in Yankton county. In April, 1898, he was elected clerk of the district court of McIntosh county and retained that position until the fall of 1904, when he was elected to the position of county auditor, which he held for two terms. He is married and has three sons and one daughter. He was elected to his present position in November, 1910, as a republican.

O. T. LOFTSGAARD, (Hoople), of the third legislative district, was born in Clayton county, Iowa in 1859, and received his education in the common schools of Iowa. Came to North Dakota in 1882, taking a homestead in that year. Has served as clerk of the town board for the past twenty-four years and has held other positions and was elected to his present position in 1912 as republican. He is married and has six children, four sons and two daughters. He has been engaged in farming for the past thirty-one years.

HENRY J. LINDE, (Stanley), of the forty-fourth legislative district, was born at Ridgeway, Winneshiek county, Iowa, December 31, 1879. He was educated at Luther college, Decorah, Iowa, graduating in the spring of 1901. He studied law at the University of Minnesota and graduated in the spring of 1906. For two years after his graduation from Decorah, he was teacher in science and English literature at Park Region Luther college, Fergus Falls, Minn. He came to Plaza, N. D., in July, 1906, engaging in the practice of law; later he moved to Stanley, when Mountrail county was organized. He was elected as representative in 1908 and in 1910 was elected senator as a republican. He is married.

FERDINAND LEUTZ, of the forty-seventh legislative district, Hebron, Morton county, was born at Eberbach, Germany, on June 24, 1854; is married and has four children. He came to North Dakota from Germany in 1883, and is a merchant. Was educated in the common schools and college at Eberbach and Stuttgart. He was state insurance commissioner from 1901 to 1905, and was elected to the senate in 1906 and again in 1912, as a republican. 170

M. L. McBRIDE, (Dickinson), of the thirty-first legislative district, was born October 31, 1878, at Lake City, Minn. Received his education at the Milbank, S. D. high school and graduated from the law department of the University of Minnesota, with the degree of L. L. B. Came to North Dakota, June 20, 1902, and was state's attorney of Stark county for three terms, and was elected to his present position in 1912, as a republican. He is married and has three children, one son and two daughters. He has engaged in the practice of law for the past eleven years. 170

WESLEY C. McDOWELL, (Marion), of the twenty-fourth legislative district, was born at Rockford, Ill., August 26, 1870; came to North Dakota in October, 1886, settling with his parents in Eddy county. He is a graduate of the state normal school at Moorhead, Minn. He is married and has four daughters. He was elected senator in 1910 as a democrat. He has been engaged in the banking business at Marion for the past 11 years.

HENRY McLEAN, of the eighteenth legislative district, Hannah, Cavalier county, was born at Blaircessnock, Perthshire, Scotland, on December 5, 1847; is married and has eight children. He came to North Dakota from Huron county, Ontario, in 1882, and is a farmer. Was educated in the common schools. Has held the office of county commissioner two terms, two terms as representative and has been a member of the senate since 1903, being a republican.

C. F. MUDGETT, (Valley City), of the fifteenth legislative district, was born November 14, 1868, at Ravanna, Mo., and secured his education in the public schools of his home state. Came to North Dakota, April 12, 1883. Served a captain of Co. G, N. D. N. G. in the Spanish-American war, and was elected to his present position in 1912 as a republican. He is married and has five children, two sons and three daughters. He has been engaged in the lumber business for twenty-three years, but sold out last year.

- A. J. NEIDEN, Rolette, of the nineteenth legislative district, was born May 24, 1874, at Litchfield, Minn. Received his education in the Litchfield high school and at the Columbia university law school, Washington, D. C. Came to North Dakota in the fall of 1905. Was a delegate to the Republican National Convention in 1912, and was elected to his present position as a progressive republican. He is married. He has been a lawyer and publisher for the past eight years.
- WILLARD B. OVERSON, of Williston, senator from the forty-first legislative district, was born at Cambridge, Wis., November 25, 1872. He was married in June, 1906, to Miss Alice Dillon, a daughter of Colonel Moses Dillon, of Sterling, Ill. He was graduated at the Cambridge high school in 1890, from the University of Wisconsin in 1894, and from the law school of the same institution in 1896. He came to Williston in 1899. Was state's attorney in Williams county two terms, elected to the senate in 1908 and re-elected in 1912, as a republican.
- C. W. PLAIN, of the fifth district, was born in Aurora, Ill., March 10, 1857. He was educated in his native town and came to Dakota in 1888, locating at Milton, where he is engaged in the machinery business. He was a member of the house in 1892, the senate from 1894 to 1899 and was re-elected in 1902, 1906 and 1910. He is a republican, is married and has three children.
- WILLIAM P. PORTERFIELD, (Fargo), of the ninth legislative district, was born December 20, 1856, at Martinsburg, Virginia. Received his education in the public schools and the Philadelphia College of Pharmacy. Came to North Dakota in 1882, settling at Davenport where he remained ten years, and coming to Fargo in 1892 where he has resided since. He was elected to his present position as a democrat in 1912. He is unmarried. Has been engaged in the business of pharmacy for the past thirty-five years.
- S. N. PUTNAM, (New Rockford), of the thirty-second legislative district, was born March 28, 1861, at Big Lake, Minn. He is a graduate of the State Normal School, St. Cloud, Minn., and took a special course in the law department of the University of Minnesota. Came to North Dakota in 1883. Held the position of county superintendent for two years, of register of deeds for six years in Eddy County. Was elected as a member of the house in 1906 and 1908, and was elected to his present position in 1912 as a progressive republican. He is married. Came to the state as a school teacher, engaged in the business of abstractor for eight years, and has engaged in farming, having a large acreage of land.
- ALFRED STEEL, of the twenty-third district, was born August 1, 1860, at Genesee, Wis. He was educated in Beloit college, Beloit, and came to North Dakota in 1883, is engaged in the business of insurance and abstractor of titles. He is married and has one son. He was twice elected mayor of Jamestown, and served two terms as a member of the board of commissioners of Stutsman county. He was elected senator in 1908 and re-elected in 1912, as a republican.
- F. S. TALBOT, of the eleventh district, was born in New York City, July 12, 1863. He was educated in the schools of Buffalo and New York City and finished his education at Williams college. He came to North Dakota in 1878 and in 1881 located permanently in the state and established a large farm near Buffalo. He has served as chairman of the state and county central committees, and was elected to the state senate as a republican in 1900, in 1904, in 1908, and in 1912, and was asked after the legislative session of 1913 to accept the appointment of warden of the state penitentiary. He is married and has three children.
- M. BEN THOMPSON, of the thirty-eighth legislative district, Fingert county, was born in Norway in 1856, and is married and has four sons. He came to North Dakota from Kristiana, Norway, in 1883, and was a member of the house in 1905 and re-elected to the senate in 1906 and again in 1908, as a republican, and was elected senator in 1912 as a republican.
- G. T. TROTTEN, (Northwood), of the fifth legislative district, was born at Northwood, N. D., February 28, 1884. He graduated from the State Normal School, Minn., in 1905, and received the degree of B. A. from the University of Minn. in 1911, and graduated again with the Bachelor of Education in 1912. Was elected to his present position as a republican in 1912. He is married. He has been engaged in the practice of law.

JAMES TURNER, of the sixth district, was born of Scotch parents who were on their way to the United States, September 9, 1847. He was educated in the common schools of Ontario, and came to North Dakota in 1882, settling at Grand Forks. He is married and has two sons. He has never held political office prior to his election as senator as a democrat in 1906, and was re-elected in 1910.

F. W. VAIL, (Milnor), of the thirteenth legislative district, was born March 18, 1864, at Port Washington, Wis., and received his education in the public schools of Wisconsin, at the Shattuck Military Academy, Faribault, Minn., and at the Markham Academy, Milwaukee, Wis. Came to North Dakota, May 1, 1885. Has not engaged in politics previous to this time, except in minor positions as school director, member of board of trustees, etc., and was elected to his present position as a republican in 1912. He is married and has two children, one son and one daughter. Has engaged in the banking and real estate business for the last twenty-seven years.

ALOYS WARTNER, (Harvey), of the thirty-third legislative district, was born December 29, 1870 at Lodi, Wis. Received his education in the public schools of Wisconsin, and graduated with the degree of L. L. B. from the law college of the University of Wisconsin, in 1895. Came to North Dakota, April 17, 1900. Held the position of city recorder at Graceville, Minn., for one term. Was mayor of the city of Harvey, one term, county judge of Wells county, two terms, and was elected to his present position in 1912 as a republican. He is married and has one son. He is engaged in the practice of his profession, attorney at law, since 1895.

JOHN E. WILLIAMS, of the forty-sixth legislative district, was born at Oshkosh, Wis., October 21, 1879, and came to North Dakota with his parents in 1884, locating on a farm in Wells county. He received his education in the common schools of the county and graduated in 1906 from the law department of the state university. He also attended the Red River Valley University at Wahpeton. On leaving the university he took up the practice of law at Turtle Lake, McLean county. He is married and has one son. He was elected to the senate in 1910 as a republican.

JOHN YOUNG, of the forty-eighth legislative district, was born in Scotland in 1872 and received a high school education. He came to North Dakota in 1887 and has been a resident of Mercer county since 1895. For a number of years he published the Mannhaven Journal at Mannhaven, and the Wacht-am-Missouri, and is at present engaged in the real estate and banking business. He was elected sheriff of Mercer county 1898, was elected to the house in 1908, and to the senate in 1910, as a republican.

Legislature

House

- BERNT ANDERSON**, of the twenty-first legislative district, Churchs Ferry, Ramsey county, was born at Hadeland, Norway, on December 2, 1861, and is married and has nine children. He came to North Dakota from Ottertail county, Minnesota, in 1883. Is a farmer and was educated in the common schools. Has held various school and township offices. He was elected to the house as a republican in 1906, and re-elected in 1908, 1910 and 1912.
- JOHN BALSDON**, Osnabrock, of the fiftieth legislative district, was born in Huron county, Ontario, February 28, 1866, and came to the United States in 1886, settling in Cavalier county, North Dakota. He has held various township and school offices. He is married and has five children. Was elected to the legislature as a republican.
- W. M. Bartley**, Sheyenne, of the thirty-second legislative district, was born at Prospect, Pa., December 21, 1868. Received his education at the West Sanbury Academy, Pa., and Baltimore Medical College, Md. Came to North Dakota in March, 1889, and has practiced his profession, that of physician, for nineteen years. He has served as a member of the board of education of his city, and held the office of coroner, Eddy county, for twelve years. He is married and has two children. He was elected representative as a republican.
- J. E. BASS**, Tolley, of the forty-third legislative district, was born at Richland Center, Wis., January 3, 1867. Received his education in the common schools of Wisconsin and Minnesota, completing a commercial course in a business college. Came to North Dakota, May 29, 1899 and engaged in the occupation of farming. For seven years has been chairman of his township board. He is married and has two children. Was elected representative as a republican.
- R. K. BATZER**, Hazelton, of the twenty-sixth legislative district, was born at Royalton, Minn., October 14, 1887, and came to North Dakota in 1908. He is unmarried. Was elected representative as a republican.
- J. A. T. BJORNSON**, of the twenty-fourth legislative district, was born at Perry, Dane county, Wisconsin, January 1, 1861. He attended the University of Wisconsin, graduating in 1882, and came to North Dakota, July 12, 1886. He is married and has one son and four daughters. He was elected representative to the seventh, twelfth and thirteenth legislative assemblies, as a democrat.
- ROBERT BLAKEMORE**, Fargo, of the ninth legislative district, was born at Hopkinsville, Christian county, Kentucky, September 14, 1866. Received his education in private grammar and military schools, St. Johns College, Hopkinsville, and at Annapolis, Md. Came to North Dakota, June 12, 1883. He is married. Has engaged in the real estate and insurance business for twenty-five years at Fargo. Was elected representative as a progressive republican.
- ADAM BOLLINGER**, Medina, of the twenty-third legislative district, was born in German Odessa, South Russia, March 2, 1875. Came to the United States, May 10, 1886, and to North Dakota in 1893. Received his education in the common schools of his native land. Is married and has seven children. Has been engaged in the mercantile business at Medina for fourteen years. Was elected representative as a republican.
- GEO. P. BOPE**, Steele, of the twenty-sixth legislative district, was born at Bellevernon, O., January 5, 1862, and received his education in the common schools of Upper Sandusky, O. Came to North Dakota, April 7, 1886. He is married and has five children. He served one term as county commissioner, four terms as county auditor of Kidder county, and has held several minor offices. Was elected as a progressive (Roosevelt) republican.

- FRED BORUSKY**, Wales, of the eighteenth legislative district, was born at Collins Centre, Erie county, N. Y., in 1862. Received his education in the Chamberlain Institute, Gowanda Academy, Oberlin and Hillsdale colleges. Came to North Dakota in 1886 and engaged in the occupation of teaching and is at present engaged in farming. Has held various minor school and township offices. He is married and has four children. He was elected representative as a democrat.
- L. H. BRATTON**, Rugby, of the forty-second legislative district, was born at Palmyra, Mo., October 7, 1874, and received his education in the common schools of his state. Came to North Dakota in 1883 with his parents, settling near Devils Lake. Moved to Rolette in 1887 and located in Rugby in 1903. Is an editor and publisher and has been engaged in the profession for the past ten years. Served in the Spanish-American war. He is married and has three children. Was elected representative as a republican.
- C. S. BUCK**, Jamestown, of the twenty-third legislative district, was born in Steamburg, N. Y., March 16, 1868. Received his education at Chamberlain Institute, Randolph, N. Y., and completed his education at the University of Minnesota, 1902 with the degree L. L. B. Came to North Dakota in 1893 and has engaged in the practice of his profession, a lawyer, for the past ten years. He is married and has three children. Was elected representative as a republican.
- WILLIAM J. BURNETT**, of the eighth legislative district, is a resident of Cummings, Traill county, and is engaged in farming. He was born August 14, 1854, at Washington Court House, Fayette county, Ohio, and was educated in the schools of the same place. Mr. Burnett came to North Dakota in April, 1885, and engaged in farming. He is married and has two sons. He was elected representative in 1908 and again in 1910 and 1912.
- M. D. BUTLER**, Brockett, of the twenty-first legislative district, was born at Lindsay, Ontario, August 14, 1878 and received his education in common schools of his native country. Came to North Dakota in 1882 with his parents. Has engaged in the business of farming for the past twelve years. He has held several minor offices, such as president of the village board of Brockett. He is married and has three children. He was elected representative as a republican.
- P. H. BUTLER**, Lisbon, of the fourteenth legislative district, was born at Fort Dodge, Ia., September 5, 1876. Received his education in the common schools of Iowa, Tobin College, Fort Dodge, Ia., and Freemont Normal School, Freemont, Neb. Came to North Dakota in the fall of 1901, and to Lisbon, January, 1904. He is engaged in the business of abstractor of titles which he has engaged in for the past seventeen years. He is married and has four children. He was elected representative as a republican.
- J. W. CALNAN**, Berthold, of the second legislative district, was born at Manawa, Wis., March 23, 1876. Received his education in the common schools of his state and at the Oshkosh State Normal School. Came to North Dakota as a homesteader in 1905, and engaged in the occupation of farming. Is at present engaged in the hardware, furniture and undertaking business. Has held minor local offices, such as member of the board of education, city council, etc. He is a widower and has one daughter. He was elected representative as a republican.
- J. E. CAMPBELL**, Mandan, of the thirtieth legislative district, was born at Elgin, Ill., October, 1856, and received his education at Litchfield, Minn. Came to North Dakota in 1882 and is engaged in the practice of law. Has held positions as city attorney for the city of Mandan, and states attorney for Morton county for two terms. He is unmarried, and was elected representative as a democrat.
- CHARLES W. CAREY**, of the thirty-seventh legislative district, was born near Waterloo, Blackhawk county, Iowa, March 26, 1871. He secured his education in the common schools of Iowa and Dakota, coming with his parents to this state in March, 1882. He is married and has three sons and one daughter. He was elected representative in 1910 and again in 1912, as a republican.
- ED. COLTOM**, Hatton, of the eighth legislative district, was born at Toten, Norway, November 23, 1864. Came to the United States with his parents in 1868, settling in Renville county, Minn. He came to Traill county, N. D., at the age of seventeen years. His principal occupation has been contracting and building. He is married and was elected representative as a republican. . .

THEO. K. CURRY, Buffalo Springs, of the thirty-ninth legislative district, was born at Boscobel, Wis., January 4, 1876. Came to North Dakota in May, 1884 and is at present engaged in farming. Has held several minor offices. He was educated in the common schools of this state and at the Valley City State Normal. He is married and has three children. He was elected representative as a progressive republican.

N. E. DAVIS, Monango, of the twenty-fifth legislative district, was born in Bentic township, Gray county, Ontario, April 12, 1859, and came to the United States with his parents in 1861. Came to North Dakota in 1882 and engaged in the business of farming and stock breeding. Has held several minor local offices. He is married and has seven children. Was elected representative as a republican.

WILLIAM S. DEAN, of the seventh legislative district, Hatton, Traill county, was born at Ellsworth, Conn., on June 6, 1853, and is married and has seven children. He came to North Dakota from Illinois in 1882, and is a farmer. Was educated in the common and high schools. He was elected to the house as a republican in 1906, and again in 1910 and 1912.

A. G. DIVET, Wahpeton, of the twelfth legislative district, was born at Byron, Minn., January 10, 1870, and received his education at the University of Wisconsin. Came to North Dakota in 1879 and has engaged in the practice of law at Wahpeton for the past twelve years. He is married and has two children. Was elected representative as a republican.

ARTHUR DIXON, Rolla, of the nineteenth legislative district, was born at Brighton, England, May 14, 1872. Came to the United States in 1893. Received his education in the common schools and St. Mark's College, Chelsea, Eng. Came to North Dakota in 1893 and engaged in the business of farming and abstracting of titles. He is unmarried. Was elected representative as a democrat.

OLE C. DOSSETH, of the forty-fourth legislative district, was born on a farm near Sacred Heart, Renville county, Minn., May 24, 1882. He attended the public schools and graduated from the Minnesota School of Business, Minneapolis, in the spring of 1900, and moved to North Dakota in 1906, coming to Plaza as cashier of a bank. He is married. Was elected representative in 1910 and re-elected in 1912, as a republican.

JOHN J. DOYLE, Wishek, of the thirty-sixth legislative district, was born in Blue Earth county, Minn., moved to St. Paul, where he spent some time in school; and in May, 1885, he came to McIntosh county, North Dakota. In 1898 he engaged in the general merchandise and grain business at Wishek, and since 1903 he has carried on a real estate and grain business at that point. Mr. Doyle is unmarried; he is and always has been a republican in politics and was elected from the thirty-sixth legislative district in 1908, and in 1910 and again 1912.

JOHN DYNER, Davenport, of the tenth legislative district, was born near Orangeville, Ont., March 29, 1860, and came to North Dakota, March 25, 1881, and has engaged in the business of farming for the past thirty years. Was a member of his local school board for twenty-five years, and held other minor offices. He is married and has two children. He was elected representative as a republican.

HERMAN ENDRESON, Bowbells, of the fortieth legislative district, was born at Sogen, Norway, November 5, 1867, and came to the United States in 1885. Received his education in the common schools of Norway and Minnesota. Came to North Dakota in the spring of 1900. He is a harnessmaker by trade and has engaged in it for the past fifteen years. Held the office of treasurer of the city of Bowbells for two and a half years. He is married and has two children. Was elected representative as a republican.

E. W. EVERSON, Walum, of the sixteenth legislative district, was born at Toten, Norway, April 29, 1857, and came to the United States, July 18, 1866. Received his education in the common schools. He came to North Dakota in 1880 and has engaged in the business of farming for the past thirty years. He is married and has eight children. Has held the office of justice of the peace since 1892. Was elected representative as a republican.

FRANKLIN JAMES FOX, of the twenty-seventh legislative district, was born on a farm in Winneshiek county, Iowa, March 28, 1861. He acquired his education in the public schools of Plymouth Rock, Iowa. He came to Dakota territory in 1877 and settled in Lake county, shortly after moving to Miner county. In 1902 he came to North Dakota, making his residence at Bismarck. In Miner county, S. D., he held the office of sheriff for seven years. He is married and has one son. He is a republican and was elected representative in 1910 and again in 1912.

HARRY H. FRANCE, of the thirty-sixth legislative district, was born at Inland, Summit county, Ohio, March 6, 1861. He resided at his birth place until twenty-three years of age. He then came west to Minnesota and finally settled in North Dakota, July 15, 1904, locating on a homestead near Gackle, in Logan county. He is at present manager of the Farmers Elevator Company there. He is married and has two sons and two daughters. He is a republican, and was elected representative in 1910 and re-elected in 1912.

JOHN H. FRAINE, of the fourth legislative district, is a republican and a resident of Grafton, Walsh county. He is a lawyer, is married and has one son. Mr. Fraine was born at Worksop, Notts, England, April 2, 1861, and was educated in the public schools of that place. He came to North Dakota in 1885 and has resided there continuously since. He has long been deeply interested in the National Guard of the state and served as major of the North Dakota regiment in the Philippines during the Spanish-American war. He is serving his third term as representative, being elected speaker of the house at the 1913 session.

H. R. FREITAG, Max, of the forty-sixth legislative district, was born at Wayside, Wis., March 19, 1875. Was educated in the common schools of his native state and took commercial courses at Naperville, Ill., and at the Northern Indiana Normal School, Valparaiso, Ind. Came to North Dakota in 1891 and has been engaged in the business of banking for the past six years. Has held the position of mayor of the city of Max for three years, and the position of United States commissioner for six years. He is married and has one child. Was elected representative as a republican.

FREMONT F. FRITZ, of the thirty-fourth legislative district, was born at Madison, Wis., August 24, 1861. His father, Fredrick Fritz, was a soldier of the Civil War, and died at the early age of twenty-six years, death being due to disease contracted as a soldier. After this the mother moved to Minnesota and a few years later died. He acquired his education at Wisconsin and Northfield College, Minnesota. He came to Dakota territory in 1883. He is engaged in the real estate business and is located at Towner, of which city he has been elected mayor. He was appointed by Governor Burke as trustee of the state reform school, Mandan. He is serving his second term as representative. He is unmarried. He is a democrat.

ROBERT J. GARDINER, of the seventeenth legislative district, was born in Lanark county, Ontario, 1867. He received his early education in Canada, and later took a course in the Lakota high school. He moved to North Dakota, July 6, 1888, filing on a homestead. He is married and has two daughters. He was elected representative in 1910 and re-elected in 1912, as a republican.

HENRY GEIGER, of the second legislative district, was born in Zurich, Ontario, May 23, 1863, but received his education in the common and normal schools of St. Cloud, Minn. He came to North Dakota in April, 1895, and engaged in farming. He is married and has three sons and five daughters. He was elected representative in 1910 and re-elected in 1912, as a republican.

E. L. GUNDERSON, Ray, of the forty-first legislative district, was born at St. Ansgar, Ia., November 21, 1877. Received his education at the Nora Springs Seminary, Iowa. Came to North Dakota, September 9, 1898, locating at Aneta where he remained five years engaged in the business of banking. He has held the position of president of the Ray school board for the past eight years. He is married and has four children. He was elected representative as a republican.

- ALFRED P. HANSON**, of the thirty-eighth legislative district, was born in Sweden, October 22, 1875. He came with his parents to the United States in 1878, locating near Benson, Minn., in which city he secured his education. He graduated from the Minnesota university in 1900. In 1903 he came to North Dakota as cashier of the First National Bank of Litchville, which is his home. He is married and has no children. He was elected representative in 1910 and re-elected in 1912, as a republican.
- E. O. HARALDSON**, Lansford, of the twenty-eighth legislative district, was born in Northwood, Ia., March 17, 1877. Came to North Dakota with his parents in 1882. Received his education in the public schools of this state. Attended Bruflat Academy, New Rockford, the Grand Forks College and graduated from the University of North Dakota in 1903 with the degree of L. L. B. After his graduation he began the practice of his profession at Lansford where he has held the position of city attorney for two years, and mayor for four years. He is married and has one child. Was elected representative as a republican.
- JOHN HART**, Joliette, of the first legislative district, was born at Tilsonburg, Canada, July 13, 1866, and came with his parents to the United States in March, 1880, locating in South Dakota, where he received his education in the common schools. He came to North Dakota in 1896 and engaged in the mercantile business. Has served as postmaster at Joliette since March 25, 1898. He is married and has three children. He was elected representative as a republican.
- H. C. HARTY**, of the twenty-eighth legislative district, was born at Elysian, Minn., February 9, 1874, was educated in the schools of that neighborhood and graduated from the state normal school at Mankato, in 1896. In 1899 he came to North Dakota, locating in Bottineau county, and engaged in farming and is at present engaged in the banking business. He has been elected treasurer of his county for two years. He is unmarried. He was elected representative in 1910 and re-elected in 1912, as a republican.
- NELS W. HAWKINSON**, of the twenty-second legislative district, was born in Sweden, September 25, 1869, and came to Litchfield, Minn., with his parents in 1870. He secured his education in the common schools of Litchfield. He moved to North Dakota in 1890, locating successfully at Munich, Devils Lake and Rock Lake, the last named being his present home. He is married. Was elected representative in 1910 and re-elected in 1912, as a republican.
- NELS T. HEDALEN**, of the third legislative district, was born in Valdres, Norway, January 20, 1859, where he acquired his education. He came to the United States at the age of sixteen years and located near Decorah, Iowa. In 1878 he entered St. Ansgar's Academy, at St. Ansgar, Iowa. In 1881 he came to North Dakota and took a homestead in Walsh county, engaging in farming. He was elected as county commissioner in 1888 and served for six years. He was married and is now a widower, his wife dying in 1909. He has five sons and five daughters. He was elected representative in 1910 and re-elected in 1912, as a republican.
- STAAL HENDRICKSON**, member of the house from the fortieth legislative district, is a resident of Coteau and was born June 18, 1875, at Christiansand, Norway, and came to North Dakota in 1893, engaging in the general merchantile business. He is married and has five children. He served as alderman for four years. He was elected to the house as a progressive republican in 1910 from the forty-third district, and in 1912 from the fortieth district.
- SHERMAN HICKLE**, Sanger, of the forty-eighth legislative district, was born at Vermont, Ill., August 25, 1869. Received his education in the common schools of his native state and at the Rushville (Ill.) Normal. Came to North Dakota in 1900, and has engaged in the occupation of farming all his life. Has never before held or aspired to any public office. He is married and has five children. He was elected representative as a republican.
- JAMES HILL**, Newburg, representative from the twenty-eighth district, was born in Rockwood, Ontario, October 26, 1848. He was educated in the common schools and Rockwood academy. Came to Dakota in 1897 and to Bottineau county in 1900. He is a widower, his wife dying in 1904. His family consists of one son and one daughter. Mr. Hill is a cousin of J. J. Hill of the Great Northern, and was raised and educated with him. In politics he is a progressive republican. He is serving his third term as representative.

- JAMES E. HILL**, Erie, of the eleventh legislative district, was born at Woodstock, Ontario, Canada, October 28, 1854, coming to Dakota territory, March 18, 1881 and engaged in farming. He has held various school and township offices. He is married and has one son and two daughters. He was elected representative in 1910 and re-elected in 1912, as a republican.
- P. L. HJELMSTAD**, Edmore, of the third legislative district, was born near Cannon River Falls, Minn., August 15, 1875. Received his education in the common schools of Minnesota and North Dakota. Came to North Dakota with his parents, May 5, 1882, settling in Grand Forks county. Moved in 1898 to Walsh county where he has engaged in farming. Has held minor positions on school and township boards. He is married and has five children. Was elected representative as a progressive republican.
- J. L. HJORT**, Reeder, of the forty-ninth legislative district, was born in Centre township, Allaamakee county, Ia., April 9, 1864. Received his education at Luther College, Decorah, Ia., the Capital University, Columbus, O., and the Wilmot Commercial College, Milwaukee. Came to North Dakota in 1907 taking a homestead in Adams county. Is at present engaged in the banking business at Reeder. He is married and has one daughter and one son. Was elected representative as a republican.
- J. T. HOGE**, of the forty-sixth legislative district, was born at Etne, near Bergen, Norway, August 9, 1868. He was educated in the common schools of that country and came to the United States in 1885, locating in Illinois, and later taking a course in the business college at Naperville, Ill., and studied law at Drake university, Des Moines, Ia., from which he graduated in 1897. He came to North Dakota in 1904, locating at Underwood, where he engaged in the practice of his profession, and where his home now is. He is unmarried. He was elected representative in 1910 and re-elected, 1912, as a republican.
- JOHN HOMAN**, Bismarck, of the twenty-seventh legislative district was born at Schuylkill Haven, Pa., Sept. 26th, 1863, and received his education in the high school of Perrysville, Ohio. Came to North Dakota in 1882, arriving at Jamestown, and in 1883 moved to Bismarck where he has resided since, engaging in the occupation of baker and restaurant keeper for twenty-one years. He has held the position of city treasurer for the city of Bismarck one term. He is married and has four children, two sons and two daughters. He was elected representative as a republican.
- W. M. HUSBAND**, Hensel, of the first legislative district, was born at Hamilton, Ont., Canada, January 30, 1849, and came to North Dakota February 1889 direct from Canada. He received his education in the common schools of Ontario. He has engaged in farming for the past twenty-four years. Served as alderman of the city of Guelph, Ont., and in several minor township and school district offices in North Dakota. He is married and has nine children. He was elected representative as a republican.
- A. J. HUSO**, Aneta, of the sixteenth legislative district, was born in Lyon county, Minn., August 15, 1880. Received his education in the common schools and at business colleges. Came to North Dakota with his parents in 1883. He is engaged in the business of farming. Has held various school and township offices. He is married. Was elected representative as a progressive republican.
- AUG. ISAAK**, Mannhaven, of the twenty-eighth legislative district was born at Michaelfield, Asiatic Russia, Nov. 2, 1870. Came to the United States in 1878, arriving at Yankton, S. D. Received his education in the common schools, and came to North Dakota in 1894, locating on a homestead in Mercer county. Has engaged in the business of farming all his life time, now owning 2,500 acres. Held the position of county commissioner for four years and other county offices. He is married and has nine children. Was elected representative as a republican.
- C. JACOBSON**, Landa, of the twenty-eighth legislative district was born in Sandsver, Norway, Feb. 5, 1871, and came to the United States with his parents the year of his birth. Received his education in the common and high schools of Wisconsin and graduated from the commercial department of the Valparaiso university, Ind. Came to North Dakota in 1904, locating at Bottineau, and moved later to Landa where he was cashier of the bank until Sept. 1913, since which time he has gone into the mercantile business. Has held various minor local offices. He is married and has two children. Was elected representative as a progressive republican.

- N. O. JOHNSON, of the twenty-second legislative district, was born in Winneshiek county, Iowa, November 19, 1863. He received his education in the public schools of Iowa and at Luther college, Decorah, Ia., after which he studied pharmacy, receiving his certificate as a registered pharmacist in 1889. In the same year he moved to North Dakota, opening the first drug store in the city of Cando, where he now resides. He is married and has three children. He was elected representative in 1910 and re-elected in 1912, as a republican.
- CHAS. F. KELLOGG, New Salem, of the forty-seventh legislative district, was born in Kansas, Oct. 9, 1873. Received his education in the common schools and at the Iowa City Academy, and graduated from the law department of the State University of Iowa with the degree of L. L. B. Came to North Dakota in 1901 and became cashier of a bank at New Salem, which position he has held since. He is married. He was elected representative as a progressive republican.
- M. W. KELLY, Napoleon, of the thirty-sixth legislative district was born at Bristol, Ia., Jan. 26, 1870, and received his education in the common schools of Iowa. Came to North Dakota in 1902, engaging in the occupation of farming and dealer in live-stock. Has been president of the local school board since 1905. He is married and has three sons. Was elected representative as a republican.
- HENRY KLEIN, Richardton, of the thirty-first legislative district, was born at Nazy St. Miklos, Hungary, September 21st, 1879, and came to the United States July 9, 1900. He received his education in his native land, being a graduate from a commercial academy. He came direct from Hungary to North Dakota, and is at present engaged in the mercantile business at Richardton. He is married and has two children. He was elected representative as a republican.
- CHARLES E. KNOX, Oakes, of the twenty-fifth district was born at Hudson, Wis., October 14, 1863, and was educated at Lake Park, Ia. He was married November 25, 1897, and has three daughters. Mr. Knox came to North Dakota in April 1903, and engaged in farming and stock raising. He was elected to the house as a republican in 1908, in 1910, and in 1912.
- JOHN S. KYLLO, of the fifth legislative district, was born near Kenyon, in Goodhue county, Minn., February 20, 1881. His parents came to Dakota territory in the spring of that year. He was educated in the district schools of this state, and later attended the Northwestern Business college and the state university at Grand Forks. His home is at McCanna. He is engaged in farming and has banking interests. He was elected representative in 1910 and re-elected, 1912, as a progressive republican.
- F. B. LAMBERT, Minot, of the twenty-ninth legislative district was born in Westport, Minn., July 23, 1873. Received his education in the common schools of Minnesota. Came to North Dakota in Sept. 1904 and located at Wahpeton where he remained until 1905, when he removed to Minot. Has engaged in the practice of law for the past seventeen years. He is married and has six children. He was elected representative as a progressive republican.
- C. C. LAWBAUGH, Halliday, of the forty-eighth legislative district, was born at Geneseo Ill., Mar. 4, 1869. Received his education in the common and high schools of his native state. Came to North Dakota March 21, 1907. He is engaged in farming, cattle raising and dealing in real estate. He claims the distinction of being Dunn county's first representative. He is married. Was elected representative as a republican.
- LOUIS A. LEU, Fessenden, of the thirty-third legislative district, was born at Zaskerhuetten, Germany, Mar. 25, 1868, and came to the United States August 22, 1883. His education includes a six year course in a classical college. He first settled in Iowa and in 1885 moved to South Dakota and came to North Dakota in 1896, where he engaged in the business of pharmacist. He is married and has two children. He was elected representative as a republican.
- D. S. LEWIS, Fargo, of the ninth legislative district was born at New Bedford Mass., May 27, 1870, and received his education in the public schools. Came to North Dakota in the spring of 1887, locating near Fargo. Served in Co. B. N. D. N. G. in the Spanish-American war. Has engaged in the flour, feed and seed business for the past ten years at Fargo. He is married and has three children. Was elected representative as a republican.

- OSCAR LINDSTROM, Noonan, of the fortieth legislative district, was born at Evansville, Minn., July 24, 1872. Received his education in the common schools of his native state. Came to North Dakota in 1904 and is at present engaged in the lumber business. Has held minor local offices. He is married. He was elected representative as a republican.
- ROBT. J. LIST, Scranton, of the thirty-ninth legislative district, was born at Cooperstown, Pa. June 25, 1882. Received his education at Cooperstown, and graduated from the Sandy Lake Institute in 1903; and attended the Northern Ohio U. Came to North Dakota in 1907 and located at Dickinson. Has engaged in the business of banking since coming to the state. He was elected representative as a republican.
- W. E. MARTIN, of the thirtieth district, was born in Illinois in March, 1850. He came to Dakota in 1881 and engaged in cattle and stock raising in Morton county. He is married and has eight children. He was elected to the house as a republican in 1906, 1908, 1910, and in 1912.
- HANS C. MILLER, Ryder, of the twenty ninth legislative district, was born at Horsens, Denmark, June 6, 1870, and came to the United States May 1882. Received his education in the common schools. Came to North Dakota in 1903, and has for the past seven years engaged in the banking business at Ryder. He is married and has three children. He was elected representative as a republican.
- PAUL J. MOEN, Maddock, of the twentieth legislative district, was born in Black Hammer twp., Houston county, Minn., January 12, 1866. In 1887 he came to North Dakota, locating in Benson county, where he took up a homestead. He operates a mercantile business in connection with his farm. He is married and has one son and two daughters. He was elected as representative in 1908, 1910 and in 1912, as a republican.
- C. I. MORKRID, Petersburg, of the seventeenth legislative district, was born at Sogn, Norway, July 22, 1859, and came to the United States, June 1, 1881. Received his education at the Soldiers School, Bergen, Norway. In 1882 he came to North Dakota and has engaged in farming for the past twenty-five years. Has held the position of county commissioner for four years and several minor local offices. He is married and has six children.
- NORMAN MORRISON, of the twenty-first legislative district, was born at Laggan, Ontario, March 1, 1859. He received his early education in the common schools of Canada and came to the United States in 1886 engaging in farming. He is still so occupied, his farm being located on the north shore of Sweetwater Lake and is maintained in a high state of cultivation, the buildings and methods being modern in every respect. He is married and has one daughter. He was elected in 1910 and re-elected, 1912, as a republican.
- ROBERT G. NORHEIM, of the forty-first legislative district, was born at Stod, Norway, June 28 1877. His early education was acquired in his native land. On coming to the United States he entered the high school at Cresco, Ia., and later entered the law department of the University of North Dakota, from which he graduated in 1904. He is at present engaged in the practice of law at Alexander. He was appointed state's attorney for McKenzie county on its organization and elected to the same position in 1906. He is married. He was elected representative in 1910 and re-elected, 1912, as a republican.
- W. H. NORTHRUP, Luverne, of the sixteenth legislative district, was born at Skaneateles, N. Y., Apr. 24, 1869. Received his education in the common schools of New York and North Dakota, and at the Macalester college, St. Paul. Graduated from the Valley City State Normal. Came to North Dakota in 1882, and has engaged in the business of farming all his life. He is married and has three children. Was elected representative as a progressive republican.
- OLE NYHUS, of Berwick, Pierce county, of the forty-second legislative district, was born in Toten, Norway November 19, 1863, and came with his father to America in the spring of 1875, to Fillmore county, Minn., where he went to school. In the spring of 1888 he moved to Pierce county, North Dakota, where he took a homestead. He is married and has three children. He was elected representative 1908 and in 1912, on the republican ticket.

WILLIAM V. O'CONNOR, of the sixth legislative district, was born in Lenark, Ont., Canada, June 24, 1878, and came to this state with his parents twenty-five years ago. He secured his education at St. Bernard's Academy and at the state university, from which institution he graduated in 1896. He is engaged in the banking business. Has served as city auditor two years, and held other minor positions. He is married and has two children. He was elected representative in 1910 and 1912 as a democrat.

J. G. ODLAND, Sentinel Butte, of the thirty-ninth legislative district, was born in Hurley, S. D., Mar. 24, 1885. Received his education in the South Dakota Normal school; afterwards taking the law course for two years at the University of Minnesota. Came to North Dakota in 1906 and for the past six years has engaged in farming and stock raising. He is married. Was elected representative as a progressive republican from the new county of Golden Valley.

NELS OLSGARD, of the thirty-seventh legislative district, was born in the territory of Dakota in 1878, birthplace, Richland county. Born on a farm, raised on a farm, and lives on a farm, now operating an eight hundred acre tract, with special attention to the raising of cattle. He was elected representative in 1910 and re-elected, 1912, as a republican.

W. G. OWENS, Williston, of the forty-first legislative district, was born at Sleepy Eye, Minn., July 7, 1877, and received his education in the high schools of his native state, and is a graduate at the University of Minnesota with the degree of L. L. B. Came to North Dakota in Feb., 1909, and is engaged in the practice of law. Was county attorney of Renville county, Minn., two terms, and assistant states attorney of Williams county, North Dakota. He is married and has two children. Was elected representative as a republican.

THOS. PENDRAY, Jamestown, of the twenty-third legislative district, was born at Camborne, county of Cornwall, England, April 17, 1864, and came to the United States with his parents in August 1872, settling in northern Michigan. He moved to North Dakota May 10, 1880, and engaged in the business of farming, in which he has continued for the past thirty-one years with the exception of three years when he returned to work in the copper mines near Calumet, Mich. He is married and has seven children. Was elected representative as a progressive republican.

NILS PETTERSON, Gwinner, of the thirteenth legislative district, was born in Sweden, Oct. 29, 1856, and was educated in the common schools of his native land. Came to the United States in 1880 settling at Cokato, Minn., and removed to North Dakota in 1882, and has engaged in the business of farming and stock raising since that time. Has held the office of county commissioner for ten years in Sargent county, and has held minor township offices. He is married and has eight children. He was elected representative as a republican.

S. H. PITKIN, Velva, of the forty-fifth legislative district, was born at Forest City, Ia., April 6, 1873. Was educated in the common schools of his native state. Came to North Dakota in March, 1900, and has engaged in the business of farming and land surveying for the past twenty years. Has held the office of county surveyor in his home county for ten years. He is married and has two children. He was elected representative as a progressive republican.

FRANKLIN ELMER PLOYHAR, representative from the fifteenth legislative district, was born in Bristol, Ia., on April 18, 1878. In 1881 his parents removed to Wahpeton, N. D., where he attended the common and high schools. He came to Valley City in the fall of 1899; in 1905 he purchased the Valley City Alliance and continued its publication until the consolidation of The Times-Record and Alliance in August, 1907. Mr. Ployhar is married and has two children, both boys. He was elected as a republican to the house in 1908 and re-elected in 1910 and 1912.

THOMAS N. PUTNAM, of the thirty-second legislative district, was born at Seneca Falls, N. Y., December 3, 1855. He was educated in the common schools and came to North Dakota in 1886. He is now and has been for the past twenty years engaged in the lumber business at Carrington, in Foster county. He has served as county commissioner and county treasurer of his county. He is married and has three sons. He is a republican. Elected representative in 1910 and re-elected, 1912.

- A. E. RANEY, Jud, of the twenty-fourth legislative district, was born in Noble county, O., Feb. 9, 1858. Was educated in the Greencastle public schools, the Mitchell Ville Seminary, and Southern Iowa Normal school. He came to North Dakota April 1, 1883, and engaged in the business of farming, and is at present a dealer in real estate. Has held the office of county commissioner for two terms the office of county treasurer for one term. He is unmarried. He was elected representative as a democrat.
- T. O. ROBLE, Manfred, of the thirty-third legislative district, was born at Valdris, Norway, Oct. 2, 1859. Received his education at the Hamar Seminary, Norway. Came to the United States June, 1886, settling in Goodhue county, Minn. Came to North Dakota in 1889, taking a tree claim in Eddy county, and has engaged in the business of farming since. He has held minor township offices. He is married and has five children. He was elected representative as a republican.
- J. J. RYAN, Leith, of the forty-seventh legislative district, was born at Columbus, O., Jan. 9, 1887, and received his education at the Janesville High School, Sacred Heart College, Watertown, Wis., and University of Notre Dame, Indiana. He came to North Dakota in March 1910, and is engaged in the real estate and loan business. He was elected representative as a republican.
- B. N. SANDBECK, Grandin, of the tenth legislative district was born at Hadeland, Norway, 1859, and came with his parents to Winneshiek county, Ia., at the age of two years. Received his education at Decorah, Ia., and Carleton college, Minn. Came to Cass county, North Dakota, in 1880. Taught public schools in and around Kindred for several years. He is now engaged in farming. He is married and has ten children. He was elected representative as a republican.
- J. P. SCHROEDER, McClusky, of the thirty-fifth legislative district, was born at Alson, Ia., Feb. 24, 1876 and received his education at the high school of his native town, St. Lawrence college, Mt. Calvary, Wis., and at Laval, Montreal, Canada. Came to North Dakota December 3, 1902. He is at present engaged in the implement and real estate business. Has held the office of county justice for four years. He is married and has one child. He was elected representative as a republican.
- W. A. SMALL, Mylo, of the nineteenth legislative district, was born at La Crosse, Wis., August 2, 1868, and received his education in the common schools of Minnesota and Fargo. Came to North Dakota March 9, 1881, and has been engaged in the business of farming for the past eighteen years. He is married and has three children. He was elected representative as a republican.
- J. W. SMITH, Surrey, of the twenty-ninth legislative district, was born at Star Prairie, Wis., April 14, 1871. Received his education at the St. Paul Central high school and at Carleton college. Came to North Dakota in the spring of 1889, and engaged in the business of farming. He is married. He was elected representative as a republican.
- SIDNEY F. SMITH, Steele, of the twenty-sixth legislative district, was born at Geneva, Ia., May 3, 1856. Received his education in the common schools of Iowa. Came to North Dakota in 1905 and engaged in the business of farming and stock raising. Has held a number of minor township and school district offices. He is married and has three children. Was elected representative as a republican.
- N. F. SNYDER, Schafer, of the forty-first legislative district, was born in Mower county, Minn., Nov. 19, 1880. Came to North Dakota in 1891, and is at present engaged in the business of abstracter of titles. He held the position of United States Commissioner for two years. He is married. He was elected representative as a republican.
- O. J. SORLIE, of the eighth district, was born at Hartland, Minn., November 4, 1865. He was educated in the public schools, a business college and the Mankato normal. He came to North Dakota in 1886 and is a resident of Buxton, where he is engaged in farming and mercantile business. He is married and has five children, 2 sons and 3 daughters. He was a member of the Tenth, Eleventh, Twelfth and Thirteenth Legislative Assemblies. He was elected as a republican.
- A. A. STENEHJEM, Arnegard, of the forty-first legislative district, was born at Grove, Minn., February 15, 1875. Received his education in the common and normal schools of his home state, and took up a business course in the Decorah Institute. Came to North Dakota, August 1, 1889 and went into the hardware business. He is at present engaged in the business of farming and stock raising. Served as alderman for the city of Mayville one term. He is married and has five children. Was elected representative as a republican.

- H. J. STINGER, Petrel, of the forty-ninth legislative district, was born at Cleveland, O., March 6, 1857, and received his education in the Cleveland high schools and at White's Private Academy. Moved at the age of fourteen years to Minnesota and at the age of twenty-five moved to Nebraska and from there came to North Dakota in October, 1907, and filed on a homestead. Has engaged in the business of farming for the past thirty years. He has served as a county commissioner and has held several minor township and school district offices. He is married and has eight children. He was elected representative as a republican.
- DARWIN REED STREETER, of the twenty-sixth legislative district, Linton, Emmons county, was born at Belvidere, Boone county, Ill., on August 17, 1848, and is a widower and has one son. He came to North Dakota from Chicago in 1881 and is a newspaper publisher. Was educated in printing offices. Has held the office of clerk of court, was appointed by Judge Roderick Rose in 1888, elected (one year) in 1889 and re-elected in 1890-2-4-6-8, was defeated for same office in 1900-2; elected to the house in 1904 and re-elected in 1906, 1908, 1910 and 1912, as a republican.
- B. W. Taylor, Stanley, of the forty-fourth legislative district, was born in Steele county, Minn., near Owatonna, March 12, 1871, and received his education in the common schools of his home state. Came to North Dakota in 1903 and is at present cashier of the First National Bank of Stanley. He is married and has two children. He was elected representative as a republican.
- ARTHUR M. THOMPSON, of the twenty-ninth legislative district, was born in Chicago, Ill., December 11, 1877, was educated at River Falls, Wisconsin high school and normal and in the Minnesota state university. He came to North Dakota in 1905 and began the practice of law at Minot, in which he is still engaged. He is married and has one son. He was elected representative in 1910 and re-elected in 1912, as a republican.
- GEO. A. TUCKER, Courtenay, of the twenty-third legislative district, was born at Greenville, Pa., December 16, 1855, and received his education in the common schools of his home state. Came to North Dakota in April, 1883 and has been engaged in the business of farming all his life. He is married and has one son. Was elected representative as a progressive republican.
- F. W. TURNER, Dickinson, of the thirty-first legislative district, was born at Oxford, Wis., January 14, 1871. Received his education in the common schools of Minnesota and Wisconsin. Came to North Dakota in 1901 and engaged in the general blacksmithing and heavy hardware business which has been his occupation for the past twenty-three years. Held the position of alderman at Dickinson for four years. He is married and has one son. He was elected representative as a republican.
- C. C. TURNER, Gladstone, of the thirty-first legislative district, was born at Fond du Lac, Wis., November 9, 1877, and received his education in the high school and business college. Came to North Dakota, March 25, 1882, settling at Gladstone. Is at present engaged in the real estate business. Served four years under his father, R. J. Turner, commissioner of agriculture and labor, Bismarck. He is married and has three children. He was elected representative as a republican.
- L. L. TWICHELL, Fargo, of the ninth legislative district, was born at Hastings, Minn., September 13, 1872. Received his education in the Minneapolis high school, and is a graduate of the University of Minnesota Law School, 1898. Came to North Dakota in 1882. Engaged in the practice of law since his graduation. Previous to that time was employed fifteen years on Twin City papers. He is unmarried. He was elected representative as a progressive republican.
- JAMES WALSH, Enderlin, of the fourteenth legislative district, was born at St. Augustine, Huron, Ont., May 24, 1866. Was educated in the common schools of his native land. Came to the United States and to North Dakota, November, 1882, and he has engaged in the business of real estate and farming for the past twenty years. He is married and has six children. He was elected representative as a republican.

VICTOR WARDROPE, Leeds, of the twentieth legislative district, was born at Grand Valley, Ont., Canada, July 23, 1876, and received his education at the University of North Dakota, being a graduate of the law department. He came to North Dakota in April, 1886, and engaged in the practice of his profession since his graduation, seven years ago. He is married and has three children. Has held the position of states attorney for Benson county, and trustee of the University of North Dakota for four years. He was elected representative as a progressive republican.

D. L. WARRINER, Forinan, of the thirteenth legislative district, was born at Cuba, Ill., December 12, 1856. Graduated from the Chatfield, Minn., high school and attended the University of Minnesota for one year. Came to North Dakota in 1890. Was deputy register of deeds for two years, and register of deeds for four terms in Sargent county. He is married and has two children. He was elected representative as a republican.

WM. WATT, Leonard, of the eleventh legislative district, was born at Stevenson, Ayrshire, Scotland, April 11, 1869. Received his education in the common schools of Scotland and Canada, and a two-year course at the University of North Dakota. Came to the United States in 1880 and to North Dakota in 1889 with his parents. Has engaged in the business of farming since leaving school. Has held various township offices. He is married and has five children. He was elected representative as a republican.

ALBERT WEIS, Wahpeton, of the twelfth legislative district, was born at Strutzfon, West Prussia, Germany. Came to the United States, December, 1889. Received his education in Germany where he attended school eight years. Came to North Dakota in 1893 and engaged in the farming business in Richland county until 1900 when he entered the real estate and loan business. He is married. He was elected representative as a republican.

L. D. WILEY, St. Anthony, of the thirteenth legislative district, was born at Lake City, Minn., July 11, 1878. Received his education in the common schools of Minneapolis. He came to North Dakota in 1902 and engaged in farming and stock raising in Morton county. He is married. He was elected representative as a republican.

E. A. WILLIAMS, of the twenty-seventh legislative district, was born at Mystic, Conn., October 14, 1850, moving west to Wisconsin in 1861; was admitted to the bar in 1871, in Illinois, and in the same year came to Yankton, Dakota territory, where he commenced the practice of his profession. In 1872 he came to Bismarck and in October of that year was elected representative to the territorial house. In 1874 he was elected to the territorial council. In 1883 was again elected to the lower house and chosen speaker, and was a member of the same house in 1885 and 1887, and of the constitutional convention in 1889. He was elected to the first state legislature and again in 1897, serving two terms as speaker. He is a widower and has four daughters and one son. He was elected representative in 1910 and re-elected in 1912, as a republican.

O. B. WING, Washburn, of the forty-sixth legislative district, was born in Grundy county, Ill., June 16, 1861. Received his education in the common schools and at the Chicago business college. Came to North Dakota in 1882 and has engaged in the business of farming and stock raising for the past thirty years. Was elected county commissioner for ten years, county auditor for six years and was appointed a member of the board of trustees of the North Dakota Penitentiary, 1895. He is married. He was elected representative as a republican.

